

Data Sheet

Tube-in-tube heat exchanger Type HE

Increases the system efficiency and protects the system against liquid entering the compressor

Tube-in-tube heat exchanger type HE is used primarily for heat transfer between the liquid and suction lines of the refrigeration plant.

The purpose is to utilise the cooling effect, utilise which without a heat exchanger is otherwise lost to the ambient air via uninsulated suction lines.

In the heat exchanger, this effect is used to subcool the refrigerant liquid.

Features:

- High refrigeration capacity in evaporator
- Helps ensure vapour-free liquid ahead of the expansion valve
- HE 0.5-1.5: May be used in the following EX range: Category 3 (Zone 2)
- Maximum utilisation of the evaporator upon setting the thermostatic expansion valve for minimum superheat
- Helps prevent sweating and frosted-up suction lines



Product specification

Technical data

Table 1: Technical data

Refrigerants	R22, R1270 ⁽¹⁾ , R134a, R290 ⁽¹⁾ , R404A, R407A, R407C, R407F, R448A, R449A, R450A, R452A, R507A, R513A, R600 ⁽¹⁾ , R600a ⁽¹⁾
Operating temperature	-60 – 120 °C
Max. working pressure	PS / MWP = 28 bar
Max. test pressure	Pe = 40 bar

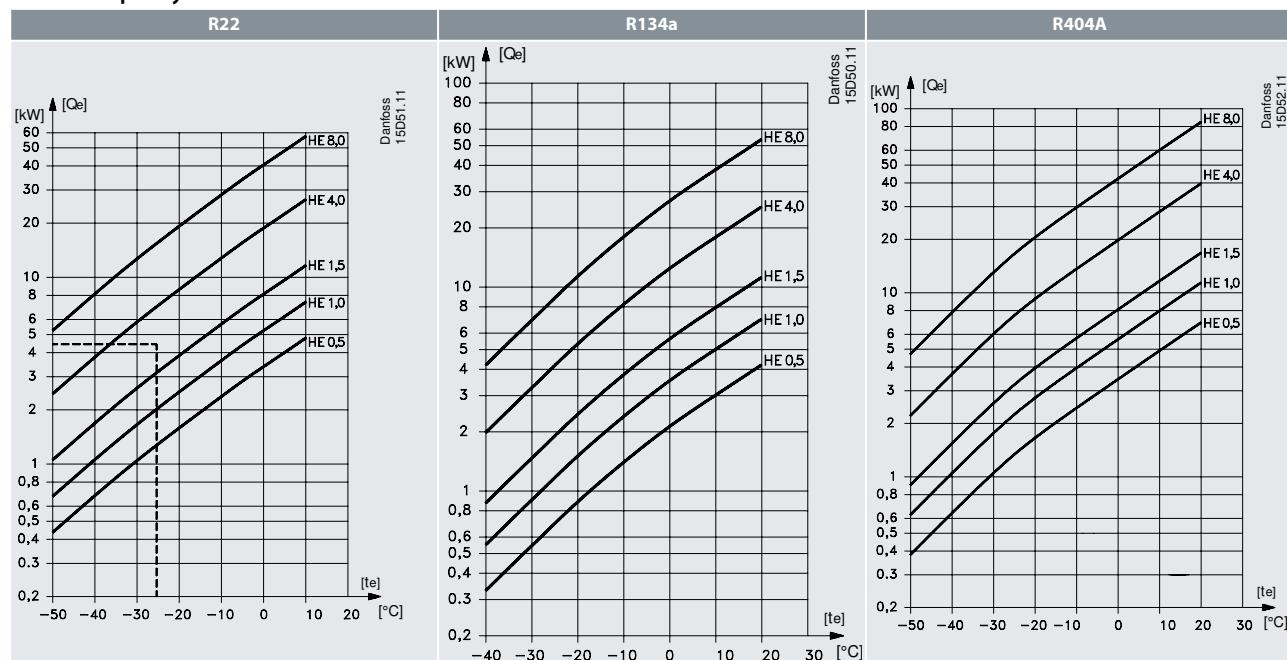
⁽¹⁾ HE 0.5 - 1.5 only

This product (HE 0.5 - 1.5) is evaluated for R290, R600, R600a and R1270 by ignition source assessment in accordance with standard EN ISO80079-36.

For complete list of approved refrigerants, visit www.products.danfoss.com and search for individual code numbers, where refrigerants are listed as part of technical data.

Capacity

Table 2: Capacity



Precise heat exchanger sizing can be obtained from the curves which show plant capacity Q_e for R22, R134a and R404A depending on evaporating temperature t_e .

Example

Plant capacity $Q_e = 4.5$ kW

Refrigerant = R22

Evaporating temperature $t_e = -25$ °C

The curve for R22 shows that an HE 4.0 is suitable. The curve for HE 4.0 lies immediately above the intersection of the lines

through $Q_e = 4.5$ kW and $t_e = -25$ °C.

Heat flow Q during heat exchange is calculated from the formula: $Q = k \times A \times \Delta t_m$

Q=heat flow in [W]

k=heat transfer coefficient in [W/m²] [°C]

A transfer area of the heat exchanger in [m²]

Δt_m average temperature difference in [°C], calculated from the formula:

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$$\Delta t_m = \frac{\Delta t_{\max.} - t_{\min.}}{\ln \frac{\Delta t_{\max.}}{\Delta t_{\min.}}}$$

$k \times A$ values Determined by experiment (see table).

