

## Contents

1 How to Read these Operating Instructions	5
Copyright, limitation of liability and revision rights	5
2 Safety	7
High voltage warning	, 7
Safety Instructions	7
General Warning	7
Before commencing repair work	8
Special conditions	8
Avoid unintended start	g
Safe Stop of the frequency converter	g
IT mains	11
3 Mechanical Installation	13
How to Get Started	13
Pre-installation	13
Planning the Installation Site	13
Receiving the Frequency Converter	14
Transportation and Unpacking	14
Lifting	15
Mechanical Dimensions	16
Rated Power	18
Mechanical Installation	19
Terminal Locations - Frame size D	21
Cooling and Airflow	23
Field Installation of Options	28
Installation of Duct Cooling Kit in Rittal Enclosures	28
Outside Installation/ NEMA 3R Kit for Rittal Enclosures	29
Installation on Pedestal	30
Installation of Input Plate Options	30
Installation of Mains Shield for Frequency Converters	31
4 Electrical Installation	33
Electrical Installation	33
Power Connections	33
Mains Connection	40
Fuses	41
Motor Insulation	42
Motor Bearing Currents	42
Control Cable Routing	43
Electrical Installation, Control Terminals	44

Contents

Connection Examples	46
Start/Stop	46
Pulse Start/Stop	46
Electrical Installation - additional	48
Electrical Installation, Control Cables	48
Switches S201, S202, and S801	50
Final Set-up and Test	51
Additional Connections	53
Mechanical Brake Control	53
Motor Thermal Protection	53
5 How to Operate the Frequency Converter	55
How to operate graphical LCP (GLCP)	55
Tins and tricks	62
	02
6 How to Programme the Frequency Converter	65
How to Programme	65
Parameter list	97
0-** Operation and Display	98
1-** Load / Motor	100
2-** Brakes	101
3-** Reference / Ramps	102
4-** Limits / Warnings	103
5-** Digital In / Out	104
6-** Analog In / Out	106
8-** Communication and Options	108
11-** Adap-Kool Lon	109
13-** Smart Logic Controller	110
14-** Special Functions	111
15-** FC Information	112
16-** Data Readouts	114
18-** Info & Readouts	116
20-** FC Closed Loop	117
21-** Ext. Closed Loop	118
22-** Application Functions	120
23-** Time Based Funtions	122
25-** Pack Controller	123
26-** Analog I / O Option MCB 109	125
28-** Compressor Functions	126
7 General Specifications	127



133
133
136
139

1 How to Read these Operating Instructions Danfoss

ADAP-KOOL<sup>®</sup> Drive AKD 102 High Power



## 1 How to Read these Operating Instructions

#### 1.1.1 Copyright, limitation of liability and revision rights

This publication contains information proprietary to Danfoss. By accepting and using this manual the user agrees that the information contained herein will be used solely for operating equipment from Danfoss or equipment from other vendors provided that such equipment is intended for communication with Danfoss equipment over a serial communication link. This publication is protected under the Copyright laws of Denmark and most other countries.

Danfoss does not warrant that a software program produced according to the guidelines provided in this manual will function properly in every physical, hardware or software environment.

Although Danfoss has tested and reviewed the documentation within this manual, Danfoss makes no warranty or representation, neither expressed nor implied, with respect to this documentation, including its quality, performance, or fitness for a particular purpose.

In no event shall Danfoss be liable for direct, indirect, special, incidental, or consequential damages arising out of the use, or the inability to use information contained in this manual, even if advised of the possibility of such damages. In particular, Danfoss is not responsible for any costs, including but not limited to those incurred as a result of lost profits or revenue, loss or damage of equipment, loss of computer programs, loss of data, the costs to substitute these, or any claims by third parties.

Danfoss reserves the right to revise this publication at any time and to make changes to its contents without prior notice or any obligation to notify former or present users of such revisions or changes.

#### 1.1.2 Symbols

Symbols used in this manual:



NB! Indicates something to be noted by the reader.



Indicates a general warning.



Indicates a high-voltage warning.

★ Indicates default setting



## 1.1.3 Available literature for ADAP-KOOL Drive AKD 102

Danfoss technical literature is available in print from your local Danfoss Sales Office or online at: http://portal.danfoss.net/RA/Marketing/Product%20Information/AKD102/Pages/default.aspx

#### 1.1.4 Abbreviations and standards

Abbreviations:	Terms:	SI-units:	I-P units:
а	Acceleration	m/s <sup>2</sup>	ft/s <sup>2</sup>
AWG	American wire gauge		
Auto Tune	Automatic Motor Tuning		
°C	Celsius		
I	Current	А	Amp
ILIM	Current limit		
Joule	Energy	J = N•m	ft-lb, Btu
°F	Fahrenheit		
FC	Frequency Converter		
f	Frequency	Hz	Hz
kHz	Kilohertz	kHz	kHz
LCP	Local Control Panel		
mA	Milliampere		
ms	Millisecond		
min	Minute		
MCT	Motion Control Tool		
M-TYPE	Motor Type Dependent		
Nm	Newton Metres		in-lbs
I <sub>M,N</sub>	Nominal motor current		
f <sub>M,N</sub>	Nominal motor frequency		
P <sub>M,N</sub>	Nominal motor power		
U <sub>M,N</sub>	Nominal motor voltage		
par.	Parameter		
PELV	Protective Extra Low Voltage		
Watt	Power	W	Btu/hr, hp
Pascal	Pressure	$Pa = N/m^2$	psi, psf, ft of water
I <sub>INV</sub>	Rated Inverter Output Current		
RPM	Revolutions Per Minute		
SR	Size Related		
Т	Temperature	С	F
t	Time	S	s,hr
T <sub>LIM</sub>	Torque limit		
U	Voltage	V	V

Table 1.1: Abbreviation and standards table .



## 2 Safety

#### 2.1.1 High voltage warning



The voltage of the frequency converter and the MCO 101 option card is dangerous whenever it is connected to mains. Incorrect installation of the motor or frequency converter may causedeath, serious injury or damage to the equipment. Consequently, it is essential to comply with the instructions in this manual as well as local and national rules and safety regulations.

## 2.1.2 Safety Instructions



Prior to using functions directly or indirectly influencing personal safety (e.g. Safe Stop, Fire Mode or other functions either forcing the motor to stop or attempting to keep it functioning) a thorough risk analysis and system test must be carried through. The system tests must include testing failure modes regarding the control signalling (analog and digital signals and serial communication.



NB! Before using Fire Mode, contact Danfoss

- Make sure the frequency converter is properly connected to earth.
- Do not remove mains connections, motor connections or other power connections while the frequency converter is connected to power.
- Protect users against supply voltage.
- Protect the motor against overloading according to national and local regulations.
- The earth leakage current exceeds 3.5 mA.
- The [OFF] key is not a safety switch. It does not disconnect the frequency converter from mains.

#### 2.1.3 General Warning



#### Warning:

Touching the electrical parts may be fatal - even after the equipment has been disconnected from mains. Also make sure that other voltage inputs have been disconnected, (linkage of DC intermediate circuit), as well as the motor connection

for kinetic back-up.

Before touching any potentially live parts of the frequency converter, wait at least as follows:

- 380 480 V, 110 250 kW, wait at least 20 minutes.
- 380 480 V, 315- 1000 kW, wait at least 40 minutes.
- 525 690 V, 45 400 kW, wait at least 20 minutes.
- 525 690 V, 450 1200 kW, wait at least 30 minutes.

Shorter time is allowed only if indicated on the nameplate for the specific unit.



#### Leakage Current

The earth leakage current from the frequency converter exceeds 3.5 mA. According to IEC 61800-5-1 a reinforced Protective Earth connection must be ensured by means of: a min. 10mm<sup>2</sup> Cu or 16mm<sup>2</sup> Al PE-wire or an additional PE wire - with the same cable cross section as the Mains wiring - must be terminated separately.

Residual Current Device

This product can cause a D.C. current in the protective conductor. Where a residual current device (RCD) is used for extra protection, only an RCD of Type B (time delayed) shall be used on the supply side of this product. See also RCD Application Note MN.90.GX.02. Protective earthing of the frequency converter and the use of RCD's must always follow national and local regulations.

Danfoss

#### 2.1.4 Before commencing repair work

- 1. Disconnect the frequency converter from mains
- 2. Disconnect DC bus terminals 88 and 89
- 3. Wait at least the time mentioned in section General Warning above
- 4. Remove motor cable

#### 2.1.5 Special conditions

#### Electrical ratings:

2

The rating indicated on the nameplate of the frequency converter is based on a typical 3-phase mains power supply, within the specified voltage, current and temperature range, which is expected to be used in most applications.

The frequency converters also support other special applications, which affect the electrical ratings of the frequency converter. Special conditions which affect the electrical ratings might be:

- Single phase applications
- High temperature applications which require de-rating of the electrical ratings
- Marine applications with more severe environmental conditions.

Other applications might also affect the electrical ratings.

Consult the relevant sections in this manual and in the for information about the electrical ratings.

#### Installation requirements:

The overall electrical safety of the frequency converter requires special installation considerations regarding:

- Fuses and circuit breakers for over-current and short-circuit protection
- Selection of power cables (mains, motor, brake, loadsharing and relay)
- Grid configuration (grounded delta transformer leg, IT,TN, etc.)
- Safety of low-voltage ports (PELV conditions).

Consult the relevant clauses in these instructions and in the for information about the installation requirements.

#### 2.1.6 Caution



The frequency converter's DC link capacitors remain charged after power has been disconnected. To avoid an electrical shock hazard, disconnect the frequency converter from the mains before carrying out maintenance. Before doing service on the frequency converter, wait at least the amount of time indicated below:

VoltagePower sizeMin. Waiting Time380 - 480 V110 - 250 kW20 minutesBe aware that there may be high voltage on the DC link even when the LEDs are turned off.



## 2.1.7 Installation at High Altitudes (PELV)



Installation at high altitude: 380 - 480 V: At altitudes above 3 km, please contact Danfoss regarding PELV. 525 - 690 V: At altitudes above 2 km, please contact Danfoss regarding PELV.

#### 2.1.8 Avoid unintended start

While the frequency converter is connected to mains, the motor can be started/stopped using digital commands, bus commands, references or via the Local Control Panel.

- Disconnect the frequency converter from mains whenever personal safety considerations make it necessary to avoid unintended start.
- To avoid unintended start, always activate the [OFF] key before changing parameters.
- Unless terminal 37 is turned off, an electronic fault, temporary overload, a fault in the mains supply, or lost motor connection may cause a stopped motor to start.

#### 2.1.9 Safe Stop of the frequency converter

For versions fitted with a Safe Stop terminal 37 input, the frequency converter can perform the safety function *Safe Torque Off* (As defined by draft CD IEC 61800-5-2) or *Stop Category 0* (as defined in EN 60204-1).

It is designed and approved suitable for the requirements of Safety Category 3 in EN 954-1. This functionality is called Safe Stop. Prior to integration and use of Safe Stop in an installation, a thorough risk analysis on the installation must be carried out in order to determine whether the Safe Stop functionality and safety category are appropriate and sufficient. In order to install and use the Safe Stop function in accordance with the requirements of Safety Category 3 in EN 954-1, the related information and instructions of the must be followed! The information and instructions of the Operating Instructions are not sufficient for a correct and safe use of the Safe Stop functionality!



		Hauptverband der gewerblichen Berufsgenossenschaften
Translation In any case, the German original shall prevail.	Type Test Certificat	e 05 06004
Name and address of the holder of the certificate: (customer)	Danfoss Drives A/S, Ulnaes 1 DK-6300 Graasten, Dänemark	No. of certificate
Name and address of the manufacturer:	Danfoss Drives A/S, Ulnaes 1 DK-6300 Graasten, Dänemark	
Ref. of customer:	Ref. of Test and Certification Bod Apf/Köh VE-Nr. 2003 23220	y: Date of issue: 13.04.2005
Product designation:	Frequency converter with integrated safety f	unctions
Туре:	VLT® Automation Drive FC 302	
Intended purpose:	Implementation of safety function "Safe Sto	P"
Testing based on:	EN 954-1, 1997-03, DKE AK 226.03, 1998-06, EN ISO 13849-2; 2003-12, EN 61800-3, 2001-02, EN 61800-5-1, 2003-09,	
Test certificate:	No.: 2003 23220 from 13.04.2005	
Remarks:	The presented types of the frequency conve down in the test bases. With correct wiring a category 3 according function.	rter FC 302 meet the requirements laid to DIN EN 954-1 is reached for the safet
The type tested complies w	ith the provisions laid down in the directive 98/37/EC (A	Aachinery).
Further conditions are laid	down in the Rules of Procedure for Testing and Certifica	tion of April 2004.
Head of certification body (Prof. Dr. rer. not. Dietma	Cer Reinert) (Dir Potol adress: Office: Alle Heentraße 111 53754 Sonki Augustin 53755 Sonki Augustin	tification officer R. Br. Jolan IIng. R. Apfeld) Phone: 0 22 41/2 31-02 Fox: 0 22 41/2 31-32 34



## 2.1.10 IT mains



I T mains Do not connect frequency converters with RFI-filters to mains supplies with a voltage between phase and earth of more than 440 V for 400 V converters and 760 V for 690 V converters. For 400 V IT mains and delta earth (grounded leg), mains voltage may exceed 440 V between phase and earth.

For 690 V IT mains and delta earth (grounded leg), mains voltage may exceed 760 V between phase and earth.

Par. 14-50 *RFI Filter* can be used to disconnect the internal RFI capacitors from the RFI filter to ground.

#### 2.1.11 Software Version and Approvals: ADAP-KOOL Drive AKD 102



#### 2.1.12 Disposal instruction



Equipment containing electrical components must not be disposed of together with domestic waste. It must be separately collected with electrical and electronic waste according to local and currently valid legislation.



## 3 Mechanical Installation

## 3.1 How to Get Started

#### 3.1.1 About How to Install

This chapter covers mechanical and electrical installations to and from power terminals and control card terminals. Electrical installation of *options* is described in the relevant Operating Instructions and Design Guide.

#### 3.1.2 How to Get Started

The frequency converter is designed to achieve a quick and EMC-correct installation by following the steps described below.



Read the safety instructions before installing the unit.

Mechanical Installation

Mechanical mounting

#### Electrical Installation

- Connection to Mains and Protecting Earth
- Motor connection and cables
- Fuses and circuit breakers
- Control terminals cables

#### Quick setup

- Local Control Panel, LCP
- Automatic Motor Adaptation, AMA
- Programming

Frame size is depending on enclosure type, power range and mains voltage



## 3.2 Pre-installation

#### 3.2.1 Planning the Installation Site



NB!

Before performing the installation it is important to plan the installation of the frequency converter. Neglecting this may result in extra work during and after installation.

<u>Danfoss</u>

Select the best possible operation site by considering the following (see details on the following pages, and the respective Design Guides):

- Ambient operating temperature
- Installation method
- How to cool the unit
- Position of the frequency converter
- Cable routing
- Ensure the power source supplies the correct voltage and necessary current
- Ensure that the motor current rating is within the maximum current from the frequency converter
- If the frequency converter is without built-in fuses, ensure that the external fuses are rated correctly.

## 3.2.2 Receiving the Frequency Converter

When receiving the frequency converter please make sure that the packaging is intact, and be aware of any damage that might have occurred to the unit during transport. In case damage has occurred, contact immediately the shipping company to claim the damage.

#### 3.2.3 Transportation and Unpacking

Before unpacking the frequency converter it is recommended that it is located as close as possible to the final installation site. Remove the box and handle the frequency converter on the pallet, as long as possible.



NB!

The card box cover contains a drilling master for the mounting holes in the D frames.



ADAP-KOOL<sup>®</sup> Drive AKD 102 High Power



3

## 3.2.4 Lifting

Always lift the frequency converter in the dedicated lifting eyes. For all D and E2 (IP00) enclosures, use a bar to avoid bending the lifting holes of the frequency converter.

Illustrat	tion 3.3: Recommended lifting method, size D.
55	NB! The lifting bar must be able to handle the weight of the frequency converter. See <i>Mechanical Dimensions</i> for the weight of the different frame sizes. Maximum diameter for bar is 2.5 cm (1 inch). The angle from the top of the drive to the lifting cable should be 60° C or greater.

Danfoss



Danfoss



Mechanical dimensions , Frame size D								
Frame Size		D1	D1			D3	D4	
		110 - 132 kW	at 400 V	160 - 250 kW	at 400 V	110 - 132 kW at 400 V	160 - 250 kW at 400 V	
		(380 - 48	30 V)	(380 - 48	30 V)	(380 - 480 V)	(380 - 480 V)	
IP		21	54	21	54	00	00	
NEMA		Type 1	Type 12	Type 1	Type 12	Chassis	Chassis	
Shipping di- mensions	Height	650 mm	650 mm	650 mm	650 mm	650 mm	650 mm	
	Width	1730 mm	1730 mm	1730 mm	1730 mm	1220 mm	1490 mm	
	Depth	570 mm	570 mm	570 mm	570 mm	570 mm	570 mm	
Drive dimen- sions	Height	1209 mm	1209 mm	1589 mm	1589 mm	1046 mm	1327 mm	
	Width	420 mm	420 mm	420 mm	420 mm	408 mm	408 mm	
	Depth	380 mm	380 mm	380 mm	380 mm	375 mm	375 mm	
	Max weight	104 kg	104 kg	151 kg	151 kg	91 kg	138 kg	

## 3.2.6 Rated Power



Danfoss

## 3.3 Mechanical Installation

Preparation of the mechanical installation of the frequency converter must be done carefully to ensure a proper result and to avoid additional work during installation. Start taking a close look at the mechanical drawings at the end of this instruction to become familiar with the space demands.

#### 3.3.1 Tools Needed

To perform the mechanical installation the following tools are needed:

- Drill with 10 or 12 mm drill
- Tape measure
- Wrench with relevant metric sockets (7-17 mm)
- Extensions to wrench
- Sheet metal punch for conduits or cable glands in IP 21/Nema 1 and IP 54 units
- Lifting bar to lift the unit (rod or tube max. Ø 25 mm (1 inch), able to lift minimum 400 kg (880 lbs)).
- Crane or other lifting aid to place the frequency converter in position
- A Torx T50 tool is needed to install the E1 in IP21 and IP54 enclosure types.

#### 3.3.2 General Considerations

Space

Ensure proper space above and below the frequency converter to allow airflow and cable access. In addition space in front of the unit must be considered to enable opening of the door of the panel.





#### Wire access

Ensure that proper cable access is present including necessary bending allowance. As the IP00 enclosure is open to the bottom cables must be fixed to the back panel of the enclosure where the frequency converter is mounted, i.e. by using cable clamps.



NB!

All cable lugs/ shoes must mount within the width of the terminal bus bar

Danfoss

### 3.3.3 Terminal Locations - Frame size D

Take the following position of the terminals into consideration when you design for cables access.



Be aware that the power cables are heavy and hard to bend. Consider the optimum position of the frequency converter for ensuring easy installation of the cables.



NB!

All D frames are available with standard input terminals or disconnect switch. All terminal dimensions can be found in the following table.



	<u>IP 21 (NEMA 1)</u>	/ IP 54 (NEMA 12)	IP 00 / Chassis		
	Frame size D1	Frame size D2	Frame size D3	Frame size D4	
A	277 (10.9)	379 (14.9)	119 (4.7)	122 (4.8)	
В	227 (8.9)	326 (12.8)	68 (2.7)	68 (2.7)	
С	173 (6.8)	273 (10.8)	15 (0.6)	16 (0.6)	
D	179 (7.0)	279 (11.0)	20.7 (0.8)	22 (0.8)	
E	370 (14.6)	370 (14.6)	363 (14.3)	363 (14.3)	
F	300 (11.8)	300 (11.8)	293 (11.5)	293 (11.5)	
G	222 (8.7)	226 (8.9)	215 (8.4)	218 (8.6)	
Н	139 (5.4)	142 (5.6)	131 (5.2)	135 (5.3)	
I	55 (2.2)	59 (2.3)	48 (1.9)	51 (2.0)	
J	354 (13.9)	361 (14.2)	347 (13.6)	354 (13.9)	
К	284 (11.2)	277 (10.9)	277 (10.9)	270 (10.6)	
L	334 (13.1)	334 (13.1)	326 (12.8)	326 (12.8)	
М	250 (9.8)	250 (9.8)	243 (9.6)	243 (9.6)	
Ν	167 (6.6)	167 (6.6)	159 (6.3)	159 (6.3)	
0	261 (10.3)	260 (10.3)	261 (10.3)	261 (10.3)	
Р	170 (6.7)	169 (6.7)	170 (6.7)	170 (6.7)	
Q	120 (4.7)	120 (4.7)	120 (4.7)	120 (4.7)	
R	256 (10.1)	350 (13.8)	98 (3.8)	93 (3.7)	
S	308 (12.1)	332 (13.0)	301 (11.8)	324 (12.8)	
Т	252 (9.9)	262 (10.3)	245 (9.6)	255 (10.0)	
U	196 (7.7)	192 (7.6)	189 (7.4)	185 (7.3)	
V	260 (10.2)	273 (10.7)	260 (10.2)	273 (10.7)	

Table 3.1: Cable positions as shown in drawings above. Dimensions in mm (inch).



## 3.3.4 Cooling and Airflow

NB!

#### Cooling

Cooling can be obtained in different ways, by using the cooling ducts in the bottom and the top of the unit, by taking air in and out the back of the unit or by combining the cooling possibilities.

#### Duct cooling

A dedicated option has been developed to optimize installation of IP00/chassis frequency converters in Rittal TS8 enclosures utilizing the fan of the frequency converter for forced air cooling of the backchannel. The air out the top of the enclosure could but ducted outside a facility so the heat loses from the backchannel are not dissipated within the control room reducing air-conditioning requirements of the facility. Please see *Installation of Duct Cooling Kit in Rittal enclosures*, for further information.

#### Back cooling

The backchannel air can also be ventilated in and out the back of a Rittal TS8 enclosure. This offers a solution where the backchannel could take air from outside the facility and return the heat loses outside the facility thus reducing air-conditioning requirements.



A doorfan(s) is required on the enclosure to remove the heat losses not contained in the backchannel of the drive and any additional losses generated from other components installed inside the enclosure. The total required air flow must be calculated so that the appropriate fans can be selected. Some enclosure manufacturers offer software for performing the calculations (i.e. Rittal Therm software). If the drive is the only heat generating component in the enclosure, the minimum airflow required at an ambient temperature of  $45^{\circ}$ C for the D3 and D4 drives is 391 m<sup>3</sup>/h (230 cfm).

#### Airflow

The necessary airflow over the heat sink must be secured. The flow rate is shown below.

Enclosure protection	Frame size	Door fan / Top fan airflow	Airflow over heatsink
IP21 / NEMA 1	D1 and D2	170 m <sup>3</sup> /h (100 cfm)	765 m <sup>3</sup> /h (450 cfm)
IP00 / Chassis	D3 and D4	255 m <sup>3</sup> /h (150 cfm)	765 m <sup>3</sup> /h (450 cfm)

Table 3.2: Heatsink Air Flow

Å	NB! The far	n runs for the following reasons:
$\langle \mathcal{O} \rangle$	1.	АМА
•	2.	DC Hold
	3.	Pre-Mag
	4.	DC Brake
	5.	60% of nominal current is exceeded
	6.	Specific heatsink temperature exceeded (power size dependent).
	Once t	ne fan is started it will run for minimum 10 minutes.

#### External ducts

3

If additional duct work is added externally to the Rittal cabinet the pressure drop in the ducting must be calculated. Use the charts below to derate the frequency converter according to the pressure drop.





#### 3.3.5 Installation on the Wall - IP21 (NEMA 1) and IP54 (NEMA 12) Units

This only applies to frame sizes  $\mathsf{D1}$  and  $\mathsf{D2}$  . It must be considered where to install the unit.

Take the relevant points into consideration before you select the final installation site:

- Free space for cooling
- Access to open the door
- Cable entry from the bottom

Mark the mounting holes carefully using the mounting template on the wall and drill the holes as indicated. Ensure proper distance to the floor and the ceiling for cooling. A minimum of 225 mm (8.9 inch) below the frequency converter is needed. Mount the bolts at the bottom and lift the frequency converter up on the bolts. Tilt the frequency converter against the wall and mount the upper bolts. Tighten all four bolts to secure the frequency converter against the wall.



## 3.3.6 Gland/ Conduit Entry - IP21 (NEMA 1) and IP54 (NEMA12)

Cables are connected through the gland plate from the bottom. Remove the plate and plan where to place the entry for the glands or conduits. Prepare holes in the marked area on the drawing.



## **N**B!

The gland plate must be fitted to the frequency converter to ensure the specified protection degree, as well as ensuring proper cooling of the unit. If the gland plate is not mounted, the frequency converter may trip on Alarm 69, Pwr. Card Temp



Illustration 3.14: Example of proper installation of the gland plate.





Cable entries viewed from the bottom of the frequency converter - 1) Mains side 2) Motor side

Danfoss

## 3.3.7 IP21 Drip Shield Installation (Frame size D1 and D2 )

To comply with the IP21 rating, a separate drip shield is to be installed as explained below:

- Remove the two front screws
- Insert the drip shield and replace screws
- Torque the screws to 5,6 Nm (50 in-lbs)





## 3.4 Field Installation of Options

#### 3.4.1 Installation of Duct Cooling Kit in Rittal Enclosures

This section deals with the installation of IP00 / chassis enclosed frequency converters with duct work cooling kits in Rittal enclosures. In addition to the enclosure a 200 mm base/plinth is required.



The minimum enclosure dimension is:

• D3 and D4 frame: Depth 500 mm and width 600 mm.

The maximum depth and width are as required by the installation. When using multiple frequency converters in one enclosure it is recommended that each drive is mounted on its own back panel and supported along the mid-section of the panel. These duct work kits do not support the "in frame" mounting of the panel (see Rittal TS8 catalogue for details). The duct work cooling kits listed in the table below are suitable for use only with IP 00 / Chassis frequency converters in Rittal TS8 IP 20 and UL and NEMA 1 and IP 54 and UL and NEMA 12 enclosures.



NB! A doorfan(s) is required on the enclosure to remove the heat losses not contained in the backchannel of the drive and any additional losses generated from other components installed inside the enclosure. The total required air flow must be calculated so that the appropriate fans can be selected. Some enclosure manufacturers offer software for performing the calculations (i.e. Rittal Therm software). If the drive is the only heat generating component in the enclosure, the minimum airflow required at an ambient temperature of 45°C for the D3 and D4 drives is 391 m<sup>3</sup>/h (230 cfm).

Ordering Information

Rittal TS-8 Enclosure	Frame D3 Kit Part No.	Frame D4Kit Part No.
1800 mm	176F1824	176F1823
2000 mm	176F1826	176F1825





NB!

Please see the Duct Kit Instruction Manual, 175R5640, for further information

#### External ducts

If additional duct work is added externally to the Rittal cabinet the pressure drop in the ducting must be calculated. Please see section *Cooling and Airflow* for further information.

#### 3.4.2 Outside Installation/ NEMA 3R Kit for Rittal Enclosures



This section is for the installation of NEMA 3R kits available for the frequency converter frames D3 and D4. These kits are designed and tested to be used with IP00/ Chassis versions of these frames in Rittal TS8 NEMA 3R or NEMA 4 enclosures. The NEMA-3R enclosure is an outdoor enclosure that provides a degree of protection against rain and ice. The NEMA-4 enclosure is an outdoor enclosure that provides a greater degree of protection against weather and hosed water.

The minimum enclosure depth is 500 mm (600 mm for E2 frame) and the kit is designed for a 600 mm (800 mm for E2 frame) wide enclosure. Other enclosure widths are possible, however additional Rittal hardware is required. The maximum depth and width are as required by the installation.



NB!

NB!

The current rating of drives in D3 and D4 frames are de-rated by 3%, when adding the NEMA 3R kit. Drives in E2 frames require no derating

# 65

A doorfan(s) is required on the enclosure to remove the heat losses not contained in the backchannel of the drive and any additional losses generated from other components installed inside the enclosure. The total required air flow must be calculated so that the appropriate fans can be selected. Some enclosure manufacturers offer software for performing the calculations (i.e. Rittal Therm software). If the drive is the only heat generating component in the enclosure, the minimum airflow required at an ambient temperature of  $45^{\circ}$ C for the D3 and D4 drives is 391 m<sup>3</sup>/h (230 cfm).

Ordering information Frame size D3: 176F4600 Frame size D4: 176F4601 Frame size E2: 176F1852

NB!



Please see the instructions 175R5922 for further information

<u>Danfoss</u>

#### 3.4.3 Installation on Pedestal

This section describes the installation of a pedestal unit available for the frequency converters frames D1 and D2. This is a 200 mm high pedestal that allows these frames to be floor mounted. The front of the pedestal has openings for input air to the power components.

The frequency converter gland plate must be installed to provide adequate cooling air to the control components of the frequency converter via the door fan and to maintain the IP21/NEMA 1 or IP54/NEMA 12 degrees of enclosure protections.



There is one pedestal that fits both frames D1 and D2. Its ordering number is 176F1827. The pedestal is standard for E1 frame.



#### 3.4.4 Installation of Input Plate Options

This section is for the field installation of input option kits available for frequency converters in all D and E frames. Do not attempt to remove RFI filters from input plates. Damage may occur to RFI filters if they are removed from the input plate.



NB!

Where RFI filters are available, there are two different type of RFI filters depending on the input plate combination and the RFI filters interchangeable. Field installable kits in certain cases are the same for all voltages.

Danfoss

	380 - 480 V 380 - 500 V	Fuses	Disconnect Fuses	RFI	RFI Fuses	RFI Disconnect Fuses
D1	All D1 power sizes	176F8442	176F8450	176F8444	176F8448	176F8446
D2	All D2 power sizes	176F8443	176F8441	176F8445	176F8449	176F8447
1						
	525 - 690 V	Fuses	Disconnect Fuses	RFI	RFI Fuses	RFI Disconnect Fuses
D1	AKD 102/ : 45-90 kW : 37-75 kW	175L8829	175L8828	175L8777	NA	NA
	AKD 102/ : 110-160 kW : 90-132 kW	175L8442	175L8445	175L8777	NA	NA
D2	All D2power sizes	175L8827	175L8826	175L8825	NA	NA



NB!

For further information, please see the Instruction Sheet, 175R5795

## 3.4.5 Installation of Mains Shield for Frequency Converters

This section is for the installation of a mains shield for the frequency converter series with D1, D2 and E1 frames. It is not possible to install in the IP00/ Chassis versions as these have included as standard a metal cover. These shields satisfy VBG-4 requirements.

Ordering numbers: Frames D1 and D2 : 176F0799

NB!



For further information, please see the Instruction Sheet, 175R5923

4 Electrical Installation



## 4 Electrical Installation

## 4.1 Electrical Installation

#### 4.1.1 Power Connections

NB!

Cabling and Fusing



#### Cables General

All cabling must comply with national and local regulations on cable cross-sections and ambient temperature. UL applications require 75 °C copper conductors. 75 and 90 °C copper conductors are thermally acceptable for the frequency converter to use in non UL applications.

The power cable connections are situated as shown below. Dimensioning of cable cross section must be done in accordance with the current ratings and local legislation. See the *Specifications section* for details.

For protection of the frequency converter, the recommended fuses must be used or the unit must be with built-in fuses. Recommended fuses can be seen in the tables of the fuse section. Always ensure that proper fusing is made according to local regulation.

The mains connection is fitted to the mains switch if this is included.





The motor cable must be screened/armoured. If an unscreened/unarmoured cable is used, some EMC requirements are not complied with. Use a screened/armoured motor cable to comply with EMC emission specifications. For more information, see *EMC specifica-tions* in the *Design Guide*.

See section *General Specifications* for correct dimensioning of motor cable cross-section and length.

#### Screening of cables:

Avoid installation with twisted screen ends (pigtails). They spoil the screening effect at higher frequencies. If it is necessary to break the screen to install a motor isolator or motor contactor, the screen must be continued at the lowest possible HF impedance.

Connect the motor cable screen to both the de-coupling plate of the frequency converter and to the metal housing of the motor.

Make the screen connections with the largest possible surface area (cable clamp). This is done by using the supplied installation devices within the frequency converter.

#### Cable-length and cross-section:

NB!

The frequency converter has been EMC tested with a given length of cable. Keep the motor cable as short as possible to reduce the noise level and leakage currents.

#### Switching frequency:

When frequency converters are used together with Sine-wave filters to reduce the acoustic noise from a motor, the switching frequency must be set according to the instruction in par. 14-01 *Switching Frequency*.



Term. no.	96	97	98	99	
	U	V	W	PE <sup>1)</sup>	Motor voltage 0-100% of mains voltage.
					3 wires out of motor
	U1	V1	W1	DE1)	Delta-connected
	W2	U2	V2	PE-/	6 wires out of motor
	U1	V1	W1	PE <sup>1)</sup>	Star-connected U2, V2, W2
					U2, V2 and W2 to be interconnected separately.

#### <sup>1)</sup>Protected Earth Connection



## NB!

In motors without phase insulation paper or other insulation reinforcement suitable for operation with voltage supply (such as a frequency converter), fit a Sinewave filter on the output of the frequency converter.



Illustration 4.1: Compact IP 21 (NEMA 1) and IP 54 (NEMA 12), frame size D1



Danfoss

1)	AUX Relay			5)	Brake						
	01	02	03			-R	+R				
	04	05	06			81	82				
2)	2) Temp Switch				6)	SMPS Fuse (see fuse tables for part number)					
	106	104	105		7)	AUX Fan					
3)	Line					100	101	102	103		
	R	S	Т			L1	L2	L1	L2		
	91	92	93		8)	Fan Fuse (see fuse tables for part number) Mains ground					
	L1	L2	L3		9)						
4)	Load sharing			10)	Motor						
	-DC	+DC				U	V	W			
	88	89				96	97	98			
						T1	T2	Т3			



Illustration 4.3: Compact IP 00 (Chassis), frame size D3



Illustration 4.4: Compact IP 00 (Chassis) with disconnect, fuse and RFI filter, frame size D4

## 4 Electrical Installation

<u>Danfoss</u>





#### NB! D2 and D4 shown as examples. D1 and D3 are equivalent.
Danfoss

## 4.1.2 Earthing

The following basic issues need to be considered when installing a frequency converter, so as to obtain electromagnetic compatibility (EMC).

- Safety earthing: Please note that the frequency converter has a high leakage current and must be earthed appropriately for safety reasons. Apply local safety regulations.
- High-frequency earthing: Keep the earth wire connections as short as possible.

Connect the different earth systems at the lowest possible conductor impedance. The lowest possible conductor impedance is obtained by keeping the conductor as short as possible and by using the greatest possible surface area.

The metal cabinets of the different devices are mounted on the cabinet rear plate using the lowest possible HF impedance. This avoids having different HF voltages for the individual devices and avoids the risk of radio interference currents running in connection cables that may be used between the devices. The radio interference will have been reduced.

In order to obtain a low HF impedance, use the fastening bolts of the devices as HF connection to the rear plate. It is necessary to remove insulating paint or similar from the fastening points.

## 4.1.3 Extra Protection (RCD)

ELCB relays, multiple protective earthing or earthing can be used as extra protection, provided that local safety regulations are complied with.

