



Data sheet

Crankcase pressure regulator Type KVL



KVL crankcase pressure regulator are used to protect the compressor motor against overload experienced during startup after long off periods or just after defrost periods.

They are installed in the suction line of refrigeration systems.

Features

- Accurate, adjustable pressure regulation
- Wide capacity and operating range
- Pulsation damping design
- Stainless steel bellows
- Compact angle design for easy installation in any position
- "Hermetic" brazed construction
- Available with flare and ODF solder connections
- KVL 12 KVL 22: may be used in the following EX range: Category 3 (Zone 2)



Data scheet | Crankcase pressure regulator, type KVL

Approvals

UL LISTED, file SA7200

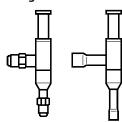
EAN

Technical data

Refrigerants	R22, R134a, R290*, R404A, R407A, R40 R449A, R449B, R450A, R452A, R454A*, R513A, R515B, R516A, R600*, R600a*, R R1270* * KVL 12 – KVL 22 only	R454C*, R455A*, R507,
Regulation range	3 – 87 psig	
	Factory setting = 29 psig	
Maximum working pressure	KVL 12 – 35	MWP = 261 psig
Maximum test pressure	$P_e = PS \times 1.1 = 287 psig$	
Medium temperature range	-75 – 266 °F	
Maximum P-band	KVL 12 – 22: 29 psi	
	KVL 28 – 35: 22 psi	

This product (KVL 12 – KVL 22) is evaluated for R290, R454A, R454C, R455A, R600, R600a, R1234ze(E), R1234yf, R2170 by ignition source assessment in accordance with standard EN ISO80079-36. Flare connections are only approved for A1 and A2L refrigerants. For complete list of approved refrigerants, visit **www.products.danfoss.com** and search for individual code numbers, where refrigerants are listed as part of technical data.





Туре			pacity ¹) R]		Flare connection ²)	Code no.	Solder connection	Code no.
туре	R22	R134a	R404A/ R507	R407C	[in]	coue no.	[in]	code no.
KVL 12	1.2	0.8	1.0	1.1	1/2	034L0041	1/2	034L0043
KVL 15	1.2	0.8	1.0	1.1	5/8	034L0042	5/8	034L0049
KVL 22	1.2	0.8	1.0	1.1	-	-	7/8	034L0045
KVL 28	4.1	2.6	3.4	3.8	-	-	1 1/8	034L0046
KVL 35	4.1	2.6	3.4	3.8	-	-	1 3/8	034L0052

¹) Rated capacity is based on:

Maximum suction pressure p_s = 70 psig

Suction temperature $t_s = 10 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{F}$

Condensing temperature $t_c = 100 \text{ °F}$ Pressure drop across regulator $\Delta p = 2 \text{ psi}$

 $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} p$

²) KVL are supplied without flare nuts. Separate flare nuts can be supplied:

½ in, code no 011L1103

% in, code no 011L1167

Note:

The connection dimensions chosen must not be too small, as gas velocities in excess of 130 ft / s at the inlet of the regulator can result in flow noise.

Metric conversions 1 psi = 0.07 bar $\frac{1}{2}$ (t₁°F - 32) = t₂°C 1 TR = 3.5 kW 1 in = 25.4 mm



R22

Capacities

Maximum regulator capacity Q_e^{-1}) at condensing temperature $t_c = 100 \text{ }^\circ\text{F}$

