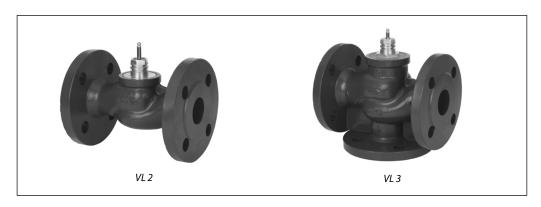


Seated valves (PN 6)

VL 2 – 2-way valve, flange

VL 3 – 3-way valve, flange

Description



VL 2 and VL 3 valves provide a quality, cost effective solution for most water and chilled applications.

The valves are designed to be combined with following actuators:

 DN 15-50 with AMV(E) 335, AMV(E) 435 or AMV(E) 438 SU actuators. With AMV(E) 25 (SU/SD) or AMV(E) 35 actuators (with adapter 065Z0311).

 DN 65-80 with AMV(E) 335 or AMV(E) 435 actuators. With AMV(E) 56 actuator (with adapter 065Z0312).

 DN 100 with AMV(E) 55 or AMV(E) 56, AMV(E) 655, AMV(E) 658 SU/SD or AMV(E) 659 SD actuators.

Combinations with other actuators could be seen under Accessories.

Features:

- Bubble tight design DN 15-80
- Snap mechanical connection together with AMV(E) 335, AMV(E) 435
- Dedicated 2 and 3-port valve
- Suitable for diverting applications (3-port)

Main data:

- DN 15-100
- k_{VS} 0,63-145 m³/h
- PN 6
- Temperature:
 - Circulation water/glycolic water up to 50 %: 2 (-10^{-1}) ... 120 °C
 - $^{1)}$ At temperatures from –10 °C up to +2 °C use stem heater
- Flange PN 6 connections
- Compliance with Pressure Equipment Directive 97/23/EC

Ordering

Example: 2-way valve; DN 15; k_{VS} 1,6; PN 6; T_{max} 120 °C; flange connection

- 1× VL 2 DN 15 valve Code No.: **065Z0373**

2-way valve VL 2

DN	k _{vs} (m³/h)	T _{max} (°C)	Code No.
	0,63		065Z0371
	1,0		065Z0372
15	1,6		065Z0373
	2,5		065Z0374
	4,0		065Z0375
20	6,3		065Z0376
25	10	120	065Z0377
32	16		065Z0378
40	25		065Z0379
50	40		065Z0380
65	63		065Z0381
80	100		065Z0382
100	145		065Z3426

3-way valve VL 3

2,				
DN	k _{vs} (m³/h)	T _{max} (°C)	Code No.	
	0,63		065Z0351	
	1,0		065Z0352	
15	1,6		065Z0353	
	2,5		065Z0354	
	4,0		065Z0355	
20	6,3	6,3		065Z0356
25	10	120	065Z0357	
32	16		065Z0358	
40	25		065Z0359	
50	40		065Z0360	
65	63		065Z0361	
80	100		065Z0362	
100	145		065Z3413	

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Seated valves VL 2, VL 3

Ordering (continued)

Accessories - Adapter

DN	Actuators	max. Δp (bar)	Code No.
15-50	AMV(E) 25, 35	4,0	065Z0311
65-80	AMV(E) 56	2,5	065Z0312

Accessories - Stem heater

DN	Actuators	Power supply (V/VA)	Code No. Stem Heater	Code No. Adapter
15-80	AMV(E) 335, 435			1
15-50	AMV(E) 438 SU	24/40	065Z0315	enclosed
15-50	AMV(E) 25/35	24/40 00320313	06520315	065Z0311
65-80	AMV(E) 56			065Z0312
100	AMV(E) 55, 56, 65x	24/15	065Z7020	1

Service kits

Туре	20 065Z032 :				
	15	065Z0321			
	20	065Z0322			
	25	065Z0323			
Stuffing box	32	065Z0324			
	40/50	065Z0325			
	65/80	065Z0327			
	100	065B1360			