Type	$K \times A$
	Dry suction gas / refrigerant liquid ⁽¹⁾ (normal use in refrigeration plants with fluorinated refrigerants) [W] / [°C]
HE 0.5	2.3
HE 1.0	3.1
HE 1.5	4.9
HE 4.0	11.0
HE 8.0	23.0

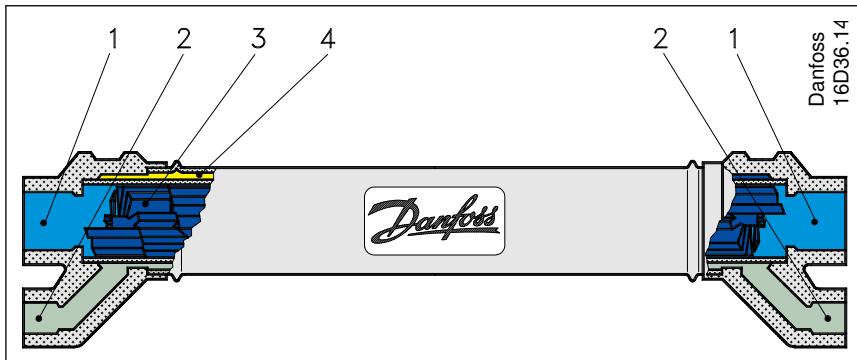
⁽¹⁾ These figures apply to dry gas only.

Even if a thermostatic expansion valve is used, the suction gas will carry very small liquid drops into the suction line.

The fins of the HE catch these drops which then evaporate.

This may result in a smaller superheat than the theoretically calculated value.

Design



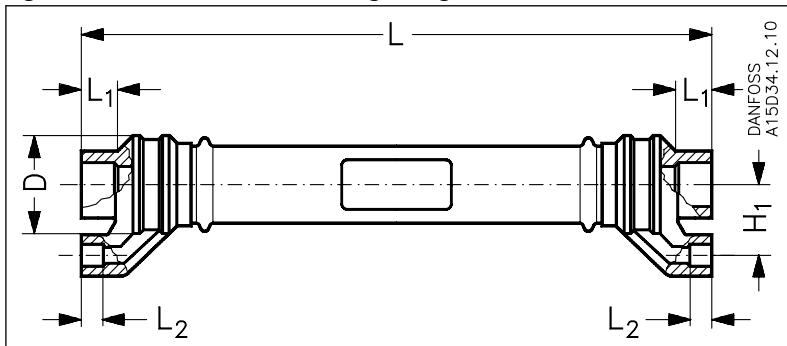
1. Suction line connection
2. Liquid line connection
3. Inner chamber
4. Outer chamber

Offset fin sections are built into the inner chamber (3) and result in a turbulent gas flow with minimum flow resistance. The gas flows straight through without changing direction and without oil pockets.

Refrigerant liquid flows in the opposite direction to the gas, through the small outer chamber (4). The flow is guided by a built-in wire coil so that maximum heat transfer is achieved. The hot liquid flowing through the outer chamber normally protects the outer tube from "sweating".

Dimensions [mm] and weights [kg]

Figure 1: Dimensions [mm] and weights [kg]

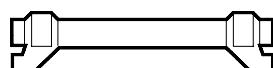


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Table 3: Dimensions [mm] and weights [kg]

Type	H ₁	L	L ₁	L ₂	ØD	Net weight	Volume	
							Outer chamber[cm ³]	Inner chamber[cm ³]
HE 0.5	20	178	10	7	27.5	0.3	8.5	23
HE 1.0	25	268	12	9	30.2	0.5	25	45
HE 1.5	30	323	14	10	36.2	1	40	100
HE 4.0	38	373	20	10	48.3	1.5	80	260
HE 8.0	48	407	29	10	60.3	2.3	175	475

Ordering



Type	Solder connection ODF				Code no.	
	Liquid line		Suction line			
	[in.]	[mm]	[in.]	[mm]		
HE 0.5	–	6	–	12	015D0001	
	1/4	–	1/2	–	015D0002	
HE 1.0	–	10	–	16	015D0003	
	3/8	–	5/8	–	015D0004	
HE 1.5	–	12	–	18	015D0005	
	1/2	–	3/4	–	015D0006	
HE 4.0	–	12	–	28	015D0007	
	1/2	–	1 1/8	–	015D0008	
HE 8.0	–	16	–	42	015D0009	
	5/8	–	1 5/8	–	015D0010	

Generally, the size of an HE heat exchanger can be determined from the connections corresponding to the pipe dimensions of the refrigeration plant.

The design is such that normal suction gas velocities are achieved, with a subsequent small pressure drop. Thus the heat exchanger capacity will match plant capacity.

At the same time, oil return to the compressor is ensured.

If the main object is to avoid sweating and frosting-up of the suction line, the HE can be chosen one size larger than the size determined by the capacity. An HE used as an auxiliary condenser must always be selected according to the connection dimensions.

Certificates, declarations, and approvals

The list contains all certificates, declarations, and approvals for this product type. Individual code number may have some or all of these approvals, and certain local approvals may not appear on the list.

Some approvals may change over time. You can check the most current status at danfoss.com or contact your local Danfoss representative if you have any questions.

Table 4: Certificates, declarations, and approvals

File name	Document type	Document topic	Approvals Authority
Danfoss 034L9625.AB	Manufacturers Declaration	PED/RoHS	Danfoss
Danfoss 034R9541.AA	Manufacturers Declaration	China RoHS	Danfoss
Document - EAC RU Д-ДК.БЛ08.В.00327_18	EAC Declaration	EAC	EAC
Document - LLC CDC EURO-TYSK UA.089.D.00001-19	UA Declaration	TYSK	TYSK

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