Туре	Pressure drop in regulator Δp	Maximum suction pressure p₅		Capacity	y Q _e [TR] a	t suction	temperati	ure t _s afte	r the regu	lator [°F]	
	[psi]	[psi]	-30	-20	-10	0	10	20	30	40	50
	2	10	0.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2	20	0.7	0.6	0.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2	30	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.5	-	-	-	-	-
KVL 12	2	40	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.0	0.7	-	-	-	-
KVL 15	2	50	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	0.8	-	-	-
KVL 22	2	60	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	0.6	-	-
	2	70	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.4	0.2	-
	2	80	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.3	-
	2	90	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.6	0.9
	3	10	0.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	3	20	0.9	0.8	0.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
	3	30	0.9	1.1	1.0	0.7	-	-	-	-	-
KVL 12	3	40	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.3	0.9	-	-	-	-
KVL 15	3	50	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.5	0.9	-	-	-
KVL 22	3	60	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.6	0.8	-	-
	3	70	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.7	1.7	0.3	-
	3	80	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.7	1.8	1.6	-
	3	90	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.7	1.8	2.0	1.1
	4	10	0.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	4	20	1.0	0.9	0.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
	4	30	1.1	1.2	1.2	0.8	-	-	-	-	-
KVL 12	4	40	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.0	-	-	-	-
KVL 15	4	50	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.1	-	-	-
KVL 22	4	60	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.9	0.9	-	-
	4	70	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.9	2.0	0.3	-
	4	80	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.9	2.1	1.9	-
	4	90	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.9	2.1	2.3	1.3
¹) The capacities ar	e based on Lig	uid temperatu	re t _i = 100	°F							J

Metric conversions 1 psi = 0.07 bar $\frac{1}{2}$ (t₁°F - 32) = t₂°C 1 TR = 3.5 kW

$^{\scriptscriptstyle 1})$ The capacities are based on Liquid temperature t_i = 100 $^\circ F$

Correction factors for liquid temperature t

tı [°F]	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120
R22	0.82	0.85	0.88	0.92	0.96	1.0	1.05	1.10
Custom conoci	tu v correction	factor — tablo c	ana citu					



R22

Capacities (continued)

Maximum regulator capacity Q_e^{-1}) at condensing temperature t_c = 100 °F

Туре	Pressure drop in regulator Δp	Maximum suction pressure ps		Capacity	/ Q _e [TR] a	t suction	temperati	ure t _s after	r the regu	lator [°F]	
	[psi]	[psi]	-30	-20	-10	0	10	20	30	40	50
	2	10	0.8	1.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2	20	2.0	2.7	0.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2	30	2.5	2.9	2.3	1.2	-	-	-	-	-
	2	40	2.5	2.9	3.2	3.0	1.6	-	-	-	-
KVL 28 KVL 35	2	50	2.5	2.9	3.2	3.6	3.5	1.8	-	-	-
KVL 55	2	60	2.5	2.9	3.2	3.6	4.1	3.8	1.4	-	-
	2	70	2.5	2.9	3.2	3.6	4.1	4.5	3.9	0.4	-
	2	80	2.5	2.9	3.2	3.6	4.1	4.5	5.0	3.4	-
	2	90	2.5	2.9	3.2	3.6	4.1	4.5	5.0	5.5	2.0
	3	10	0.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	3	20	2.4	1.9	0.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
	3	30	3.1	3.4	2.8	1.5	-	-	-	-	-
10.00	3	40	3.1	3.5	4.0	3.6	2.0	-	-	-	-
KVL 28 KVL 35	3	50	3.1	3.5	4.0	4.5	4.3	2.2	-	-	-
KVE 55	3	60	3.1	3.5	4.0	4.5	5.0	4.7	1.8	-	-
	3	70	3.1	3.5	4.0	4.5	5.0	5.5	4.7	0.5	-
	3	80	3.1	3.5	4.0	4.5	5.0	5.5	6.1	4.2	-
	3	90	3.1	3.5	4.0	4.5	5.0	5.5	6.1	6.7	2.5
	4	10	1.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	4	20	2.8	2.2	0.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
	4	30	3.6	3.9	3.3	1.8	-	-	-	-	-
	4	40	3.6	4.1	4.6	4.2	2.3	-	-	-	-
KVL 28 KVL 35	4	50	3.6	4.1	4.6	5.2	4.9	2.5	-	-	-
	4	60	3.6	4.1	4.6	5.2	5.8	5.4	2.0	-	-
	4	70	3.6	4.1	4.6	5.2	5.8	6.4	5.5	0.6	-
	4	80	3.6	4.1	4.6	5.2	5.8	4.5	7.1	4.8	-
	4	90	3.6	4.1	4.6	5.2	5.8	4.5	7.1	7.7	2.9