In the case of an earth fault, a DC component may develop in the fault current.

If ELCB relays are used, local regulations must be observed. Relays must be suitable for protection of 3-phase equipment with a bridge rectifier and for a brief discharge on power-up.

See also the section Special Conditions in the Design Guide.

## 4.1.4 RFI Switch

Mains supply isolated from earth

If the frequency converter is supplied from an isolated mains source (, floating delta and grounded delta) or TT/TN-S mains with grounded leg, the RFI switch is recommended to be turned off (OFF) via par. 14-50 *RFI Filter*. For further reference, see IEC 364-3. In case optimum EMC performance is needed, parallel motors are connected or the motor cable length is above 25 m, it is recommended to set par. 14-50 *RFI Filter* to [ON].

In OFF, the internal RFI capacities (filter capacitors) between the chassis and the intermediate circuit are cut off to avoid damage to the intermediate circuit and to reduce the earth capacity currents (according to IEC 61800-3).

Please also refer to the application note VLT on IT mains, MN.90.CX.02. It is important to use isolation monitors that are capable for use together with power electronics (IEC 61557-8).

<u>Danfoss</u>

## 4.1.5 Torque

When tightening all electrical connections it is very important to tighten with the correct torque. Too low or too high torque results in a bad electrical connection. Use a torque wrench to ensure correct torque



Frame size	Terminal	Torque	Bolt size
D1, D2, D3 and D4	Mains Motor	19 Nm (168 in-lbs)	M10
	Load sharing Brake	9.5 Nm (84 in-lbs)	M8

## 4.1.6 Shielded Cables

It is important that shielded and armoured cables are connected in a proper way to ensure high EMC immunity and low emissions.

Connection can be made using either cable glands or clamps:

- EMC cable glands: Generally available cable glands can be used to ensure an optimum EMC connection.
- EMC cable clamp: Clamps allowing easy connection are supplied with the frequency converter.

## 4.1.7 Motor Cable

The motor must be connected to terminals U/T1/96, V/T2/97, W/T3/98. Earth to terminal 99. All types of three-phase asynchronous standard motors can be used with a frequency converter unit. The factory setting is for clockwise rotation with the frequency converter output connected as follows:

Terminal No.	Function
96, 97, 98, 99	Mains U/T1, V/T2, W/T3
	Earth





The direction of rotation can be changed by switching two phases in the motor cable or by changing the setting of par. 4-10 *Motor Speed Direction*. Motor rotation check can be performed using par.1-28 *Motor Rotation Check* and following the steps shown in the display.

## 4.1.8 Load Sharing

Terminal No.	Function
88, 89	Loadsharing

The connection cable must be screened and the max. length from the frequency converter to the DC bar is limited to 25 metres (82 feet). Load sharing enables linking of the DC intermediate circuits of several frequency converters.

Please note that voltages up to 1099 VDC may occur on the terminals. Load Sharing calls for extra equipment and safety considerations. For further information, see load sharing Instructions MI.50.NX.YY.



Please note that mains disconnect may not isolate the frequency converter due to DC link connection



## 4.1.9 Shielding against Electrical Noise

Before mounting the mains power cable, mount the EMC metal cover to ensure best EMC performance.

NOTE: The EMC metal cover is only included in units with an RFI filter.



## 4.1.10 Mains Connection

Mains must be connected to terminals 91, 92 and 93. Earth is connected to the terminal to the right of terminal 93.

Terminal No.	Function
91, 92, 93	Mains R/L1, S/L2, T/L3
94	Earth



Check the name plate to ensure that the mains voltage of the frequency converter matches the power supply of your plant.

Ensure that the power supply can supply the necessary current to the frequency converter.

If the unit is without built-in fuses, ensure that the appropriate fuses have the correct current rating.

## 4.1.11 External Fan Supply

Frame size D-E-F

In case the frequency converter is supplied by DC or if the fan must run independently of the power supply, an external power supply can be applied. The connection is made on the power card.

Terminal No.	Function
100, 101	Auxiliary supply S, T
102, 103	Internal supply S, T

The connector located on the power card provides the connection of line voltage for the cooling fans. The fans are connected from factory to be supplied form a common AC line (jumpers between 100-102 and 101-103). If external supply is needed, the jumpers are removed and the supply is connected to terminals 100 and 101. A 5 Amp fuse should be used for protection. In UL applications this should be LittleFuse KLK-5 or equivalent.



4

## 4.1.12 Fuses

#### Branch circuit protection:

In order to protect the installation against electrical and fire hazard, all branch circuits in an installation, switch gear, machines etc., must be short-circuited and over-current protected according to national/international regulations.

#### Short-circuit protection:

The frequency converter must be protected against short-circuit to avoid electrical or fire hazard. Danfoss recommends using the fuses mentioned below to protect service personnel and equipment in case of an internal failure in the drive. The frequency converter provides full short-circuit protection in case of a short-circuit on the motor output.

#### Over-current protection

Provide overload protection to avoid fire hazard due to overheating of the cables in the installation. The frequency converter is equipped with an internal over-current protection that can be used for upstream overload protection (UL-applications excluded). See par. 4-18 *Current Limit*. Moreover, fuses or circuit breakers can be used to provide the over-current protection in the installation. Over-current protection must always be carried out according to national regulations.

#### Non UL compliance

If UL/cUL is not to be complied with, we recommend using the following fuses, which will ensure compliance with EN50178:

P110 - P250	380 - 480 V	type gG
P315 - P450	380 - 480 V	type gR
	566 106 1	type git

#### 380-480 V, frame size D

The fuses below are suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering 100,000 Arms (symmetrical), 240V, or 480V, or 500V, or 600V depending on the drive voltage rating. With the proper fusing the drive Short Circuit Current Rating (SCCR) is 100,000 Arms.

Size/ Type	Bussmann E1958 JFHR2**	Bussmann E4273 T/JDDZ**	SIBA E180276 JFHR2	LittelFuse E71611 JFHR2**	Ferraz- Shawmut E60314 JFHR2**	Bussmann E4274 H/JDDZ**	Bussmann E125085 JFHR2*	Internal Option Bussmann
P110	FWH-	JJS-	2061032.315	L50S-300	A50-P300	NOS-	170M3017	170M3018
	300	300				300		
P132	FWH-	JJS-	2061032.35	L50S-350	A50-P350	NOS-	170M3018	170M3018
	350	350				350		
P160	FWH-	JJS-	2061032.40	L50S-400	A50-P400	NOS-	170M4012	170M4016
	400	400				400		
P200	FWH-	JJS-	2061032.50	L50S-500	A50-P500	NOS-	170M4014	170M4016
	500	500				500		
P250	FWH-	JJS-	2062032.63	L50S-600	A50-P600	NOS-	170M4016	170M4016
	600	600				600		
	000	000				000		

Table 4.1: Frame size D, Line fuses, 380-480 V



## 4.1.13 Mains Disconnectors - Frame Size D

Frame size	Power & Voltage	Туре
D1/D3	P110-P132 380-480V & P110-P160 525-690V	ABB OETL-NF200A
D2/D4	P160-P250 380-480V & P200-P400 525-690V	ABB OETL-NF400A

#### 4.1.14 Motor Insulation

For motor cable lengths  $\leq$  the maximum cable length listed in the General Specifications tables the following motor insulation ratings are recommended because the peak voltage can be up to twice the DC link voltage, 2.8 times the mains voltage, due to transmission line effects in the motor cable. If a motor has lower insulation rating it recommended to use a du/ dt or sine wave filter.

Nominal Mains Voltage	Motor Insulation
$U_N \le 420 \text{ V}$	Standard $U_{LL} = 1300 V$
420 V < $U_N \le 500$ V	Reinforced $U_{LL} = 1600 V$
$500 \text{ V} < \text{U}_{\text{N}} \le 600 \text{ V}$	Reinforced $U_{LL}$ = 1800 V
$600 \text{ V} < \text{U}_{\text{N}} \le 690 \text{ V}$	Reinforced $U_{LL}$ = 2000 V

## 4.1.15 Motor Bearing Currents

All motors installed with 110 kW or higher power drives should have NDE (Non-Drive End) insulated bearings installed to eliminate circulating bearing currents. To minimize DE (Drive End) bearing and shaft currents proper grounding of the drive, motor, driven machine, and motor to the driven machine is required.

#### Standard Mitigation Strategies:

- 1. Use an insulated bearing
- 2. Apply rigorous installation procedures
  - Strictly follow the EMC Installation guideline
  - Provide a good high frequency connection between the motor and the frequency converter for instance by screened cable which has a 360° connection in the motor and the frequency converter
  - Provide a low impedance path from frequency converter to building ground/earth and from the motor to building ground/earth. This can be difficult for pumps
  - Make a direct earth connection between the motor and load machine
  - Reinforce the PE so the high frequency impedance is lower in the PE
  - Ensure the motor and load motor are aligned
- 3. Lower the IGBT switching frequency
- 4. Modify the inverter waveform, 60° AVM vs. SFAVM
- 5. Install a shaft grounding system or use an isolating coupling between motor and load
- 6. Apply conductive lubrication
- 7. If the application allows, avoid running at low motor speeds by using the minimum speed settings of the drive .
- 8. Try to ensure the line voltage is balanced to ground. This can be difficult for IT, TT, TN-CS or Grounded leg systems
- 9. Use a dU/dt or sine wave filter

Danfoss

4

## 4.1.16 Control Cable Routing

Tie down all control wires to the designated control cable routing as shown in the picture. Remember to connect the shields in a proper way to ensure optimum electrical immunity.

Fieldbus connection

Connections are made to the relevant options on the control card. For details see the relevant fieldbus instruction. The cable must be placed to the left inside the frequency converter and tied down together with other control wires (see picture).





and D4 use the same path.

In the Chassis (IP00) and NEMA 1 units it is also possible to connect the fieldbus from the top of the unit as shown on the picture to the right. On the NEMA 1 unit a cover plate must be removed. Kit number for fieldbus top connection: 176F1742

Control card wiring path for the D3. Control card wiring for the D1, D2 Control card wiring path for the F1/F3. Control card wiring for the F2/F4 use the same path.



Illustration 4.9: Top connection for fieldbus.





Installation of 24 Volt external DC Supply Torque: 0.5 - 0.6 Nm (5 in-lbs) Screw size: M3

No.	Function
35 (-), 36 (+)	24 V external DC supply

24 VDC external supply can be used as low-voltage supply to the control card and any option cards installed. This enables full operation of the LCP (including parameter setting) without connection to mains. Please note that a warning of low voltage will be given when 24 VDC has been connected; however, there will be no tripping.



4

Use 24 VDC supply of type PELV to ensure correct galvanic isolation (type PELV) on the control terminals of the frequency converter.

## 4.1.17 Access to Control Terminals

All terminals to the control cables are located beneath the LCP. They are accessed by opening the door of the IP21/ 54 version or removing the covers of the IP00 version.

#### 4.1.18 Electrical Installation, Control Terminals

To connect the cable to the terminal:

- 1. Strip insulation by about 9-10 mm
- 2. Insert a screwdriver<sup>1)</sup> in the square hole.
- 3. Insert the cable in the adjacent circular hole.
- 4. Remove the screwdriver. The cable is now mounted in the terminal.

To remove the cable from the terminal:

- 1. Insert a screw driver<sup>1)</sup> in the square hole.
- 2. Pull out the cable.

<sup>1)</sup> Max. 0.4 x 2.5 mm









# 4.2 Connection Examples

## 4.2.1 Start/Stop

Terminal 18 = par. 5-10 *Terminal 18 Digital Input* [8] *Start* Terminal 27 = par. 5-12 *Terminal 27 Digital Input* [0] *No operation* (Default *coast inverse*)

Terminal 37 = Safe stop

 'œ'
 'œ'
 'œ'
 1308A155.12

 \* 1
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·
 ·

## 4.2.2 Pulse Start/Stop

Terminal 18 = par. 5-10 *Terminal 18 Digital Input* [9] *Latched start* Terminal 27= par. 5-12 *Terminal 27 Digital Input* [6] *Stop inverse* 

Terminal 37 = Safe stop





4

## 4.2.3 Speed Up/ Down

Terminals 29/32 = Speed up/down:.

Terminal 18 = par. 5-10 Terminal 18 Digital Input Start [9] (default)

Terminal 27 = par. 5-12 Terminal 27 Digital Input Freeze reference [19]

Terminal 29 = par. 5-13 Terminal 29 Digital Input Speed up [21]

Terminal 32 = par. 5-14 Terminal 32 Digital Input Speed down [22]

Note: Terminal 29 only in FC x02 (x=series type).

## 4.2.4 Potentiometer Reference

Voltage reference via a potentiometer:

Reference Source 1 = [1] Analog input 53 (default)

Terminal 53, Low Voltage = 0 Volt

Terminal 53, High Voltage = 10 Volt

Terminal 53, Low Ref./Feedback = 0 RPM

Terminal 53, High Ref./Feedback = 1500 RPM

Switch S201 = OFF (U)



12

18

+24V

Par. 5-10

Par. 5-12

 $1 \ k\Omega$ 

<u>Danfvisi</u>

## 4.3 Electrical Installation - additional

## 4.3.1 Electrical Installation, Control Cables



Very long control cables and analogue signals may in rare cases and depending on installation result in 50/60 Hz earth loops due to noise from mains supply cables.

If this occurs, it may be necessary to break the screen or insert a 100 nF capacitor between screen and chassis.

The digital and analog inputs and outputs must be connected separately to the frequency converter common inputs (terminal 20, 55, 39) to avoid earth currents from both groups to affect other groups. For example, switching on the digital input may disturb the analog input signal.



4

Input polarity of control terminals





NB! Control cables must be screened/armoured.



Connect the wires as described in the Operating Instruction for the frequency converter. Remember to connect the shields in a proper way to ensure optimum electrical immunity.

 $\mathsf{MG.11.01.02}$  -  $\mathsf{ADAP}\text{-}\mathsf{KOOL}^{\textcircled{R}}$  is a registered Danfoss trademark

<u>Danfoss</u>

## 4.3.2 Switches S201, S202, and S801

Switches S201 (A53) and S202 (A54) are used to select a current (0-20 mA) or a voltage (-10 to 10 V) configuration of the analog input terminals 53 and 54 respectively.

Switch S801 (BUS TER.) can be used to enable termination on the RS-485 port (terminals 68 and 69).

See drawing Diagram showing all electrical terminals in section Electrical Installation.

Default setting:

S201 (A53) = OFF (voltage input)

S202 (A54) = OFF (voltage input)

S801 (Bus termination) = OFF



When changing the function of S201, S202 or S801 be careful not to use force for the switch over. It is recommended to remove the LCP fixture (cradle) when operating the switches. The switches must not be operated with power on the frequency converter.





4

# 4.4 Final Set-up and Test

To test the set-up and ensure that the frequency converter is running, follow these steps.

Step 1. Locate the motor name plate

NB!



The motor is either star- (Y) or delta- connected ( $\Delta$ ). This information is located on the motor name plate data.



Step 2. Enter the motor name plate data in this parameter list. To access this list first press the [QUICK MENU] key then select "Q2 Quick Setup".

1. P.	ar. 1-20 <i>Motor Power [kW]</i>
F.	
2.  P	ar. 1-22 <i>Motor Voltage</i>
3. P	ar. 1-23 Motor Frequency
4. P	ar. 1-24 <i>Motor Current</i>
5. P	ar. 1-25 <i>Motor Nominal Speed</i>
2. P 3. P 4. P 5. P	ar. 1-22 <i>Motor Voltage</i> ar. 1-23 <i>Motor Frequency</i> ar. 1-24 <i>Motor Current</i> ar. 1-25 <i>Motor Nominal Speed</i>

Step 3. Activate the Automatic Motor Adaptation (AMA)

 $Performing \ an \ AMA \ will \ ensure \ optimum \ performance. \ The \ AMA \ measures \ the \ values \ from \ the \ motor \ model \ equivalent \ diagram.$ 

- 1. Connect terminal 37 to terminal 12 (if terminal 37 is available).
- 2. Connect terminal 27 to terminal 12 or set par. 5-12 Terminal 27 Digital Input to 'No function' (par. 5-12 Terminal 27 Digital Input [0])
- 3. Activate the AMA par. 1-29 Automatic Motor Adaptation (AMA).
- 4. Choose between complete or reduced AMA. If a Sine-wave filter is mounted, run only the reduced AMA, or remove the Sine-wave filter during the AMA procedure.
- 5. Press the [OK] key. The display shows "Press [Hand on] to start".
- 6. Press the [Hand on] key. A progress bar indicates if the AMA is in progress.

Stop the AMA during operation

1. Press the [OFF] key - the frequency converter enters into alarm mode and the display shows that the AMA was terminated by the user.

Successful AMA

- 1. The display shows "Press [OK] to finish AMA".
- 2. Press the [OK] key to exit the AMA state.

#### Unsuccessful AMA

- 1. The frequency converter enters into alarm mode. A description of the alarm can be found in the Warnings and Alarms chapter.
- 2. "Report Value" in the [Alarm Log] shows the last measuring sequence carried out by the AMA, before the frequency converter entered alarm mode. This number along with the description of the alarm will assist you in troubleshooting. If you contact Danfoss for service, make sure to mention number and alarm description.



Unsuccessful AMA is often caused by incorrectly registered motor name plate data or a too big difference between the motor power size and the frequency converter power size.

Step 4. Set speed limit and ramp time

NB!

Par. 3-02 Minimum Reference	
Par. 3-03 Maximum Reference	

Table 4.2: Set up the desired limits for speed and ramp time.

Par. 4-11 *Motor Speed Low Limit* [*RPM*] or par. 4-12 *Motor* <u>Speed Low Limit</u> [*Hz*] Par. 4-13 *Motor Speed High Limit* [*RPM*] or par. 4-14 *Motor* <u>Speed High Limit</u> [*Hz*]

Par. 3-41 *Ramp 1 Ramp up Time* Par. 3-42 *Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time* 

Danfoss

# 4.5 Additional Connections

## 4.5.1 Mechanical Brake Control

In hoisting/lowering applications, it is necessary to be able to control an electro-mechanical brake:

- Control the brake using any relay output or digital output (terminal 27 or 29).
- Keep the output closed (voltage-free) as long as the frequency converter is unable to 'support' the motor, for example due to the load being too heavy.
- Select Mechanical brake control [32] in par. 5-4\* for applications with an electro-mechanical brake.
- The brake is released when the motor current exceeds the preset value in par. 2-20 Release Brake Current.
- The brake is engaged when the output frequency is less than the frequency set in par. 2-21 Activate Brake Speed [RPM] or par. 2-22 Activate Brake Speed [Hz], and only if the frequency converter carries out a stop command.

If the frequency converter is in alarm mode or in an over-voltage situation, the mechanical brake immediately cuts in.

## 4.5.2 Parallel Connection of Motors

The frequency converter can control several parallel-connected motors. The total current consumption of the motors must not exceed the rated output current  $I_{\text{M},\text{N}}$  for the frequency converter.



NB!

NB!

NB

Installations with cables connected in a common joint as in the illustration below, is only recommended for short cable lengths.



When motors are connected in parallel, par. 1-29 *Automatic Motor Adaptation (AMA)* cannot be used.



The electronic thermal relay (ETR) of the frequency converter cannot be used as motor protection for the individual motor in systems with parallel-connected motors. Provide further motor protection by e.g. thermistors in each motor or individual thermal relays (circuit breakers are not suitable as protection).



Problems may arise at start and at low RPM values if motor sizes are widely different because small motors' relatively high ohmic resistance in the stator calls for a higher voltage at start and at low RPM values.

## 4.5.3 Motor Thermal Protection

The electronic thermal relay in the frequency converter has received UL-approval for single motor protection, when par. 1-90 *Motor Thermal Protection* is set for *ETR Trip* and par. 1-24 *Motor Current* is set to the rated motor current (see motor name plate).

For thermal motor protection it is also possible to use the MCB 112 PTC Thermistor Card option. This card provides ATEX certificate to protect motors in explosion hazardous areas, Zone 1/21 and Zone 2/22. Please refer to the *Design Guide* for further information.

5 How to Operate the Frequency Converter Danfoss

 $\mathsf{MG.11.01.02}$  -  $\mathsf{ADAP}\text{-}\mathsf{KOOL}^{\circledast}$  is a registered Danfoss trademark



# 5 How to Operate the Frequency Converter

## 5.1.1 Three ways of operating

The frequency converter can be operated in 3 ways:

- 1. Graphical Local Control Panel (GLCP), see 5.1.2
- 2. RS-485 serial communication or USB, both for PC connection, see 5.1.4

If the frequency converter is fitted with fieldbus option, please refer to relevant documentation.

## 5.1.2 How to operate graphical LCP (GLCP)

The following instructions are valid for the GLCP (LCP 102).

The GLCP is divided into four functional groups:

- 1. Graphical display with Status lines.
- 2. Menu keys and indicator lights (LED's) selecting mode, changing parameters and switching between display functions.
- 3. Navigation keys and indicator lights (LEDs).
- 4. Operation keys and indicator lights (LEDs).

#### Graphical display:

The LCD-display is back-lit with a total of 6 alpha-numeric lines. All data is displayed on the LCP which can show up to five operating variables while in [Status] mode.

#### Display lines:

- a. Status line: Status messages displaying icons and graphics.
- b. Line 1-2: Operator data lines displaying data and variables defined or chosen by the user. By pressing the [Status] key, up to one extra line can be added.
- c. Status line: Status messages displaying text.





The display is divided into 3 sections:

Top section (a) shows the status when in status mode or up to 2 variables when not in status mode and in the case of Alarm/Warning.

The number of the Active Set-up (selected as the Active Set-up in par. 0-10 Active Set-up) is shown. When programming in another Set-up than the Active Set-up, the number of the Set-up being programmed appears to the right in brackets.

The Middle section (b) shows up to 5 variables with related unit, regardless of status. In case of alarm/warning, the warning is shown instead of the variables.

The Bottom section (c) always shows the state of the frequency converter in Status mode.

It is possible to toggle between three status read-out displays by pressing the [Status] key. Operating variables with different formatting are shown in each status screen - see below.

Several values or measurements can be linked to each of the displayed operating variables. The values / measurements to be displayed can be defined via par. 0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small, par. 0-21 Display Line 1.2 Small, par. 0-22 Display Line 1.3 Small, par. 0-23 Display Line 2 Large and par. 0-24 Display Line 3 Large, which can be accessed via [QUICK MENU], "Q3 Function Setups", "Q3-1 General Settings", "Q3-13 Display Settings".

Each value / measurement readout parameter selected in par. 0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small to par. 0-24 Display Line 3 Large has its own scale and number of digits after a possible decimal point. Larger numeric values are displayed with few digits after the decimal point.

Ex.: Current readout 5.25 A; 15.2 A 105 A.

Status display I:

This read-out state is standard after start-up or initialization. Use [INFO] to obtain information about the value/measurement linked to the displayed operating variables (1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 2, and 3). See the operating variables shown in the display in this illustration. 1.1, 1.2 and 1.3 are shown in small size. 2 and 3 are shown in medium size.



Status display II:

See the operating variables (1.1, 1.2, 1.3, and 2) shown in the display in this illustration.

In the example, Speed, Motor current, Motor power and Frequency are selected as variables in the first and second lines.

1.1, 1.2 and 1.3 are shown in small size. 2 is shown in large size.



## ADAP-KOOL<sup>®</sup> Drive AKD 102 High Power



#### Status display III:

This state displays the event and action of the Smart Logic Control. For further information, see section *Smart Logic Control*.

Status			3.10
778RPM	0.86A	4.0kW	P06
State: 0 of 1 When: - Do: -	0 (off)		130B
Auto Remot	e Running		

Display Contrast Adjustment

Press [status] and [ $\blacktriangle$ ] for darker display

Press [status] and [ $\mathbf{V}$ ] for brighter display

 Top section
 Status
 1100
 017

 43 RPM
 5.44A
 25.3 kW
 43 RPM

 Middle section
 1.4 Hz
 2.9 %

 Bottom section
 IPwr.card temp [W29]

 Auto Remote Running

Indicator lights (LEDs):

If certain threshold values are exceeded, the alarm and/or warning LED lights up. A status and alarm text appear on the control panel. The On LED is activated when the frequency converter receives power from mains voltage, a DC bus terminal, or an external 24 V supply. At the same time, the back light is on.

- Green LED/On: Control section is working.
- Yellow LED/Warn.: Indicates a warning.
- Flashing Red LED/Alarm: Indicates an alarm.



# 5 How to Operate the Frequency Converter Danfois

## ADAP-KOOL<sup>®</sup> Drive AKD 102 High Power

#### GLCP keys

#### Menu keys

The menu keys are divided into functions. The keys below the display and indicator lamps are used for parameter set-up, including choice of display indication during normal operation.



#### [Status]

indicates the status of the frequency converter and/or the motor. 3 different readouts can be chosen by pressing the [Status] key: 5 line readouts, 4 line readouts or Smart Logic Control.

Use [Status] for selecting the mode of display or for changing back to Display mode from either the Quick Menu mode, the Main Menu mode or Alarm mode. Also use the [Status] key to toggle single or double read-out mode.

#### [Quick Menu]

5

allows quick set-up of the frequency converter. The most common ADAP-KOOL Drive AKD 102 functions can be programmed here.

The [Quick Menu] consists of:

- My Personal Menu
- Quick Set-up
- Function Set-up
- Changes Made
- Loggings

The Function set-up provides quick and easy access to all parameters required for the majority of ADAP-KOOL Drive AKD 102 applications including most VAV and CAV supply and return fans, cooling tower fans, Primary, Secondary and Condenser Water Pumps and other pump, fan and compressor applications. Amongst other features it also includes parameters for selecting which variables to display on the LCP, digital preset speeds, scaling of analog references, closed loop single zone and multi-zone applications and specific functions related to Fans, Pumps and Compressors.

The Quick Menu parameters can be accessed immediately unless a password has been created via par. 0-60 Main Menu Password, par. 0-61 Access to Main Menu w/o Password, par. 0-65 Personal Menu Password or par. 0-66 Access to Personal Menu w/o Password. It is possible to switch directly between Quick Menu mode and Main Menu mode.

#### [Main Menu]

is used for programming all parameters. The Main Menu parameters can be accessed immediately unless a password has been created via par. 0-60 Main Menu Password, par. 0-61 Access to Main Menu w/o Password, par. 0-65 Personal Menu Password or par. 0-66 Access to Personal Menu w/o Password. For the majority of ADAP-KOOL Drive AKD 102 applications it is not necessary to access the Main Menu parameters but instead the Quick Menu, Quick Set-up and Function Set-up provides the simplest and quickest access to the typical required parameters.

It is possible to switch directly between Main Menu mode and Quick Menu mode.

Parameter shortcut can be carried out by pressing down the [Main Menu] key for 3 seconds. The parameter shortcut allows direct access to any parameter.

#### [Alarm Log]

displays an Alarm list of the five latest alarms (numbered A1-A5). To obtain additional details about an alarm, use the arrow keys to manoeuvre to the alarm number and press [OK]. Information is displayed about the condition of the frequency converter before it enters the alarm mode.

The Alarm log button on the LCP allows access to both Alarm log and Maintenance log.

#### [Back]

reverts to the previous step or layer in the navigation structure.

#### [Cancel]

last change or command will be cancelled as long as the display has not been changed.

#### [Info]

displays information about a command, parameter, or function in any display window. [Info] provides detailed information when needed.

## ADAP-KOOL<sup>®</sup> Drive AKD 102 High Power



#### Exit Info mode by pressing either [Info], [Back], or [Cancel].



#### Navigation Keys

The four navigation arrows are used to navigate between the different choices available in [Quick Menu], [Main Menu] and [Alarm Log]. Use the keys to move the cursor.

[OK] is used for choosing a parameter marked by the cursor and for enabling the change of a parameter.



Operation Keys for local control are found at the bottom of the control panel.



#### [Hand On]

enables control of the frequency converter via the GLCP. [Hand On] also starts the motor, and it is now possible to enter the motor speed data by means of the arrow keys. The key can be selected as *Enable* [1] or *Disable* [0] via par. 0-40 *[Hand on] Key on LCP*. The following control signals will still be active when [Hand On] is activated:

- [Hand On] [Off] [Auto on]
- Reset
- Coasting stop inverse

NB!

- Reversing
- Set-up select lsb Set-up select msb
- Stop command from serial communication
- Quick stop
- DC brake



External stop signals activated by means of control signals or a serial bus will override a "start" command via the LCP.

#### [Off]

stops the connected motor. The key can be selected as Enable [1] or Disable [0] via par. 0-41 [Off] Key on LCP. If no external stop function is selected and the [Off] key is inactive the motor can only be stopped by disconnecting the mains supply.



#### [Auto on]

enables the frequency converter to be controlled via the control terminals and/or serial communication. When a start signal is applied on the control terminals and/or the bus, the frequency converter will start. The key can be selected as Enable [1] or Disable [0] via par. 0-42 [Auto on] Key on LCP.



#### [Reset]

is used for resetting the frequency converter after an alarm (trip). It can be selected as Enable [1] or Disable [0] via par. 0-43 [Reset] Key on LCP.

The parameter shortcut can be carried out by holding down the [Main Menu] key for 3 seconds. The parameter shortcut allows direct access to any parameter.

#### 5.1.3 RS-485 bus connection

One or more frequency converters can be connected to a controller (or master) using the RS-485 standard interface. Terminal 68 is connected to the P signal (TX+, RX+), while terminal 69 is connected to the N signal (TX-,RX-).

If more than one frequency converter is connected to a master, use parallel connections.



In order to avoid potential equalizing currents in the screen, earth the cable screen via terminal 61, which is connected to the frame via an RC-link.

#### Bus termination

The RS-485 bus must be terminated by a resistor network at both ends. If the drive is the first or the last device in the RS-485 loop, set the switch S801 on the control card for ON.

For more information, see the paragraph Switches S201, S202, and S801.

#### 5.1.4 How to connect a PC to the frequency converter

To control or program the frequency converter from a PC, install the PC-based Configuration Tool MCT 10. The PC is connected via a standard (host/device) USB cable, or via the RS-485 interface as shown in the ADAP-KOOL Drive AKD 102 Design Guide, chapter How to Install > Installation of misc. connections.



NB!

The USB connection is galvanically isolated from the supply voltage (PELV) and other high-voltage terminals. The USB connection is connected to protection earth on the frequency converter. Use only an isolated laptop as PC connection to the USB connector on the frequency converter.





## 5.1.5 PC software tools

#### PC-based Configuration Tool MCT 10

All Frequency converters are equipped with a serial communication port. Danfoss provides a PC tool for communication between PC and frequency converter, PC-based Configuration Tool MCT 10. Please check the section on *Available Literature* for detailed information on this tool.

#### MCT 10 set-up software

MCT 10 has been designed as an easy to use interactive tool for setting parameters in our frequency converters. . The MCT 10 set-up software will be useful for:

- Planning a communication network off-line. MCT 10 contains a complete frequency converter database
- Commissioning frequency converters on line
- Saving settings for all frequency converters
- Replacing a frequency converter in a network
- Simple and accurate documentation of frequency converter settings after commissioning.
- Expanding an existing network
- Future developed frequency converters will be supported

MCT 10 set-up software supports Profibus DP-V1 via a Master class 2 connection. It makes it possible to on line read/write parameters in a frequency converter via the Profibus network. This will eliminate the need for an extra communication network.

Save frequency converter settings:

- 1. Connect a PC to the unit via USB com port. (Note: Use a PC, which is isolated from the mains, in conjunction with the USB port. Failure to do so may damage equipment.)
- 2. Open MCT 10 Set-up Software
- 3. Choose "Read from drive"
- 4. Choose "Save as"

All parameters are now stored in the PC.



Load frequency converter settings:

- 1. Connect a PC to the frequency converter via USB com port
- 2. Open MCT 10 Set-up software
- 3. Choose "Open"- stored files will be shown
- 4. Open the appropriate file
- 5. Choose "Write to drive"

All parameter settings are now transferred to the frequency converter.

A separate manual for MCT 10 Set-up Software is available: MG.10.Rx.yy.

The MCT 10 Set-up software modules

The following modules are included in the software package:

MCT Set-up 10 Software Setting parameters Copy to and from frequency converters Documentation and print out of parameter settings incl. diagrams
Ext. user interface
Preventive Maintenance Schedule
Clock settings
Timed Action Programming
Smart Logic Controller Set-up

Ordering number:

Please order the CD containing MCT 10 Set-up Software using code number 130B1000.

## 5.1.6 Tips and tricks

*	For the majority of HVAC applications the Quick Menu, Quick Set-up and Function Set-up provides the simplest and quickest access to all the typical parameters required.
*	Whenever possible, performing an AMA, will ensure best shaft performance
*	Contrast of the display can be adjusted by pressing [Status] and $[\blacktriangle]$ for darker display or by pressing [Status] and $[\lor]$ for brighter dispaly
*	Under [Quick Menu] and [Changes Made] all parameters that have been changed from factory settings are displayed
*	Press and hold [Main Menu] key for 3 seconds for access to any parameter
*	For service purposes it is recommended to copy all parameters to the LCP, see par. 0-50 LCP Copy for further information

Table 5.1: Tips and tricks

## 5.1.7 Quick transfer of parameter settings when using GLCP

Once the set-up of a frequency converter is complete, it is recommended to store (backup) the parameter settings in the GLCP or on a PC via MCT 10 Set-up Software Tool.



Stop the motor before performing any of these operations.



Data storage in LCP:

- 1. Go to par. 0-50 LCP Copy
- 2. Press the [OK] key
- 3. Select "All to LCP"
- 4. Press the [OK] key

All parameter settings are now stored in the GLCP indicated by the progress bar. When 100% is reached, press [OK].

The GLCP can now be connected to another frequency converter and the parameter settings copied to this frequency converter.

Data transfer from LCP to Frequency converter:

- 1. Go to par. 0-50 LCP Copy
- 2. Press the [OK] key
- 3. Select "All from LCP"
- 4. Press the [OK] key

The parameter settings stored in the GLCP are now transferred to the frequency converter indicated by the progress bar. When 100% is reached, press [OK].

## 5.1.8 Initialisation to default settings

There are two ways to initialise the frequency converter to default: Recommended initialisation and manual initialisation. Please be aware that they have different impact according to the below description.

Recommended initialisation (via par. 14-22 Operation Mode)

- 1. Select par. 14-22 *Operation Mode*
- 2. Press [OK]
- 3. Select "Initialisation" (for NLCP select "2")
- 4. Press [OK]
- 5. Remove power to unit and wait for display to turn off.
- 6. Reconnect power and the frequency converter is reset. Note that first start-up takes a few more seconds
- 7. Press [Reset]

NB!

Par. 14-22 Operation Mode initialises all except:
Par. 14-50 <i>RFI Filter</i>
Par. 8-30 Protocol
Par. 8-31 Address
Par. 8-32 Baud Rate
Par. 8-35 Minimum Response Delay
Par. 8-36 Max Response Delay
Par. 8-37 Maximum Inter-Char Delay
Par. 15-00 Operating Hours to par. 15-05 Over Volt's
Par. 15-20 Historic Log: Event to par. 15-22 Historic Log: Time
Par. 15-30 Alarm Log: Error Code to par. 15-32 Alarm Log: Time



Parameters selected in par. 0-25 My Personal Menu, will stay present, with default factory setting.