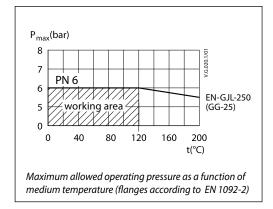
Technical data

Nominal diameter	DN	15				20	25	32	40	50	65	80	100	
k _{vs} value	m³/h	0,63	1,0	1,6	2,5	4,0	6,3	10	16	25	40	63	100	145
Stroke	mm				10					15		2	10	30
Control range		30:1		50):1						100	:1		
Control characteristic						LO	G: po	rt A-A	B; LIN	port	B-AB			
Cavitation factor z								≥	0,4					
Lashana					Α	- AB b	ubble	tight	desig	n				0,05 % of k _{vs}
Leakage							В-	AB≤	1,0 %	of k _{vs}				
Nominal pressure	PN								6					
Max. closing pressure 1) (mixing)	bar		4									2	,5	1,02)
Max. closing pressure 1) (diverting)	Dai	1								0	,6	0,32)		
Medium		Circulation water / glycolic water up to 50 %												
Medium pH		Min. 7, Max. 10												
Medium temperature	°C						2	2(-10 3	³⁾) 1	20				
Connections		Flange PN 6 acc. to EN 1092-2												
Materials														
Valve body		Grey cast iron EN-GJL-250 (GG-25)												
Valve stem	Stainless steel													
Valve cone	Brass 4)													
Stuffing box sealing		EPDM												

Maximum permissible differential pressure across the valve reffered for the whole actuating range of motorised valve (a function of actuator's performance)
 for actuator AMV(E) 55
 At temperatures from -10 up to +2 °C use stem heater
 At DN 100 red bronze CuSn5Zn5Pb5 (Rg 5)

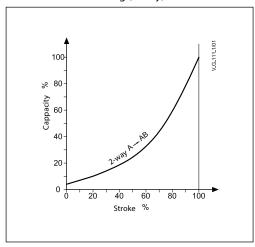
Seated valves VL 2, VL 3

Pressure temperature diagram

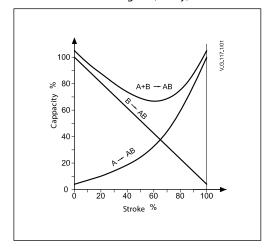


Valve characteristics

Valve characteristics log (2-way)



Valve characteristics log/lin (3-way)



Disposal

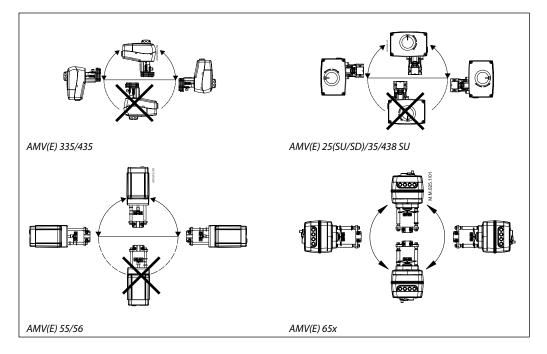
The valve must be dismantled and the elements sorted into various material groups before disposal.

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Installation



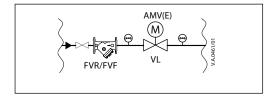
Valve mounting

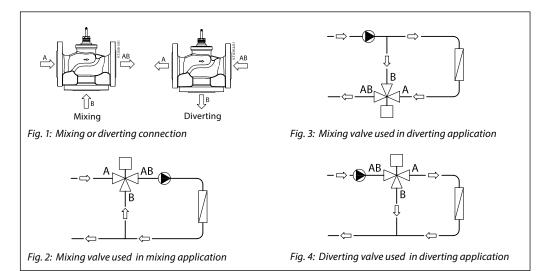
Before valve mounting the pipes have to be cleaned and free from abrasion. Valve must be mounted according to flow direction as indicated on valve body. Mechanical loads of the valve body caused by the pipes are not allowed. Valve should be free of vibrations as well.

Installation of the valve with the actuator is allowed in horizontal position or upwards. Installation downwards is not allowed.

Note:

Install a strainer upstream of the valve (e.g. Danfoss FVR/FVF)





Mixing or diverting connection

3-way valve can be used either as mixing or diverting valve (fig.1).

If 3-way valve is installed as mixing valve meaning that A and B ports are inlet ports, and AB port is outlet port it can be installed in mixing (fig.2) or diverting application (fig.3).

3-way valve can be also installed as diverting valve in diverting application (fig.4) meaning that AB port is inlet and A and B ports are outlets.

Note:

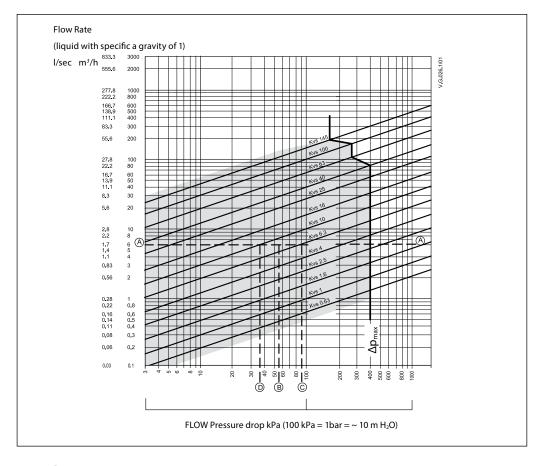
Maximal closing pressure for mixing and diverting installation are not the same. Please refer to values stated in Technical data section.