Metric conversions 1 psi = 0.07 bar $\frac{1}{2}$ (t₁°F - 32) = t₂°C 1 TR = 3.5 kW

) The capacities are based on Liquid temperature t_{l} = 100 $^{\circ}\text{F}$

Correction factors for liquid temperature t

tı [°F]	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120
R22	0.82	0.85	0.88	0.92	0.96	1.0	1.05	1.10
C								



R134a

Capacities (continued)

Maximum regulator capacity Q_e^{-1}) at condensing temperature t_c = 100 °F

Туре	Pressure drop in regulator Δp	Maximum suction pressure ps		Capa	icity Q _e [TR] at s	uction t	emperat	ture t, af	ter the i	regulato	or [°F]	
	[psi]	[psi]	-30	-20	-10	0	10	20	30	40	50	60	70
	2	10	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2	20	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2	30	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.6	-	-	-	-	-
KVL 12	2	40	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.7	-	-	-	-
KVL 15	2	50	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	0.8	-	-	-
KVL 22	2	60	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.0	-	-
	2	70	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.2	-
	2	80	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.5
	2	90	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.5
	3	10	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	3	20	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
	3	30	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.7	-	-	-	-	-
KVL 12	3	40	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.0	0.8	-	-	-	-
KVL 15	3	50	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.0	-	-	-
KVL 22	3	60	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.3	-	-
	3	70	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.5	-
	3	80	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.7	1.8
	3	90	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.7	1.9
	4	10	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	4	20	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
	4	30	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.0	0.8	-	-	-	-	-
KVL 12	4	40	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.0	-	-	-	-
KVL 15	4	50	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.2	-	-	-
KVL 22	4	60	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.5	-	-
	4	70	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.8	1.8	-
	4	80	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.0	2.1
	4	90	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.0	2.2

Metric conversions 1 psi = 0.07 bar $\frac{1}{2}$ (t₁°F - 32) = t₂°C 1 TR = 3.5 kW

$^{\scriptscriptstyle 1})$ The capacities are based on Liquid temperature $t_l = 100\ ^{\circ}F$

Correction factors for liquid temperature t

tı [°F]	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120
R134a	0.79	0.82	0.86	0.90	0.95	1.0	1.06	1.13
Custom some si	tu v correction	factor — table c	nacity					



R134a

Capacities (continued)