#### Manual initialisation



## NB!

When carrying out manual initialisation, serial communication, RFI filter settings and fault log settings are reset. Removes parameters selected in par. 0-25 My Personal Menu.

1. Disconnect from mains and wait until the display turns off.

2a. Press [Status] - [Main Menu] - [OK] at the same time while power up for Graphical LCP (GLCP)

2b. Press [Menu] while power up for LCP 101, Numerical Display

3. Release the keys after 5 s

4. The frequency converter is now programmed according to default settings

This parameter initialises all except:

Par. 15-00 Operating Hours

Par. 15-03 Power Up's

Par. 15-04 Over Temp's

Par. 15-05 Over Volt's

# 6 How to Programme the Frequency Converter

# 6.1 How to Programme

## 6.1.1 Parameter Set-Up

Group	Title	Function
0-	Operation and Display	Parameters used to program the fundamental functions of the frequency converter and the LCP includ- ing: selection of language; selection of which variables are displayed at each position in the display (e.g. static duct pressure or condenser water return temperature can be displayed with the setpoint in small digits in the top row and feedback in large digits in the centre of the dispay); enabling/disabling of the LCP keys/buttons; passwords for the LCP; upload and download of commissioned parameters to/from the LCP and setting the built in clock.
1-	Load / Motor	Parameters used to configure the frequency converter for the specific application and motor including: open or closed loop operation; type of application such as compressor, fan or centrifugal pump; motor nameplate data; auto-tuning of the drive to the motor for optimum performance; flying start (typically used for fan applications) and motor thermal protection.
2-	Brakes	Parameters used to configure braking functions of the frequency converter which although not common in many ADAP-KOOL applications, can be useful on special fan applications. Parameters including: DC braking and resistor braking.
3-	Reference / Ramps	Parameters used to program the minimum and maximum reference limits of speed (RPM/Hz) in open loop or in actual units when operating in closed loop; digital/preset references; jog speed; definition of the source of each reference (e.g. which analog input the reference signal is connected to); ramp up and down times and digital potentiometer settings.
4-	Limits / Warnings	Parameters used to program limits and warnings of operation including: allowable motor direction; min- imum and maximum motor speeds; torque and current limits to protect the pump, fan or compressor driven by the motor; warnings for low/high current, speed, reference, and feedback; missing motor phase protection; speed bypass frequencies including semi-automatic setup of these frequencies (e.g. to avoid resonance conditions on cooling tower and other fans).
5-	Digital In / Out	Parameters used to program the functions of all digital inputs, digital outputs, relay outputs, pulse inputs and pulse outputs for terminals on the control card and all option cards.
6-	Analog In / Out	Parameters used to program the functions associated with all analog inputs and analog outputs for the terminals on the control card and General Purpose I/O option (MCB108) (note: NOT Analog I/O option MCB109, see parameter group 26-00) including: analog input live zero timeout function (which for example can be used to command a cooling tower fan to operate at full speed if the condenser water return sensor fails); scaling of the analog input signals (for example to match the analog input to the mA and pressure range of a static duct pressure sensor); filter time constant to filter out electrical noise on the analog signal which can sometimes occur when long cables are installed; function and scaling of the analog outputs (for example to provide an analog output representing motor current or kW to an analog input of a DDC controller) and to configure the analog outputs to be controlled by the BMS via a high level interface (HLI) (e.g. to control a chilled water valve) including ability to define a default value of these outputs in the event of the HLI failing.
8-	Communication and Options	Parameters used for configuring and monitoring functions associated with the serial communications / high level interface to the frequency converter
14-	Special Functions	Parameters used to configure special functions of the frequency converter including: setting of the switching frequency to reduce audible noise from the motor (sometimes required for fan applications); kinetic back-up function (especially useful for critical applications in semi-conductor installations where performance under mains dip/mains loss is important); mains imbalance protection; automatic reset (to avoid the need for a manual reset of Alarms); energy optimisation parameters (which typically do not need changing but enable fine tuning of this automatic function (if necessary) ensuring the frequency converter and motor combination operate at their optimum efficiency at full and partial load conditions) and auto-derating functions (which enable the frequency converter to continue operation at reduced performance under extreme operating conditions ensuring maximum up time).
15-	FC Information	Parameters providing operating data and other drive information including: operating and running hour counters; kWh counter; resetting of the running and kWh counters; alarm/fault log (where the past 10 alarms are logged along with any associated value and time) and drive and option card indentification parameters such as code number and software version.
16-	Data Readouts	Read only parameters which display the status/value of many operating variables which can be displayed on the LCP or viewed in this parameter group. These parameters can be particularly useful during com- missioning when interfacing with a BMS via a high level interface.
18-	Info & Readouts	Read only parameters which display the last 10 preventative maintenance log items, actions and time and the value of analog inputs and outputs on the Analog I/O option card which can be particularly useful during commissioning when interfacing with a BMS via a high level interface.
20-	FC Closed Loop	Parameters used to configure the closed loop PI(D) controller which controls the speed of the pump, fan or compressor in closed loop mode including: defining where each of the 3 possible feedback signals come from (e.g. which analog input or the BMS HLI); conversion factor for each of the feedback signals (e.g. where a pressure signal is used for indication of flow in an AHU or converting from pressure to temperature in a compressor application); engineering unit for the reference and feedback (e.g. Pa, kPa, m Vg, in Wg, bar, m3/s, m3/h, °C, °F etc); the function (e.g. sum, difference, average, minimum or maximum) used to calculate the resulting feedback for single zone applications or the control philosophy for multi-zone applications; programming of the setpoint(s) and manual or auto-tuning of the PI(D) loop.

Table 6.1: Parameter Groups

6 How to Programme the Frequency Converter Danfoss

Function

Title

Extended Closed Loop

Group

21-

		system) including: engineering unit for the reference and feedback of each controller (e.g. °C, °F etc); defining the range of the reference/setpoint for each controller; defining where each of the references/ setpoints and feedback signals come from (e.g. which analog input or the BMS HLI); programming of the setpoint and manual or auto-tuning of each of the PI(D) controllers.
22-	Application Functions	Parameters used to monitor, protect and control pumps, fans and compressors including: no flow de- tection and protection of pumps (including auto-setup of this function); dry pump protection; end of curve detection and protection of pumps; sleep mode (especially useful for cooling tower and booster pump sets); broken belt detection (typically used for fan applications to detect no air flow instead of using a $\Delta p$ switch installed across the fan); short cycle protection of compressors and pump flow com- pensation of setpoint (especially useful for secondary chilled water pump applications where the $\Delta p$ sensor has been installed close to the pump and not acoss the furthest most significant load(s) in the system; using this function can compensate for the sensor installation and help to realise the maximum energy savings).
23-	Time Based Functions	Time based parameters including: those used to initiate daily or weekly actions based on the built in real time clock (e.g. change of setpoint for night set back mode or start/stop of the pump/fan/compressor start/stop of an external equipment); preventative maintenance functions which can be based on running or operating hour time intervals or on specific dates and times; energy log (especially useful in retrofit applications or where information of the actual historical load (kW) on the pump/fan/compressor is of interest); trending (especially useful in retrofit or other applications where there is an interest to log operating power, current, frequency or speed of the pump/fan/compressor for analysis and a payback counter).
24-	Application Functions 2	Parameters used to set-up Fire Mode and/or to control a bypass contactor/starter if designed into the system.
25-	Pack Controller	Parameters used to configure and monitor the built in compressor pack controller (typically used for pump booster sets).
26-	Analog I/O Option MCB 109	Parameters used to configure the Analog I/O option (MCB109) including: definition of the analog input types (e.g. voltage, Pt1000 or Ni1000) and scaling and definition of the analog output functions and scaling.
28-	Compressor Functions	Parameters related to compressor functions: - Discharge temperature limits/ monitoring - Day/ Night settings - PO Optimization - Injection control

Parameters used to configure the 3 extended closed loop PI(D) controllers which for example can be used to control external actuators (e.g. chilled water valve to maintain supply air temperature in a VAV

Parameter descriptions and selections are displayed on the graphic (GLCP) or numeric (NLCP) display. (See relevant section for details.) Access the parameters by pressing the [Quick Menu] or [Main Menu] button on the control panel. The Quick Menu is used primarily for commissioning the unit at start-up by providing the parameters necessary to start operation. The Main Menu provides access to all parameters for detailed application programming.

All digital input/output and analog input/output terminals are multifunctional. All terminals have factory default functions suitable for the majority of ADAP-KOOL applications but if other special functions are required, they must be programmed as explained in parameter group 5 or 6.



## 6.1.2 Quick Menu Mode

#### Parameter Data

The graphical display (GLCP) provides access to all parameters listed under the Quick Menus. To set parameters using the [Quick Menu] button - enter or change parameter data or settings in accordance with the following procedure:

- 1. Press Quick Menu button
- Use the [▲] and [▼] buttons to find the parameter you want to change
- 3. Press [OK]
- 4. Use [▲] and [▼] buttons to select the correct parameter setting
- 5. Press [OK]
- To move to a different digit within a parameter setting, use the
   [◀] and [▶] buttons
- 7. Highlighted area indicates digit selected for change
- 8. Press [Cancel] button to disregard change, or press [OK] to accept change and enter the new setting

Example of Changing Parameter Data

Assume parameter *22-60, Broken Belt Function* is set to [Off]. However, you want to monitor the fan-belt condition - non- broken or broken - according to the folowing procedure:

- 1. Press Quick Menu key
- 2. Choose Function Setups with the [▼] button
- 3. Press [OK]
- 4. Choose Application Settings with the [▼] button
- 5. Press [OK]
- 6. Press [OK] again for Fan Functions
- 7. Choose Broken Belt Function by pressing [OK]
- 8. With [▼] button, choose [2] Trip

The frequency converter will now trip if a broken fan-belt is detected.

6

Select [My Personal Menu] to display only the parameters, which have been pre-selected and programmed as personal parameters. For example, an AHU or pump OEM may have pre-programmed these to be in My Personal Menu during factory commissioning to make on-site commissioning / fine tuning simpler. These parameters are selected in *par. 0-25 Personal Menu*. Up to 20 different parameters can be programmed in this menu.

If [No Operation] is selected in *par. 5-12 Terminal 27 Digital Input*, no connection to +24 V on terminal 27 is necessary to enable start. If [Coast Inverse] (factory default value) is selected in *par. 5-12 Terminal 27 Digital Input*, a connection to +24V is necessary to enable start.

Select [Changes Made] to get information about:

- the last 10 changes. Use the up/down navigation keys to scroll between the last 10 changed parameters.
- the changes made since factory setting.

Select [Loggings] to get information about the display line read-outs. The information is shown as graphs. Only display parameters selected in par. 0-20 and par. 0-24 can be viewed. It is possible to store up to 120 samples in the memory for later reference.

Efficient Parameter Set-up for ADAP-KOOL Applications

The parameters can easily be set up for the vast majority of the ADAP-KOOL applications only by using the [Quick Setup] option. After pressing [Quick Menu], the different choices in the Quick Menu are listed. See also illustration 6.1 below and tables Q3-1 to Q3-4 in the following *Function Setups* section.



Example of using the Quick Setup option

Assume you want to set the Ramp Down Time to 100 seconds

- 1. Select [Quick Setup]. The first *par. 0-01 Language* in Quick Setup appears
- 2. Press [▼] repeatedly until *par. 3-42 Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time* appears with the default setting of 20 seconds
- 3. Press [OK]
- 4. Use the [4] button to highlight the 3rd digit before the comma
- 5. Change '0' to '1' by using the [▲] button
- 6. Use the [▶] button to highlight the digit '2'
- 7. Change '2' to '0' with the [▼] button
- 8. Press [OK]

The new ramp-down time is now set to 100 seconds. It is recommended to do the set-up in the order listed.



#### NB!

A complete description of the function is found in the parameter sections of these Operating Instructions.



The Quick Setup menu gives access to the 13 most important setup parameters of the drive. After programming the drive will, in most cases be ready for operation. The 13\* Quick Setup parameters are shown in the table below. A complete description of the function is given in the parameter description sections of this manual.

The display showing depends on choices made in parameter 0-02 and 0-03. The default setting of parameters 0-02 and 0-03 depends on which region of the world the frequency converter is supplied to but can be reprogrammed as required.

Par.	Designation	[Units]
0-01	Language	
1-03	Torque characteristics	
1-20	Motor Power	[kW]
1-21	Motor Power*	[HP]
1-22	Motor Voltage	[V]
1-23	Motor Frequency	[Hz]
1-24	Motor Current	[A]
1-25	Motor Nominal Speed	[RPM]
1-39	Motor Poles	
4-12	Motor Speed Low Limit*	[Hz]
4-14	Motor Speed High Limit*	[Hz]
3-02	Minimum Reference	
3-03	Maximum Reference	
3-41	Ramp 1 Ramp up Time	[s]
3-42	Ramp 1 Ramp down Time	[s]
3-13	Reference Site	
5-10	Terminal 18 Digital Input	
1-29	Automatic Motor Adaptation (AMA)	

Table 6.2: Quick Setup parameters

ADAP-KOOL<sup>®</sup> Drive AKD 102 High Power



0-01 Language		
Option:		Function:
		Defines the language to be used in the display.
		The frequency converter can be delivered with 4 different language packages. English and German
F01 *	Faaliah	are included in all packages. English cannot be erased or manipulated.
[U] *	English	Part of Language packages 1 - 4
[1]	German	Part of Language packages 1 - 4
[2]	French	Part of Language package 1
[4]	Spanish	Part of Language package 1
[5]	Italian	Part of Language package 1
[7]	Dutch	Part of Language package 1
1-03 T	orque Characteristics	
Option:		Function:
[0] *	Compressor CT	For speed control of screw and scroll compressors. Provides a voltage which is optimized for a
		constant torque load characteristic of the motor in the entire range down to 15 Hz.
[1]	Condenser VT	For speed control of centrifugal pumps and fans. Also to be used when controlling more than one
		motor from the same frequency converter (e.g. multiple condenser fans or cooling tower fans). Provides a voltage which is optimized for a squared torque load characteristic of the motor
[2]	Compressor AEO CT	Auto Energy Optimization Compressor. For optimum energy efficient speed control of screw and scroll compressors. Provides a voltage which is optimized for a constant torque load characteristic of the motor in the entire range down to 15Hz but in addition the AEO feature will adapt the voltage exactly to the current load situation, thereby reducing energy consumption and audible noise from the motor. To obtain optimal performance, the motor power factor cos phi must be set correctly. This value is set in par. 14-43, Motor cos phi. The parameter has a default value which is automatically adjusted when the motor data is programmed. These settings will typically ensure optimum motor voltage but if the motor power factor cos phi requires tuning, an AMA function can be carried
[3]	Single fan/ pump AEO	out using par. 1-29, Automatic Motor Adaptation (AMA). It is very rarely necessary to adjust the motor power factor parameter manually. <i>Auto Energy Optimization VT</i> . For optimum energy efficient speed control of centrifugal pumps and fans. Provides a voltage which is optimized for a squared torque load characteristic of the motor but in addition the AEO feature will adapt the voltage exactly to the current load situation, thereby reducing energy consumption and audible noise from the motor. To obtain optimal performance, the motor power factor cos phi must be set correctly. This value is set in par. 14-43, Motor cos phi. The parameter has a default value and is automatically adjusted when the motor data is programmed. These settings will typically ensure optimum motor voltage but if the motor power factor cos phi requires tuning, an AMA function can be carried out using par. 1-29, Automatic Motor Adaptation (AMA). It is very rarely necessary to adjust the motor power factor parameter manually.
1-20 M	otor Power [kW]	
Range:		Function:
4.00 kW*	[0.09 - 3000.00 kW]	Enter the nominal motor power in kW according to the motor nameplate data. The default value corresponds to the nominal rated output of the unit. This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running. Depending on the choices made in par. 0-03 <i>Regional Settings</i> , either par.1-20 <i>Motor Power [kW]</i> or par.1-21 <i>Motor Power [HP]</i> is made invisible.
1-21 Motor Power [HP]		
Range:		Function:
4.00 hp*	[0.09 - 3000.00 hp]	Enter the nominal motor power in HP according to the motor nameplate data. The default value corresponds to the nominal rated output of the unit. This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running. Depending on the choices made in par. 0-03 <i>Regional Settings</i> , either par.1-20 <i>Motor Power [kW]</i> or par.1-21 <i>Motor Power [HP]</i> is made invisible.

6 How to Programme the Frequency Converter Danfoss

1-22 Motor Voltage		
Range:		Function:
400. V*	[10 1000. V]	Enter the nominal motor voltage according to the motor nameplate data. The default value corre- sponds to the nominal rated output of the unit. This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.
1-23 Mc	otor Frequency	
Range:		Function:
50. Hz*	[20 - 1000 Hz]	Select the motor frequency value from the motor nameplate data.For 87 Hz operation with 230/400 V motors, set the nameplate data for 230 V/50 Hz. Adapt par.4-13 <i>Motor Speed High Limit [RPM]</i> and par.3-03 <i>Maximum Reference</i> to the 87 Hz application.
5	NB! This parameter cannot be adjuste	ed while the motor is running.
1-24 Mc	otor Current	
Range:		Function:
7.20 A*	[0.10 - 10000.00 A]	Enter the nominal motor current value from the motor nameplate data. This data is used for cal- culating motor torque, motor thermal protection etc.
5	NB! This parameter cannot be adjuste	ed while the motor is running.
1-25 Mc	otor Nominal Speed	
Range:		Function:
1420. RPM*	[100 - 60000 RPM]	Enter the nominal motor speed value from the motor nameplate data. This data is used for calcu- lating automatic motor compensations.
5	NB! This parameter cannot be change	ed while the motor is running.



1-39 Mo	otor Poles	
Range:		Function:
4. N/A* [2 - 100 N/A]		Enter the number of motor poles.
		4     1500 - 1450     1625 - 1750       6     700 - 960     840 - 1153   The table shows the number of poles for normal speed ranges of various motor types. Define motors
		designed for other frequencies separately. The motor pole value is always an even number, because it refere to the total number of poles, not pairs of poles. The frequency converter creates the initial
		setting of par.1-39 <i>Motor Poles</i> based on par.1-23 <i>Motor Frequency Motor Frequency</i> and par.
		1-25 <i>Motor Nominal Speed Motor Nominal Speed.</i> This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.
4 4 0 14		
4-12 MC	otor Speed Low Limit [Hz]	For sting.
Range:		Function:
0 Hz*	[0 - par. 4-14 Hz]	Enter the minimum limit for motor speed. The Motor Speed Low Limit can be set to correspond to
		in par 4-14 Motor Speed High Limit [Hz]
4-14 Mc	otor Speed High Limit [Hz]	
Range:		Function:
50/60.0	[par. 4-12 - par. 4-19 Hz]	Enter the maximum limit for motor speed. The Motor Speed High Limit can be set to correspond to
Hz*		the manufacturer's recommended maximum of the motor shaft. The Motor Speed High Limit must
		exceed the in par.4-12 Motor Speed Low Limit [Hz]. Only par.4-11 Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM] or
		par.4-12 <i>Motor Speed Low Limit [Hz]</i> will be displayed depending on other parameters in the Main
		Menu and depending on default settings dependant on global location.
5	NB! Max. output frequency cannot exe	ceed 10% of the inverter switching frequency (par.14-01 <i>Switching Frequency</i> ).
2 0.2 14:	nimum Poforonoo	
3-02 Mi	nimum Reference	Eurotion
3-02 Mi Range:	nimum Reference	Function:
3-02 Mi Range: 0.000 Ref-	nimum Reference [-999999.999 - par. 3-03 Referen-	Function: Enter the Minimum Reference. The Minimum Reference is the lowest value obtainable by summing all references. The Minimum Reference value and unit matches the configuration choice made in
3-02 Mi Range: 0.000 Ref- erenceFeed- backUnit*	nimum Reference [-999999.999 - par. 3-03 Referen- -ceFeedbackUnit]	Function: Enter the Minimum Reference. The Minimum Reference is the lowest value obtainable by summing all references. The Minimum Reference value and unit matches the configuration choice made in par.1-00 <i>Configuration Mode</i> and par. 20-12 <i>Reference/Feedback Unit</i> , respectively.



This parameter is used in open loop only.

3-03 N	laximum Reference	
Range:		Function:
50.000 Re erenceFee backUnit*	f- [par. 3-02 - 999999.999 Referen- d-ceFeedbackUnit]	Enter the maximum acceptable value for the remote reference. The Maximum Reference value and unit matches the configuration choice made in par.1-00 <i>Configuration Mode</i> and par. 20-12 <i>Reference/Feedback Unit</i> , respectively.           NB!         If operating with par.1-00 <i>Configuration Mode</i> set for Closed Loop [3], par. 20-14 <i>Maximum Reference/Feedb</i> . must be used.
3-41 R	amp 1 Ramp Up Time	
Range:		Function:
10.00 s*	[1.00 - 3600.00 s]	Enter the ramp-up time, i.e. the acceleration time from 0 RPM to par.1-25 <i>Motor Nominal Speed</i> . Choose a ramp-up time such that the output current does not exceed the current limit in par. 4-18 <i>Current Limit</i> during ramping. See ramp-down time in par.3-42 <i>Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time</i> .
		$par.3 - 41 = \frac{ref[rpm]}{ref[rpm]}[s]$
3-42 R	amp 1 Ramp <u>Down Time</u>	
Range:		Function:
20.00 s*	[1.00 - 3600.00 s]	Enter the ramp-down time, i.e. the deceleration time from par.1-25 <i>Motor Nominal Speed</i> to 0 RPM. Choose a ramp-down time such that no over-voltage arises in the inverter due to regenerative operation of the motor, and such that the generated current does not exceed the current limit set in par. 4-18 <i>Current Limit</i> . See ramp-up time in par.3-41 <i>Ramp 1 Ramp Up Time</i> . $par.3 - 42 = \frac{tdec \times nnorm [par.1 - 25]}{ref[rpm]} [s]$
3-13 R	eference Site	
Option		Function:
		Select which reference site to activate.
[0] *	Linked to Hand / Auto	Use local reference when in Hand mode; or remote reference when in Auto mode.
[1]	Remote	Use remote reference in both Hand mode and Auto mode.
[2]	Local	Use local reference in both Hand mode and Auto mode.
		NB! When set to Local [2], the frequency converter will start with this setting again following a 'power down'.
5-10 I	erminal 18 Digital Input	
Option		Function:
[0]	No operation	No reaction to signals transmitted to terminal.
[1]	Reset	Resets frequency converter after a TRIP/ALARM. Not all alarms can be reset.
[2]	Coast inverse	Leaves motor in free mode. Logic '0' => coasting stop. (Default Digital input 27): Coasting stop, inverted input (NC).
[3]	Coast and reset inverse	Reset and coasting stop Inverted input (NC). Leaves motor in free mode and resets the frequency converter. Logic '0' => coasting stop and reset.
[5]	DC-brake inverse	Inverted input for DC braking (NC).

Stops motor by energizing it with a DC current for a certain time period. See par. 2-01 *DC Brake Current* to par. 2-03 *DC Brake Cut In Speed [RPM]*. The function is only active when the value in par. 2-02 *DC Braking Time* is different from 0. Logic '0' => DC braking.
[0]	Stop inverse	Stop Inverted function. Generates a stop function when the selected terminal goes from logical level         '1' to '0'. The stop is performed according to the selected ramp time (par.3-42 Ramp 1 Ramp Down         Time, par. 3-52 Ramp 2 Ramp Down Time, par. 3-62, par. 3-72).         NB!         When the frequency converter is at the torque limit and has received a stop command, it may not stop by itself. To ensure that the frequency converter stops, configure a digital output to Torque limit & stop [27] and connect this digital output to a digital input that is configured as coast.
[7]	External Interlock	Same function as Coasting stop, inverse, but External Interlock generates the alarm message 'ex- ternal fault' on the display when the terminal which is programmed for Coast Inverse is logic '0'. The alarm message will also be active via digital outputs and relay outputs, if programmed for External Interlock. The alarm can be reset using a digital input or the [RESET] key if the cause for the External Interlock has been removed. A delay can be programmed in par. 22-00 <i>External In-</i> <i>terlock Delay</i> , External Interlock Time. After applying a signal to the input, the reaction described above will be delayed with the time set in par. 22-00 <i>External Interlock Delay</i> .
[8] *	Start	Select start for a start/stop command. Logic $1' = $ start, logic $0' = $ stop. (Default Digital input 18)
[9]	Latched start	Motor starts, if a pulse is applied for min. 2 ms. Motor stops when Stop inverse is activated
[10]	Reversing	Changes direction of motor shaft rotation. Select Logic '1' to reverse. The reversing signal only changes the direction of rotation. It does not activate the start function. Select both directions in par.4-10 <i>Motor Speed Direction</i> . (Default Digital input 19).
[11]	Start reversing	Used for start/stop and for reversing on the same wire. Signals on start are not allowed at the same time.
[14]	Jog	Used for activating jog speed. See par.3-11 <i>Jog Speed [Hz].</i> (Default Digital input 29)
[15]	Preset reference on	Used for shifting between external reference and preset reference. It is assumed that <i>External</i> , <i>preset</i> [1] has been selected in par. 3-04 <i>Reference Function</i> . Logic '0' = external reference active; logic '1' = one of the eight preset references is active.
[16]	Preset ref bit 0	Enables a choice between one of the eight preset references according to the table below.
[17]	Preset ref bit 1	Enables a choice between one of the eight preset references according to the table below.
[17] [18]	Preset ref bit 1 Preset ref bit 2	Enables a choice between one of the eight preset references according to the table below. Enables a choice between one of the eight preset references according to the table below.
[17]	Preset ref bit 1 Preset ref bit 2	Enables a choice between one of the eight preset references according to the table below.Enables a choice between one of the eight preset references according to the table below.Preset ref. bit210Preset ref. 0000Preset ref. 1001Preset ref. 2010Preset ref. 3011Preset ref. 4100Preset ref. 5101Preset ref. 6110Preset ref. 7111
[17]	Preset ref bit 1 Preset ref bit 2 Freeze ref	Enables a choice between one of the eight preset references according to the table below. Enables a choice between one of the eight preset references according to the table below. $\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$

# 6 How to Programme the Frequency Converter Danfoss

[21]	Speed up	For digital control of the up/down speed is desired (motor potentiometer). Activate this function by selecting either Freeze reference or Freeze output. When Speed up is activated for less than 400 msec. the resulting reference will be increased by 0.1 %. If Speed up is activated for more than 400 msec. the resulting reference will ramp according to Ramp 1 in par.3-41 <i>Ramp 1 Ramp Up Time</i> .
[22]	Speed down	Same as Speed up [21].
[23]	Set-up select bit 0	Selects one of the four set-ups. Set par. 0-10 to Multi Set-up.
[24]	Set-up select bit 1	Same as Set-up select bit 0 [23]. (Default Digital input 32)
[34]	Ramp bit 0	Select which ramp to use. Logic "0" will select ramp 1 while logic "1" will select ramp 2.
[36]	Mains failure inverse	Select to activate function selected in par. 14-10 $\it Mains$ Failure. Mains failure is active in the Logic "0" situation.
[39]	Day/ Night Control	
[52]	Run Permissive	The input terminal, for which the Run permissive has been programmed must be logic "1" before a start command can be accepted. Run permissive has a logic 'AND' function related to the terminal which is programmed for <i>START</i> [8], <i>Jog</i> [14] or <i>Freeze Output</i> [20], which means that in order to start running the motor, both conditions must be fulfilled. If Run Permissive is programmed on multiple terminals, Run permissive needs only be logic '1' on one of the terminals for the function to be carried out. The digital output signal for Run Request ( <i>Start</i> [8], <i>Jog</i> [14] or <i>Freeze output</i> [20]) programmed in par. 5-3*, or par. 5-4*, will not be affected by Run Permissive.
[53]	Hand start	A signal applied will put the frequency converter into Hand mode as if button <i>Hand On</i> on the LCP has been pressed and a normal stop command will be overridden. If disconnecting the signal, the motor will stop. To make any other start commands valid, another digital input must be assign to <i>Auto Start</i> and a signal applied to this. The <i>Hand On</i> and <i>Auto On</i> buttons on the LCP has no impact. The <i>Off</i> button on the LCP will override <i>Hand Start</i> and <i>Auto Start</i> . Press either the <i>Hand On</i> or <i>Auto On</i> button to make <i>Hand Start</i> and <i>Auto Start</i> active again. If no signal on neither <i>Hand Start</i> nor <i>Auto Start</i> , the motor will stop regardless of any normal Start command applied. If signal applied to both <i>Hand Start</i> and <i>Auto Start</i> , the function will be <i>Auto Start</i> . If pressing the <i>Off</i> button on the LCP the motor will stop regardless of signals on <i>Hand Start</i> and <i>Auto Start</i> .
[54]	Auto start	A signal applied will put the frequency converter into Auto mode as if the LCP button <i>Auto On</i> has been pressed. See also <i>Hand Start</i> [53]
[55]	DigiPot Increase	Uses the input as an INCREASE signal to the Digital Potentiometer function described in parameter group $3-9^*$
[56]	DigiPot Decrease	Uses the input as a DECREASE signal to the Digital Potentiometer function described in parameter group 3-9* $$
[57]	DigiPot Clear	Uses the input to CLEAR the Digital Potentiometer reference described in parameter group $3-9^*$
[62]	Reset Counter A	Input for reset of counter A.
[63]	Counter B (up)	(Terminal 29 and 33 only) Input for increment counting in the SLC counter.
[65]	Reset Counter B	Input for reset of counter B.
[66]	Sleep Mode	Forces frequency converter into Sleep Mode (see par. 22-4*).
[78]	Reset Preventive Maintenance Word	Resets all data in par. 16-96 Maintenance Word to 0.
[120]	Lead Pump Start	Starts/ stops the lead pump (controlled by AKD 102).
[130]	Comp. 1 Interlock	The input signal must be low before the AKD 102 is able to start compressor 1.
[131]	Comp. 2 Interlock	The input signal must be low before the AKD 102 is able to start compressor 2.
[132]	Comp. 3 Interlock	The input signal must be low before the AKD 102 is able to start compressor 3.
[139]	Comp. 1 Inv. Interlock	The input signal must be high before the AKD 102 is able to start compressor 1.
[140]	Comp. 2 Inv. Interlock	The input signal must be high before the AKD 102 is able to start compressor 2.
[141]	Comp. 3 Inv. Interlock	The input signal must be high before the AKD 102 is able to start compressor 3.



1-29 Automatic Motor Adaptation (AMA)			
Option		Function:	
		The AMA function optimizes dynamic motor performance by automatically optimizing the advanced motor parameters par. 1-30 <i>Stator Resistance (Rs)</i> to par. 1-35 <i>Main Reactance (Xh)</i> ) while the motor is stationary.	
[0] *	Off	No function	
[1]	Enable complete AMA	performs AMA of the stator resistance $R_{\text{S}}$ , the rotor resistance $R_{\text{r}}$ , the stator leakage reactance $X_1$ , the rotor leakage reactance $X_2$ and the main reactance $X_h$ .	
[2]	Enable reduced AMA	performs a reduced AMA of the stator resistance $R_s$ in the system only. Select this option if an LC filter is used between the frequency converter and the motor.	

Activate the AMA function by pressing [Hand on] after selecting [1] or [2]. See also the item Automatic Motor Adaptation in the Design Guide. After a normal sequence, the display will read: "Press [OK] to finish AMA". After pressing the [OK] key the frequency converter is ready for operation.

Note:

For the best adaptation of the frequency converter, run AMA on a cold motor .

AMA cannot be performed while the motor is running



NB!

NB!

NB!

NB!

It is important to set motor par. 1-2\* Motor Data correctly, since these form part of the AMA algorithm. An AMA must be performed to achieve optimum dynamic motor performance. It may take up to 10 min., depending on motor power rating.



Avoid generating external torque during AMA.



If one of the settings in par. 1-2\* Motor Data is changed, par. 1-30 Stator Resistance (Rs) to par.1-39 Motor Poles, the advanced motor parameters, will return to default setting.

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.



Full AMA should be run without filter only while reduced AMA should be run with filter.

See section: Application Examples > Automatic Motor Adaptation in the Design Guide.

## 6.1.3 Function Setups

The Function set-up provides quick and easy access to all parameters required for the majority of ADAP-KOOL applications including most VAV and CAV supply and return fans, cooling tower fans, Primary, Secondary and Condenser Water Pumps and other pump, fan and compressor applications.

How to access Function Set-up - example How to change the output on "Analog output 42"





The Function Setup parameters are grouped in the following way:

Q3-1 General Settings				
Q3-10 Adv. Motor Settings	Q3-11 Analog Output	Q3-12 Clock Settings	Q3-13 Display Settings	
1-90 Motor Thermal Protection	6-50 Terminal 42 Output	0-70 Set date and time	0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small	
1-93 Thermistor Source	6-51 Terminal 42 Output min. scale	0-71 Date format	0-21 Display Line 1.2 Small	
1-29 Automatic Motor Adaption	6-52 Terminal 42 Output max. scale	0-72 Time format	0-22 Display Line 1.3 Small	
14-01 Switching Frequency		0-74 DST/Summertime	0-23 Display Line 2 large	
		0-76 DST/Summertime start	0-24 Display Line 3 large	
		0-77 DST/Summertime end	0-37 Display Text 1	
			0-38 Display Text 2	
			0-39 Display Text 3	



	02.2 Open Leon Settings	
1-00 Configuration Mode	Q3-2 Open Loop Settings	
3-02 Minimum Reference		
3-03 Maximum reference		
3-15 Reference 1 Source		
6-10 Terminal 53 Low Voltage		
6-11 Terminal 53 High Voltage		
6-14 Terminal 53 Low Reference / Feedb. val	ue	
6-15 Terminal 53 High ref / Feed, value		
3-10 Preset reference		
	03-3 Closed Loon Settings	
1-00 Configuration mode		
20-00 Feedback 1 Source		
20-12 Reference/Feedback Unit		
6-20 Term 54 low voltage		
6-21 Term 54 high voltage		
6-22 Terminal 54 Low Current (only visible if	switch set to I)	
6-23 Terminal 54 High Current (only visible if	switch set to I)	
6-24 Terminal 54 Low ref / Feedb. value		
6-25 Terminal 54 High ref / Feedb. value		
3-02 Min. Reference		
3-03 Max. Reference		
20-21 Setpoint 1		
20-93 PID Proportional Gain		
20-94 PID Integral Time		
3-13 Reference site		
	Q3-4 Application Settings	
Compressor	Condenser	Single fan/ pump
22-75 Short Cycle Protection	22-40 Minimum run time	22-40 Minimum run time
22-76 Interval between Starts	22-41 Minumum sleep time	22-41 Minumum sleep time
22-77 Minimum Run Time	22-42 Wake-up Speed [RPM]	22-42 Wake-up Speed [RPM]
20-00 Feedback 1 Source	22-43 Wake-up Speed [Hz]	22-43 Wake-up Speed [Hz]
20-01 Feedback 1 Conversion	22-44 Wake up ref. /FB difference	22-44 Wake up ref. /FB difference
20-02 Feedback 1 Source Unit	20-00 Feedback 1 Source	, , , , , , , ,
20-30 Refrigerant	20-01 Feedback 1 Conversion	
20-40 ThermostatPressostat	20-02 Feedback 1 Source Unit	
20-41 Cut-out value	20-30 Refrigerant	
20-42 Cut-in value	20-40 ThermostatPressostat	
25-00 Pack Controller	20-41 Cut-out value	
25-06 Number of compressors	20-42 Cut-in value	
25-20 Neutral zone		
25-21 +zone		
25-22 -zone		

See also ADAP-KOOL® Drive AKD102 Programming Guide for a detailed description of the Function Setups parameter groups.