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Sizing



Example

Design data: Flow rate: 6 m³/h System pressure drop: 55 kPa

Locate the horizontal line representing a flow rate of 6 m³/h (line A-A). The valve authority is given by the equation:

Valve authority, a =
$$\frac{\Delta p_1}{\Delta p_1 + \Delta p_2}$$

Where:

 $\begin{array}{ll} \Delta p_1 = & pressure \ drop \ across \ the \ fully \ open \ valve \\ \Delta p_2 = & pressure \ drop \ across \ the \ rest \ of \ the \ circuit \\ & with \ a \ full \ open \ valve \end{array}$

The ideal valve would give a pressure drop equal to the system pressure drop (i.e. an authority of 0,5):

if:
$$\Delta p_1 = \Delta p_2$$

$$a = \frac{\Delta p_1}{2 \times \Delta p_1} = 0.5$$

In this example an authority of 0,5 would be given by a valve having a pressure drop of 55 kPa at that flow rate (point B). The intersection of line A-A with a vertical line drawn from B lies between two diagonal lines; this means that no ideally-sized valve is available.

The intersection of line A-A with the diagonal lines gives the pressure drops stated by real, rather than ideal, valves. In this case, a valve with k_{VS} 6,3 would give a pressure drop of 90,7 kPa (point C):

hence valve authority =
$$\frac{90.7}{90.7 + 55} = 0.62$$

The second largest valve, with k_{VS} 10, would give a pressure drop of 36 kPa (point D):

hence valve authority =
$$\frac{36}{36+55}$$
 = 0,395

Generally, for a 3 port application, the smaller valve would be selected (resulting in a valve authority higher than 0,5 and therefore improved control). However, this will increase the total pressure and should be checked by the system designer for compatibility with available pump heads, etc. The ideal authority is 0,5 with a preferred range of between 0,4 and 0,7.

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Seated valves VL 2, VL 3

Design

(Design variations are possible)

- VL 2 DN 15-80 1. Valve body
- 2. Valve insert
- 3. Valve cone
- 4. Valve stem
- 5. Moving valve seat (pressure relieved)
- **6.** Stuffing box

VL 3 DN 15-80

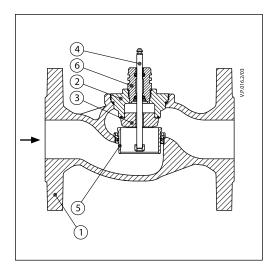
- 1. Valve body
- 2. Valve insert
- 3. Valve cone
- 4. Valve stem
- **5.** Valve seat
- 6. Pressure relieve chamber7. Stuffing box

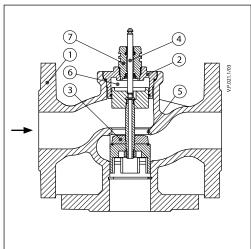
VL 2 DN 100 1. Valve body

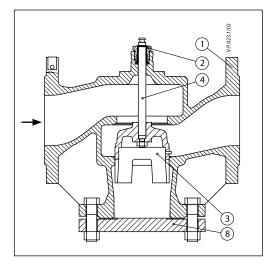
- 2. Valve insert
- 3. Valve cone
- 4. Valve stem
- 8. Blind flange