Maximum regulator capacity Q_{e} ¹) at condensing temperature t_{c} = 100 °F

Туре	Pressure drop in regulator Δp	Maximum suction pressure ps		Capa	acity Q _e [[TR] at s	uction t	emperat	ture t₅ af	ter the I	regulato	or [°F]	
	[psi]	[psi]	-30	-20	-10	0	10	20	30	40	50	60	70
	2	10	1.3	1.3	1.1	0.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2	20	1.5	1.7	1.7	1.5	1.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2	30	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.2	1.9	1.3	-	-	-	-	-
10.0.00	2	40	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.3	2.6	2.5	1.7	-	-	-	-
KVL 28 KVL 35	2	50	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.3	2.6	3.0	3.1	2.1	-	-	-
	2	60	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.3	2.6	3.0	3.3	3.7	2.7	-	-
	2	70	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.3	2.6	3.0	3.3	3.7	4.2	3.4	-
	2	80	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.3	2.6	3.0	3.3	3.7	4.2	4.7	4.1
	2	90	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.3	2.6	3.0	3.3	3.7	4.2	4.7	5.2
	3	10	1.6	1.5	1.4	0.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	3	20	1.9	2.1	2.1	1.8	1.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
	3	30	1.9	2.1	2.5	2.7	2.4	1.6	-	-	-	-	-
	3	40	1.9	2.1	2.5	2.8	3.2	3.1	2.1	-	-	-	-
KVL 28 KVL 35	3	50	1.9	2.1	2.5	2.8	3.2	3.6	3.8	2.6	-	-	-
	3	60	1.9	2.1	2.5	2.8	3.2	3.6	4.1	4.6	3.3	-	-
	3	70	1.9	2.1	2.5	2.8	3.2	3.6	4.1	4.6	5.1	4.1	-
	3	80	1.9	2.1	2.5	2.8	3.2	3.6	4.1	4.6	5.1	5.7	5.1
	3	90	1.9	2.1	2.5	2.8	3.2	3.6	4.1	4.6	5.1	5.7	6.3
	4	10	1.8	1.8	1.6	1.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	4	20	2.2	2.4	2.4	2.1	1.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
	4	30	2.2	2.5	2.9	3.1	2.8	1.8	-	-	-	-	-
	4	40	2.2	2.5	2.9	3.3	3.7	3.5	2.4	-	-	-	-
KVL 28 KVL 35	4	50	2.2	2.5	2.9	3.3	3.7	4.2	4.4	3.0	-	-	-
KVE 35	4	60	2.2	2.5	2.9	3.3	3.7	4.2	4.7	5.3	3.8	-	-
	4	70	2.2	2.5	2.9	3.3	3.7	4.2	4.7	5.3	5.9	4.8	-
	4	80	2.2	2.5	2.9	3.3	3.7	4.2	4.7	5.3	5.9	6.6	5.9
	4	90	2.2	2.5	2.9	3.3	3.7	4.2	4.7	5.3	5.9	6.6	7.3

Metric conversions 1 psi = 0.07 bar $\frac{1}{2}$ (t₁°F - 32) = t₂°C 1 TR = 3.5 kW

$^{\scriptscriptstyle 1})$ The capacities are based on Liquid temperature $t_l = 100\ ^\circ\text{F}$

Correction factors for liquid temperature t

t: [°F]	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120
R134a	0.79	0.82	0.86	0.90	0.95	1.0	1.06	1.13
Custom conoci	tuv correction	factor — table c	ana citu					



R404A/R507

Capacities (continued)

Maximum regulator capacity Q_e^{1} at condensing temperature t_c = 100 °F

Туре	Pressure drop in regulator Δp	Maximum suction pressure p₅		Capacity Q)e [TR] at su	ction temp	erature t₅ a	ifter the re	gulator [°F]	
	[psi]	[psi]	-30	-20	-10	0	10	20	30	40
	2	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2	20	0.5	0.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2	30	0.6	0.6	0.5	-	-	-	-	-
KVL 12	2	40	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.6	-	-	-	-
KVL 15	2	50	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.7	-	-	-
KVL 22	2	60	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	0.7	-	-
	2	70	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	0.5	-
	2	80	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.1	-
	2	90	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.1
	3	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	3	20	0.6	0.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
	3	30	0.8	0.8	0.6	-	-	-	-	-
KVL 12	3	40	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.7	-	-	-	-
KVL 15	3	50	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	0.8	-	-	-
KVL 22	3	60	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	0.8	-	-
	3	70	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.4	0.6	-
	3	80	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.5	-
	3	90	0.8	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.3
	4	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	4	20	0.7	0.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
	4	30	0.9	0.9	0.7	-	-	-	-	-
KVL 12	4	40	0.9	1.0	1.1	0.9	-	-	-	-
KVL 15	4	50	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.0	-	-	-
KVL 22	4	60	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.0	-	-
	4	70	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.4	1.5	1.7	0.7	-
	4	80	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.4	1.5	1.7	1.7	-
	4	90	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.7	1.9	1.5