0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small			
Option		Function:	
		Select a variable for display in line 1, left position.	
[0]	None	No display value selected	
[37]	Display Text 1	Present control word	
[38]	Display Text 2	Enables an individual text string to be written, for display in the LCP or to be read via serial com- munication.	
[39]	Display Text 3	Enables an individual text string to be written, for display in the LCP or to be read via serial com- munication.	
[89]	Date and Time Readout	Displays the current date and time.	
[953]	Profibus Warning Word	Displays Profibus communication warnings.	
[1005]	Readout Transmit Error Counter	View the number of CAN control transmission errors since the last power-up.	
[1006]	Readout Receive Error Counter	View the number of CAN control receipt errors since the last power-up.	
[1007]	Readout Bus Off Counter	View the number of Bus Off events since the last power-up.	
[1013]	Warning Parameter	View a DeviceNet-specific warning word. One separate bit is assigned to every warning.	
[1115]	LON Warning Word	Shows the LON-specific warnings.	
[1117]	XIF Revision	Shows the version of the external interface file of the Neuron C chip on the LON option.	
[1118]	LON Works Revision	Shows the software version of the application program of the Neuron C chip on the LON option.	
[1501]	Running Hours	View the number of running hours of the motor.	
[1502]	kWh Counter	View the mains power consumption in kWh.	
[1600]	Control Word	View the Control Word sent from the frequency converter via the serial communication port in hex code.	
[1601]	Reference [Unit]	Total reference (sum of digital/analog/preset/bus/freeze ref./catch up and slow-down) in selected unit.	
[1602] *	Reference %	Total reference (sum of digital/analog/preset/bus/freeze ref./catch up and slow-down) in percent.	
[1603]	Status Word	Present status word	
[1605]	Main Actual Value [%]	One or more warnings in a Hex code	
[1609]	Custom Readout	View the user-defined readouts as defined in par. 0-30, 0-31 and 0-32.	
[1610]	Power [kW]	Actual power consumed by the motor in kW.	
[1611]	Power [hp]	Actual power consumed by the motor in HP.	
[1612]	Motor Voltage	Voltage supplied to the motor.	
[1613]	Motor Frequency	Motor frequency, i.e. the output frequency from the frequency converter in Hz.	
[1614]	Motor Current	Phase current of the motor measured as effective value.	
[1615]	Frequency [%]	Motor frequency, i.e. the output frequency from the frequency converter in percent.	
[1616]	Torque [Nm]	Present motor load as a percentage of the rated motor torque.	
[1617]	Speed [RPM]	Speed in RPM (motor shaft speed in revolutions per minute). The accuracy is dependent on the set slip compensation, par. 1-62 or on the motor speed feedback - if available.	
[1618]	Motor Thermal	Thermal load on the motor, calculated by the ETR function. See also parameter group 1-9* Motor Temperature.	
[1622]	Torque [%]	Shows the actual torque produced, in percentage.	
[1630]	DC Link Voltage	Intermediate circuit voltage in the frequency converter.	
[1632]	BrakeEnergy/s	Present brake power transferred to an external brake resistor. Stated as an instantaneous value.	
[1633]	BrakeEnergy/2 min	Brake power transferred to an external brake resistor. The mean power is calculated continuously for the most recent 120 seconds.	
[1634]	Heatsink Temp.	Present heat sink temperature of the frequency converter. The cut-out limit is 95 $\pm$ 5 oC; cutting back in occurs at 70 $\pm$ 5° C.	
[1635]	Thermal Drive Load	Percentage load of the inverters	
[1636]	Inv. Nom. Current	Nominal current of the frequency converter	

# ADAP-KOOL<sup>®</sup> Drive AKD 102 High Power

[1637]	Inv. Max. Current	Maximum current of the frequency converter
[1638]	SL Control State	State of the event executed by the control
[1639]	Control Card Temp.	Temperature of the control card.
[1650]	External Reference	Sum of the external reference as a percentage, i.e. the sum of analog/pulse/bus.
[1652]	Feedback [Unit]	Reference value from programmed digital input(s).
[1653]	Digi Pot Reference	View the contribution of the digital potentiometer to the actual reference Feedback.
[1654]	Feedback 1 [Unit]	View the value of Feedback 1. See also par. 20-0*.
[1655]	Feedback 2 [Unit]	View the value of Feedback 2. See also par. 20-0*.
[1656]	Feedback 3 [Unit]	View the value of Feedback 3. See also par. 20-0*.
[1660]	Digital Input	Displays the status of the digital inputs. Signal low = 0; Signal high = 1. Regarding order, see par. 16-60. Bit 0 is at the extreme right.
[1661]	Terminal 53 Switch Setting	Setting of input terminal 53. Current = 0; Voltage = 1.
[1662]	Analog Input 53	Actual value at input 53 either as a reference or protection value.
[1663]	Terminal 54 Switch Setting	Setting of input terminal 54. Current = 0; Voltage = 1.
[1664]	Analog Input 54	Actual value at input 54 either as reference or protection value.
[1665]	Analog Output 42 [mA]	Actual value at output 42 in mA. Use par. 6-50 to select the variable to be represented by output 42.
[1666]	Digital Output [bin]	Binary value of all digital outputs.
[1667]	Freq. Input #29 [Hz]	Actual value of the frequency applied at terminal 29 as a pulse input.
[1668]	Freq. Input #33 [Hz]	Actual value of the frequency applied at terminal 33 as a pulse input.
[1669]	Pulse Output #27 [Hz]	Actual value of pulses applied to terminal 27 in digital output mode.
[1670]	Pulse Output #29 [Hz]	Actual value of pulses applied to terminal 29 in digital output mode.
[1671]	Relay Output [bin]	View the setting of all relays.
[1672]	Counter A	View the present value of Counter A.
[1673]	Counter B	View the present value of Counter B.
[1675]	Analog input X30/11	Actual value of the signal on input X30/11 (General Purpose I/O Card. Option)
[1676]	Analog input X30/12	Actual value of the signal on input X30/12 (General Purpose I/O Card. Optional)
[1677]	Analog output X30/8 [mA]	Actual value at output X30/8 (General Purpose I/O Card. Optional) Use Par. 6-60 to select the variable to be shown.
[1680]	Fieldbus CTW 1	Control word (CTW) received from the Bus Master.
[1682]	Fieldbus REF 1	Main reference value sent with control word via the serial communications network e.g. from the BMS, PLC or other master controller.
[1684]	Comm. Option STW	Extended fieldbus communication option status word.
[1685]	FC Port CTW 1	Control word (CTW) received from the Bus Master.
[1686]	FC Port REF 1	Status word (STW) sent to the Bus Master.
[1690]	Alarm Word	One or more alarms in a Hex code (used for serial communications)
[1691]	Alarm Word 2	One or more alarms in a Hex code (used for serial communications)
[1692]	Warning Word	One or more warnings in a Hex code (used for serial communications)
[1693]	Warning Word 2	One or more warnings in a Hex code (used for serial communications)
[1694]	Ext. Status Word	One or more status conditions in a Hex code (used for serial communications)
[1695]	Ext. Status Word 2	One or more status conditions in a Hex code (used for serial communications)
[1696]	Maintenance Word	The bits reflect the status for the programmed Preventive Maintenance Events in parameter group 23-1*
[1830]	Analog Input X42/1	Shows the value of the signal applied to terminal X42/1 on the Analog I/O card.
[1831]	Analog Input X42/3	Shows the value of the signal applied to terminal X42/3 on the Analog I/O card.
[1832]	Analog Input X42/5	Shows the value of the signal applied to terminal X42/5 on the Analog I/O card.
[1833]	Analog Out X42/7 [V]	Shows the value of the signal applied to terminal X42/7 on the Analog I/O card.
[1834]	Analog Out X42/9 [V]	Shows the value of the signal applied to terminal X42/9 on the Analog I/O card.

[1835]	Analog Out X42/11 [V]	Shows the value of the signal applied to terminal X42/11 on the Analog I/O card.
[2117]	Ext. 1 Reference [Unit]	The value of the reference for extended Closed Loop Controller 1
[2118]	Ext. 1 Feedback [Unit]	The value of the feedback signal for extended Closed Loop Controller 1
[2119]	Ext. 1 Output [%]	The value of the output from extended Closed Loop Controller 1
[2137]	Ext. 2 Reference [Unit]	The value of the reference for extended Closed Loop Controller 2
[2138]	Ext. 2 Feedback [Unit]	The value of the feedback signal for extended Closed Loop Controller 2
[2139]	Ext. 2 Output [%]	The value of the output from extended Closed Loop Controller 2
[2157]	Ext. 3 Reference [Unit]	The value of the reference for extended Closed Loop Controller 3
[2158]	Ext. 3 Feedback [Unit]	The value of the feedback signal for extended Closed Loop Controller 3
[2159]	Ext. 3 Output [%]	The value of the output from extended Closed Loop Controller 3
[2230]	No-Flow Power	The calculated No Flow Power for the actual operating speed
[2580]	Pack Status	Status for the operation of the Pack Controller
[2581]	Compressor Status	Status for the operation of each individual compressor controlled by the Pack Controller
0-21 Di	isplay Line 1.2 Small	
The options	s are the same as those listed for par	0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small
Option:		Function:
		Select a variable for display in line 1, middle position.
[1614] *	Motor Current [A]	
0-22 Di	isplay Line 1.3 Small	
The option:	s are the same as those listed for par	0-20 <i>Display Line 1.1 Small</i>
Option:		Function:
		Select a variable for display in line 1, right position.
[1610] *	Power [kW]	
0-23 Di	isplay Line 2 Large	
The option	s are the same as those listed for par	0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small
Option:		Function:
		Select a variable for display in line 2.
[1613] *	Frequency [Hz]	
0-24 Di	isplay Line 3 Large	
The options	s are the same as those listed for par	0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small
Option:		Function:
		Select a variable for display in line 3.
[1502] *	Counter [kWh]	
0-37 Di	isplay Text 1	
Range:		Function:
0 N/A*	[0 - 0 N/A]	In this parameter it is possible to write an individual text string for display in the LCP or to be read via serial communication. If to be displayed permanently select Display Text 1 in par. 0-20 <i>Display Line 1.1 Small</i> , par. 0-21 <i>Display Line 1.2 Small</i> , par. 0-22 <i>Display Line 1.3 Small</i> , par. 0-23 <i>Display Line 1.4 Small</i> , par. 0-23 <i>Display Line 1.4 Small</i> , par. 0-24 <i>Display Line</i>
		Line 2 Large or par. 0-24 Display Line 3 Large. Use the ▲ or ▼ buttons on the LCP to change a
		character. Use the $\blacktriangleleft$ and $\blacktriangleright$ buttons to move the cursor. When a character is highlighted by the
		cursor, it can be changed. Use the $\blacktriangle$ or $\blacktriangledown$ buttons on the LCP to change a character. A character
		can be inserted by placing the cursor between two characters and pressing $\blacktriangle$ or $\blacktriangledown$ .



0-38 D	isplay Text 2	
Range:		Function:
0 N/A*	[0 - 0 N/A]	In this parameter it is possible to write an individual text string for display in the LCP or to be read via serial communication. If to be displayed permanently select Display Text 2 in par. 0-20 <i>Display Line 1.1 Small</i> , par. 0-21 <i>Display Line 1.2 Small</i> , par. 0-22 <i>Display Line 1.3 Small</i> , par. 0-23 <i>Display Line 3 Large</i> . Use the $\blacktriangle$ or $\checkmark$ buttons on the LCP to change a character. Use the $\blacktriangleleft$ and $\triangleright$ buttons to move the cursor. When a character is highlighted by the cursor, this character can be changed. A character can be inserted by placing the cursor between two characters and pressing $\blacktriangle$ or $\checkmark$ .
0-39 D	isplav Text 3	
Range:		Function:
0 N/A*	[0 - 0 N/A]	In this parameter it is possible to write an individual text string for display in the LCP or to be read via serial communication. If to be displayed permanently select Display Text 3 in par. 0-20 <i>Display Line 1.1 Small</i> ,par. 0-21 <i>Display Line 1.2 Small</i> , par. 0-22 <i>Display Line 1.3 Small</i> , par. 0-23 <i>Display Line 2 Large</i> or par. 0-24 <i>Display Line 3 Large</i> . Use the $\blacktriangle$ or $\checkmark$ buttons on the LCP to change a character. Use the $\blacktriangleleft$ and $\triangleright$ buttons to move the cursor. When a character is highlighted by the cursor, this character can be changed. A character can be inserted by placing the cursor between two characters and pressing $\blacktriangle$ or $\blacktriangledown$ .
0-70 D	ate and Time	
Range:		Function:
0 N/A*	[0 - 0 N/A]	Sets the date and time of the internal clock. The format to be used is set in par.0-71 <i>Date Format</i> and par.0-72 <i>Time Format</i> .
0-71 D	ate Format	
Option	:	Function:
		Sets the date format to be used in the LCP.
[0] *	YYYY-MM-DD	
[1] *	DD-MM-YYYY	
[2]	MM/DD/YYYY	
0-72 T	ime Format	
Option	:	Function:
		Sets the time format to be used in the LCP.
[0] *	24 h	
[1]	12 h	
0-74 D	ST/ Summ <u>ertime</u>	
Option	:	Function:
		Choose how Daylight Saving Time/Summertime should be handled. For manual DST/Summertime enter the start date and end date in par.0-76 <i>DST/Summertime Start</i> and par.0-77 <i>DST/Summertime End</i> .
[0] *	Off	
[2]	Manual	
0-76 D	ST/ Summert <u>ime Star</u> t	
Range:		Function:
0 N/A*	[0 - 0 N/A]	Sets the date and time when summertime/DST starts. The date is programmed in the format se- lected in par.0-71 <i>Date Format</i> .

0-77 DST/ Summertime End	
Range:	Function:
0 N/A* [0 - 0 N/A]	Sets the date and time when summertime/DST ends. The date is programmed in the format selected in par.0-71 <i>Date Format</i> .
1-00 Configuration Mode	
Option:	Function:
[0] * Open loop	Motor speed is determined by applying a speed reference or by setting desired speed when in Hand Mode.
	Open Loop is also used if the frequency converter is part of a closed loop control system based on an external PID controller providing a speed reference signal as output.
[3] Closed loop	Motor Speed will be determined by a reference from the built-in PID controller varying the motor speed as part of a closed loop control process (e.g. constant pressure or flow). The PID controller must be configured in par. 20-**, Drive Closed Loop or via the Function Setups accessed by pressing the [Quick Menus] button.

This parameter can not be changed when motor is running.



NB! When set for Closed Loop, the commands Reversing and Start Reversing will not reverse the direction of the motor.

1-90 Motor Thermal Protection		
Option	:	Function:
		The frequency converter determines the motor temperature for motor protection in two different ways: <ul> <li>Via a thermistor sensor connected to one of the analog or digital inputs (par.1-93 <i>Ther-</i></li> </ul>
		mistor Source).
		• Via calculation (ETR = Electronic Thermal Relay) of the thermal load, based on the actual load and time. The calculated thermal load is compared with the rated motor current $I_{M,N}$ and the rated motor frequency $f_{M,N}$ . The calculations estimate the need for a lower load at lower speed due to less cooling from the fan incorporated in the motor.
[0] *	No protection	If the motor is continuously overloaded and no warning or trip of frequency converter is wanted.
[1]	Thermistor warning	Activates a warning when the connected thermistor in the motor reacts in the event of motor over- temperature.
[2]	Thermistor trip	Stops (trips) the frequency converter when the connected thermistor in the motor reacts in the event of motor over-temperature.
[3]	ETR warning 1	
[4] *	ETR trip 1	
[5]	ETR warning 2	
[6]	ETR trip 2	
[7]	ETR warning 3	
[8]	ETR trip 3	
[9]	ETR warning 4	
[10]	ETR trip 4	

ETR (Electronic Thermal Relay) functions 1-4 will calculate the load when set-up where they were selected is active. For example ETR-3 starts calculating when set-up 3 is selected. For the North American market: The ETR functions provide class 20 motor overload protection in accordance with NEC.







NB!

Danfoss recommends using 24 VDC as thermistor supply voltage.

1-93 Thermistor Source			
Option	:	Function:	
		Select the input to which the thermistor (PTC sensor) should be connected. An analog input option [1] or [2] cannot be selected if the analog input is already in use as a reference source (selected in par.3-15 <i>Reference 1 Source</i> , par.3-16 <i>Reference 2 Source</i> or par. 3-17 <i>Reference 3 Source</i> ). When using MCB112, choice [0] <i>None</i> must always be selected.	
[0] *	None		
[1]	Analog input 53		
[2]	Analog input 54		
[3]	Digital input 18		
[4]	Digital input 19		
[5]	Digital input 32		
[6]	Digital input 33		
NB! This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.			



NB! Digital input should be set to [0] *PNP - Active at 24V* in parameter 5-00.

3-10 Preset Reference		
Array [8]		
Range:		Function:
0.00 %*	[-100.00 - 100.00 %]	Enter up to eight different preset references (0-7) in this parameter, using array programming. The preset reference is stated as a percentage of the value Ref <sub>MAX</sub> (par.3-03 <i>Maximum Reference</i> , for closed loop see par. 20-14 <i>Maximum Reference/Feedb</i> .). When using preset references, select Preset ref. bit 0 / 1 / 2 [16], [17] or [18] for the corresponding digital inputs in parameter group 5-1* Digital Inputs.





# 3-13 Reference Site

Option:		Function:
		Select which reference site to activate.
[0] *	Linked to Hand / Auto	Use local reference when in Hand mode; or remote reference when in Auto mode.
[1]	Remote	Use remote reference in both Hand mode and Auto mode.
[2]	Local	Use local reference in both Hand mode and Auto mode.



When set to Local [2], the frequency converter will start with this setting again following a 'power down'.

3-15 R	3-15 Reference 1 Source				
Option:		Function:			
		Select the reference input to be used for the first reference signal. par.3-15 <i>Reference 1 Source</i> , par.3-16 <i>Reference 2 Source</i> and par. 3-17 <i>Reference 3 Source</i> define up to three different reference signals. The sum of these reference signals defines the actual reference.			
		This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.			
[0]	No function				
[1] *	Analog input 53				
[2]	Analog input 54				
[7]	Pulse input 29				
[8]	Pulse input 33				
[20]	Digital pot.meter				
[21]	Analog input X30/11				
[22]	Analog input X30/12				
[23]	Analog Input X42/1				
[24]	Analog Input X42/3				
[25]	Analog Input X42/5				
[30]	Ext. Closed Loop 1				
[31]	Ext. Closed Loop 2				
[32]	Ext. Closed Loop 3				
6-10 Terminal 53 Low Voltage					
Range:		Function:			
0.07 V*	[0.00 - par. 6-11 V]	Enter the low voltage value. This analog input scaling value should correspond to the low reference/ feedback value set in par.6-14 <i>Terminal 53 Low Ref./Feedb. Value</i> .			

# ADAP-KOOL<sup>®</sup> Drive AKD 102 High Power



6-11 Te	erminal 53 High Voltage	
Range:		Function:
10.00 V*	[par. 6-10 - 10.00 V]	Enter the high voltage value. This analog input scaling value should correspond to the high reference/feedback value set in par.6-15 <i>Terminal 53 High Ref./Feedb. Value</i> .
6-14 Te	erminal 53 Low Ref./ Feed	b. Value
Range:		Function:
0.000 N/A*	[-999999.999 - 999999.999 N/A]	Enter the analog input scaling value that corresponds to the low voltage/low current set in par.
		6-10 Terminal 53 Low Voltage and par. 6-12 Terminal 53 Low Current.
6-15 Te	erminal 53 High Ref./ Feed	lb. Value
Range:		Function:
50.000 N	/ [-999999.999 - 999999.999 N/A]	Enter the analog input scaling value that corresponds to the high voltage/high current value set in
A*		par.6-11 Terminal 53 High Voltage and par. 6-13 Terminal 53 High Current.
6-20 Te	erminal 54 Low Voltage	
Range:		Function:
0.07 V*	[0.00 - par. 6-21 V]	Enter the low voltage value. This analog input scaling value should correspond to the low reference/
		feedback value, set in par.6-24 Terminal 54 Low Ref./Feedb. Value.
6-21 Te	erminal 54 High Voltage	
Range:		Function:
10.00 V*	[par. 6-20 - 10.00 V]	Enter the high voltage value. This analog input scaling value should correspond to the high refer-
		ence/feedback value set in par.6-25 Terminal 54 High Ref./Feedb. Value.
6-22 Te	erminal 54 Low Current	
Range:		Function:
4.00 mA*	[0.00 - par. 6-23 mA]	Enter the low current value. This reference signal should correspond to the low reference/feedback
		value, set in par.6-24 <i>Terminal 54 Low Ref./Feedb. Value</i> . The value must be set at >2 mA in order to activate the Live Zero Time-out Function in par.6-01 <i>Live Zero Timeout Function</i> .
6-23 Te	erminal 54 High Current	
Range:		Function:
20.00 mA*	[par. 6-22 - 20.00 mA]	Enter the high current value corresponding to the high reference/feedback value set in par.
		6-25 Terminal 54 High Rel./Feeub. Value.
6-24 Te	erminal 54 Low Ref./ Feed	b. Value
Range:		Function:
0.000 N/A*	[-999999.999 - 999999.999 N/A]	Enter the analog input scaling value that corresponds to the low voltage/low current value set in
		par.6-20 <i>Terminal 54 Low Voltage</i> and par.6-22 <i>Terminal 54 Low Current</i> .
6-25 Te	erminal 54 High Ref./ Feed	lb. Value
Range:		Function:
100.000 N	/ [-999999.999 - 999999.999 N/A]	Enter the analog input scaling value that corresponds to the high voltage/high current value set in
A*		par.6-21 Terminal 54 High Voltage and par.6-23 Terminal 54 High Current.
6-50 Te	erminal 42 Output	
Option:		Function:
		Select the function of Terminal 42 as an analog current output. A motor current of 20 mA corre-
		sponds to I <sub>max</sub> .
[0] *	No operation	
[100] *	Output freq. 0-100	: 0 - 100 Hz, (0-20 mA)

# 6 How to Programme the Frequency Converter Danfoss

[101]	Reference Min-Max	: Minimum reference - Maximum reference, (0-20 mA)
[102]	Feedback +-200%	: -200% to +200% of par. 20-14 <i>Maximum Reference/Feedb.</i> , (0-20 mA)
[103]	Motor cur. 0-Imax	: 0 - Inverter Max. Current (par. 16-37 <i>Inv. Max. Current</i> ), (0-20 mA)
[104]	Torque 0-Tlim	: 0 - Torque limit (par. 4-16 <i>Torque Limit Motor Mode</i> ), (0-20 mA)
[105]	Torque 0-Tnom	: 0 - Motor rated torque, (0-20 mA)
[106]	Power 0-Pnom	: 0 - Motor rated power, (0-20 mA)
[107] *	Speed 0-HighLim	: 0 - Speed High Limit (par.4-13 <i>Motor Speed High Limit [RPM]</i> and par.4-14 <i>Motor Speed High Limit [Hz]</i> ), (0-20 mA)
[113]	Ext. Closed Loop 1	: 0 - 100%, (0-20 mA)
[114]	Ext. Closed Loop 2	: 0 - 100%, (0-20 mA)
[115]	Ext. Closed Loop 3	: 0 - 100%, (0-20 mA)
[130]	Out frq 0-100 4-20mA	: 0 - 100 Hz
[131]	Reference 4-20mA	: Minimum Reference - Maximum Reference
[132]	Feedback 4-20mA	: -200% to +200% of par. 20-14 <i>Maximum Reference/Feedb.</i>
[133]	Motor cur. 4-20mA	: 0 - Inverter Max. Current (par. 16-37 Inv. Max. Current)
[134]	Torq.0-lim 4-20 mA	: 0 - Torque limit (par. 4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode)
[135]	Torq.0-nom 4-20mA	: 0 - Motor rated torque
[136]	Power 4-20mA	: 0 - Motor rated power
[137]	Speed 4-20mA	: 0 - Speed High Limit (4-13 and 4-14)
[139]	Bus ctrl.	: 0 - 100%, (0-20 mA)
[140]	Bus ctrl. 4-20 mA	: 0 - 100%
[141]	Bus ctrl t.o.	: 0 - 100%, (0-20 mA)
[142]	Bus ctrl t.o. 4-20mA	: 0 - 100%
[143]	Ext. CL 1 4-20mA	: 0 - 100%
[144]	Ext. CL 2 4-20mA	: 0 - 100%
[145]	Ext. CL 3 4-20mA	: 0 - 100%

#### NB!

Values for setting the Minimum Reference is found in open loop par.3-02 *Minimum Reference* and for closed loop par. 20-13 *Minimum Reference/ Feedb.* - values for maximum reference for open loop is found in par.3-03 *Maximum Reference* and for closed loop par. 20-14 *Maximum Reference/ Feedb.*.

6-51 Terminal 42 Output Min Scale		
Range:		Function:
0.00 %*	[0.00 - 200.00 %]	Scale for the minimum output (0 or 4 mA) of the analogue signal at terminal 42. Set the value to be the percentage of the full range of the variable selected in par.6-50 <i>Terminal</i> 42 <i>Output</i> .



## 6-52 Terminal 42 Output Max Scale Function: Range: 100.00 %\* [0.00 - 200.00 %] Scale for the maximum output (20 mA) of the analog signal at terminal 42. Set the value to be the percentage of the full range of the variable selected in par.6-50 Terminal 42 Output. Current 130BA075.11 [mA] 20 0/4 Analogue output Min Analogue Output Max 100% Variable for 0% output Scale par. 6-51 example:Speed [RPM] Scale par. 6-52 It is possible to get a value lower than 20 mA at full scale by programming values >100% by using a formula as follows: 20 mA / desired maximum current × 100 % *i.e.* $10 \, mA$ : $\frac{20 \, mA}{10 \, mA} \times 100 \,\% = 200 \,\%$

EXAMPLE 1:

Variable value= OUTPUT FREQUENCY, range = 0-100 Hz

Range needed for output = 0-50 Hz

Output signal 0 or 4 mA is needed at 0 Hz (0% of range) - set par.6-51 Terminal 42 Output Min Scale to 0%

Output signal 20 mA is needed at 50 Hz (50% of range) - set par.6-52 Terminal 42 Output Max Scale to 50%



EXAMPLE 2:

Variable= FEEDBACK, range= -200% to +200%

Range needed for output= 0-100%

Output signal 0 or 4 mA is needed at 0% (50% of range) - set par.6-51 *Terminal 42 Output Min Scale* to 50% Output signal 20 mA is needed at 100% (75% of range) - set par.6-52 *Terminal 42 Output Max Scale* to 75%



#### EXAMPLE 3:

Variable value= REFERENCE, range= Min ref - Max ref

Range needed for output= Min ref (0%) - Max ref (100%), 0-10 mA

Output signal 0 or 4 mA is needed at Min ref - set par.6-51 Terminal 42 Output Min Scale to 0%

Output signal 10 mA is needed at Max ref (100% of range) - set par.6-52 Terminal 42 Output Max Scale to 200%

(20 mA / 10 mA x 100%=200%).



#### 14-01 Switching Frequency

## Option:

#### Function:

Select the inverter switching frequency. Changing the switching frequency can help to reduce acoustic noise from the motor.



#### NB!

The output frequency value of the frequency converter must never exceed 1/10 of the switching frequency. When the motor is running, adjust the switching frequency in par.14-01 *Switching Frequency* until the motor is as noiseless as possible. See also par. 14-00 *Switching Pattern* and the section *Derating*.

[0]	1.0 kHz
[1]	1.5 kHz
[2]	2.0 kHz
[3]	2.5 kHz
[4]	3.0 kHz
[5]	3.5 kHz
[6]	4.0 kHz
[7] *	5.0 kHz
[8]	6.0 kHz

# ADAP-KOOL<sup>®</sup> Drive AKD 102 High Power



[9]	7.0 kHz	
[10]	8.0 kHz	
[11]	10.0 kHz	
[12]	12.0 kHz	
[13]	14.0 kHz	
[14]	16.0 kHz	
20-00	Feedback 1 Source	
Option	:	Function:
		Up to three different feedback signals can be used to provide the feedback signal for the frequency converter's PID Controller. This parameter defines which input will be used as the source of the first feedback signal. Analog input X30/11 and Analog input X30/12 refer to inputs on the optional General Purpose I/O board.
[0]	No function	
[1]	Analog input 53	
[2] *	Analog input 54	
[3]	Pulse input 29	
[4]	Pulse input 33	
[7]	Analog input X30/11	
[8]	Analog input X30/12	
[9]	Analog Input X42/1	
[10]	Analog Input X42/3	
[11]	Analog Input X42/5	
[100]	Bus feedback 1	
[101]	Bus feedback 2	
[102]	Bus feedback 3	
[104]	Sensorless Flow	Requires set up by MCT10 with sensorless specific plug in.
[105]	Sensorless Pressure	Requires set up by MCT10 with sensorless specific plug in.



#### NB!

If a feedback is not used, its source must be set to *No Function* [0]. Par.20-20 *Feedback Function* determines how the three possible feedbacks will be used by the PID Controller.

#### 20-01 Feedback 1 Conversion

This parameter allows a conversion function to be applied to Feedback 1.

Option	:	Function:
[0]	Linear	Linear [0] has no effect on the feedback.
[1]	Square root	Square root [1] is commonly used when a pressure sensor is used to provide flow feedback (( <i>flow</i> $\propto \sqrt{pressure}$ )).
[2] *	Pressure to temperature	Pressure to temperature [2] is used in compressor applications to provide temperature feedback using a pressure sensor. The temperature of the refrigerant is calculated using the following for- mula: $Temperature = \frac{A2}{(In(Pe+1) - A1)} - A3$ , where A1, A2 and A3 are refrigerant-specific con- stants. The refrigerant must be selected in parameter 20-30. Parameters 20-31 through 20-33 allow the values of A1, A2 and A3 to be entered for a refrigerant that is not listed in parameter 20-30.

#### 20-02 Feedback 1 Source Unit

This parameter determines the unit that is used for this Feedback Source, prior to applying the feedback conversion of *par. 20-01, Feedback 1 Conversion.* This unit is not used by the PID Controller. It is used only for display and monitoring purposes.

Option:		Function:
[70]	mbar	
[71] *	bar	
[72]	Ра	
[73]	kPa	
[74]	m WG	
[170]	psi	
[171]	lb/in <sup>2</sup>	
[172]	in WG	
[173]	ft WG	

Å

NB! This parameter is only available when using Pressure to Temperature Feedback Conversion.

## 20-12 Reference/Feedback Unit

This parameter determines the unit that is used for the setpoint reference and feedback that the PID Controller will use for controlling the output frequency of the frequency converter.

Option:	Function:
[60] * °C	
[160] °F	
20-21 Setpoint 1	
Range:	Function:
0.000 Proc- [-999999.999 - 999999.999 Proc- essCtrlU- essCtrlUnit]	Setpoint 1 is used in Closed Loop Mode to enter a setpoint reference that is used by the frequency converter's PID Controller. See the description of par.20-20 <i>Feedback Function</i> .
nit*	NB! Setpoint reference entered here is added to any other references that are enabled (see par. group 3-1*).

## 20-30 Refrigerant

Select the refrigerant used in the compressor application. This parameter must be specified correctly for the pressure to temperature conversion to be accurate. If the refrigerant used is not listed in choices [0] through [6], select *User defined* [7]. Then, use par. 20-31, 20-32 and 20-33 to provide A1, A2 and A3 for the equation below:

$Temperature = \frac{A2}{(ln(Pe+1) - A1)} - A3$		
Option	:	Function:
[0] *	R user	
[1]	R12	
[2]	R22	
[3]	R134a	
[4]	R502	
[5]	R717	
[6]	R13	
[7]	R13b1	

# ADAP-KOOL<sup>®</sup> Drive AKD 102 High Power



[8]	R23	
[9]	R500	
[10]	R503	
[11]	R114	
[12]	R142b	
[14]	R32	
[15]	R227	
[16]	R401A	
[17]	R507	
[18]	R402A	
[19]	R404A	
[20]	R407C	
[21]	R407A	
[22]	R407B	
[23]	R410A	
[24]	R170	
[25]	R290	
[26]	R600	
[27]	R600a	
[28]	R744	
[29]	R1270	
[30]	R417A	
[31]	Isceon 29	
20-40	Thermostat/Pressostat Fu	Inction
Set whethe	er the Thermostat/ Pressostat functior	n is active (On) or inactive (Off).
Option:		Function:
[0] *	Off	
[1]	On	
20-41	Cut-out Value	
Range:		Function:
1 bar*	[-3000 - par.20-42]	Select the Cut-out Level where the stop signal is activated and the compressor stops.
20-42	Cut-in Value	
Range:		Function:
3 bar*	[Par. 20-41 - 3000]	Select the Cut-in Level where the stop signal is de-activated and the compressor starts.
20-93	PID Proportional Gain	
Range:		Function:
0.50 N/A*	[0.00 - 10.00 N/A]	

If (Error x Gain) jumps with a value equal to what is set in par. 20-14 *Maximum Reference/Feedb.* the PID controller will try to change the output speed equal to what is set in par.4-13 *Motor Speed High Limit [RPM]*/par.4-14 *Motor Speed High Limit [Hz]* but in practice of course limited by this setting. The proportional band (error causing output to change from 0-100%) can be calculated by means of the formula:

 $\left(\frac{1}{Proportional \ Gain}\right) \times (Max \ Reference)$ 

NB!

Always set the desired for par. 20-14 Maximum Reference/Feedb. before setting the values for the PID controller in par. group 20-9\*.