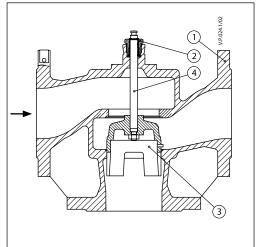
VL 3 DN 100

- 1. Valve body
- 2. Valve insert
- 3. Valve cone
- 4. Valve stem



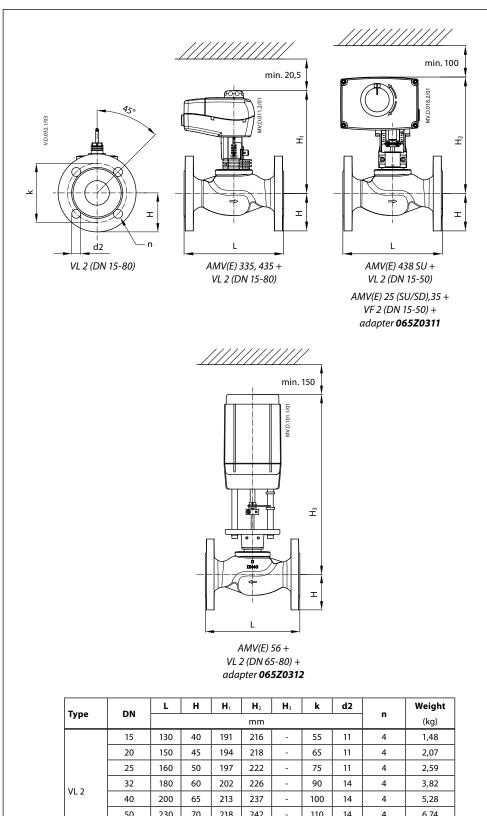








Dimensions



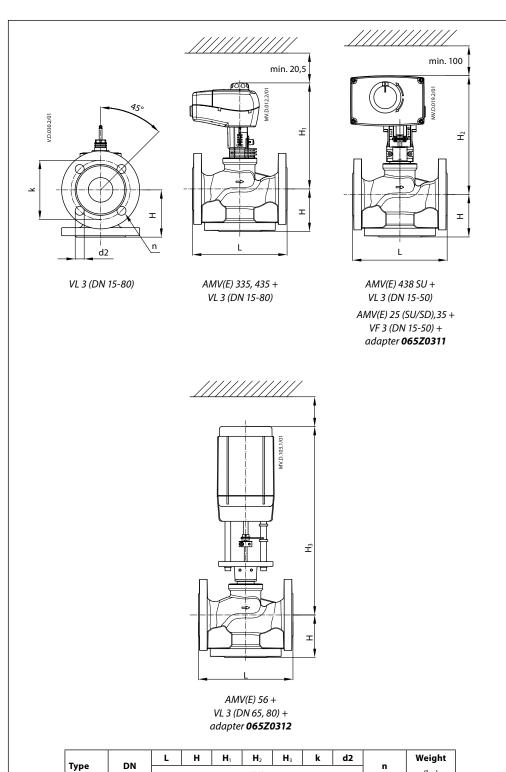
T	DN	L	Н	H ₁	H ₂	H ₃	k	d2	_	Weight
Type	DN				n	(kg)				
	15	130	40	191	216	-	55	11	4	1,48
	20	150	45	194	218	-	65	11	4	2,07
	25	160	50	197	222	-	75	11	4	2,59
VL 2	32	180	60	202	226	-	90	14	4	3,82
VLZ	40	200	65	213	237	-	100	14	4	5,28
	50	230	70	218	242	-	110	14	4	6,74
	65	290	88	254	-	428	130	14	4	13,90
	80	310	95	258	-	432	150	19	4	17,22

Note:

If stem heater is used dimension H_1 is increased for 28 mm and H_2 for 32 mm.



Dimensions (continued)



T	DN.	L	Н	H ₁	H ₂	H ₃	k	d2	_	Weight
Туре	DN				n	(kg)				
	15	130	63	191	216	-	55	11	4	1,93
	20	150	70	194	218	1	65	11	4	2,68
	25	160	75	197	222	-	75	11	4	3,59
VL 3	32	180	80	202	226	-	90	14	4	5,17
VL 3	40	200	90	230	255	-	100	14	4	7,08
	50	230	100	243	267	-	110	14	4	10,11
	65	290	120	254	-	428	130	14	4	16,15
	80	310	155	270	-	432	150	19	4	22,36

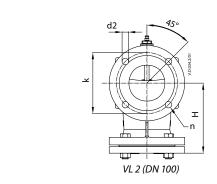
Note:

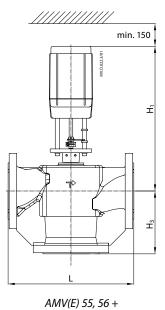
If stem heater is used dimension H_1 is increased for 28 mm and H_2 for 32 mm.



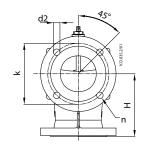


Dimensions (continued)

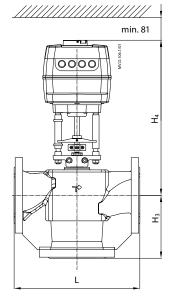




VL 2, VL 3 (DN 100)



VL 3 (DN 100)



AMV(E) 65x + VL 2, VL 3 (DN 100)

Turns	DN	L	Н	H1	H2	Н3	k	d2	_	Weight	
Type	mm								n	(kg)	
VL 2	100	350	196	406	217	450	170	10	4	39,0	
VL 3	100	100	350	175	406	317	450	170	18	4	34,0

Note:If stem heater is used dimension H remains the same.











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