Metric conversions 1 psi = 0.07 bar $\frac{1}{2}$ (t₁°F - 32) = t₂°C 1 TR = 3.5 kW

 $^{\scriptscriptstyle 1})$ The capacities are based on Liquid temperature t_i = 100 $^\circ F$

Correction factors for liquid temperature t

		110	100	90	80	70	60	50	t: [°F]
R404A/R507 0.71 0.75 0.80 0.85 0.92 1.0 1.10	1.24	1.10	1.0	0.92	0.85	0.80			R404A/R507



R404A/R507

Capacities (continued)

Maximum regulator capacity Q_e^{1}) at condensing temperature t_c = 100 °F

Гуре	Pressure drop in regulator Δp	Maximum suction pressure ps		Capacity C)e [TR] at su	ction temp	erature t, a	after the re	gulator [°F]	
	[psi]	[psi]	-30	-20	-10	0	10	20	30	40
	2	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2	20	1.2	0.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2	30	2.0	1.7	1.1	-	-	-	-	-
KVL 28 KVL 35	2	40	2.0	2.3	2.2	1.5	-	-	-	-
	2	50	2.0	2.4	2.7	2.8	1.7	-	-	-
	2	60	2.1	2.4	2.7	3.1	3.2	1.6	-	-
	2	70	2.1	2.4	2.7	3.1	3.4	3.3	1.1	-
	2	80	2.1	2.4	2.7	3.1	3.4	3.9	3.2	-
	2	90	2.1	2.4	2.7	3.1	3.5	3.9	4.3	2.6
	3	10	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	3	20	1.4	0.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
	3	30	2.5	2.1	1.3	-	-	-	-	-
	3	40	2.6	3.0	2.9	1.9	-	-	-	-
KVL 28 KVL 35	3	50	2.6	3.0	3.2	3.4	2.1	-	-	-
NVL 35	3	60	2.6	3.0	3.2	3.8	3.9	2.1	-	-
	3	70	2.6	3.0	3.2	3.9	4.3	4.2	1.3	-
	3	80	2.6	3.0	3.2	3.9	4.3	4.8	4.0	-
	3	90	2.6	3.1	3.3	3.9	4.3	4.8	5.4	3.3
	4	10	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	4	20	1.7	0.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
	4	30	2.8	2.5	1.5	-	-	-	-	-
	4	40	3.0	3.4	3.3	2.1	-	-	-	-
KVL 28 KVL 35	4	50	3.0	3.4	3.9	4.0	2.4	-	-	-
KVE 55	4	60	3.0	3.4	3.9	4.3	4.4	2.4	-	-
	4	70	3.0	3.4	4.0	4.4	4.9	4.8	1.7	-
	4	80	3.0	3.4	4.0	4.4	4.9	5.5	4.6	-
	4	90	3.1	3.5	4.0	4.4	4.9	5.6	6.2	3.7

Metric conversions 1 psi = 0.07 bar $\frac{1}{2}$ (t₁°F - 32) = t₂°C 1 TR = 3.5 kW

) The capacities are based on Liquid temperature $t_l = 100 \ ^\circ F$

Correction factors for liquid temperature t

tı [°F]	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120		
R404A/R507	0.71	0.75	0.80	0.85	0.92	1.0	1.10	1.24		
Custom some si	Surfam capacity v correction factor - table capacity									



R407C

Capacities (continued)