20-94 P	ID Integral Time	
Range:		Function:
20.00 s*	[0.01 - 10000.00 s]	Over time, the integrator accumulates a contribution to the output from the PID controller as long as there is a deviation between the Reference/Setpoint and feedback signals. The contribution is proportional to the size of the deviation. This ensures that the deviation (error) approaches zero. Quick response on any deviation is obtained when the integral time is set to a low value. Setting it too low, however, may cause the control to become unstable. The value set, is the time needed for the integrator to add the same contribution as the proportional part for a certain deviation. If the value is set to 10,000, the controller will act as a pure proportional controller with a P-band based on the value set in par.20-93 <i>PID Proportional Gain</i> . When no deviation is present, the output from the proportional controller will be 0.
22-40 M	linimum Run Time	
Range:		Function:
10 s*	[0 - 600 s]	Set the desired minimum running time for the motor after a start command (digital input or Bus) before entering Sleep Mode.
22-41 N	linimum Sleep Time	
Range:		Function:
10 s*	[0 - 600 s]	Set the desired Minimum Time for staying in Sleep Mode. This will override any wake up conditions.
22-42 W	/ake-up Speed [RPM]	
Range:		Function:
0 RPM*	[par. 4-11 - par. 4-13 RPM]	To be used if par. 0-02 <i>Motor Speed Unit</i> has been set for RPM (parameter not visible if Hz selected). Only to be used if par.1-00 <i>Configuration Mode</i> is set for Open Loop and speed reference is applied by an external controller. Set the reference speed at which the Sleep Mode should be cancelled.
22-43 W	/ake-up Speed [Hz]	
Range:		Function:
0 Hz*	[par. 4-12 - par. 4-14 Hz]	To be used if par. 0-02 <i>Motor Speed Unit</i> , has been set for Hz (parameter not visible if RPM selected). Only to be used if par.1-00 <i>Configuration Mode</i> , is set for Open Loop and speed reference is applied by an external controller controlling the pressure. Set the reference speed at which the Sleep Mode should be cancelled.
22-44 W	/ake-up Ref./ FB Differen	ce
Range:		Function:
10 %*	[0 - 100 %]	Only to be used if par.1-00 <i>Configuration Mode</i> is set for Closed Loop and the integrated PI controller is used for controlling the pressure. Set the pressure drop allowed in percentage of set point for the pressure (Pset) before cancelling the Sleep Mode.
65	NB! If used in application where the <i>Performance,</i> the value set in par	integrated PI controller is set for inverse control (e.g. cooling tower applications) in par. 20-71 <i>PID</i> .22-44 <i>Wake-up Ref./FB Difference</i> will automatically be added.

22-75	Short Cycle Protection	
Option:		Function:
[0]	Disabled	Timer set in Interval Between Starts, par. 22-76 is disabled.
[1]	Enabled	Timer set in Interval between Starts, par. 22-76 is enabled.



22-76 Interval Betv	veen Starts
Range:	Function:
300 s* [0 - 3600 s]	Sets the time desired as minimum time between two starts. Any normal start command (Start/Jog/ Freeze) will be disregarded until the timer has expired.
22-77 Minimum Ru	n Time
Range:	Function:
0 s* [0 - par. 22-76	s] Sets the time desired as minimum run time after a normal start command (Start/Jog/Freeze). Any normal stop command will be disregarded until the set time has expired. The timer will start counting following a normal start command (Start/Jog/Freeze).
	The timer will be overridden by a Coast (Inverse) or an External Interlock command.
NB! Does not wor	k in pack controller mode.
Option:	Function:
	For operation of multiple devices (compressor) systems where capacity is adapted to actual load by means of speed control combined with on/off control of the devices. For simplicity only compressor systems are described.
[0] * Disabled	The Pack Controller is not active. All built-in relays assigned to compressor motors in the Pack func- tion will be de-energized. If a variable speed compressor is connected to the frequency converter directly (not controlled by a built-in relay), this compressor will be controlled as a single compressor system.
[1] Enabled	The Pack Controller is active and will stage/destage compressors according to load on the system.
NB! This parameter	er can only be <i>Enabled</i> [1], if parameter 28-00 <i>Short Cycle Protection</i> is set to <i>Disabled</i> [0].

|--|

is parameter can only be *Enabled* [1], if par t Cy *d*[0].

25-06 Number of Compressors	
Option:	Function:
	The number of compressors connected to the Pack Controller including the variable speed com- pressor. If the variable speed compressor is connected directly to the frequency converter and the other fixed speed compressors (lag compressors) are controlled by the two built in relays, three compressors can be controlled. If both the variable speed and fixed speed compressors are to be controlled by built-in relays, only two compressors can be connected.
[0] * 2 compressors	If <i>Fixed Lead Compressor</i> , par. 25-05, is set to <i>No</i> [0]: one variable speed compressor and one fixed speed compressor; both controlled by built in relay. If <i>Fixed Lead Compressor</i> , par. 25-05, is set to <i>Yes</i> [1]: one variable speed compressor and one fixed speed compressor controlled by built-in relay
[1] 3 compressors	<i>3 Compressors</i> [1]: One lead compressor, see <i>Fixed Lead Compressor</i> , par. 25-05. Two fixed speed compressors controlled by built-in relays.
25-20 25-20 Neutral Zone [unit]	
Range:	Function:
4.00* [0-9999.99]	Set the neutral zone (NZ) to accommodate normal system pressure fluctuations. In pack control systems, to avoid frequent switching of fixed speed compressors, the desired system pressure is typically kept within a zone rather than at a constant level. The NZ is programmed in the same unit as selected in par. 20-12 <i>Reference/Feedback Unit</i> It places a zone above and below the set-point in which staging and destaging will not occur. For

example, if the set-point is -  $20^{\circ}$ C and the NZ is set to  $4^{\circ}$ C, a suction pressure equivalent to a temperature between -  $24^{\circ}$ C and -  $16^{\circ}$ C is tolerated. No staging or destaging will occur within this zone.

25-21 + Zone [un	t]
Range:	Function:
3.00* [0-9999.99]	When a large and quick change in the system demand occurs, the system pressure rapidly changes and a quicker staging or destaging of a fixed speed compressor becomes necessary to match the requirement. The +Zone defines the range where the + zone delay is active. Setting the +Zone too close to zero could defeat the purpose with frequent staging at momentary pressure changes. Setting the +Zone too high might lead to an unacceptably high or low pressure in the system while the +Zone Delay timer (par. 25-24) is running. The +Zone value can be opti- mized with increased familiarity with the system. See ++Zone Delay, par. 25-26. To avoid unintended staging during the commissioning phase and fine tuning of the controller, initially set the +Zone to a large value beyond any expected pressure peak. This implicitly disables the override function for pressure peaks. When the fine tuning is complete, the +Zone should be set to the desired value. An initial value of 3°C is suggested.
25-22 -Zone [unit	]
Range:	Function:
3.00* [0-9999.99]	When a large and quick change in the system demand occurs, the system pressure rapidly changes and a quicker staging or destaging of a fixed speed compressor becomes necessary to match the requirement. The -Zone defines the range where the - zone delay is active. Setting the -Zone too close to zero could defeat the purpose with frequent staging at momentary pressure changes. Setting the -Zone too high might lead to an unacceptably high or low pressure in the system while the -Zone Delay timer (par. 25-25) is running. The -Zone value can be optimized with increased familiarity with the system. SeeZone Delay, par. 25-27. To avoid unintended staging during the commissioning phase and fine tuning of the controller, initially set the -Zone to a large value beyond any expected pressure drop. This implicitly disables the override function for pressure drops. When the fine tuning is complete, the -Zone should be set to the desired value. An initial value of 3°C is suggested.

# 6.1.4 Main Menu Mode

Select the Main Menu mode by pressing the [Main Menu] key. Illustration 6.2 shows the resulting read-out, which appears on the display of the GLCP.

Lines 2 through 5 on the display show a list of parameter groups which can be chosen by toggling the up and down buttons.

1107R	PM	3.84A	ល៍មិ	
Main m	enu		066	
0-** 0 1-** L	peratio oad/Mo	n/Display tor	130BP	
2-** B	nakes			
3-** R	eferenc	e / Ramp:	5 🖬	
Illustration 6.9:	Display exa	mple.		

Each parameter has a name and number which remain the same regardless of the programming mode. In the Main Menu mode, the parameters are divided into groups. The first digit of the parameter number (from the left) indicates the parameter group number.

All parameters can be changed in the Main Menu. The configuration of the unit (par.1-00) will determine other parameters available for programming. For example, selecting Closed Loop enables additional parameters related to closed loop operation. Option cards added to the unit enable additional parameters associated with the option device. ADAP-KOOL<sup>®</sup> Drive AKD 102 High Power



# 6.1.5 Parameter Selection

In the Main Menu mode, the parameters are divided into groups. Select a parameter group by means of the navigation keys. The following parameter groups are accessible:

Group no.	Parameter group:
0	Operation/Display
1	Load/Motor
2	Brakes
3	References/Ramps
4	Limits/Warnings
5	Digital In/Out
6	Analog In/Out
8	Comm. and Options
11	AKD Lon*
13	Smart Logic
14	Special Functions
15	Drive Information
16	Data Readouts
18	Info & Readouts
20	Internal Control
21	Extended PID
22	Application Functions
23	Time-based Functions
25	Pack Controller
26	Analog I/O Option MCB 109**
28	Compressor functions
* Only when MCA	107 AKLon is installed
**Only when MCB	109 is installed

Table 6.3: Parameter groups.

After selecting a parameter group, choose a parameter by means of the navigation keys.

The middle section on the GLCP display shows the parameter number and name as well as the selected parameter value.



# 6.1.6 Changing data

- 1. Press [Quick Menu] or [Main Menu] key.
- 2. Use  $[\blacktriangle]$  and  $[\blacktriangledown]$  keys keys to find parameter group to edit.
- 3. Press [OK] key.
- 4. Use [▲] and [▼] keys to find parameter to edit.
- 5. Press [OK] key.
- Use [▲] and [▼] keys to select correct parameter setting. Or, to move to digits within a number, use keys. Cursor indicates digit selected to change. [▲] key increases the value, [▼] key decreases the value.
- 7. Press [Cancel] key to disregard change, or press [OK] key to accept change and enter new setting.

## 6.1.7 Changing a text value

If the selected parameter is a text value, change the text value by means of the up/down navigation keys.

The up key increases the value, and the down key decreases the value. Place the cursor on the value to be saved and press [OK].



# 6.1.8 Changing a group of numeric data values

If the chosen parameter represents a numeric data value, change the chosen data value by means of the [ $\blacktriangleleft$ ] and [ $\blacktriangleright$ ] navigation keys as well as the up/down [ $\blacktriangle$ ] [ $\blacktriangledown$ ] navigation keys. Use the  $\triangleleft$ ] and [ $\triangleright$ ] navigation keys to move the cursor horizontally.

Use the up/down navigation keys to change the data value. The up key enlarges the data value, and the down key reduces the data value. Place the cursor on the value to be saved and press [OK].



# 6.1.9 Changing of data value, Step-by-Step

Certain parameters can be changed step by step or infinitely variably. This applies to par.1-20 *Motor Power [kW]*, par.1-22 *Motor Voltage* and par. 1-23 *Motor Frequency*.

The parameters are changed both as a group of numeric data values and as numeric data values infinitely variably.

# 6.1.10 Read-out and programming of indexed parameters

Parameters are indexed when placed in a rolling stack.

Par. 15-30 *Alarm Log: Error Code* to par. 15-32 *Alarm Log: Time* contain a fault log which can be read out. Choose a parameter, press [OK], and use the up/down navigation keys to scroll through the value log.

Use par.3-10 Preset Reference as another example:

Choose the parameter, press [OK], and use the up/down navigation keys keys to scroll through the indexed values. To change the parameter value, select the indexed value and press [OK]. Change the value by using the up/down keys. Press [OK] to accept the new setting. Press [Cancel] to abort. Press [Back] to leave the parameter.



# 6.2 Parameter list

Parameters for ADAP-KOOL<sup>®</sup> Drive AKD102 are grouped into various parameter groups for easy selection of the correct parameters for optimized operation of the frequency converter.

The vast majority of applications can be programmed using the Quick Menu button and selecting the parameters under Quick Setup and Function Setups. Descriptions and default settings of parameters may be found under the section Parameter Lists at the back of this manual.

0-xx Operation/Display	14-xx Special Functions
1-xx Load/Motor	15-xx FC Information
2-xx Brakes	16-xx Data Readouts
3-xx Reference/Ramps	18-xx Info & Readouts
4-xx Limits/ Warnings	20-xx FC Closed Loop
5-xx Digital In/Out	21-xx Ext. Closed Loop
6-xx Analog In/Out	22-xx Application Functions
8-xx Comm. and Options	23-xx Time Based Functions
11-xx ADAP-KOOL Lon	24-xx Application Functions 2
13-xx Smart Logic Controller	25-xx Pack Controller
	26-xx Analog I/O Option MCB 109

28-xx Compressor Functions

6.2.1	0-** Operation and Display					
Par. No.	# Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during opera- tion	Conver- sion index	Type
0-0* Ba	sic Settings					
0-01	Language	[0] English	1 set-up	TRUE		Uint8
0-02	Motor Speed Unit	[1] Hz	2 set-ups	FALSE		Uint8
0-03	Regional Settings	[0] International	2 set-ups	FALSE		Uint8
0-04	Operating State at Power-up	[0] Resume	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
0-05	Local Mode Unit	[0] As Motor Speed Unit	2 set-ups	FALSE	·	Uint8
0-1* Se	t-up Operations			-		
0-10	Active Set-up	[1] Set-up 1	1 set-up	TRUE	1	Uint8
0-11	Programming Set-up	[9] Active Set-up	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
0-12	This Set-up Linked to	[0] Not linked	All set-ups	FALSE		Uint8
0-13	Readout: Linked Set-ups	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
0-14	Readout: Prog. Set-ups / Channel	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int32
0-2* LC	P Display			-		
0-20	Display Line 1.1 Small	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint16
0-21	Display Line 1.2 Small	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint16
0-22	Display Line 1.3 Small	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint16
0-23	Display Line 2 Large	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint16
0-24	Display Line 3 Large	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint16
0-25	My Personal Menu	ExpressionLimit	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Uint16
0-3* LC	P Custom Readout					
0-30	Custom Readout Unit	[1] %	All set-ups	TRUE	I	Uint8
0-31	Custom Readout Min Value	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int32
0-32	Custom Readout Max Value	100.00 CustomReadoutUnit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int32
0-37	Display Text 1	0 N/A	1 set-up	TRUE	0	VisStr[25]
0-38	Display Text 2	0 N/A	1 set-up	TRUE	0	VisStr[25]
0-39	Display Text 3	0 N/A	1 set-up	TRUE	0	VisStr[25]
0-4* LC	P Keypad					
0-40	[Hand on] Key on LCP	[1] Enabled	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
0-41	[Off] Key on LCP	[1] Enabled	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
0-42	[Auto on] Key on LCP	[1] Enabled	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
0-43	[Reset] Key on LCP	[1] Enabled	All set-ups	TRUE	ı	Uint8
0-44	[Off/Reset] Key on LCP	[1] Enabled	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
0-45	[Drive Bypass] Key on LCP	[1] Enabled	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
0-5* Co	py/ Save					
0-50	LCP Copy	[0] No copy	All set-ups	FALSE		Uint8
0-51	Set-up Copy	[0] No copy	All set-ups	FALSE		Uint8

6 How to Programme the Frequency Converter Danfoss

Par. No.	# Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during opera- tion	Conver- sion index	Type
0-6* Pas	ssword					
09-0	Main Menu Password	100 N/A	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Uint16
0-61	Access to Main Menu w/o Password	[0] Full access	1 set-up	TRUE	,	Uint8
0-65	Personal Menu Password	200 N/A	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Uint16
0-66	Access to Personal Menu w/o Password	[0] Full access	1 set-up	TRUE	ı	Uint8
0-7* Clo	ick Settings					
0-70	Set Date and Time	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	0	TimeOfDay
0-71	Date Format	null	1 set-up	TRUE	,	Uint8
0-72	Time Format	null	1 set-up	TRUE	ı	Uint8
0-74	DST/Summertime	[0] Off	1 set-up	TRUE		Uint8
0-76	DST/Summertime Start	ExpressionLimit	1 set-up	TRUE	0	TimeOfDay
0-77	DST/Summertime End	ExpressionLimit	1 set-up	TRUE	0	TimeOfDay
0-79	Clock Fault	[0] Disabled	1 set-up	TRUE	ı	Uint8
0-81	Working Days	null	1 set-up	TRUE		Uint8
0-82	Additional Working Days	ExpressionLimit	1 set-up	TRUE	0	TimeOfDay
0-83	Additional Non-Working Days	ExpressionLimit	1 set-up	TRUE	0	TimeOfDay
0-89	Date and Time Readout	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	VisStr[25]

Danfoss 6 How to Programme the Frequency Converter

6.2.2 1-** Load / Motor					
Par. No. # Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during opera- tion	Conver- sion index	Туре
1-0* General Settings					
1-00 Configuration Mode	null	All set-ups	TRUE	ı	Uint8
1-03 Torque Characteristics	[0] Compressor CT	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
1-2* Motor Data		:			
1-20 Motor Power [kW]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE		Uint32
1-21 Motor Power [HP]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	7-0	Uint32
1-22 Motor Voltage	Expression Limit	All set-ups	FALSE EALSE		OINTL6
	Expression Limit	All set-ups			
1 - Z4 MOUCI CUITEIN 1 - Z4 MOUCI CUITEIN		All set-ups		7 5	UINU3Z
1-25 Motor Nominal Speed	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	9/	
1-28 MOTOR ROTATION CHECK		All set-ups	FALSE EALSE		UINT8
1-23 Automiaut Mouri Aughauoni (Aria) 1-3* Adv. Motor Data		All set-ups	LALJE		01110
1-3 AUV. MOTOL Data 1-30 Ctatur Besistance (Bc)	Evoraccion1 imit	All cat-unc	EAI CE	4-	11int32
	Expression Limit	All set-ups		t Z	0111.02
1-31 KOUG RESISIAICE (KI) 1-25 Main Doadrand (Vh)	Expression Limit Expression Limit	All set-ups		ŧ 4	201110 11:0+27
	Expression Limit	All set-ups		F 9	UIIL32
1-30 II UI EUSS RESISTATICE (NIC) 1-30 Mathr Palles	Expression Limit Expression Limit	All set-ups All set-ups	FALSE FAISE	, c	Ullint8
1-5* Load Indep. Setting				,	0210
1-50 Motor Magnetisation at Zero Speed	100 %	All set-ups	TRUF	C	Llint16
1-51 Min Speed Normal Magnetising [RPM]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
1-52 Min Speed Normal Magnetising [Hz]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	÷	Uint16
1-6* Load Depen. Setting					
1-60 Low Speed Load Compensation	100 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int16
1-61 High Speed Load Compensation	100 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int16
1-62 Slip Compensation	0 %0	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int16
1-63 Slip Compensation Time Constant	0.10 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
1-64 Resonance Dampening	100 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
1-65 Resonance Dampening Time Constant	5 ms	All set-ups	TRUE	'n	Uint8
1-7* Start Adjustments					
1-71 Start Delay	00.0 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
1-72 Start Function	[2] Coast	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
1-73 Flying Start	[0] Disabled	All set-ups	FALSE	, (	Uint8
1-74 Start Speed [KPM]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	IRUE	, ,	UINT16
1-75 Start Speed [Hz]	Expression Limit	All set-ups	TDLE	- r	UINT16
1.77 Commercent Start May Shood [RPM]	Expression limit	All set-ups	TRIF	67	Unit 16
1-78 Compressor Start Max Speed [Hz]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	5 <del>-</del> -	Uint16
1-79 Compressor Start Max Time to Trip	5.0 s	All set-ups	TRUE	·	Uint8
1-8* Stop Adjustments		-			
1-80 Function at Stop	[0] Coast	All set-ups	TRUE	ı	Uint8
1-81 Min Speed for Function at Stop [RPM]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
1-82 Min Speed for Function at Stop [Hz]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint16
1-86 Compressor Min. Speed for Trip [RPM]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
1-87 Compressor Min. Speed for Trip [Hz]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
1-9* Motor Temperature					
1-90 Motor Thermal Protection	[0] No protection	All set-ups	TRUE	ı	Uint8
1-91 Motor External Fan	[0] No	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint 16
1-93 Thermistor Source	[0] None	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8

6

100

6.2.3 2	-** Brakes					
Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during opera- tion	Conver- sion index	Type
2-0* DC-B	Brake					
2-00	DC Hold/Preheat Current	50 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
2-01	DC Brake Current	50 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
2-02	DC Braking Time	10.0 s	All set-ups	TRUE	Ļ	Uint16
2-03	DC Brake Cut In Speed [RPM]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
2-04	DC Brake Cut In Speed [Hz]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
2-1* Brake	e Energy Funct.					
2-10	Brake Function	[0] Off	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
2-11	Brake Resistor (ohm)	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
2-12	Brake Power Limit (kW)	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
2-13	Brake Power Monitoring	[0] Off	All set-ups	TRUE	ı	Uint8
2-15	Brake Check	[0] Off	All set-ups	TRUE	1	Uint8
2-16	AC brake Max. Current	100.0 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint32
2-17	Over-voltage Control	[2] Enabled	All set-ups	TRUE	ı	Uint8

Par. No. # Parameter description     4-set-up       3-0* Reference Limits     4-set-ups       3-1< Reference SeconLimit     4-set-ups       3-1< Reference SeconLimit     4-set-ups       3-1< Reference SeconLimit     4-set-ups       3-1< Reference SeconCarte     0.00 %       3-1< Reference SeconCarte     0.00 %       3-1< Reference SeconCarte     1-set-ups       3-1< Reference Seconce     1-set-ups       3-1< Reference Seconce     1-set-ups       3-1< Reference Seconce     1-set-ups       3-2< Reference Seconce     1-set-ups       3-3< Reference Seconce     1-set-ups       3	It value 4-set-up sionLimit All set-ups Sum All set-ups Sum All set-ups sionLimit All set-ups sionLimit All set-ups 0 % All set-ups 0 % All set-ups 0 % All set-ups 0 % All set-ups function All set-ups sionLimit All set-ups sionLimit All set-ups sionLimit All set-ups	Change during opera- tion TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE	Conver- sion index - 3 - 3 - 1 - 1 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 	Type Int32 Int32 Uint32 Uint16 Uint8 Uint8 Uint8 Uint8 Uint8 Uint8
3-0*     Reference Limits     All set-ups       3-02     Minimum Reference     ExpressionLimit     All set-ups       3-03     Maximum Reference     In set-ups     In set-ups       3-04     Reference Function     In set-ups     In set-ups       3-03     Reference Function     In set-ups     In set-ups       3-11     Reference Site     0.00 %     All set-ups       3-13     Reference Site     0.00 %     All set-ups       3-14     Preset Reference Site     0.00 %     All set-ups       3-15     Reference Site     0.00 %     All set-ups       3-16     Reference Site     0.00 %     All set-ups       3-17     Reference Site     0.00 %     All set-ups       3-18     Reference Site     0.00 %     All set-ups       3-14     Reference Site     0.00 %     All set-ups       3-15     Reference Site     0.00 %     All set-ups       3-17     Reference Site     0.00 %     All set-ups       3-18     Reference Site     0.00 %     All set-ups       3-17     Jog Speed (RPM)     1.1     Analog input 53     All set-ups       3-18     Reference Site     0.00 %     All set-ups       3-19     Jog Speed (RPM)     1.1     All set-u	sionLimit All set-ups sionLimit All set-ups Sum All set-ups sionLimit All set-ups sionLimit All set-ups 0 March All set-ups 0 March All set-ups 1 pot.meter All set-ups sionLimit All set-ups sionLimit All set-ups sionLimit All set-ups	TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE		Int32 Int32 Uint8 Uint16 Uint8 Uint8 Uint8 Uint8 Uint8 Uint8
3-02     Minimum Reference     ExpressionLimit     All set-ups       3-03     Maximum Reference     ExpressionLimit     All set-ups       3-04     Reference     [0] Sum     All set-ups       3-1     Dog Speed [Hz]     All set-ups     All set-ups       3-1     Dog Speed [Hz]     All set-ups     All set-ups       3-1     Dog Speed [Hz]     All set-ups     All set-ups       3-13     Reference Site     0.00 %     All set-ups       3-14     Presst Reference     0.00 %     All set-ups       3-15     Reference Site     0.00 %     All set-ups       3-16     Reference Site     0.00 %     All set-ups       3-17     Reference Source     200 linked to Hand / Auto     All set-ups       3-18     Reference Source     200 linked to Hand / Auto     All set-ups       3-17     Reference Source     200 %     All set-ups       3-17     Reference Source     200 %     All set-ups       3-17     Reference Source     200 %     All set-ups       3-18     Reference Source     200 %     All set-ups       3-17     Reference Source     200 %     All set-ups       3-18     Reference Source     200 %     All set-ups       3-19     Dog Speed [RPM]	sionLimit All set-ups sionLimit All set-ups Sum All set-ups of All set-ups sionLimit All set-ups of all set-ups of prout 53 All set-ups function All set-ups function All set-ups function All set-ups sionLimit All set-ups sionLimit All set-ups	TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE		Int32 Int32 Uint8 Uint6 Uint8 Uint8 Uint8 Uint8 Uint8
3-03     Maximum Reference       3-04     Reference Function     (0) Sum     All set-ups       3-14     Reference     0.00 %     All set-ups       3-10     Preset Reference     0.00 %     All set-ups       3-11     Dog Speed [Hz]     All set-ups     All set-ups       3-13     Reference Site     0.00 %     All set-ups       3-14     Preset Relative Reference     All set-ups     All set-ups       3-15     Reference 1 Source     0.00 %     All set-ups       3-16     Reference 2 Source     2.00 %     All set-ups       3-17     Reference 2 Source     2.00 %     All set-ups       3-18     Reference 2 Source     2.01 No function     All set-ups       3-17     Reference 2 Source     2.01 No function     All set-ups       3-18     Reference 2 Source     2.01 No function     All set-ups       3-17     Reference 3 Source     2.01 No function     All set-ups       3-18     Reference 3 Source     2.01 No function     All set-ups       3-19     Jog Speed [RPM]     All set-ups     3.1       3-18     Ramp 1 Ramp Up Time     All set-ups     3.1       3-19     Jog Speed [RPM]     All set-ups     3.4       3-2     Ramp 1 Ramp Up Time     All set-up	sionLimit All set-ups Sum All set-ups 0 % All set-ups 0 % All set-ups 0 % All set-ups 1 set-ups 1 pot.meter All set-ups 1 pot.meter All set-ups 1 set-ups 1 set-ups 1 set-ups 1 set-ups 1 set-ups 1 set-ups	TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE	-3 2	Int32 Uint8 Uint16 Uint16 Uint8 Uint8 Uint8 Uint8
3.04       Reference Function       [0] Sum       All set-ups         3.1*       Preset Reference       0.00 %       All set-ups         3.11       Dog Speed [Hz]       All set-ups       All set-ups         3.13       Reference Site       0.00 %       All set-ups         3.13       Reference Site       All set-ups       All set-ups         3.14       Preset Relative Reference       0.00 %       All set-ups         3.15       Reference 1 Source       0.00 %       All set-ups         3.15       Reference 2 Source       [0] Linked to Hand / Auto       All set-ups         3.15       Reference 2 Source       [0] No function       All set-ups         3.16       Reference 2 Source       [0] No function       All set-ups         3.17       Reference 2 Source       [0] No function       All set-ups         3.18       Reference 2 Source       [0] No function       All set-ups         3.19       Jog Speed [RPM]       All set-ups       [0] No function       All set-ups         3.41       Ramp 1 Ramp Up Time       [1] Analog input 53       All set-ups         3.42       Ramp 1 Ramp Up Time       [20] No function       All set-ups         3.43       Ramp 1 Ramp Up Time       [20] No funct	Sum All set-ups 0 % All set-ups sionLimit All set-ups 0 % All set-ups 0 % All set-ups 1 pot.meter All set-ups function All set-ups sionLimit All set-ups sionLimit All set-ups	TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE		Uint8 Int16 Uint16 Uint8 Uint8 Uint8 Uint8 Uint16
3-1* References       0.00 %       All set-ups         3-10       Preset Reference       All set-ups         3-11       Jog Speed [Hz]       All set-ups         3-13       Reference Site       ExpressionLimit       All set-ups         3-14       Preset Reference       Image to Hand / Auto       All set-ups         3-15       Reference Site       0.00 %       All set-ups         3-16       Reference 2 Source       [1] Analog input 53       All set-ups         3-17       Reference 2 Source       [20] Digital potmeter       All set-ups         3-17       Reference 2 Source       [20] No function       All set-ups         3-17       Reference 2 Source       [20] No function       All set-ups         3-17       Reference 2 Source       [20] No function       All set-ups         3-17       Reference 2 Source       [20] No function       All set-ups         3-18       Reference 2 Source       [20] No function       All set-ups         3-17       Reference 3 Source       [20] No function       All set-ups         3-18       Ramp 1       [20] No function       All set-ups         3-19       Jog Speed [RPM]       [21] No function       All set-ups         3-18       Ramp 1 <td>0 % All set-ups sionLimit All set-ups of Hand / Auto All set-ups of a All set-ups of a All set-ups function All set-ups sionLimit All set-ups sionLimit All set-ups sionLimit All set-ups</td> <td>TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE</td> <td>-2 -1 -22 67</td> <td>Int16 Uint16 Uint8 Int32 Uint8 Uint8 Uint8 Uint16</td>	0 % All set-ups sionLimit All set-ups of Hand / Auto All set-ups of a All set-ups of a All set-ups function All set-ups sionLimit All set-ups sionLimit All set-ups sionLimit All set-ups	TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE	-2 -1 -22 67	Int16 Uint16 Uint8 Int32 Uint8 Uint8 Uint8 Uint16
3-10       Preset Reference       0.00 %       All set-ups         3-11       Jog Speed [Hz]       ExpressionLimit       All set-ups         3-13       Reference Site       ExpressionLimit       All set-ups         3-14       Preset Relative Reference       0.00 %       All set-ups         3-15       Reference 2 Source       11 Analog input 53       All set-ups         3-16       Reference 2 Source       2000 %       All set-ups         3-17       Reference 3 Source       2000       All set-ups         3-17       Reference 3 Source       2000 %       All set-ups         3-17       Reference 3 Source       201 No function       All set-ups         3-18       Reference 3 Source       3.00 %       All set-ups         3-17       Reference 3 Source       201 No function       All set-ups         3-18       Reference 3 Source       201 No function       All set-ups         3-17       Remp 1       Amp 1       All set-ups         3-18       Ramp 1       Amp 1       All set-ups         3-19       Jog Speed [RPM]       ExpressionLimit       All set-ups         3-18       Ramp 1 Ramp Up Time       ExpressionLimit       All set-ups         3-19       R	0 % All set-ups sionLimit All set-ups 0 Hand / Auto All set-ups 0 % All set-ups 9 input 53 All set-ups function All set-ups sionLimit All set-ups sionLimit All set-ups	TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE	-2 -1 2  67	Int16 Uint16 Uint8 Uint8 Uint8 Uint8 Uint16
3-11       Jog Speed [Hz]       All set-ups         3-13       Reference Site       All set-ups         3-14       Preset Relative Reference       All set-ups         3-15       Reference 1 Source       All set-ups         3-16       Reference 2 Source       All set-ups         3-17       Reference 2 Source       All set-ups         3-18       Reference 2 Source       All set-ups         3-17       Reference 3 Source       All set-ups         3-18       Reference 3 Source       All set-ups         3-17       Reference 3 Source       All set-ups         3-18       Reference 3 Source       All set-ups         3-17       Reference 3 Source       All set-ups         3-17       Reference 3 Source       All set-ups         3-18       Ramp 1       All set-ups         3-19       Jog Speed [RPM]       All set-ups         3-4       Ramp 1 Ramp Up Time       All set-ups         3-4       Ramp 1 Ramp Uown Time       All set-ups         3-5       Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time       All set-ups         3-5       Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time       All set-ups         3-5       Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time       All set-ups         3-5       Ramp	sionLimit All set-ups b Hand / Auto All set-ups 0 % All set-ups g input 53 All set-ups in pet.meter All set-ups function All set-ups sionLimit All set-ups sionLimit All set-ups	TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE	-1 -2 	Uint16 Uint8 Uint8 Uint8 Uint8 Uint16
3-13     Reference Site     [0] Linked to Hand / Auto     All set-ups       3-14     Preset Relative Reference     0.00 %     All set-ups       3-15     Reference 1 Source     [1] Analog input 53     All set-ups       3-16     Reference 2 Source     [0] No function     All set-ups       3-17     Reference 3 Source     [0] No function     All set-ups       3-18     Reference 3 Source     [0] No function     All set-ups       3-17     Reference 3 Source     [0] No function     All set-ups       3-18     Remp 1     [Ramp 1 Ramp Up Time     All set-ups       3-4     Ramp 1 Ramp Up Time     [StrussionLimit     All set-ups       3-4     Ramp 1 Ramp Up Time     [StrussionLimit     All set-ups       3-4     Ramp 1 Ramp Up Time     [StrussionLimit     All set-ups       3-5     Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time     [StrussionLimit     All set-ups       3-5     Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time     [StrussionLimit     All set-ups	o Hand / Auto All set-ups 0 % All set-ups 9 input 53 All set-ups function All set-ups function All set-ups sionLimit All set-ups sionLimit All set-ups	TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE	67	Uint8 Int32 Uint8 Uint8 Uint16 Uint16
3-14     Preset Relative Reference     0.00 %     All set-ups       3-15     Reference 1 Source     3.15     Reference 2 Source       3-16     Reference 3 Source     [1] Analog input 53     All set-ups       3-17     Reference 3 Source     [0] No function     All set-ups       3-18     Reference 3 Source     [0] No function     All set-ups       3-17     Jog Speed [RPM]     All set-ups     All set-ups       3-4     Ramp 1     Ramp 1 Ramp Up Time     All set-ups       3-4     Ramp 1 Ramp Up Time     All set-ups       3-4     Ramp 1 Ramp Up Time     All set-ups       3-4     Ramp 1 Ramp Vown Time     All set-ups       3-5     Ramp 2     Ramp 1 Ramp Lown Time     All set-ups	0 % All set-ups g input 53 All set-ups il pot.meter All set-ups function All set-ups sion.Limit All set-ups sion.Limit All set-ups	TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE	-2  67	Int32 Uint8 Uint8 Uint16 Uint16
3-15     Reference 1 Source     [1] Analog input 53     All set-ups       3-16     Reference 2 Source     All set-ups       3-17     Reference 2 Source     [20] Digital pot meter     All set-ups       3-19     Jog Speed [RPM]     All set-ups       3-4* Ramp 1     Speed [RPM]     All set-ups       3-4     Ramp 1     All set-ups       3-4     Ramp 1 Ramp Up Time     All set-ups       3-5     Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time     All set-ups       3-5     Ramp 2     FxnessionLimit     All set-ups	g input 53 All set-ups I pot.meter All set-ups function All set-ups sion.Limit All set-ups sion.Limit All set-ups sion.Limit All set-ups	TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE	67	Uint8 Uint8 Uint8 Uint16
3-16     Reference 2 Source     All set-ups       3-17     Reference 3 Source     All set-ups       3-19     Jog Speed [RPM]     All set-ups       3-4*     Ramp 1     All set-ups       3-4*     Ramp 1 Ramp Up Time     All set-ups       3-4*     Ramp 1 Ramp Up Time     All set-ups       3-4*     Ramp 1 Ramp Up Time     All set-ups       3-5*     Ramp 2 Ram 1 In Time     All set-ups	I pot.meter All set-ups function All set-ups sionLimit All set-ups sionLimit All set-ups sionLimit All set-ups	TRUE TRUE TRUE	67	Uint8 Uint8 Uint16
3-17     Reference 3 Source     2.19     100 function     All set-ups       3-19     Jog Speed [RPM]     All set-ups       3-4*     Ramp 1       3-4*     Ramp 1       3-41     Ramp 1 Ramp Up Time     All set-ups       3-5*     Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time     All set-ups       3-5*     Ramp 2 Ram 1 In Time     All set-ups	function All set-ups sionLimit All set-ups sionLimit All set-ups sionLimit All set-ups	TRUE TRUE	- 67	Uint8 Uint16
3-19         Jog Speed [RPM]         All set-ups           3-4* Ramp 1         3-4* Ramp 1         All set-ups           3-41         Ramp 1 Ramp Up Time         All set-ups           3-5* Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time         ExpressionLimit         All set-ups           3-5* Ramp 2         Ram 1 Ram Down Time         All set-ups	sionLimit All set-ups sionLimit All set-ups sionLimit All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
3-4* Ramp 1       3-4* Ramp 1       All set-ups         3-41       Ramp 1 Ramp Up Time       All set-ups         3-42       Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time       All set-ups         3-5* Ramp 2       FxmessionLimit       All set-ups         3-51       Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time       All set-ups	sionLimit All set-ups sionLimit All set-ups			
3-41         Ramp 1 Ramp Up Time         All set-ups           3-42         Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time         All set-ups           3-5*         Ramp 2         ExpressionLimit         All set-ups           3-51         Ramp 2         ExpressionLimit         All set-ups           3-51         Ramp 2         ExpressionLimit         All set-ups	sionLimit All set-ups sionLimit All set-ups			
3-42     Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time     All set-ups       3-5*     Ramp 2     ExpressionLimit     All set-ups       3-51     Ramn 2 Ramn 1 In Time     All set-ups	sionLimit All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-5* Ramp 2 3-51 Ramn 2 Ramn 1 In Time All set-Lins 2-51 Ramn 2 Ramn 1 In Time All set-Lins	_	TRUE	-2	Uint32
2-51 Ramn 2 Ramn 1 In Time All set-uns				
	sionLimit All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-52 Ramp 2 Ramp Down Time All set-ups	sionLimit All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-8* Other Ramps				
3-80 Jog Ramp Time All set-ups	sionLimit All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-81 Quick Stop Ramp Time 2 set-ups	sionLimit 2 set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-82 Starting Ramp Up Time 2 set-ups	sionLimit 2 set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-9* Digital Pot.Meter				
3-90 Step Size 0.10 % All set-ups	0 % All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
3-91 Ramp Time 1.00 s All set-ups	00 s All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-92 Power Restore [0] Off All set-ups	Off All set-ups	TRUE	•	Uint8
3-93 Maximum Limit 100 % All set-ups	0 % All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int16
3-94 Minimum Limit 0 % All set-ups	% All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int16
3-95 Ramp Delay all set-ups	0 N/A All set-ups	TRUE	ę.	TimD

2.1						
Par. No. #	# Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during opera- tion	Conver- sion index	Type
4-1* Mot	tor Limits					
4-10	Motor Speed Direction	[0] Clockwise	All set-ups	FALSE		Uint8
4-11	Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
4-12	Motor Speed Low Limit [Hz]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
4-13	Motor Speed High Limit [RPM]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
4-14	Motor Speed High Limit [Hz]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
4-16	Torque Limit Motor Mode	110.0 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
4-17	Torque Limit Generator Mode	100.0 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
4-18	Current Limit	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	Ļ	Uint32
4-19	Max Output Frequency	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	-1	Uint16
4-5* Adj.	. Warnings					
4-50	Warning Current Low	0.00 A	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
4-51	Warning Current High	ImaxVLT (P1637)	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
4-52	Warning Speed Low	0 RPM	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
4-53	Warning Speed High	outputSpeedHighLimit (P413)	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
4-54	Warning Reference Low	-999999.000 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	'n	Int32
4-55	Warning Reference High	A/N 000.999999	All set-ups	TRUE	'n	Int32
4-56	Warning Feedback Low -95	9999.000 ReferenceFeedbackUnit	All set-ups	TRUE	'n	Int32
4-57	Warning Feedback High 99	9999.000 ReferenceFeedbackUnit	All set-ups	TRUE	'n	Int32
4-58	Missing Motor Phase Function	[1] On	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
4-6* Spe	sed Bypass					
4-60	Bypass Speed From [RPM]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
4-61	Bypass Speed From [Hz]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
4-62	Bypass Speed To [RPM]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
4-63	Bypass Speed To [Hz]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
4-64	Semi-Auto Bypass Set-up	[0] Off	All set-ups	FALSE	ı	Uint8

6.2.5 4-\*\* Limits / Warnings

Danfoss 6 How to Programme the Frequency Converter

InterferenceCenterCenterTypeInterference $-4  \mathrm{etr}$ up	5-** Digital In / Out					
Internal (1)         Internal (1)<	arameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during opera- tion	Conver- sion index	Type
gial () Note         Cl) PP - Active at 24V         All sctups         FALSE         -         UmB           strind () Note         (0) Input         (0) Input         (1) Extups         TRUE         -         UmB           strind () Note         (0) Input         (1) Input         (1) Extups         TRUE         -         UmB           strind () Note         (1) Input         (1) Input         (1) Input         (1) Input         -         UmB           strind () Solid Input         (1) Note         (1) Note         (1) Note         (1) Note         -         UmB           strind () Solid Input         (1) Note         (1) Note         (1) Note         (1) Note         -         UmB           strind () Solid Input         (1) Note         (1) Note         (1) Note         (1) Note         -         UmB           strind () Solid Input         (1) Note         (1) Note         (1) Note         (1) Note         -         UmB           strind () Solid Input         (1) Note         (1) Note         (1) Note         (1) Note         -         UmB           strind () Solid Note         (1) Note         (1) Note         (1) Note         (1) Note         -         UmB           strind () Note         (1) Note <td>I/ O mode</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	I/ O mode					
immail 23 Mode         immail	igital I/O Mode	[0] PNP - Active at 24V	All set-ups	FALSE		Uint8
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	erminal 27 Mode	[0] Input	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
$\label{eq:constants} \equal the the the the the the the the the the$	erminal 29 Mode	[0] Input	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
mind 13 Digital front         (10) Reversion         (10) Reversion         (10) Reversion         (10) Reversion         (11) Reversion	Inputs					
	erminal 18 Digital Input	[8] Start	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
	erminal 19 Digital Input	[10] Reversing	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
aminal 32 Diglal Input         C[0] No operation         All secups         TRUE         -         Until secups           aminal 32 Diglal Input         [0] No operation         All secups         TRUE         -         Until secups           aminal 32 Diglal Input         [0] No operation         All secups         TRUE         -         Until secups           aminal 32 Diglal Input         [0] No operation         All secups         TRUE         -         Until secups           aminal X30/2 Diglal Input         [0] No operation         All secups         TRUE         -         Until secups           aminal X20/2 Diglal Input         [0] No operation         All secups         TRUE         -         Until secups           aminal X20/2 Diglal Output         [0] No operation         All secups         TRUE         -         Until secups           aminal X20/2 Diglal Output         [0] No operation         All secups         TRUE         -         Until secups           aminal X20/2 Diglal Output         [0] No operation         All secups         TRUE         -         Until secups           aminal X20/2 Diglal Output         [0] No operation         All secups         TRUE         -         Until secups           amix30/2 Diglal Output         [0] No operation         All se	erminal 27 Digital Input	null	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	erminal 29 Digital Input	[0] No operation	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
minil         33 Digtal Input         1         4         set-ups         TRUE         -         Units           armial 33 Digtal Input         (0) No operation         Al set-ups         TRUE         -         Units           armial X30/3 Digtal Input         (0) No operation         Al set-ups         TRUE         -         Units           armial X30/3 Digtal Input         (0) No operation         Al set-ups         TRUE         -         Units           armial X30/3 Digtal Input         (0) No operation         Al set-ups         TRUE         -         Units           armial X2 Digtal Output         (0) No operation         Al set-ups         TRUE         -         Units           armial X2 Digtal Output         (0) No operation         Al set-ups         TRUE         -         Units           armial X2 Digtal Output         (1) No operation         Al set-ups         TRUE         -         Units           armial X2 Digtal Output         (1) No operation         Al set-ups         TRUE         -         Units           armial X2 Digtal Output         (1) No operation         Al set-ups         TRUE         -         Units           armial X2 Digtal Output         (1) No operation         Al set-ups         TRUE         - <t< td=""><td>erminal 32 Digital Input</td><td>[39] Day/Night Control</td><td>All set-ups</td><td>TRUE</td><td>·</td><td>Uint8</td></t<>	erminal 32 Digital Input	[39] Day/Night Control	All set-ups	TRUE	·	Uint8
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	erminal 33 Digital Input	[0] No operation	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
	erminal X30/2 Digital Input	[0] No operation	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
minal X304 Digital Input         Instructor         Instructor     <	erminal X30/3 Digital Input	[0] No operation	All set-ups	TRUE	,	Uint8
DiputsDiputsTiminal 25 Digital OutputTiminal 26 Digital OutputTim	erminal X30/4 Digital Input	[0] No operation	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
minal 27 Digta Output         Inst-ups         TRUE         -         Umbs           serinal 27 Digta Output         (0) No operation         All set-ups         TRUE         -         Umbs           serinal 27 Digta Output         (0) No operation         All set-ups         TRUE         -         Umbs           serinal 27 Digta Output         (0) No operation         All set-ups         TRUE         -         Umbs           serinal 27 Digt Out (MCB 101)         (0) No operation         All set-ups         TRUE         -         Umbs           serinal 28 Digt Out (MCB 101)         (0) No operation         All set-ups         TRUE         -         Umbs           sering Predency         null         All set-ups         TRUE         -         Umbs           f Delay, Relay         0.01 s         All set-ups         TRUE         -         Umbs           f Delay, Relay         0.01 s         All set-ups         TRUE         -         Umbs           f Delay, Relay         0.01 s         All set-ups         TRUE         -         Umbs           f Delay, Relay         0.01 s         100 Hz         All set-ups         TRUE         -         Umbs           f Delay, Relay         0.01 s         100 Hz	Dutputs					
minal 29 Digital Output         MI set-ups         TRUE         -         Um8           mx X30/5 Dig Out (MCB 101)         (CB 101)         (D) No operation         All set-ups         TRUE         -         Um8           mx X30/5 Dig Out (MCB 101)         (D) No operation         All set-ups         TRUE         -         Um8           mx X30/5 Dig Out (MCB 101)         (D) No operation         All set-ups         TRUE         -         Um8           mx 10 belay, Relay         0.01 s         0.01 s         All set-ups         TRUE         -         Um8           mx 20 belay, Relay         0.01 s         0.01 s         All set-ups         TRUE         -         Um16           put         20 to Mrequency         0.01 s         All set-ups         TRUE         -         0.018           put         20 to Mrequency         0.01 k         All set-ups         TRUE         -         0.018           put         20 to Mrequency         0.01 k         All set-ups         TRUE         -         0.018           put         20 to Mrequency         0.01 k         All set-ups         TRUE         -         0.018           put         20 to Mrequency         100 HZ         All set-ups         TRUE         - <td>erminal 27 Digital Output</td> <td>[0] No operation</td> <td>All set-ups</td> <td>TRUE</td> <td></td> <td>Uint8</td>	erminal 27 Digital Output	[0] No operation	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	erminal 29 Digital Output	[0] No operation	All set-ups	TRUE	,	Uint8
$\label{eq:response} \mbox{TRUE} TR$	erm X30/6 Digi Out (MCB 101)	[0] No operation	All set-ups	TRUE	ı	Uint8
$\label{eq:relation} \mbox{relation} re$	:rm X30/7 Digi Out (MCB 101)	[0] No operation	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
Inction RelaynullAll set-upsTRUE-Uint8 $D elay, RelayTRUE0.01 s0.01 sAll set-upsTRUE-0Uint6T D elay, RelayTRUE0.01 s0.01 sAll set-upsTRUE-2Uint6T D elay, RelayTRUE0.01 sAll set-upsTRUE-2Uint6T D elay, RelayTRUE0.01 sAll set-upsTRUE00T T T = 100 HzAll set-upsTRUE00Uint32T T = 2 Low Frequency100 HzAll set-upsTRUE00Uint32T T = 2 Low Frequency100 HzAll set-upsTRUE-3Uint32T T = 2 Low Frequency100 HzAll set-upsTRUE-3Uint32T T = 3 Low Frequency100 HzAll set-upsTRUE-3Uint32T = 3 Low Frequency100 HzAll set-upsTR$						
n Delay, Relay         TRUE         -2         Uint16           F Delay, Relay         TRUE         -2         Uint16           F Delay, Relay         TRUE         -2         Uint16           F Delay, Relay         TRUE         -2         Uint16           Put	Inction Relay	null	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
Tolely, KelayTRUE-2Uint16putputnt-2Uint32putput-2Uint32putnt-2Uint32put-2Uint32-2put-2Uint32put-2-2put-2-2put-2-2put-2-2put-2-2put-2-2put-2-2put-2-2put-2-2put-2-2put-2<	ר Delay, Relay	0.01 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
put         Int32           rm. 29 Low Frequency         100 Hz         100 Hz         All set-ups         TRUE         0         Uint32           rm. 29 Low Frequency         100 Hz         All set-ups         TRUE         0         Uint32           rm. 29 Low Refrequency         100 Hz         All set-ups         TRUE         0         Uint32           rm. 29 Low Refrequency         100 Hz         All set-ups         TRUE         -3         Uint32           rm. 29 Ligh Ref./Feedb. Value         100 ms         All set-ups         TRUE         -3         Uint32           rm. 31 Low Frequency         All set-ups         TRUE         -3         Uint32           rm. 31 Low Frequency         100 Hz         All set-ups         TRUE         -3         Uint32           rm. 31 Low Frequency         100 Hz         All set-ups         TRUE         -3         Uint32           rm. 33 Ligh Frequency         100 Hz         All set-ups         TRUE         -3         Uint32           rm. 33 Ligh Ref./Feedb. Value         0.000 N/A         All set-ups         TRUE         -3         Uint32           rm. 31 Low Ref./Feedb. Value         0.000 N/A         All set-ups         TRUE         -3         Uint32	ff Delay, Relay	0.01 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
Errn. 29 Low Frequency       TRUE       0       Uint32         Errn. 29 Low Frequency       TRUE       0       Uint32         Errn. 29 Ligh Frequency       TRUE       0       Uint32         Errn. 29 Low Ref./Feedb. Value       100 Hz       All set-ups       TRUE       0       Uint32         Errn. 29 Low Ref./Feedb. Value       0.000 N/A       All set-ups       TRUE       -3       Int32         Errn. 29 Low Ref./Feedb. Value       100 ms       All set-ups       TRUE       -3       Uint32         Errn. 31 Ligh Ref./Feedb. Value       100 ms       All set-ups       TRUE       -3       Uint32         Errn. 33 Ligh Frequency       TRUE       0       Uint32       Misst-ups       TRUE       -3       Uint32         Errn. 33 Low Ref./Feedb. Value       100 Hz       All set-ups       TRUE       -3       Uint32         Errn. 33 Low Ref./Feedb. Value       0.000 N/A       All set-ups       TRUE       -3       Int32         Errn. 33 Low Ref./Feedb. Value       0.000 N/A       All set-ups       TRUE       -3       Int32         Errn. 33 Low Ref./Feedb. Value       0.000 N/A       All set-ups       TRUE       -3       Int32         Inf.       100 Hz       All set-ups	iput					
srm. 29 High Frequency     TRUE     0     Uint32       srm. 29 Low Ref./Feedb. Value     TRUE     0     Uint32       srm. 29 Low Ref./Feedb. Value     0.000 N/A     All set-ups     TRUE     -3     Int32       arm. 29 Ligh Ref./Feedb. Value     100.000 N/A     All set-ups     TRUE     -3     Uint32       arm. 29 High Ref./Feedb. Value     100 ms     All set-ups     TRUE     -3     Uint32       arm. 31 Ligh Frequency     100 ms     All set-ups     TRUE     0     Uint32       arm. 31 Ligh Frequency     100 Hz     All set-ups     TRUE     0     Uint32       arm. 31 Low Frequency     100 Hz     All set-ups     TRUE     -3     Uint32       arm. 31 Low Frequency     100 Hz     All set-ups     TRUE     -3     Uint32       arm. 31 Low Ref./Feedb. Value     0.000 N/A     All set-ups     TRUE     -3     Int32       arm. 33 High Ref./Feedb. Value     0.000 N/A     All set-ups     TRUE     -3     Int32       arm. 33 High Ref./Feedb. Value     0.000 N/A     All set-ups     -3     Int32       arm. 33 High Ref./Feedb. Value     0.000 N/A     All set-ups     -3     Int32       arm. 31 Ligh Time Constant #33     100 ms     All set-ups     -3     Int32	erm. 29 Low Frequency	100 Hz	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
srm. 29 Low Ref/Feedb. Value     0.000 N/A     All set-ups     TRUE     -3     Int32       rm. 29 Low Ref/Feedb. Value     100.000 N/A     All set-ups     TRUE     -3     Unit16       rm. 29 High Ref/Feedb. Value     100 ms     100 ms     All set-ups     TRUE     -3     Unit16       rm. 31 High Tequency     100 ms     100 ms     All set-ups     TRUE     0     Unit32       rm. 31 Ligh Ref/Feedb. Value     100 Hz     All set-ups     TRUE     0     Unit32       rm. 31 Ligh Fequency     100 Hz     All set-ups     TRUE     0     Unit32       rm. 31 Ligh Fequency     100 Hz     All set-ups     TRUE     -3     Unit32       rm. 31 Ligh Ref./Feedb. Value     0.000 N/A     All set-ups     TRUE     -3     Unit32       rm. 33 High Ref./Feedb. Value     0.000 N/A     All set-ups     TRUE     -3     Unit32       rm. 33 High Ref./Feedb. Value     0.000 N/A     All set-ups     TRUE     -3     Int32       rm. 31 High Ref./Feedb. Value     100 ms     All set-ups     TRUE     -3     Unit32       rm. 33 High Ref./Feedb. Value     100 ms     All set-ups     TRUE     -3     Unit32       rm. 33 High Ref./Feedb. Value     100 ms     All set-ups     TRUE     -3     Uni	erm. 29 High Frequency	100 Hz	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
arm. 29 High Ref./Feedb. Value     Int32       arm. 29 High Ref./Feedb. Value     100.000 N/A       alse Filter Time Constant #29     All set-ups       The Constant #29     All set-ups       FAILE     -3       The Constant #29     Unit16       arm. 33 Low Frequency     All set-ups       The Constant #29     100 Hz       All set-ups     TRUE       The Constant #29     0       The Constant #29     100 Hz       The Constant #33     100 Hz       The Constant #33     100 ms	erm. 29 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	0.000 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	'n	Int32
Jise Filter Time Constant #29         100 ms         100 ms         All set-ups         FALSE         -3         Unit16           erm. 33 Low Frequency         TRUE         0         Unit32         0 <td< td=""><td>erm. 29 High Ref./Feedb. Value</td><td>100.000 N/A</td><td>All set-ups</td><td>TRUE</td><td>'n</td><td>Int32</td></td<>	erm. 29 High Ref./Feedb. Value	100.000 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	'n	Int32
arm. 33 Low Frequency     100 Hz     All set-ups     TRUE     0     Uint32       erm. 33 High Frequency     100 Hz     All set-ups     TRUE     0     Uint32       erm. 33 High Frequency     31 Low Ref./Feedb. Value     0.000 N/A     All set-ups     TRUE     -3     Int32       erm. 33 High Ref./Feedb. Value     0.000 N/A     All set-ups     TRUE     -3     Int32       erm. 33 High Ref./Feedb. Value     100.000 N/A     All set-ups     TRUE     -3     Int32       Jis Filter Time Constant #33     100 ms     All set-ups     FALSE     -3     Uint16	ulse Filter Time Constant #29	100 ms	All set-ups	FALSE	'n	Uint16
Im. 33 High Frequency         Im. 33 High Frequency         Im. 33 High Frequency         Im. 32         Im. 33         Im. 32         Im. 32         Im. 32         Im. 33         Im. 33         Im. 32         Im. 33         Im. 32         Im. 32         Im. 33         Im. 34         Im. 32         Im. 33         Im. 33         Im. 33         Im. 33         Im. 32         Im. 32         Im. 32         Im. 33         Im. 33         Im. 33         Im. 32         Im. 32 <td>erm. 33 Low Frequency</td> <td>100 Hz</td> <td>All set-ups</td> <td>TRUE</td> <td>0</td> <td>Uint32</td>	erm. 33 Low Frequency	100 Hz	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
arm. 33 Low Ref./Feedb. Value         0.000 N/A         All set-ups         TRUE         -3         Int32           erm. 33 High Ref./Feedb. Value         100.000 N/A         All set-ups         TRUE         -3         Int32           ulse Filter Time Constant #33         100 ms         All set-ups         FALSE         -3         Uint16	erm. 33 High Frequency	100 Hz	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
Lam. 33 High Ref./Feedb. Value         IO0.000 N/A         All set-ups         TRUE         -3         Int32           Jise Filter Time Constant #33         Job ms         All set-ups         FALSE         -3         Uint16	erm. 33 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	0.000 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	'n	Int32
Jise Filter Time Constant #33 a Unint16 -3 Unint16	erm. 33 High Ref./Feedb. Value	100.000 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	'n	Int32
	<pre>Ilse Filter Time Constant #33</pre>	100 ms	All set-ups	FALSE	'n	Uint16

Par. No.	# Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during opera- tion	Conver- sion index	Type
5-6* Pu	ulse Output					
5-60	Terminal 27 Pulse Output Variable	[0] No operation	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
5-62	Pulse Output Max Freq #27	5000 Hz	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
5-63	Terminal 29 Pulse Output Variable	[0] No operation	All set-ups	TRUE	ı	Uint8
5-65	Pulse Output Max Freq #29	5000 Hz	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
5-66	Terminal X30/6 Pulse Output Variable	[0] No operation	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
5-68	Pulse Output Max Freg #X30/6	5000 Hz	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
5-9* Bu	is Controlled					
5-90	Digital & Relay Bus Control	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
5-93	Pulse Out #27 Bus Control	0.00 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	N2
5-94	Pulse Out #27 Timeout Preset	0.00 %	1 set-up	TRUE	-2	Uint16
5-95	Pulse Out #29 Bus Control	0.00 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	N2
5-96	Pulse Out #29 Timeout Preset	0.00 %	1 set-up	TRUE	-2	Uint16
5-97	Pulse Out #X30/6 Bus Control	0.00 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	N2
5-98	Pulse Out #X30/6 Timeout Preset	0.00 %	1 set-up	TRUE	-2	Uint16

6.2.7	6-** Analog In / Out				
Par. No.	# Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during opera- tion	Conver- sion index
6-0* An	talog I/ O Mode				
9-00	Live Zero Timeout Time	10 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0
6-01	Live Zero Timeout Function	[0] Off	All set-ups	TRUE	ı
6-02	Fire Mode Live Zero Timeout Function	[0] Off	All set-ups	TRUE	
6-1* An	nalog Input 53				
6-10	Terminal 53 Low Voltage	0.07 V	All set-ups	TRUE	-2
6-11	Terminal 53 High Voltage	10.00 V	All set-ups	TRUE	-2
6-12	Terminal 53 Low Current	4.00 mA	All set-ups	TRUE	'n
6-13	Terminal 53 High Current	20.00 mA	All set-ups	TRUE	'n
6-14	Terminal 53 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	0.000 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	'n
6-15	Terminal 53 High Ref./Feedb. Value	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	'n
6-16	Terminal 53 Filter Time Constant	0.001 s	All set-ups	TRUE	ή
6-17	Terminal 53 Live Zero	[1] Enabled	All set-ups	TRUE	ı
6-2* An	ialog Input 54				
6-20	Terminal 54 Low Voltage	0.07 V	All set-ups	TRUE	-2
6-21	Terminal 54 High Voltage	10.00 V	All set-ups	TRUE	-2
6-22	Terminal 54 Low Current	4.00 mA	All set-ups	TRUE	'n
6-23	Terminal 54 High Current	20.00 mA	All set-ups	TRUE	'n
6-24	Terminal 54 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	-1.000 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	'n
6-25	Terminal 54 High Ref./Feedb. Value	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	'n
6-26	Terminal 54 Filter Time Constant	0.001 s	All set-ups	TRUE	'n
6-27	Terminal 54 Live Zero	[1] Enabled	All set-ups	TRUE	ı
6-3* An	nalog Input X30/ 11				
6-30	Terminal X30/11 Low Voltage	0.07 V	All set-ups	TRUE	-2
6-31	Terminal X30/11 High Voltage	10.00 V	All set-ups	TRUE	-2
6-34	Term. X30/11 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	0.000 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	'n
6-35	Term. X30/11 High Ref./Feedb. Value	100.000 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	'n
6-36	Term. X30/11 Filter Time Constant	0.001 s	All set-ups	TRUE	ή
6-37	Term. X30/11 Live Zero	[1] Enabled	All set-ups	TRUE	
6-4* An	alog I nput X30/ 12				
6-40	Terminal X30/12 Low Voltage	0.07 V	All set-ups	TRUE	-2
6-41	Terminal X30/12 High Voltage	10.00 V	All set-ups	TRUE	-2
6-44	Term. X30/12 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	0.000 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	'n
6-45	Term. X30/12 High Ref./Feedb. Value	100.000 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	'n
6-46	Term. X30/12 Filter Time Constant	0.001 s	All set-ups	TRUE	'n
6-47	Term. X30/12 Live Zero	[1] Enabled	All set-ups	TRUE	ı

Type

Uint8 Uint8 Uint8

Int16 Int16 Int16 Int16 Int32 Int32 Uint16 Uint16

Int16 Int16 Int32 Int32 Uint16 Uint8

Int16 Int16 Int32 Int32 Uint16 Uint16

Int16 Int16 Int16 Int16 Int32 Uint16 Uint16

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during opera- tion	Conver- sion index	Type
6-5* Anal	log Output 42					
6-50	Terminal 42 Output	100] Output frequency	All set-ups	TRUE	•	Uint8
6-51	Terminal 42 Output Min Scale	0.00 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
6-52	Terminal 42 Output Max Scale	100.00 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
6-53	Terminal 42 Output Bus Control	0.00 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	N2
6-54	Terminal 42 Output Timeout Preset	0.00 %	1 set-up	TRUE	-2	Uint16
6-6* Anal	log Output X30/ 8					
6-60	Terminal X30/8 Output	[0] No operation	All set-ups	TRUE	1	Uint8
6-61	Terminal X30/8 Min. Scale	0.00 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
6-62	Terminal X30/8 Max. Scale	100.00 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
6-63	Terminal X30/8 Output Bus Control	0.00 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	N2
6-64	Terminal X30/8 Output Timeout Preset	0.00 %	1 set-up	TRUE	-2	Uint16

6.2.8 8	I-** Communication and Options					
Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during opera- tion	Conver- sion index	Type
8-0* Gene	eral Settings					
8-01	Control Site	null	All set-ups	TRUE	I	Uint8
8-02	Control Source	null	All set-ups	TRUE	·	Uint8
8-03	Control Timeout Time	ExpressionLimit	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint32
8-04	Control Timeout Function	[0] Off	1 set-up	TRUE	ı	Uint8
8-05	End-of-Timeout Function	[1] Resume set-up	1 set-up	TRUE	ı	Uint8
8-06	Reset Control Timeout	[0] Do not reset	All set-ups	TRUE	ı	Uint8
8-07	Diagnosis Trigger	[0] Disable	2 set-ups	TRUE	1	Uint8
8-1* Cont	rol Settings					
8-10	Control Profile	[0] FC profile	All set-ups	TRUE	•	Uint8
8-13	Configurable Status Word STW	[1] Profile Default	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
8-3* FC P(	brt Settings					
8-30	Protocol	[0] FC	1 set-up	TRUE		Uint8
8-31	Address	ExpressionLimit	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Uint8
8-32	Baud Rate	null	1 set-up	TRUE	·	Uint8
8-33	Parity / Stop Bits	null	1 set-up	TRUE		Uint8
8-35	Minimum Response Delay	ExpressionLimit	1 set-up	TRUE	'n	Uint16
8-36	Maximum Response Delay	ExpressionLimit	1 set-up	TRUE	'n	Uint16
8-37	Maximum Inter-Char Delay	ExpressionLimit	1 set-up	TRUE	ч	Uint16
8-4* Adv.	Protocol Set.					
8-40	Telegram Selection	[1] Standard telegram 1	2 set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
8-45	BTM Transaction Command	[0] Off	All set-ups	FALSE		Uint8
8-46	BTM Transaction Status	[0] Off	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
8-47	BTM Timeout	60 s	1 set-up	FALSE	0	Uint16
8-5* Digit	tal/ Bus					
8-50	Coasting Select	[3] Logic OR	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
8-52	DC Brake Select	[3] Logic OR	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
8-53	Start Select	[3] Logic OR	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
8-54	Reversing Select	null	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
8-55	Set-up Select	[3] Logic OR	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
8-56	Preset Reference Select	[3] Logic OR	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
8-7* BACr	net					
8-70	BACnet Device Instance	1 N/A	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Uint32
8-72	MS/TP Max Masters	127 N/A	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Uint8
8-73	MS/TP Max Info Frames	1 N/A	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Uint16
8-74	"I-Am" Service	[0] Send at power-up	1 set-up	TRUE	,	Uint8
8-75	Initialisation Password	ExpressionLimit	1 set-up	TRUE	0	VisStr[20]
8-8* FC P(	ort Diagnostics					
8-80	Bus Message Count	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
8-81	Bus Error Count	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
8-82	Slave Message Count	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
8-83	Slave Error Count	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
8-9* Bus.	Jog / Feedback					
8-90	Bus Jog 1 Speed	100 RPM	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
8-91	Bus Jog 2 Speed	200 RPM	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
8-94	Bus Feedback 1	0 N/A	1 set-up	TRUE	0	N2
8-95	Bus Feedback 2	0 N/A	1 set-up	TRUE	0	N2
8-96	Bus Feedback 3	0 N/A	1 set-up	TRUE	0	N2
						•
	description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during opera- tion	Conver- sion index	Type
---------------------	-------------	---------------	-------------	------------------------------	-----------------------	------------
11-2* LON Param. Ac	CCess					
11-21 Store Data	a Values	[0] Off	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
11-9* AK LonWorks						
11-90 AK Networ	'k Address	0 N/A	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Uint16
11-91 AK Service	Pin	[0] Off	1 set-up	TRUE		Uint8
11-98 Alarm Text		0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[32]
11-99 Alarm Stat	SIL	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint8

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during opera- tion	Conver- sion index	Type
13-0* SLC 5	Settings					
13-00	SL Controller Mode	null	2 set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
13-01	Start Event	null	2 set-ups	TRUE	,	Uint8
13-02	Stop Event	null	2 set-ups	TRUE	,	Uint8
13-03	Reset SLC	[0] Do not reset SLC	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
13-1* Comp	oarators					
13-10	Comparator Operand	null	2 set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
13-11 (	Comparator Operator	null	2 set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
13-12	Comparator Value	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	ċ	Int32
13-2* Time	ſS					
13-20	SL Controller Timer	ExpressionLimit	1 set-up	TRUE	ċ	TimD
13-4* Logic	; Rules					
13-40	Logic Rule Boolean 1	null	2 set-ups	TRUE	I	Uint8
13-41	Logic Rule Operator 1	null	2 set-ups	TRUE	ı	Uint8
13-42	Logic Rule Boolean 2	null	2 set-ups	TRUE	,	Uint8
13-43	Logic Rule Operator 2	null	2 set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
13-44	Logic Rule Boolean 3	null	2 set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
13-5* State	St					
13-51	SL Controller Event	null	2 set-ups	TRUE	,	Uint8
13-52	SL Controller Action	null	2 set-ups	TRUE	I	Uint8

6.2.10 13-\*\* Smart Logic Controller

Type Uint8	Uint8 Uint8	Uint8 Uint8 Uint16	Uint8 Uint8 Uint8 Uint8	Int32 Uint16 Uint16	Uint8 Uint8 Uint16 Uint16	Uint8 Uint8 Uint8 Uint8	Uint8 Uint8 Uint16
Conver- sion index		0		0 0 ņ	-0 0 0		0
Change during opera- tion TRUE	FALSE TRUE	TRUE TRUE TRUE	TRUE FALSE TRUE TRUE TRUE	TRUE FALSE FALSE	FALSE TRUE TRUE TRUE	FALSE TRUE FALSE	TRUE TRUE TRUE
4-set-up All set-ups All cet-ups	All set-ups All set-ups	All set-ups All set-ups All set-ups	All set-ups 2 set-ups All set-ups All set-ups All set-ups	All set-ups All set-ups All set-ups	All set-ups All set-ups All set-ups All set-ups	1 set-up All set-ups All set-ups 1 set-up	All set-ups All set-ups All set-ups
Default value	[1] On [0] Off	[0] Trip [0] Manual reset 10 s	[0] Normal operation null 60 s ExpressionLimit [0] No action	0 N/A 100 % 0.020 s	66 % 40 % 10 Hz ExpressionLimit	[1] On [0] Auto [1] Waming [0] No Filter	[0] Trip [0] Trip 95 %
<ul> <li>No. # Parameter description</li> <li>1 Inverter Switching</li> <li>Switching Fraction</li> </ul>	-01 Overmodulation -04 PWM Random -1* Mains On/ Off	-12 Function at Mains Imbalance -2* Reset Functions -20 Reset Mode -21 Automatic Restart Time	-22 Operation Mode -23 Typecode Setting -25 Trip Delay at Torque Limit -26 Trip Delay at Twetter Fault -28 Production Settings	<ul> <li>-29 Service Code</li> <li>-3* Current Limit Crrl.</li> <li>-30 Current Lim Ctrl, Proportional Gain</li> <li>-4* Energy Optimising</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>YT Level</li> <li>AEO Minimum Magnetisation</li> <li>Ainimum AEO Frequency</li> <li>Motor Cosphi</li> <li>Environment</li> </ol>	-50 RFI Filter -52 Fan Control -53 Fan Monitor -55 Output Filter -6* Auto Derate	<ul> <li>-60 Function at Over Temperature</li> <li>-61 Function at Inverter Overload</li> <li>-62 Inv. Overload Derate Current</li> </ul>

6.2.11 14-\*\* Special Functions

Г

Par. No. #	# Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during opera- tion	Conver- sion index	Type
15-0* Op	berating Data					
15-00	Operating Hours	0 h	All set-ups	FALSE	74	Uint32
15-01	Running Hours	0 h	All set-ups	FALSE	74	Uint32
15-02	kWh Counter	0 kWh	All set-ups	FALSE	75	Uint32
15-03	Power Up's	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
15-04	Over Temp's	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
15-05	Over Volt's	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
15-06	Reset kWh Counter	[0] Do not reset	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
15-07	Reset Running Hours Counter	[0] Do not reset	All set-ups	TRUE	,	Uint8
15-08	Number of Starts	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
15-1* Da	ata Log Settings					
15-10	Logging Source	0	2 set-ups	TRUE		Uint16
15-11	Logging Interval	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	'n	TimD
15-12	Trigger Event	[0] False	1 set-up	TRUE		Uint8
15-13	Logging Mode	[0] Log always	2 set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
15-14	Samples Before Trigger	50 N/A	2 set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
15-2* Hi	storic Log					
15-20	Historic Log: Event	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint8
15-21	Historic Log: Value	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
15-22	Historic Log: Time	0 ms	All set-ups	FALSE	'n	Uint32
15-23	Historic Log: Date and Time	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	0	TimeOfDay
15-3* Ali	arm Log					
15-30	Alarm Log: Error Code	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint8
15-31	Alarm Log: Value	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Int16
15-32	Alarm Log: Time	0 s	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
15-33	Alarm Log: Date and Time	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	0	TimeOfDay
15-34	Alarm Log: Status	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint8
15-35	Alarm Log: Alarm Text	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[32]
15-4* Dr	ive Identification					
15-40	FC Type	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[6]
15-41	Power Section	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[20]
15-42	Voltage	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[20]
15-43	Software Version	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[5]
15-44	Ordered Typecode String	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[40]
15-45	Actual Typecode String	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[40]
15-46	Frequency Converter Ordering No	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[8]
15-47	Power Card Ordering No	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[8]
15-48	LCP Id No	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[20]
15-49	SW ID Control Card	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[20]
15-50	SW ID Power Card	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[20]
15-51	Frequency Converter Serial Number	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[10]
15-53	Power Card Serial Number	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[19]