Maximum regulator capacity Q_{e} ¹) at condensing temperature t_{c} = 100 °F

Туре	Pressure drop in regulator Δp	Maximum suction pressure Ps	Capacity Q_e [TR] at suction temperature t, after the regulator [°F]									
	[psi]	[psi]	-30	-20	-10	0	10	20	30	40	50	
	2	10	0.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	2	20	0.6	0.5	0.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	2	30	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.4	-	-	-	-	-	
KVL 12 KVL 15	2	40	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.6	-	-	-	-	
	2	50	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	0.7	-	-	-	
KVL 22	2	60	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	0.6	-	-	
	2	70	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.3	0.2	-	
	2	80	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.2	-	
	2	90	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.5	0.9	
	3	10	0.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	3	20	0.8	0.7	0.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	3	30	0.8	1.0	0.9	0.6	-	-	-	-	-	
KVL 12	3	40	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.2	0.8	-	-	-	-	
KVL 15	3	50	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.4	0.8	-	-	-	
KVL 22	3	60	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.5	0.7	-	-	
	3	70	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.6	0.3	-	
	3	80	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.5	-	
	3	90	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.9	1.0	
	4	10	0.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	4	20	0.9	0.8	0.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	4	30	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.7	-	-	-	-	-	
KVL 12	4	40	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.4	0.9	-	-	-	-	
KVL 15	4	50	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.0	-	-	-	
KVL 22	4	60	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.7	0.8	-	-	
	4	70	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.8	1.8	0.3	-	
	4	80	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.8	2.0	1.8	-	
	4	90	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.8	2.0	2.2	1.2	

Metric conversions 1 psi = 0.07 bar $\frac{1}{2}$ (t₁°F - 32) = t₂°C 1 TR = 3.5 kW

$^{\scriptscriptstyle 1})$ The capacities are based on Liquid temperature $t_l = 100\ ^\circ F$

Correction factors for liquid temperature t

t: [°F]	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120		
R407C	0.78	0.81	0.85	0.89	0.94	1.0	1.07	1.15		
C										



R407C

Capacities (continued)

Maximum regulator capacity Q_e^{-1}) at condensing temperature t_c = 100 °F

Туре	Pressure drop in regulator Δp	Maximum suction pressure ps	Capacity Q_e [TR] at suction temperature t, after the regulator [°F]									
	[psi]	[psi]	-30	-20	-10	0	10	20	30	40	50	
	2	10	0.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	2	20	1.7	2.3	0.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	2	30	2.2	2.5	2.0	1.0	-	-	-	-	-	
10.0.00	2	40	2.2	2.6	2.9	2.7	1.4	-	-	-	-	
KVL 28 KVL 35	2	50	2.3	2.6	2.9	3.2	3.2	1.6	-	-	-	
	2	60	2.3	2.6	2.9	3.3	3.7	3.5	1.3	-	-	
	2	70	2.3	2.7	2.9	3.3	3.8	4.1	3.6	0.4	-	
	2	80	2.3	2.7	3.0	3.4	3.8	4.2	4.7	3.2	-	
	2	90	2.4	2.7	3.0	3.4	3.9	4.2	4.7	5.2	1.9	
	3	10	0.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	3	20	2.0	1.6	0.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	3	30	2.7	3.0	2.4	1.3	-	-	-	-	-	
10.0.00	3	40	2.8	3.1	3.6	3.2	1.8	-	-	-	-	
KVL 28 KVL 35	3	50	2.8	3.2	3.6	4.1	3.9	2.0	-	-	-	
	3	60	2.8	3.2	3.6	4.1	4.6	4.3	1.6	-	-	
	3	70	2.9	3.2	3.7	4.1	4.6	5.1	4.3	0.5	-	
	3	80	2.9	3.3	3.7	4.2	4.7	5.1	5.7	3.9	-	
	3	90	2.9	3.3	3.8	4.2	4.7	5.2	5.7	6.3	2.4	
	4	10	0.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	4	20	2.4	1.9	0.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	4	30	3.1	3.4	2.9	1.6	-	-	-	-	-	
	4	40	3.2	3.7	4.1	3.7	2.1	-	-	-	-	
KVL 28 KVL 35	4	50	3.2	3.7	4.1	4.7	4.4	2.3	-	-	-	
NVE 55	4	60	3.3	3.7	4.2	4.7	5.3	4.9	1.8	-	-	
	4	70	3.3	3.8	4.2	4.8	5.3	5.9	2.1	0.6	-	
	4	80	3.4	3.8	4.3	4.8	5.4	6.0	6.6	4.5	-	
	4	90	3.4	3.9	4.3	4.9	5.5	6.0	6.7	7.2	2.7	

 $\begin{array}{l} Metric \ conversions \\ 1 \ psi = 0.07 \ bar \\ \% \ (t_1\,^\circ F - 32) = t_2\,^\circ C \\ 1 \ TR = 3.5 \ kW \end{array}$

) The capacities are based on Liquid temperature $t_{\rm l}=100~^\circ\text{F}$

Correction factors for liquid temperature t

tı [°F]	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120		
R407C	0.78	0.81	0.85	0.89	0.94	1.0	1.07	1.15		
System capaci	System capacity y correction factor – table capacity									



Data scheet | Crankcase pressure regulator, type KVL

Sizing			The following data must be used when size o system conditions and The following data must be used when size a KVL valve: Refrigerant: HCFC, HFC and HC: KVL 12- HCFC and non-flammable HFC: KVL 28- Evaporating capacity: Q_e in [TR] Liquid temperature ahead of expansion t_i in [°F] Suction temperature ahead of compres t_s in [°F] Maximum suction pressure downstrean regulator: p_s in [psig] Connection type: flare or solder Connection size [in]						2-22, 8-35 on valve: essor:		
Valve selection Example	When selecti necessary to using a corre your system o conditions. The selection acceptable p	convert the ction factor conditions a n is also dep	e actual eva s. This is rec are differen endant on	porator capa quired when t than the tak the	city • Re • Ev • Liu tu: • Co • M re • Co	The following example illustrates how this is done. • Refrigerant: R404A • Evaporating capacity: $Q_e = 0.7 \text{ TR}$ • Liquid temperature ahead of expansion valve: $t_1 = 120 \text{ °F}$ • Compressor suction temperature: $t_s = -20 \text{ °F}$ • Maximum suction temperature after the regulator: $p_s = 30 \text{ psig}$ • Connection type: solder • Connection size: % in					
	Step 1 Determine th temperature Correction f	tl ahead of	the expans	ion valve.	liqui	From the correction factors table (see below) a liquid temperature of 120 °F, R404A corresponds to a factor of 1.24.					
	t [°F]	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120		
	R22	0.82	0.85	0.88	0.92	0.96	1.0	1.05	1.10		
Metric conversions	R134a	0.79	0.82	0.86	0.90	0.95	1.0	1.06	1.13		
1 psi = 0.07 bar	D4044/0507	0.71	0.75	0.80	0.85	0.92	1.0	1.10	1.24		
1 psi = 0.07 bar % (t₁ °F - 32) = t₂ °C	R404A/R507										

Step 2

Corrected evaporator capacity is $Q_e = 1.24 \times 0.7 = 0.87 \text{ TR}$

Step 3

Now select the appropriate capacity table and choose the column for a suction temperature $t_{\rm s}$ = -20 °F.

Using the corrected evaporator capacity, select a valve that provides an equivalent or greater capacity at an acceptable pressure drop. KVL 12, KVL 15, KVL 22 delivers an evaporator capacity up to 0.9 TR at a maximum suction pressure of 30 psig and a 4 psi pressure drop across the valve.

Based on the required connection size of % in ODF, the KVL 15 is the proper selection for this example.