6.2.12 15-\*\* FCInformation

6 How to Programme the Frequency Converter Danfoss

Par. No.	# Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during opera- tion	Conver- sion index	Туре
15-6* C	Detion I dent					
15-60	Option Mounted	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[30]
15-61	Option SW Version	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[20]
15-62	Option Ordering No	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[8]
15-63	Option Serial No	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[18]
15-70	Option in Slot A	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[30]
15-71	Slot A Option SW Version	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[20]
15-72	Option in Slot B	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[30]
15-73	Slot B Option SW Version	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[20]
15-74	Option in Slot C0	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[30]
15-75	Slot C0 Option SW Version	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[20]
15-76	Option in Slot C1	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[30]
15-77	Slot C1 Option SW Version	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[20]
15-9* P	Parameter Info					
15-92	Defined Parameters	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
15-93	Modified Parameters	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
15-99	Parameter Metadata	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16

Danfoss 6 How to Programme the Frequency Converter

6.2.13	16-** Data Readouts					
Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during opera- tion	Conver- sion index	Type
16-0* Gen	eral Status					
16-00	Control Word	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	V2
16-01	Reference [Unit] 0.	00 ReferenceFeedbackUnit	All set-ups	FALSE	'n	Int32
16-02	Reference [%]	0.0 %	All set-ups	FALSE	÷	Int16
16-03	Status Word	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	V2
16-05	Main Actual Value [%]	0.00 %	All set-ups	FALSE	-2	N2
16-09	Custom Readout	).00 CustomReadoutUnit	All set-ups	FALSE	-2	Int32
16-1* Mot	or Status					
16-10	Power [kW]	0.00 kW	All set-ups	FALSE	1	Int32
16-11	Power [hp]	0.00 hp	All set-ups	FALSE	-2	Int32
16-12	Motor Voltage	0.0 V	All set-ups	FALSE	- -	Uint16
16-13	Frequency	0.0 Hz	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint16
16-14	Motor Current	0.00 A	All set-ups	FALSE	-2	Int32
16-15	Frequency [%]	0.00 %	All set-ups	FALSE	-2	N2
16-16	Torque [Nm]	0.0 Nm	All set-ups	FALSE	Ļ	Int16
16-17	Speed [RPM]	0 RPM	All set-ups	FALSE	67	Int32
16-18	Motor Thermal	0 %	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint8
16-22	Torque [%]	0 %	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Int16
16-3* Driv	e Status					
16-30	DC Link Voltage	0 \	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
16-32	Brake Energy /s	0.000 kW	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
16-33	Brake Energy /2 min	0.000 kW	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
16-34	Heatsink Temp.	0 °C	All set-ups	FALSE	100	Uint8
16-35	Inverter Thermal	0 %	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint8
16-36	Inv. Nom. Current	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	-2	Uint32
16-37	Inv. Max. Current	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	-2	Uint32
16-38	SL Controller State	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint8
16-39	Control Card Temp.	0 °C	All set-ups	FALSE	100	Uint8
16-40	Logging Buffer Full	[0] No	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
16-5* Ref.	. & Feedb.					
16-50	External Reference	0.0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Int16
16-52	Feedback [Unit]	0.000 ProcessCtrlUnit	All set-ups	FALSE	'n	Int32
16-53	Digi Pot Reference	0.00 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	-2	Int16
16-54	Feedback 1 [Unit]	0.000 ProcessCtrlUnit	All set-ups	FALSE	'n	Int32
16-55	Feedback 2 [Unit]	0.000 ProcessCtrlUnit	All set-ups	FALSE	'n	Int32
16-56	Feedback 3 [Unit]	0.000 ProcessCtrlUnit	All set-ups	FALSE	'n	Int32

0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         Untitle           0.000 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         -         -         Untitle           0.000 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         -         -         Untitle           0.000 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         -         -         -         Untitle           0.000 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         -	
0.00 Current         All set-ups         FLASE         - </td <td></td>	
[0] Current         All set-ups         FALSE         -         0         0           0.000 V(A         All set-ups         FALSE         -         3         Int16           0.000 V(A         All set-ups         FALSE         -         3         Int16           0.000 V(A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         0         Int16           0.000 V(A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         0         Int12           0.01         All set-ups         FALSE         0         0         Int22           0.000 V(A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         0         Int22           0.000 V(A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         0         V2           0.000 V(A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         V2           0.000 V(	
0.000 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         -3         Int32           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         -3         Int32           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         Int35           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         Int35           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         Int32           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         N           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         N           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         N	
0.000 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         -3         Int16           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         0         Int25           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         0         Int25           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         0         Int22           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         0         V1           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         0         V1           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         0         V2           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         0         V2           0 N/A         All set-ups	
0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         Int6           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         Int32           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         -3         Int32           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         N2           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         N2 <tr< td=""><td></td></tr<>	
0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         Im32           0.000 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         -3         Im43           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         -3         Im46           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         V2           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         V2	
0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         Im32           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         -3         Im32           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         V2           0	
0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         Im32           0 N/A         All set-ups         TRUE         0         Im32           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         Im32           0.000 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         Im32           0.000 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         -3         Im32           0.000 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         N2           0.000 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         N2           0.000 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         N2           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         N13	
0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         Inf32           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         Inf32           0 N/A         All set-ups         TRUE         0         Inf32           0 N/A         All set-ups         TRUE         0         Inf32           0 000 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         -3         Inf32           0.000 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         V           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         V	
0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         Int16           0 N/A         All set-ups         TRUE         0         Int32           0 N/A         All set-ups         TRUE         0         Int32           0 0.000 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         -3         Int32           0.000 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         V2           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         V1           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         U1	
0 N/A         All set-ups         TRUE         0         Int32           0 N/A         All set-ups         TRUE         0         Int32           0 000 N/A         All set-ups         TRUE         0         Int32           0 000 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         -3         Int32           0 000 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         -3         Int32           0 000 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         -3         Int32           0 0/A         All set-ups         FALSE         -3         Int32           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         V2           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         V1           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         U10732 <tr< td=""><td></td></tr<>	
0 N/A         All set-ups         TRUE         0         Inf32           0.000 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         -3         Inf32           0.000 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         V2           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         Unt32           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         Unt32      <	
0.000 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         -3         Inf32           0.000 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         -3         Inf32           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         V2         -3         Inf32           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         V2         -4         V2           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         V2         -4         V2           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         0         V2         -4           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         0         V2           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         0         V1           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         0         0           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         0         0 <td< td=""><td></td></td<>	
0.000 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         -3         Int32           0.000 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         -3         Int32           0.000 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         -3         Int32           0.000 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         V2           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         V1           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         V1           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         UInt32           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         UInt32           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         UInt32           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         UInt32      <	
0.000 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         -3         Int16           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         V2           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         V1           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         U1032           0 N/A	
0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         V2           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         V1           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         V1           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         Untr32           0 N/	
0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         V2           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         V1           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         UInt32	
0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         N2           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         V2           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         Untr32	
0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         V2           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         V1           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         Uint32           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         Uint32      0	
0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         V2           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         N2           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         N2           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         Unt32	
0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         N2           0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         Unt32	
0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         Uint32	
0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         Uint32	
0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         Uint32	
0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         Uint32	
0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         Uint32	
0 N/A         All set-ups         FALSE         0         Uint32	
0 N/A All set-ups FALSE 0 Uint32 0 N/A All set-ups FALSE 0 Uint32	
0 N/A All set-ups FALSE 0 Uint32	

6.2.14 1	8-** Info & Readouts					
Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during opera- tion	Conver- sion index	Type
18-0* Maint	tenance Log					
18-00	Maintenance Log: Item	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint8
18-01	Maintenance Log: Action	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint8
18-02	Maintenance Log: Time	0 s	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
18-03	Maintenance Log: Date and Time	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	0	TimeOfDay
18-1* Fire N	Mode Log					
18-10	Fire Mode Log: Event	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint8
18-11	Fire Mode Log: Time	0 s	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
18-12	Fire Mode Log: Date and Time	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	0	TimeOfDay
18-3* Input	ts & Outputs					
18-30	Analog Input X42/1	0.000 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	'n	Int32
18-31	Analog Input X42/3	0.000 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	'n	Int32
18-32	Analog Input X42/5	0.000 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	'n	Int32
18-33	Analog Out X42/7 [V]	0.000 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	'n	Int16
18-34	Analog Out X42/9 [V]	0.000 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	'n	Int16
18-35	Analog Out X42/11 [V]	0.000 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	ų.	Int16

6.2.1	5 20-** FC Closed Loop					
Par. No	# Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during opera- tion	Conver- sion index	Type
20-0*	-eedback					
20-00	Feedback 1 Source	[2] Analog input 54	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
20-01	Feedback 1 Conversion	[2] Pressure to temperature	All set-ups	FALSE		Uint8
20-02	Feedback 1 Source Unit	null	All set-ups	TRUE	I	Uint8
20-03	Feedback 2 Source	[0] No function	All set-ups	TRUE	ı	Uint8
20-04	Feedback 2 Conversion	[0] Linear	All set-ups	FALSE	I	Uint8
20-05	Feedback 2 Source Unit	null	All set-ups	TRUE	ı	Uint8
20-06	Feedback 3 Source	[0] No function	All set-ups	TRUE	I	Uint8
20-07	Feedback 3 Conversion	[0] Linear	All set-ups	FALSE	ı	Uint8
20-08	Feedback 3 Source Unit	null	All set-ups	TRUE	ı	Uint8
20-12	Reference/Feedback Unit	null	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
20-2*	-eedback/ Setpoint					
20-20	Feedback Function	[3] Minimum	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
20-21	Setpoint 1	0 ProcessCtrlUnit	All set-ups	TRUE	'n	Int32
20-22	Setpoint 2	0.000 ProcessCtrlUnit	All set-ups	TRUE	'n	Int32
20-23	Setpoint 3	0.000 ProcessCtr/Unit	All set-ups	TRUE	'n	Int32
20-25	Setpoint Type	null	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
20-3*	-eedback Adv. Conv					
20-30	Refrigerant	[19] R404A	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
20-31	User Defined Refrigerant A1	10.0000 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	4	Uint32
20-32	User Defined Refrigerant A2	-2250.00 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int32
20-33	User Defined Refrigerant A3	250.000 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	'n	Uint32
20-4*	Thermostat/ Pressostat					
20-40	Thermostat/Pressostat Function	null	All set-ups	FALSE		Uint8
20-41	Cut-out Value	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	'n	Int32
20-42	Cut-in Value	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	'n	Int32
20-7*	PID Autotuning					
20-70	Closed Loop Type	[0] Auto	2 set-ups	TRUE	ı	Uint8
20-71	PID Performance	[0] Normal	2 set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
20-72	PID Output Change	0.10 N/A	2 set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
20-73	Minimum Feedback Level	-999999.000 ProcessCtrlUnit	2 set-ups	TRUE	'n	Int32
20-74	Maximum Feedback Level	999999.000 ProcessCtrlUnit	2 set-ups	TRUE	'n	Int32
20-79	PID Autotuning	[0] Disabled	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
20-8*	PID Basic Settings					
20-81	PID Normal/ Inverse Control	[1] Inverse	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
20-82	PID Start Speed [RPM]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
20-83	PID Start Speed [Hz]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	Ļ	Uint16
20-84	On Reference Bandwidth	5 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
20-9*	PID Controller					
20-91	PID Anti Windup	[1] On	All set-ups	TRUE	I	Uint8
20-93	PID Proportional Gain	0.50 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
20-94	PID Integral Time	30.00 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
20-95	PID Differentiation Time	0.00 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
20-96	PID Diff. Gain Limit	5.0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	Ļ	Uint16

 $\mathsf{MG.11.01.02}$  -  $\mathsf{ADAP}\text{-}\mathsf{KOOL}^{\circledast}$  is a registered Danfoss trademark

6.2.16	21-** Ext. Closed Loop					
Par. No.	# Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during opera- tion	Conver- sion index	Type
21-0* Ex	<ol> <li>CL Autotuning</li> </ol>					
21-00	Closed Loop Type	[0] Auto	2 set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
21-01	PID Performance	[0] Normal	2 set-ups	TRUE	,	Uint8
21-02	PID Output Change	0.10 N/A	2 set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
21-03	Minimum Feedback Level	A/N 000 999999.000 N/A	2 set-ups	TRUE	'n	Int32
21-04	Maximum Feedback Level	A/N 000 999999.000 N/A	2 set-ups	TRUE	'n	Int32
21-09	PID Autotuning	[0] Disabled	All set-ups	TRUE	,	Uint8
21-1* Ex	ct. CL 1 Ref./ Fb.					
21-10	Ext. 1 Ref./Feedback Unit	[1] %	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
21-11	Ext. 1 Minimum Reference	0.000 ExtPID1Unit	All set-ups	TRUE	'n	Int32
21-12	Ext. 1 Maximum Reference	00.000 ExtPID1Unit	All set-ups	TRUE	'n	Int32
21-13	Ext. 1 Reference Source	[0] No function	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
21-14	Ext. 1 Feedback Source	[0] No function	All set-ups	TRUE	,	Uint8
21-15	Ext. 1 Setpoint	0.000 ExtPID1Unit	All set-ups	TRUE	'n	Int32
21-17	Ext. 1 Reference [Unit]	0.000 ExtPID1Unit	All set-ups	TRUE	'n	Int32
21-18	Ext. 1 Feedback [Unit]	0.000 ExtPID1Unit	All set-ups	TRUE	'n	Int32
21-19	Ext. 1 Output [%]	0 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int32
21-2* Ex	kt. CL 1 PID					
21-20	Ext. 1 Normal/Inverse Control	[0] Normal	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
21-21	Ext. 1 Proportional Gain	0.01 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
21-22	Ext. 1 Integral Time	10000.00 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
21-23	Ext. 1 Differentation Time	0.00 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
21-24	Ext. 1 Dif. Gain Limit	5.0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	Ļ	Uint16
21-3* Ex	<ol> <li>CL 2 Ref./ Fb.</li> </ol>					
21-30	Ext. 2 Ref./Feedback Unit	[1] %	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
21-31	Ext. 2 Minimum Reference	0.000 ExtPID2Unit	All set-ups	TRUE	'n	Int32
21-32	Ext. 2 Maximum Reference	00.000 ExtPID2Unit	All set-ups	TRUE	'n	Int32
21-33	Ext. 2 Reference Source	[0] No function	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
21-34	Ext. 2 Feedback Source	[0] No function	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
21-35	Ext. 2 Setpoint	0.000 ExtPID2Unit	All set-ups	TRUE	'n	Int32
21-37	Ext. 2 Reference [Unit]	0.000 ExtPID2Unit	All set-ups	TRUE	'n	Int32
21-38	Ext. 2 Feedback [Unit]	0.000 ExtPID2Unit	All set-ups	TRUE	'n	Int32
21-39	Ext. 2 Output [%]	0 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int32
21-4* Ex	(t. CL 2 PID					
21-40	Ext. 2 Normal/Inverse Control	[0] Normal	All set-ups	TRUE	1	Uint8
21-41	Ext. 2 Proportional Gain	0.01 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
21-42	Ext. 2 Integral Time	10000.00 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
21-43	Ext. 2 Differentation Time	0.00 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
21-44	Ext. 2 Dif. Gain Limit	5.0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	Ļ	Uint16

 $\mathsf{ADAP}\text{-}\mathsf{KOOL}^{\texttt{®}}$  Drive AKD 102 High Power

Par. No. ≉	# Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during opera- tion	Conver- sion index	Type
21-5* Ex	kt. CL 3 Ref./ Fb.					
21-50	Ext. 3 Ref./Feedback Unit	[1] %	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
21-51	Ext. 3 Minimum Reference	0.000 ExtPID3Unit	All set-ups	TRUE	'n	Int32
21-52	Ext. 3 Maximum Reference	100.000 ExtPID3Unit	All set-ups	TRUE	'n	Int32
21-53	Ext. 3 Reference Source	[0] No function	All set-ups	TRUE	ı	Uint8
21-54	Ext. 3 Feedback Source	[0] No function	All set-ups	TRUE	·	Uint8
21-55	Ext. 3 Setpoint	0.000 ExtPID3Unit	All set-ups	TRUE	'n	Int32
21-57	Ext. 3 Reference [Unit]	0.000 ExtPID3Unit	All set-ups	TRUE	'n	Int32
21-58	Ext. 3 Feedback [Unit]	0.000 ExtPID3Unit	All set-ups	TRUE	'n	Int32
21-59	Ext. 3 Output [%]	0 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int32
21-6* Ex	kt. CL 3 PI D					
21-60	Ext. 3 Normal/Inverse Control	[0] Normal	All set-ups	TRUE	ı	Uint8
21-61	Ext. 3 Proportional Gain	0.01 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
21-62	Ext. 3 Integral Time	10000.00 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
21-63	Ext. 3 Differentation Time	0.00 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
21-64	Ext. 3 Dif. Gain Limit	5.0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16

						ſ
Par. No.	# Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during opera- tion	Conver- sion index	Туре
22-0* M	liscellaneous					
22-00	External Interlock Delay	0 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
22-2* N	lo-Flow Detection					
22-20	Low Power Auto Set-up	[0] Off	All set-ups	FALSE		Uint8
22-21	Low Power Detection	[0] Disabled	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
22-22	Low Speed Detection	[0] Disabled	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
22-23	No-Flow Function	[0] Off	All set-ups	TRUE	,	Uint8
22-24	No-Flow Delay	10 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
22-26	Dry Pump Function	[0] Off	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
22-27	Dry Pump Delay	10 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
22-3* N	lo-Flow Power Tuning					
22-30	No-Flow Power	0.00 kW	All set-ups	TRUE	1	Uint32
22-31	Power Correction Factor	100 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
22-32	Low Speed [RPM]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
22-33	Low Speed [Hz]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
22-34	Low Speed Power [kW]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	1	Uint32
22-35	Low Speed Power [HP]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
22-36	High Speed [RPM]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
22-37	High Speed [Hz]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
22-38	High Speed Power [kW]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	1	Uint32
22-39	High Speed Power [HP]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
22-4* S	Neep Mode					
22-40	Minimum Run Time	10 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
22-41	Minimum Sleep Time	10 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
22-42	Wake-up Speed [RPM]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
22-43	Wake-up Speed [Hz]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
22-44	Wake-up Ref./FB Difference	10 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int8
22-45	Setpoint Boost	0 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int8
22-46	Maximum Boost Time	60 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
22-5* E	ind of Curve					
22-50	End of Curve Function	[0] Off	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
22-51	End of Curve Delay	10 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
22-6* B	troken Belt Detection					
22-60	Broken Belt Function	[0] Off	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
22-61	Broken Belt Torque	10 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
22-62	Broken Belt Delay	10 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
22-7* S	short Cycle Protection					
22-75	Short Cycle Protection	[0] Disabled	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
22-76	Interval between Starts	300 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
22-77	Minimum Run Time	0 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
						•

6.2.17 22-\*\* Application Functions

6 How to Programme the Frequency Converter Danfoss

Par. No.	# Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during opera- tion	Conver- sion index	Type
22-8* F	low Compensation					
22-80	Flow Compensation	[0] Disabled	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
22-81	Square-linear Curve Approximation	100 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
22-82	Work Point Calculation	[0] Disabled	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
22-83	Speed at No-Flow [RPM]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
22-84	Speed at No-Flow [Hz]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	Ļ	Uint16
22-85	Speed at Design Point [RPM]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
22-86	Speed at Design Point [Hz]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	Ļ	Uint16
22-87	Pressure at No-Flow Speed	0.000 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	'n	Int32
22-88	Pressure at Rated Speed	A/N 000.099999.000	All set-ups	TRUE	'n	Int32
22-89	Flow at Design Point	0.000 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	'n	Int32
22-90	Flow at Rated Speed	0.000 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32

Danfoss 6 How to Programme the Frequency Converter

0.4.0						
Par. No.	# Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during opera- tion	Conver- sion index	Type
23-0* Ti	med Actions					
						TimeOfDay-
23-00	ON Time	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	0	WoDate
23-01	ON Action	[0] Disabled	2 set-ups	TRUE	,	Uint8
						TimeOfDay-
23-02	OFF Time	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	0	WoDate
23-03	OFF Action	[0] Disabled	2 set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
23-04	Occurrence	[0] All days	2 set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
23-1* M	aintenance					
23-10	Maintenance Item	[1] Motor bearings	1 set-up	TRUE		Uint8
23-11	Maintenance Action	[1] Lubricate	1 set-up	TRUE		Uint8
23-12	Maintenance Time Base	[0] Disabled	1 set-up	TRUE	ı	Uint8
23-13	Maintenance Time Interval	1 h	1 set-up	TRUE	74	Uint32
23-14	Maintenance Date and Time	ExpressionLimit	1 set-up	TRUE	0	TimeOfDay
23-1* M	aintenance Reset					
23-15	Reset Maintenance Word	[0] Do not reset	All set-ups	TRUE	•	Uint8
23-5* Er	nergy Log					
23-50	Energy Log Resolution	[5] Last 24 Hours	2 set-ups	TRUE	ı	Uint8
23-51	Period Start	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	0	TimeOfDay
23-53	Energy Log	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
23-54	Reset Energy Log	[0] Do not reset	All set-ups	TRUE	ı	Uint8
23-6* Tr	rending					
23-60	Trend Variable	[0] Power [kW]	2 set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
23-61	Continuous Bin Data	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
23-62	Timed Bin Data	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
23-63	Timed Period Start	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	0	TimeOfDay
23-64	Timed Period Stop	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	0	TimeOfDay
23-65	Minimum Bin Value	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
23-66	Reset Continuous Bin Data	[0] Do not reset	All set-ups	TRUE	ı	Uint8
23-67	Reset Timed Bin Data	[0] Do not reset	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
23-8* Pé	ayback Counter					
23-80	Power Reference Factor	100 %	2 set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
23-81	Energy Cost	1.00 N/A	2 set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
23-82	Investment	0 N/A	2 set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
23-83	Energy Savings	0 kWh	All set-ups	TRUE	75	Int32
23-84	Cost Savings	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int32

6.2.18 23-\*\* Time Based Funtions

0.1.0						
Par. No.	# Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during opera-	Conver-	Type
				CIOI I	SIULI ILIUEX	
25-0* Sy	ystem Settings					
25-00	Pack Controller	[0] Disabled	2 set-ups	FALSE	,	Uint8
25-04	Compressor Cycling	[0] Disabled	All set-ups	TRUE	,	Uint8
25-06	Number of Compressors	2 N/A	2 set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint8
25-2* Zo	one Settings					
25-20	Neutral Zone [unit]	4.00 ReferenceFeedbackUnit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
25-21	+ Zone [unit]	3.00 ReferenceFeedbackUnit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
25-22	- Zone [unit]	3.00 ReferenceFeedbackUnit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
25-23	Fixed Speed neutral Zone [unit]	4.00 ReferenceFeedbackUnit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
25-24	+ Zone Delay	120 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
25-25	- Zone Delay	60 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
25-26	++ Zone Delay	60 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
25-27	Zone Delay	30 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
25-3* St	taging Functions					
25-30	Destage At No-Flow	[0] Disabled	All set-ups	TRUE	,	Uint8
25-31	Stage Function	[0] Disabled	All set-ups	TRUE	,	Uint8
25-32	Stage Function Time	15 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
25-33	Destage Function	[0] Disabled	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
25-34	Destage Function Time	15 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
25-4* St	taging Settings					
25-40	Ramp Down Delay	10.0 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint16
25-41	Ramp Up Delay	2.0 s	All set-ups	TRUE	Ļ	Uint16
25-42	Staging Threshold	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
25-43	Destaging Threshold	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
25-44	Staging Speed [RPM]	0 RPM	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
25-45	Staging Speed [Hz]	0.0 Hz	All set-ups	TRUE	Ļ	Uint16
25-46	Destaging Speed [RPM]	0 RPM	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
25-47	Destaging Speed [Hz]	0.0 Hz	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16

6.2.19 25-\*\* Pack Controller

Danfoss 6 How to Programme the Frequency Converter

Par. No. # Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during opera- tion	Conver- sion index	Type
25-8* Status	0		-		
25-80 Pack Status	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	VisStr[25]
25-81 Compressor Status	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	VisStr[25]
25-82 Lead Compressor	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
25-83 Relay Status	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	VisStr[4]
25-84 Compressor ON Time	0 h	All set-ups	TRUE	74	Uint32
25-85 Relay ON Time	0 h	All set-ups	TRUE	74	Uint32
25-86 Reset Relay Counters	[0] Do not reset	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
25-87 Inverse Interlock	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
25-9* Service					
25-90 Compressor Interlock	[0] Off	All set-ups	TRUE	I	Uint8
25-91 Manual Alternation	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8

6 How to Programme the Frequency Converter Danfoss

Par. No. # Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during opera- tion	Conver- sion index	Type
26-0* Analog I/ O Mode					
26-00 Terminal X42/1 Mode	[1] Voltage	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
26-01 Terminal X42/3 Mode	[1] Voltage	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
26-02 Terminal X42/5 Mode	[1] Voltage	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
26-1* Analog Input X42/1		-			
26-10 Terminal X42/1 Low Voltage	0.07 V	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
26-11 Terminal X42/1 High Voltage	10.00 V	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
26-14 Term. X42/1 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	0.000 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	'n	Int32
26-15 Term. X42/1 High Ref. /Feedb. Value	100.000 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	'n	Int32
26-16 Term. X42/1 Filter Time Constant	0.001 s	All set-ups	TRUE	'n	Uint16
26-17 Term. X42/1 Live Zero	[1] Enabled	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
26-2* Analog Input X42/3					
26-20 Terminal X42/3 Low Voltage	0.07 V	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
26-21 Terminal X42/3 High Voltage	10.00 V	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
26-24 Term. X42/3 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	0.000 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	'n	Int32
26-25 Term. X42/3 High Ref./Feedb. Value	100.000 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	'n	Int32
26-26 Term. X42/3 Filter Time Constant	0.001 s	All set-ups	TRUE	'n	Uint16
26-27 Term. X42/3 Live Zero	[1] Enabled	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
26-3* Analog Input X42/5					
26-30 Terminal X42/5 Low Voltage	0.07 V	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
26-31 Terminal X42/5 High Voltage	10.00 V	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
26-34 Term. X42/5 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	0.000 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	'n	Int32
26-35 Term. X42/5 High Ref./Feedb. Value	100.000 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	'n	Int32
26-36 Term. X42/5 Filter Time Constant	0.001 s	All set-ups	TRUE	'n	Uint16
26-37 Term. X42/5 Live Zero	[1] Enabled	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
26-4* Analog Out X42/7					
26-40 Terminal X42/7 Output	[0] No operation	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
26-41 Terminal X42/7 Min. Scale	0.00 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
26-42 Terminal X42/7 Max. Scale	100.00 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
26-43 Terminal X42/7 Bus Control	0.00 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	N2
26-44 Terminal X42/7 Timeout Preset	0.00 %	1 set-up	TRUE	-2	Uint16
26-5* Analog Out X42/9					
26-50 Terminal X42/9 Output	[0] No operation	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
26-51 Terminal X42/9 Min. Scale	0.00 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
26-52 Terminal X42/9 Max. Scale	100.00 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
26-53 Terminal X42/9 Bus Control	0.00 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	N2
26-54 Terminal X42/9 Timeout Preset	0.00 %	1 set-up	TRUE	-2	Uint16
26-6* Analog Out X42/11					
26-60 Terminal X42/11 Output	[0] No operation	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
26-61 Terminal X42/11 Min. Scale	0.00 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
26-62 Terminal X42/11 Max. Scale	100.00 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
26-63 Terminal X42/11 Bus Control	0.00 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	N2
26-64 Terminal X42/11 Timeout Preset	0.00 %	1 set-up	TRUE	-2	Uint16

6.2.20 26-\*\* Analog I / O Option MCB 109

6.2.21 28-** Cor	npressor Functions					
Par. No. # Parameter des	cription	Default value	4-set-up	Change during opera- tion	Conver- sion index	Type
28-2* Discharge Tempe	rature Monitor					
28-20 Temperature S	Source	[0] None	All set-ups	FALSE	•	Uint8
28-21 Temperature I	Jnit	[60] °C	All set-ups	FALSE	,	Uint8
28-24 Warning Level		130 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
28-25 Warning Actio		[1] Decrease cooling	All set-ups	FALSE	ı	Uint8
28-26 Emergency Le	vel	145 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
28-27 Discharge Ten	iperature	0 DTM_ReadoutUnit	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int32
28-7* Day/ Night Setting	ß					
28-71 Day/Night Bus	Indicator	[0] Day	All set-ups	TRUE	•	Uint8
28-72 Enable Day/Ni	ght Via Bus	[0] Disabled	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
28-73 Night Setback	0.0	000 ReferenceFeedbackUnit	All set-ups	TRUE	'n	Int32
28-74 Night Speed D	rop [RPM]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
28-75 Night Speed D	rrop Override	0.000 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	'n	Int32
28-76 Night Speed D	rop [Hz]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
28-8* P0 Optimization						
28-81 dP0 Offset		0.0 K	All set-ups	TRUE	Ļ	Int32
28-82 P0		0.000 K	All set-ups	TRUE	'n	Int32
28-83 P0 Setpoint		0.000 K	All set-ups	TRUE	'n	Int32
28-84 P0 Reference		0.000 K	All set-ups	TRUE	'n	Int32
28-85 P0 Minimum R	teference	0 K	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int32
28-86 P0 Maximum F	Reference	0 K	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int32
28-87 Most Loaded (	Controller	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int16
28-9* Injection Control						
28-90 Injection On		[0] Off	All set-ups	TRUE	I	Uint8
28-91 Delayed Comp	ressor Start	[0] No	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8

6 How to Programme the Frequency Converter Danfoss



# 7 General Specifications

Mains supply (L1, L2, L3):	
Supply voltage	380-480 V ±10%
Supply voltage	200-240 V ±10%
Supply frequency	50/60 Hz
Max. imbalance temporary between mains phases	3.0 % of rated supply voltage
True Power Factor (λ)	≥ 0.9 nominal at rated load
Displacement Power Factor (cos $\phi$ ) near unity	(> 0.98)
Switching on input supply L1, L2, L3 (power-ups)	maximum once/2 min.
Environment according to EN60664-1	overvoltage category III / pollution degree 2

The unit is suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than 100.000 RMS symmetrical Amperes, 480/690 V maximum.

Motor output (U, V, W):	
Output voltage	0 - 100% of supply voltage
Output frequency	0 - 800* Hz
Switching on output	Unlimited
Ramp times	1 - 3600 sec.
* Voltage and power dependent	
Torque characteristics:	
Starting torque (Constant torque)	maximum 110% for 1 min.*
Starting torque	maximum 135% up to 0.5 sec.*
Overload torque (Constant torque)	maximum 110% for 1 min.*
*Percentage relates to the frequency converter's nominal torque.	
Cable lengths and cross sections:	
Max. motor cable length, screened/armoured	150 m
Max. motor cable length, unscreened/unarmoured	300 m
Max. cross section to motor, mains, load sharing and brake *	
Maximum cross section to control terminals, rigid wire	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> /16 AWG (2 x 0.75 mm <sup>2</sup> )
Maximum cross section to control terminals, flexible cable	1 mm²/18 AWG
Maximum cross section to control terminals, cable with enclosed core	0.5 mm²/20 AWG
Minimum cross section to control terminals	0.25 mm <sup>2</sup>
* See Mains Supply tables for more information!	
Digital inputs:	
Programmable digital inputs	4 (6)
Terminal number	18, 19, 27 <sup>1)</sup> , 29 <sup>1)</sup> , 32, 33,
logic	PNP or NPN

	10, 19, 27 ', 29 ', 32, 33,
Logic	PNP or NPN
Voltage level	0 - 24 V DC
Voltage level, logic'0' PNP	< 5 V DC
Voltage level, logic'1' PNP	> 10 V DC
Voltage level, logic '0' NPN	> 19 V DC
Voltage level, logic '1' NPN	< 14 V DC
Maximum voltage on input	28 V DC
Input resistance, R <sub>i</sub>	approx. 4 kΩ

All digital inputs are galvanically isolated from the supply voltage (PELV) and other high-voltage terminals.

1) Terminals 27 and 29 can also be programmed as output.

#### Analog inputs:

Number of analog inputs	2
Terminal number	53, 54
Modes	Voltage or current
Mode select	Switch S201 and switch S202
Voltage mode	Switch S201/switch S202 = OFF (U)
Voltage level	: 0 to + 10 V (scaleable)
Input resistance, R <sub>i</sub>	approx. 10 kΩ
Max. voltage	± 20 V
Current mode	Switch S201/switch S202 = ON (I)
Current level	0/4 to 20 mA (scaleable)
Input resistance, R <sub>i</sub>	approx. 200 Ω
Max. current	30 mA
Resolution for analog inputs	10 bit (+ sign)
Accuracy of analog inputs	Max. error 0.5% of full scale
Bandwidth	: 200 Hz

The analog inputs are galvanically isolated from the supply voltage (PELV) and other high-voltage terminals.



#### Pulse inputs:

7

Programmable pulse inputs	2
Terminal number pulse	29, 33
Max. frequency at terminal, 29, 33	110 kHz (Push-pull driven)
Max. frequency at terminal, 29, 33	5 kHz (open collector)
Min. frequency at terminal 29, 33	4 Hz
Voltage level	see section on Digital input
Maximum voltage on input	28 V DC
Input resistance, R <sub>i</sub>	approx. 4 kΩ
Pulse input accuracy (0.1 - 1 kHz)	Max. error: 0.1% of full scale
Analog output:	
Number of programmable analog outputs	1
Terminal number	42
Current range at analog output	0/4 - 20 mA
Max. resistor load to common at analog output	500 Ω
Accuracy on analog output	Max. error: 0.8 % of full scale
Resolution on analog output	8 bit

The analog output is galvanically isolated from the supply voltage (PELV) and other high-voltage terminals.

Control card, RS-485 serial communication:	
Terminal number	68 (P,TX+, RX+), 69 (N,TX-, RX-)
Terminal number 61	Common for terminals 68 and 69

The RS-485 serial communication circuit is functionally seated from other central circuits and galvanically isolated from the supply voltage (PELV).