Step 4

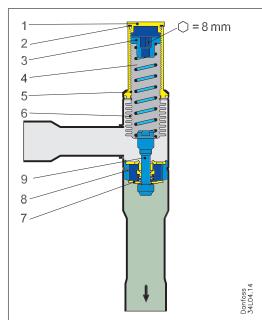
KVL 15,% in solder connection: code no **034L0049**



Data scheet | Crankcase pressure regulator, type KVL

Design / Function

KVL



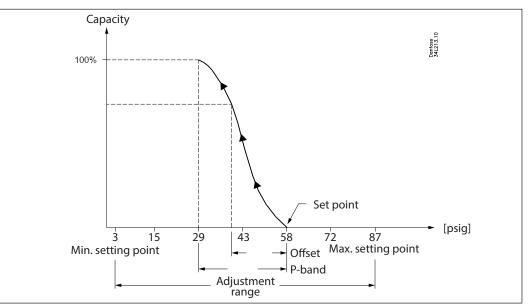
Crankcase pressure regulator type KVL opens on a fall in pressure on the outlet side, i.e. when the suction pressure falls below the set value. Type KVL regulates on outlet pressure only. Pressure variations on the inlet side of the regulator do not affect the degree of opening as the valve is equipped with equalization bellows (6). The bellows has an effective area corresponding to that of the valve seat neutralizing any affect to the setting.

The regulator is also equipped with a damping device (9) providing protection against pulsations which can normally arise in a refrigeration system. The damping device helps to ensure long life for the regulator without impairing regulation accuracy.

- 1. Protective cap
- 2. Gasket
- 3. Setting screw
- 4. Main spring
- 5. Valve body
- 6. Equalization bellows
- 7. Valve plate
- 8. Valve seat
- 9. Damping device

P-band and Offset

Example with 58 psig setting



Metric conversions 1 psi = 0.07 bar $\frac{1}{2}$ (t₁°F - 32) = t₂°C

Proportional band

The p-band is defined as the difference between the pressure at which the valve plate starts to open (set point) and the pressure at which the valve is completely open.

Example

If the valve is set to open at 58 psig and the valve p-band is 29 psig, the valve will give maximum capacity when the outlet pressure reaches 29 psig.

Offset

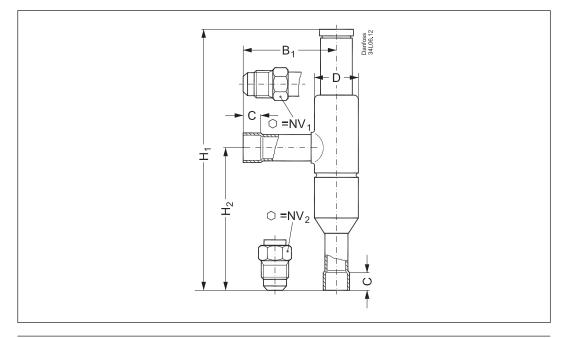
The offset is defined as the difference between the pressure at which the valve plate starts to open (set point) and the pressure at which the valve reaches the necessary opening for the actual load.

The offset is always a part of the p-band. Because optimal function of a refrigeration plant is best reached with fully open KVL, the term offset is normally not used in connection with the KVL valve.



ENGINEERING TOMORROW

Dimensions and weights



	Conn	ection	Hı		P	Cashdan	~D	Notwoight	
Туре	Flare Solder OD		H1	H2	Bı	C solder	øD	Net weight	
	[in]	[in]	[in]	[in]	[in]	[in]	[in]	[lbs]	
KVL 12	1/2	1/2	7.047	3.898	2.520	0.375	1.181	0.9	
KVL 15	5/8	5/8	7.047	3.898	2.520	0.5	1.181	0.9	
KVL 22	-	7/8	7.047	3.898	2.520	0.625	1.181	0.9	
KVL 28	-	1 1/8	10.197	5.945	4.134	0.875	1.693	2.0	
KVL 35	-	1 3%	10.197	5.945	4.134	1.0	1.693	2.0	

Metric conversions 1 in = 25.4 mm 1 lb = 0.454 kg

Danfoss can accept no responsibility for possible errors in catalogues, brochures and other printed material. Danfoss reserves the right to alter its products without notice. This also applies to products already on order provided that such alterations can be made without subsequential changes being necessary in specifications already agreed. All trademarks in this material are property of the respective companies. Danfoss and the Danfoss logotype are trademarks of Danfoss A/S. All rights reserved.