Danfoss

#### Digital output:

Programmable digital/pulse outputs	2
Terminal number	27, 29 <sup>1)</sup>
Voltage level at digital/frequency output	0 - 24 V
Max. output current (sink or source)	40 mA
Max. load at frequency output	1 kΩ
Max. capacitive load at frequency output	10 nF
Minimum output frequency at frequency output	0 Hz
Maximum output frequency at frequency output	32 kHz
Accuracy of frequency output	Max. error: 0.1 % of full scale
Resolution of frequency outputs	12 bit

1) Terminal 27 and 29 can also be programmed as input.

The digital output is galvanically isolated from the supply voltage (PELV) and other high-voltage terminals.

Control card,	24	٧	DC	output
---------------	----	---	----	--------

. .

Terminal number 1	2, 13
Max. load : 20	ጋ mA

The 24 V DC supply is galvanically isolated from the supply voltage (PELV), but has the same potential as the analog and digital inputs and outputs.

Relay outputs:	
Programmable relay outputs	2
Relay 01 Terminal number	1-3 (break), 1-2 (make)
Max. terminal load (AC-1) <sup>1)</sup> on 1-3 (NC), 1-2 (NO) (Resistive load)	240 V AC, 2 A
Max. terminal load (AC-15) <sup>1)</sup> (Inductive load @ $\cos \phi$ 0.4)	240 V AC, 0.2 A
Max. terminal load (DC-1) <sup>1)</sup> on 1-2 (NO), 1-3 (NC) (Resistive load)	60 V DC, 1A
Max. terminal load (DC-13) <sup>1)</sup> (Inductive load)	24 V DC, 0.1A
Relay 02 Terminal number	4-6 (break), 4-5 (make)
Max. terminal load (AC-1) <sup>1)</sup> on 4-5 (NO) (Resistive load) <sup>2)3)</sup>	400 V AC, 2 A
Max. terminal load (AC-15) <sup>1)</sup> on 4-5 (NO) (Inductive load @ $\cos \varphi$ 0.4)	240 V AC, 0.2 A
Max. terminal load (DC-1) <sup>1)</sup> on 4-5 (NO) (Resistive load)	80 V DC, 2 A
Max. terminal load (DC-13) <sup>1)</sup> on 4-5 (NO) (Inductive load)	24 V DC, 0.1A
Max. terminal load (AC-1) <sup>1)</sup> on 4-6 (NC) (Resistive load)	240 V AC, 2 A
Max. terminal load (AC-15) <sup>1)</sup> on 4-6 (NC) (Inductive load @ $\cos \phi$ 0.4)	240 V AC, 0.2A
Max. terminal load (DC-1) <sup>1)</sup> on 4-6 (NC) (Resistive load)	50 V DC, 2 A
Max. terminal load (DC-13) <sup>1)</sup> on 4-6 (NC) (Inductive load)	24 V DC, 0.1 A
Min. terminal load on 1-3 (NC), 1-2 (NO), 4-6 (NC), 4-5 (NO)	24 V DC 10 mA, 24 V AC 20 mA
Environment according to EN 60664-1	overvoltage category III/pollution degree 2

1) IEC 60947 t 4 and 5

The relay contacts are galvanically isolated from the rest of the circuit by reinforced isolation (PELV).

2) Overvoltage Category II

3) UL applications 300 V AC 2A

Control card, 10 V DC output:

Terminal number	50
Output voltage	10.5 V ±0.5 V
Max. load	25 mA

The 10 V DC supply is galvanically isolated from the supply voltage (PELV) and other high-voltage terminals.

 Control characteristics:

 Resolution of output frequency at 0 - 1000 Hz
 : +/- 0.003 Hz

 System response time (terminals 18, 19, 27, 29, 32, 33)
 : ≤ 2 ms

 Speed control range (open loop)
 1:100 of synchronous speed

 Speed accuracy (open loop)
 30 - 4000 rpm: Maximum error of ±8 rpm

All control characteristics are based on a 4-pole asynchronous motor

Surroundings:	
Enclosure, frame size D and E	IP 00, IP 21, IP 54
Enclosure, frame size F	IP 21, IP 54
Vibration test	0.7 g



Relative humidity	5% - 95% (IEC 721-3-3; Class 3K3 (non-condensing) during operation
Aggressive environment (IEC 721-3-3), uncoated	class 3C2
Aggressive environment (IEC 721-3-3), coated	class 3C3
Test method according to IEC 60068-2-43 H2S (10 days)	
Ambient temperature (at 60 AVM switching mode)	
- with derating	max. 55 ° C <sup>1)</sup>
- with full output power, typical EFF2 motors	max. 50 ° C <sup>1)</sup>
- at full continuous FC output current	max. 45 ° C <sup>1</sup> )
<sup>1)</sup> For more information on derating see the Design Guide, section	on Special Conditions.
Minimum ambient temperature during full-scale operation	0 °C
Minimum ambient temperature at reduced performance	- 10 °C
Temperature during storage/transport	-25 - +65/70 °C
Maximum altitude above sea level without derating	1000 m
Maximum altitude above sea level with derating	3000 m
Derating for high altitude, see section on special conditions	
EMC standards, Emission	EN 61800-3, EN 61000-6-3/4, EN 55011, IEC 61800-3
	EN 61800-3, EN 61000-6-1/2,
EMC standards, Immunity	EN 61000-4-2, EN 61000-4-3, EN 61000-4-4, EN 61000-4-5, EN 61000-4-6
See section on special conditions!	
Control card performance:	
Scan interval	: 5 ms
Control card, USB serial communication:	
USB standard	1.1 (Full speed)
USB plug	USB type B "device" plug

 $\triangle$ 

Connection to PC is carried out via a standard host/device USB cable.

The USB connection is galvanically isolated from the supply voltage (PELV) and other high-voltage terminals. The USB connection is <u>not</u> galvanically isolated from protection earth. Use only isolated laptop/PC as connection to the USB connector on the frequency converter or an isolated USB cable/converter.

Protection and Features:

- Electronic thermal motor protection against overload.
- Temperature monitoring of the heatsink ensures that the frequency converter trips if the temperature reaches 95 °C ± 5°C. An overload temperature cannot be reset until the temperature of the heatsink is below 70 °C ± 5°C (Guideline these temperatures may vary for different power sizes, enclosures etc.). Thee frequency converter has an auto derating function to avoid it's heatsink reaching 95 °C.
- The frequency converter is protected against short-circuits on motor terminals U, V, W.
- If a mains phase is missing, the frequency converter trips or issues a warning (depending on the load).
- Monitoring of the intermediate circuit voltage ensures that the frequency converter trips if the intermediate circuit voltage is too low or too high.
- The frequency converter is protected against earth faults on motor terminals U, V, W.

Danfoss

Mains Supply 3 x 3	80 - 480 VAC					
		P110	P132	P160	P200	P250
	Typical Shaft output at 400 V [kW]	110	132	160	200	250
	Typical Shaft output at 460 V [HP]	150	200	250	300	350
	Enclosure IP21	D1	D1	D2	D2	D2
	Enclosure IP54	D1	D1	D2	D2	D2
	Enclosure IP00	D3	D3	D4	D4	D4
	(at 400 V) [A]	212	260	315	395	480
	overload) (at 400 V) [A]	233	286	347	435	528
	Continuous (at 460/ 480 V) [A]	190	240	302	361	443
	Intermittent (60 sec overload) (at 460/ 480 V) [A]	209	264	332	397	487
	Continuous KVA (at 400 V) [KVA]	147	180	218	274	333
May input ourrant	Continuous KVA (at 460 V) [KVA]	151	191	241	288	353
	Continuous					
	(at 400 V ) [A]	204	251	304	381	463
	Continuous (at 460/ 480 V) [A]	183	231	291	348	427
	Max. cable size, mains motor, brake and load share [mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG <sup>2)</sup> )]	2 x 70 (2 x 2/0)	2 x 70 (2 x 2/0)	2 x 150 (2 x 300 mcm)	2 x 150 (2 x 300 mcm)	2 x 150 (2 x 300 mcm)
	Max. external pre- fuses [A] <sup>1</sup>	300	350	400	500	630
	Estimated power loss at rated max. load [W] <sup>4)</sup> , 400 V	3234	3782	4213	5119	5893
	Estimated power loss at rated max. load [W] $^{\rm 4)}$ , 460 V	2947	3665	4063	4652	5634
	Weight, enclosure IP21, IP 54 [kg]	96	104	125	136	151
	Weight, enclosure IP00 [kg]	82	91	112	123	138
	Efficiency <sup>4)</sup>			0.98		
	Output frequency			0 - 800 Hz		
	Heatsink overtemp.	85 °C	90 °C	105 °C	105 °C	115 °C
	Power card ambient trip			60 °C		

Danfoss

1) For type of fuse see section Fuses.

2) American Wire Gauge.

3) Measured using 5 m screened motor cables at rated load and rated frequency.

4) The typical power loss is at nominal load conditions and expected to be within +/-15% (tolerence relates to variety in voltage and cable conditions). Values are based on a typical motor efficiency (eff2/eff3 border line). Motors with lower efficiency will also add to the power loss in the frequency converter and opposite. If the switching frequency is increased comed to the default setting, the power losses may rise significantly.LCP and typical control card power consumptions are included. Further options and customer load may add up to 30W to the losses. (Though typical only 4W extra for a fully loaded control card, or options for slot A or slot B, each).

Although measurements are made with state of the art equipment, some measurement inaccuracy must be allowed for (+/-5%).



# 8 Troubleshooting

### 8.1 Alarms and warnings

### 8.1.1 Alarms and warnings

A warning or an alarm is signalled by the relevant LED on the front of the frequency converter and indicated by a code on the display.

A warning remains active until its cause is no longer present. Under certain circumstances operation of the motor may still be continued. Warning messages may be critical, but are not necessarily so.

In the event of an alarm, the frequency converter will have tripped. Alarms must be reset to restart operation once their cause has been rectified. This may be done in four ways:

- 1. By using the [RESET] control button on the LCP control panel.
- 2. Via a digital input with the "Reset" function.
- 3. Via serial communication/optional fieldbus.
- 4. By resetting automatically using the [Auto Reset] function, which is a default setting for ADAP-KOOL Drive. see *par. 14-20 Reset Mode* in *AKD102 Programming Guide, MG.11.Mx.yy*



NB

After a manual reset using the [RESET] button on the LCP, the [AUTO ON] button must be pressed to restart the motor.

If an alarm cannot be reset, the reason may be that its cause has not been rectified, or the alarm is trip-locked (see also table on following page).

Alarms that are trip-locked offer additional protection, since the mains supply must be switched off before the alarm can be reset. After being switched back on, the frequency converter is no longer blocked and may be reset as described above once the cause has been rectified.

Alarms that are not trip-locked can also be reset using the automatic reset function in parameter 14-20 (Warning: automatic wake-up is possible!)

If a warning and alarm is marked against a code in the table on the following page, this means that either a warning occurs before an alarm, or it can be specified whether it is a warning or an alarm that is to be displayed for a given fault.

This is possible, for instance, in parameter 1-90 *Motor Thermal Protection*. After an alarm or trip, the motor carries on coasting, and the alarm and warning flash on the frequency converter. Once the problem has been rectified, only the alarm continues flashing.

No.	Description	Warning	Alarm/Trip	Alarm/Trip Lock	Parameter Reference
1	10 Volts low	X			
2	Live zero error	(X)	(X)		6-01
3	No motor	(X)			1-80
4	Mains phase loss	(X)	(X)	(X)	14-12
5	DC link voltage high	Х			
6	DC link voltage low	Х			
7	DC over voltage	Х	Х		
8	DC under voltage	Х	X		
9	Inverter overloaded	Х	Х		
10	Motor ETR over temperature	(X)	(X)		1-90
11	Motor thermistor over temperature	(X)	(X)		1-90
12	Torque limit	X	X		
13	Over Current	Х	Х	Х	
14	Earth fault	X	X	X	
15	Incomp. HW		Х	Х	
16	Short Circuit		X	X	
17	Control word timeout	(X)	(X)		8-04
18	Start failed		X		
19	Discharge temp, high	Х	Х		
23	Internal fans				
24	External fans				
25	Brake resistor short-circuited	X			
26	Brake resistor power limit	(X)	(X)		2-13
27	Brake chopper short-circuited	X	X		L 15
28	Brake check	(X)	(X)		2-15
29	Power board over temp	X	X	X	2 13
30	Motor phase II missing	(X)	(X)	(X)	4-58
31	Motor phase V missing	(X)	(X)	(X)	4-58
32	Motor phase W missing	(X)	(X)	(X)	4-58
33	Inrush fault		×	(X) X	JU T
34	Fieldhus communication fault	Y	X	Λ	
36	Mains failure	<b>^</b>			
38	Internal fault		X	Y	
40	Overload T27			Λ	
41	Overload T29				
47	Overload ¥30/6-7				
47		V	Y	V	
48	1.8 V supply low	~	X	N N	
10	Speed limit		× v	^	
- <del>1</del> 9 50	AMA calibration failed		X		
51	AMA check liver and I		A Y		
52			× ×		
52	AMA motor too hig		^ V		
55					
54			X		
55	AMA interrupted by user		X		
50	AMA times ut		X		
57		V	X		
50		X	X		
59	Current limit	X			
60	External Interlock	N/			
62	Output Frequency at Maximum Limit	X			
64	Voltage Limit	X	V	V	
65	Control Board Over-temperature	X	X	Х	
66	Heat sink Temperature Low	Х			
6/	Option Configuration has Changed		X		
68	Sare Stop Activated		Х		

Table 8.1: Alarm/Warning code list



No.	Description	Warning	Alarm/Trip	Alarm/Trip Lock	Parameter Reference
70	Illegal FC configuration				
80	Drive Initialised to Default Value		Х		
92	No-Flow	Х	Х		22-2*
93	Dry Pump	Х	Х		22-2*
94	End of Curve	Х	Х		22-5*
95	Broken Belt	Х	Х		22-6*
96	Start Delayed	Х			22-7*
97	Stop Delayed	Х			22-7*
98	Clock Fault	Х			0-7*
219	Compressor Interlock	Х			
250	New spare part				
251	New type code				

Table 8.2: Alarm/Warning code list, continued..

(X) Dependent on parameter

LED indication	
Warning	yellow
Alarm	flashing red
Trip locked	yellow and red

Bit	Hex	Dec	Alarm Word	Warning Word	Extended Status Word
0	0000001	1	Brake Check	Brake Check	Ramping
1	0000002	2	Pwr. Card Temp	Pwr. Card Temp	AMA Running
2	0000004	4	Earth Fault	Earth Fault	Start CW/CCW
3	8000000	8	Ctrl.Card Temp	Ctrl.Card Temp	Slow Down
4	0000010	16	Ctrl. Word TO	Ctrl. Word TO	Catch Up
5	0000020	32	Over Current	Over Current	Feedback High
6	0000040	64	Torque Limit	Torque Limit	Feedback Low
7	00000080	128	Motor Th Over	Motor Th Over	Output Current High
8	00000100	256	Motor ETR Over	Motor ETR Over	Output Current Low
9	00000200	512	Inverter Overld.	Inverter Overld.	Output Freq High
10	00000400	1024	DC under Volt	DC under Volt	Output Freq Low
11	00000800	2048	DC over Volt	DC over Volt	Brake Check OK
12	00001000	4096	Short Circuit	DC Voltage Low	Braking Max
13	00002000	8192	Inrush Fault	DC Voltage High	Braking
14	00004000	16384	Mains ph. Loss	Mains ph. Loss	Out of Speed Range
15	0008000	32768	AMA Not OK	No Motor	OVC Active
16	00010000	65536	Live Zero Error	Live Zero Error	
17	00020000	131072	Internal Fault	10V Low	
18	00040000	262144	Brake Overload	Brake Overload	
19	00080000	524288	U phase Loss	Brake Resistor	
20	00100000	1048576	V phase Loss	Brake IGBT	
21	00200000	2097152	W phase Loss	Speed Limit	
22	00400000	4194304	Fieldbus Fault	Fieldbus Fault	
23	0080000	8388608	24 V Supply Low	24V Supply Low	
24	01000000	16777216	Mains Failure	Mains Failure	
25	02000000	33554432	1.8V Supply Low	Current Limit	
26	0400000	67108864	Brake Resistor	Low Temp	
27	08000000	134217728	Brake IGBT	Voltage Limit	
28	1000000	268435456	Option Change	Unused	
29	2000000	536870912	Drive Initialised	Unused	
30	4000000	1073741824	Safe Stop	Unused	

Table 8.3: Description of Alarm Word, Warning Word and Extended Status Word

The alarm words, warning words and extended status words can be read out via serial bus or optional fieldbus for diagnosis. See also par. 16-90, 16-92 and 16-94.



Description of Alarm Word 2 and Warning Word 2				
Bit	Hex	Dec	Alarm Word 2	Warning Word 2
0	0000001	1		Start Delayed
1	0000002	2		Stop Delayed
9	00000200	512	Discharge Temperature High	Discharge Temperature High
10	00000400	1024	Start Limit	
11	00000800	2048	Speed Limit	

Table 8.4: Compressor specific Alarms and Warnings

### 8.1.2 Warning/ Alarm list

#### WARNING 1, 10 Volts low:

The 10 V voltage from terminal 50 on the control card is below 10 V. Remove some of the load from terminal 50, as the 10 V supply is overloaded. Max. 15 mA or minimum 590 ohm.

#### WARNING/ ALARM 2, Live zero error:

The signal on terminal 53 or 54 is less than 50% of the value set in par. 6-10, par. 6-12, par. 6-20, or par. 6-22 respectively.

#### WARNING/ ALARM 3, No motor:

No motor has been connected to the output of the frequency converter.

#### WARNING/ ALARM 4, Mains phase loss:

A phase is missing on the supply side, or the mains voltage imbalance is too high.

This message also appears in case of a fault in the input rectifier on the frequency converter.

Check the supply voltage and supply currents to the frequency converter.

#### WARNING 5, DC link voltage high:

The intermediate circuit voltage (DC) is higher than the overvoltage limit of the control system. The frequency converter is still active.

#### WARNING 6, DC link voltage low

The intermediate circuit voltage (DC) is below the undervoltage limit of the control system. The frequency converter is still active.

#### WARNING/ ALARM 7, DC over voltage:

If the intermediate circuit voltage exceeds the limit, the frequency converter trips after a time.

Connect a brake resistor. Extend the ramp time

#### Possible corrections:

Connect a brake resistor

- Extend the ramp time
- Activate functions in par. 2-10
- Increase par. 14-26

Alarm/warning limits:		
Voltage ranges	3 x 200 - 240 V	3 x 380 - 480 V
	[VDC]	[VDC]
Undervoltage	185	373
Voltage warning low	205	410
Voltage warning high (w/o	390/405	810/840
brake - w/brake)		
Overvoltage	410	855
The voltages stated are the intermediate circuit voltage of the fre-		

The voltages stated are the intermediate circuit voltage of the frequency converter with a tolerance of  $\pm$  5 %. The corresponding mains voltage is the intermediate circuit voltage (DC-link) divided by 1.35

#### WARNING/ ALARM 8, DC under voltage:

If the intermediate circuit voltage (DC) drops below the "voltage warning low" limit (see table above), the frequency converter checks if 24 V backup supply is connected.

If no 24 V backup supply is connected, the frequency converter trips after a given time depending on the unit.

To check whether the supply voltage matches the frequency converter, see *Specifications*.

WARNING/ ALARM 9, Inverter overloaded:

The frequency converter is about to cut out because of an overload (too high current for too long). The counter for electronic, thermal inverter protection gives a warning at 98% and trips at 100%, while giving an alarm. Reset <u>cannot</u> be performed before counter is below 90%.

The fault is that the frequency converter is overloaded by more than 100% for too long.

#### WARNING/ ALARM 10, Motor ETR over temperature:

According to the electronic thermal protection (ETR), the motor is too hot. It can be chosen if the frequency converter is to give a warning or an alarm when the counter reaches 100% in par. 1-90. The fault is that the motor is overloaded by more than 100% for too long. Check that the motor par. 1-24 is set correctly.

#### WARNING/ ALARM 11, Motor thermistor over temp:

The thermistor or the thermistor connection is disconnected. Choose if the frequency converter is to give a warning or an alarm when the counter reaches 100% in par. 1-90. Check that the thermistor is connected correctly between terminal 53 or 54 (analog voltage input) and terminal 50 (+ 10 Volts supply), or between terminal 18 or 19 (digital input PNP only) and terminal 50. If a KTY sensor is used, check for correct connection between terminal 54 and 55.



#### WARNING/ ALARM 12, Torque limit:

The torque is higher than the value in par. 4-16 (in motor operation) or the torque is higher than the value in par. 4-17 (in regenerative operation).

#### WARNING/ ALARM 13, Over Current:

The inverter peak current limit (approx. 200% of the rated current) is exceeded. The warning will last approx. 8-12 sec., then the frequency converter trips and issues an alarm. Turn off the frequency converter and check if the motor shaft can be turned and if the motor size matches the frequency converter.

#### ALARM 14, Earth fault:

There is a discharge from the output phases to earth, either in the cable between the frequency converter and the motor or in the motor itself. Turn off the frequency converter and remove the earth fault.

#### ALARM 15, In-complete hardware:

A fitted option is not handled by the present control board (hardware or software).

#### ALARM 16, Short-circuit:

There is short-circuiting in the motor or on the motor terminals. Turn off the frequency converter and remove the short-circuit.

#### WARNING/ ALARM 17, Control word timeout:

There is no communication to the frequency converter.

The warning will only be active when par. 8-04 is NOT set to *OFF*. If par. 8-04 is set to *Stop* and *Trip*, a warning appears and the frequency

converter ramps down until it trips, while giving an alarm.

par. 8-03 Control word Timeout Time could possibly be increased.

#### Alarm 18, Start Failed

The speed has not been able to exceed Max Start Speed (par. 1-77) during the start within the allowed time (par. 1-79). This may be caused by a blocked rotor.

Warning/ Alarm 19, Discharge Temperature High Warning:

The discharge temperature exceeds the level programmed in par. 28-24. If so programmed in par. 28-25 the drive lowers the speed of the compressor in an attempt to lower the discharge temperature.

#### Alarm:

The discharge temperature exceeds the level programmed in par. 28-26.

WARNING 25, Brake resistor short-circuited:

The brake resistor is monitored during operation. If it short-circuits, the brake function is disconnected and the warning appears. The frequency converter still works, but without the brake function. Turn off the frequency converter and replace the brake resistor (see par. 2-15 Brake Check.

ALARM/ WARNING 26, Brake resistor power limit:

The power transmitted to the brake resistor is calculated as a percentage, as a mean value over the last 120 s, on the basis of the resistance value of the brake resistor (par. 2-11) and the intermediate circuit voltage. The warning is active when the dissipated braking power is higher than 90%. If *Trip* [2] has been selected in par. 2-13, the frequency converter cuts out and issues this alarm, when the dissipated braking power is higher than 100%.

#### WARNING 27, Brake chopper fault:

The brake transistor is monitored during operation and if it short-circuits, the brake function disconnects and the warning comes up. The frequency converter is still able to run, but since the brake transistor has shortcircuited, substantial power is transmitted to the brake resistor, even if it is inactive. Turn off the frequency converter and remove the brake resistor.



Warning: There is a risk of substantial power being transmitted to the brake resistor if the brake transistor is short-circuited.

#### ALARM/ WARNING 28, Brake check failed: Brake resistor fault: the brake resistor is not connected/working.

ALARM 29, Frequency converter over temperature:

If the enclosure is IP 20 or IP 21/TYPE 1, the cut-out temperature of the heat-sink is 95 °C  $\pm$ 5 °C, dependent on size of frequency converter. The temperature fault cannot be reset, until the temperature of the heatsink is below 70 °C  $\pm$ 5 °C.

The fault could be:

- Ambient temperature too high
- Too long motor cable

ALARM 30, Motor phase U missing:

Motor phase U between the frequency converter and the the motor is missing.

Turn off the frequency converter and check motor phase U.

ALARM 31, Motor phase V missing:

Motor phase V between the frequency converter and the motor is missing. Turn off the frequency converter and check motor phase V.

ALARM 32, Motor phase W missing:

Motor phase W between the frequency converter and the motor is missing.

Turn off the frequency converter and check motor phase W.

ALARM 33, Inrush fault:

Too many power-ups have occurred within a short time period. See the chapter *Specifications* for the allowed number of powerups within one minute.

WARNING/ ALARM 34, Fieldbus communication fault:

The fieldbus on the communication option card is not working.

#### WARNING 35, Out of frequency range:

This warning is active if the output frequency has reached par. 4-52 Warning speed low or par. 4-53 Warning speed high. If the frequency converter is in par. 1-00 Process control, closed loop [3], the warning is active in the display. If the frequency converter is not in this mode bit 008000 Out of *frequency range* in extended status word is active but there is no warning in the display.

ALARM 38, Internal fault:

Contact the local Danfoss supplier.

WARNING 47, 24 V supply low:

The external 24 V DC backup power supply may be overloaded, otherwise contact the local Danfoss supplier.

WARNING 48, 1.8 V supply low: Contact the local Danfoss supplier.

#### ALARM 49, Speed Limit:

When the speed is not within the specified range in par. 4-11 and par. 4-13. the drive will show a warning. When the speed is below the specified limit in par. 1-86 (except when starting or stopping) the drive will trip.



ALARM 50, AMA calibration failed: Contact the local Danfoss supplier.

ALARM 51, AMA check Unom and Inom: The setting of motor voltage, motor current, and motor power is presumably wrong. Check the settings.

ALARM 52, AMA low Inom:

The motor current is too low. Check the settings.

ALARM 53, AMA motor too big: The motor is too big for the AMA to be carried out.

ALARM 54, AMA motor too small: The motor is too small for the AMA to be carried out.

ALARM 55, AMA par. out of range: The par. values found from the motor are outside acceptable range.

ALARM 56, AMA interrupted by user: The AMA has been interrupted by the user.

#### ALARM 57, AMA timeout:

Try to start the AMA again a number of times, until the AMA is carried out. Please note that repeated runs may heat the motor to a level where the resistance Rs and Rr are increased. In most cases, however, this is not critical.

ALARM 58, AMA internal fault: Contact the local Danfoss supplier.

WARNING 59, Current limit: Contact the local Danfoss supplier.

8

WARNING 62, Output Frequency at Maximum Limit: The output frequency is higher than the value set in par. 4-19

#### WARNING 64, Voltage Limit:

The load and speed combination demands a motor voltage higher than the actual DC link voltage.

WARNING/ ALARM/ TRI P 65, Control Card Over Temperature: Control card over temperature: The cut-out temperature of the control card is 80° C.

#### WARNING 66, Heatsink Temperature Low:

The heat sink temperature is measured as 0° C. This could indicate that the temperature sensor is defective and thus the fan speed is increased to the maximum in case the power part or control card is very hot.

ALARM 67, Option Configuration has Changed:

One or more options has either been added or removed since the last power-down.

#### ALARM 68, Safe Stop Activated:

Safe Stop has been activated. To resume normal operation, apply 24 V DC to terminal 37, then send a reset signal (via Bus, Digital I/O, or by pressing [RESET]). For correct and safe use of the Safe Stop function follow the related information and instructions in the Design Guide

ALARM 70, Illegal Frequency Configuration:

Actual combination of control board and power board is illegal.

ALARM 80, Initialization to Default Value:

Parameter settings are initialised to default setting after a manual (threefinger) reset.

Warning 96, Start Delayed:

A start signal is suppressed because the time that has passed since last accepted start is less than the minimum time programmed in par. 22-76.

#### Warning 97, Stop Delayed:

A stop signal is suppressed because the motor has been running less time than the minimum time programmed in par. 22-77.

Warning 219, Compressor Interlock:

At least one compressor is inversely interlocked via a digital input. The interlocked compressors can be viewed in par. 25-87.

ALARM 250, New Spare Part:

The power or Switch Mode Power Supply has been exchanged. The frequency converter type code must be restored in the EEPROM. Select the correct type code in Par 14-23 according to the label on unit. Remember to select 'Save to EEPROM' to complete.

ALARM 251, New Type Code: The frequency converter has got a new type code.



94

## Index

### +

[+zone Unit], 25-21

### А

Abbreviations And Standards	6
Acceleration Time	72
Access To Control Terminals	44
Airflow	23
Ama	51, 62
Analog Inputs	128
Analog Output	128
Auto Energy Optimization Compressor	69
Auto Energy Optimization Vt	69
Automatic Motor Adaptation (ama)	51, 75

### В

cooling 2	3

## С

-	
Cable Lengths And Cross Sections	127
Cable Positions	22
Cable-length And Cross-section:	33
Cabling	33
Changing A Group Of Numeric Data Values	96
Changing A Text Value	95
Changing Data	95
Changing Of Data Value	96
Coasting	59
Communication Option	137
Condenser Vt	69
Configuration Mode, 1-00	82
Control Cables	49
Control Cables	48
Control Card Performance	130
Control Card, 10 V Dc Output	129
Control Card, 24 V Dc Output	129
Control Card, Rs-485 Serial Communication:	128
Control Card, Usb Serial Communication	130
Control Characteristics	129
Control Terminals	44
Cooling	82
Cooling	23
Copyright, Limitation Of Liability And Revision Rights	

# D

Date And Time 0-70	81
Date Format 0-71	81
Dc Link	136
Default Settings	63
Digital Inputs:	127
Digital Output	129
Display Text 1 0-37	80
Display Text 2 0-38	81
Display Text 3 0-39	81
Disposal Instruction	11
Drip Shield Installation	27
Dst/summertime 0-74	81
Dst/summertime End 0-77	82
Dst/summertime Start 0-76	81
Duct Cooling	23
Duct Work Cooling Kits	28



# Е

Earth Leakage Current	7
Earthing	37
Efficient Parameter Set-up For Adap-kool Applications	67
Elcb Relays	37
Electrical Installation	44, 48
Electrical Ratings	8
Electronic Waste	11
Etr	136
Example Of Changing Parameter Data	67
External Fan Supply	40

# F

Feedback 1 Conversion, 20-01	89
Feedback 1 Source 20-00	89
Feedback 1 Source Unit, 20-02	89
Fieldbus Connection	43
Function Setups	75
Fuse Tables	41
Fuses	41
Fusing	33

# G

General Considerations	19
General Warning.	5
Gland/conduit Entry - Ip21 (nema 1) And Ip54 (nema12)	26
Glcp	62
Graphical Display	55

# Н

High-voltage Warning	5
How To Connect A Pc To The Frequency Converter	60
How To Operate Graphical (glcp)	55

# I

Indexed Parameters	96
Indicator Lights (leds)	57
Initialisation	63
Input Polarity Of Control Terminals	49
Installation At High Altitudes (pelv)	9
Installation Of 24 Volt External Dc Supply	44
Installation Of Duct Cooling Kit In Rittal	28
Installation Of Input Plate Options	30
Installation Of Mains Shield For Frequency Converters	31
Installation On Pedestal	30
Installation On The Wall - Ip21 (nema 1) And Ip54 (nema 12) Units	25
Intermediate Circuit	136
Interval Between Starts, 22-76	92

# Κ

Kty Sensor	136

# L

	60
Language 0-01	09
Language Package 1	69
Lcp 102	55
Leakage Current	7
Leds	55
Lifting	15
Literature	6
Load Sharing	39



# Μ

Main Menu	66
Main Menu Mode	58
Main Menu Mode	94
Main Menu Structure	97
Main Reactance	75
Mains Connection	40
Mains Supply (I1, L2, L3):	127
Mains Supply 3 X 525- 690 Vac	132
Maximum Reference 3-03	72
Mct 10	61
Mechanical Brake Control	53
Mechanical Dimensions	18
Mechanical Dimensions	16
Mechanical Installation	19
Minimum Reference 3-02	71
Minimum Run Time 22-40	92, 93
Minimum Sleep Time 22-41	92
Motor Cable	38
Motor Current 1-24	70
Motor Frequency 1-23	70
Motor Name Plate	51
Motor Nominal Speed 1-25	70
Motor Output	127
Motor Poles 1-39	71
[Motor Power Hp] 1-21	69
[Motor Power Kw] 1-20	69
Motor Protection	82, 130
[Motor Speed High Limit Hz] 4-14	71
[Motor Speed Low Limit Hz] 4-12	71
Motor Thermal Protection	53, 82
Motor Voltage 1-22	70

# Ν

Name Plate Data	51
[Neutral Zone Unit] , 25-20	93
Non UI Compliance	41

# 0

Ordering	28
Output Performance (u, V, W)	127
Outside Installation/ Nema 3r Kit For Rittal	29

# Ρ

Pack Controller, 25-00	93
Parallel Connection Of Motors	53
Parameter Selection	95
Parameter Set-up	65
Pc Software Tools	61
Pid Integral Time 20-94	92
Pid Proportional Gain 20-93	91
Planning The Installation Site	13
Potentiometer Reference	47
Power Connections	33
Preset Reference 3-10	83
Profibus Dp-v1	61
Protection	41
Protection And Features	130
Pulse Inputs	128
Pulse Start/stop	46

# Q

Quick	Menu	

58, 66



Quick Menu Mode	58
Quick Menu Mode	67
Quick Transfer Of Parameter Settings When Using Glcp	62

# R

Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time 3-42	72
Ramp 1 Ramp Up Time 3-41	72
Receiving The Frequency Converter	14
Reference 1 Source 3-15	84
Reference Site 3-13	72, 84
Reference/feedback Unit, 20-12	90
Refrigerant, 20-30	90
Relay Outputs	129
Residual Current Device	7
Rfi Switch	37
Rs-485 Bus Connection	60

# S

Screened/armoured	49
Screening Of Cables:	33
Serial Communication	130
Setpoint 1 20-21	90
Shielded Cables	38
Short Cycle Protection, 22-75	92
Sine-wave Filter	34
Space	19
Speed Up/down	47
Start/stop	46
Stator Leakage Reactance	75
Status	58
Status Messages	55
Step-by-step	96
Surroundings	129
Switches S201, S202, And S801	50
Switching Frequency 14-01	88
Switching Frequency:	33

# Т

Terminal 42 Output 6-50	85
Terminal 42 Output Max Scale 6-52	87
Terminal 42 Output Min Scale 6-51	86
Terminal 53 High Ref./feedb. Value 6-15	85
Terminal 53 High Voltage 6-11	85
Terminal 53 Low Ref./feedb. Value 6-14	85
Terminal 53 Low Voltage 6-10	84
Terminal 54 High Current 6-23	85
Terminal 54 High Ref./feedb. Value 6-25	85
Terminal 54 High Voltage 6-21	85
Terminal 54 Low Current 6-22	85
Terminal 54 Low Ref./feedb. Value 6-24	85
Terminal 54 Low Voltage 6-20	85
Terminal Locations - Frame Size D	1
Thermistor	82
Thermistor Source 1-93	83
Three Ways Of Operating	55
Time Format 0-72	81
Torque	38
Torque Characteristics	127
Torque Characteristics, 1-03	69

# U

npacking 14



Voltage Level	127
Voltage Reference Via A Potentiometer	47
W	
Wake-up Ref./fb Difference 22-44	92
[Wake-up Speed Hz] 22-43	92
[Wake-up Speed Rpm] 22-42	92
Wire Access	20
_	
r 11 11 25 22	
[-zone Unit], 25-22	94