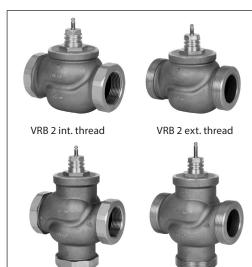


Seated valves (PN 16)

- 2-way valve, internal and external thread **VRB 2**
- 3-way valve, internal and external thread VRB 3

Description



VRB valves provide a quality, cost effective solution for most water and chilled applications.

VRB 3 int. thread

VRB 3 ext. thread

The valves are designed to be combined with following actuators: •With AMV(E) 335, AMV(E) 435 or AMV(E) 438 SU actuators.

• With AMV(E) 25, 25 SU/SD, 35 or AMV 323/423/523 actuators (with adapter 065Z0311).

Combinations of actuators is evident under section "Dimension".

Features:

- Bubble tight design
- Snap mechanical connection together with AMV(E) 335, AMV(E) 435
- Dedicated 2 and 3-port valv
- Suitable for diverting applications (3-port)

Main data:

- DN 15-50
- k_{vs} 0,63-40 m³/h
- PN 16
- Temperature:
- Circulation water / glycolic water up to 50 %: 2 (−10*) ... 130 °C * At temperatures from −10 °C up to +2 °C use stem
- heater
- Connections:
- External thread - Internal thread
- **Compliance with Pressure Equipment** Directive 97/23/EC

Ordering

Example: 3-way valve; DN 15; k_{vs} 1,6; PN 16; T_{max} 130 °C; ext. thread

- 1× VRB 3 DN 15 valve Code No.: 065Z0153
- Option:
- 3× Tailpieces
- Code No.: 065Z0291

28/3-way valves VRR (external thread)

203-way valves VRD (external tilleau)						
DN	k _{vs}	Code No.				
DN	(m³/h)	VRB 2	VRB 3			
15	0,63	065Z0171	065Z0151			
	1,0	065Z0172	065Z0152			
	1,6	065Z0173	065Z0153			
	2,5	065Z0174	065Z0154			
	4,0	065Z0175	065Z0155			
20	6,3	065Z0176	065Z0156			
25	10	065Z0177	065Z0157			
32	16	065Z0178	065Z0158			
40	25	065Z0179	065Z0159			
50	40	065Z0180	065Z0160			

2 & 3-way valves VRB (internal thread)

	k _{vs}	Code	e No.
DN	(m³/h)	VRB 2	VRB 3
	0,63	065Z0231	065Z0211
	1,0	065Z0232	065Z0212
15	1,6	065Z0233	065Z0213
	2,5	065Z0234	065Z0214
	4,0	065Z0235	065Z0215
20	6,3	065Z0236	065Z0216
25	10	065Z0237	065Z0217
32	16	065Z0238	065Z0218
40	25	065Z0239	065Z0219
50	40	065Z0240	065Z0220

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Seated valves VRB 2, VRB 3

Ordering (continued)

Accessories - Tailpieces

Туре		DN	Code No.
Tailpiece ¹⁾	Rp ½	15	065Z0291
	Rp ¾	20	065Z0292
	Rp 1	25	065Z0293
	Rp 1¼	32	065Z0294
	Rp 11/2	40	065Z0295
	Rp 2	50	065Z0296

¹⁾ 1 tailpiece internal thread for VRB ext. thread (Ms - CuZn39Pb3)

Service kits

Туре	DN	Code No.		
	15	065Z0321		
	20	065Z0322		
Stuffing box	25	065Z0323		
	32	065Z0324		
	40/50	065Z0325		

Accessories - Adapter & stem heater

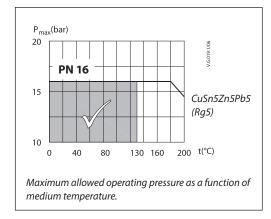
Туре	for actuators	Code No.		
Adapter	AMV(E) 25/35/323/423/523	065Z0311		
Stem heater	AMV(E) 335/435	065Z0315		

Technical data

Nominal diameter	DN			15			20	25	32	40	50
k _{vs} value	m³/h	0,63	1,0	1,6	2,5	4,0	6,3	10	16	25	40
Stroke	mm	10							15		
Control range		30:1 50:1					100:1				
Control characteristic		LOG: port A-AB; LIN: port B-AB									
Cavitation factor z		≥ 0,4									
Leakage		A - AB bubble tight design									
		$B - AB \le 1,0 \%$ of k_{vs}									
Nominal pressure	PN	16									
M 1 1		Mixing: 4									
Max. closing pressure	bar	Diverting: 1									
Medium		Circulation water / glycolic water up to 50 %									
Medium pH		Min. 7, Max. 10									
Medium temperature	°C	2 (-10 1) 130									
Connections		Int. and ext. thread									
Materials											
Valve body		Red bronze CuSn5ZN5Pb5 (Rg5)									
Valve stem		Stainless steel									
Valve cone		Brass									
Stuffing box sealing		EPDM									

¹⁾ At temperatures from -10 up to +2 °C use stem heater

Pressure temperature diagram

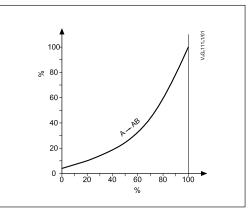




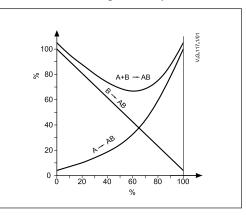
Seated valves VRB 2, VRB 3

Valve characteristics

Valve characteristics log (2-way)







Installation

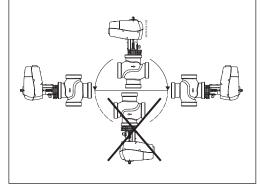
Valve mounting

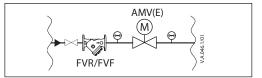
Before valve mounting the pipes have to be cleaned and free from abrasion. Valve must be mounted according to flow direction as indicated on valve body, except by diverting, where valve can be mounted oposite to the flow direction (flow oposite to indication on the valve body). Mechanical loads of the valve body caused by the pipes are not allowed. Valve should be free of vibrations as well.

Installation of the valve with the actuator is allowed in horizontal position or upwards. Installation downwards is not allowed.

Note:

Install a strainer upstream of the valve (e.g. Danfoss FVR/FVF)





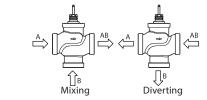


Fig. 1: Mixing or diverting connection

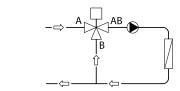


Fig. 2: Mixing valve used in mixing application

Mixing or diverting connection

3-way valve can be used either as mixing or diverting valve (fig.1).

If 3-way valve is installed as mixing valve meaning that A and B ports are inlet ports, and AB port is outlet port it can be installed in mixing (fig.2) or diverting application (fig.3).

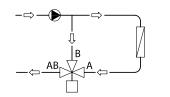


Fig. 3: Mixing valve used in diverting application

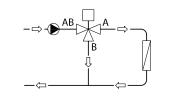


Fig. 4: Diverting valve used in diverting application

3-way valve can be also installed as diverting valve in diverting application (fig.4) meaning that AB port is inlet and A and B ports are outlets.

Note:

Maximal closing pressure for mixing and diverting installation are not the same. Please refer to values stated in Technical data section.

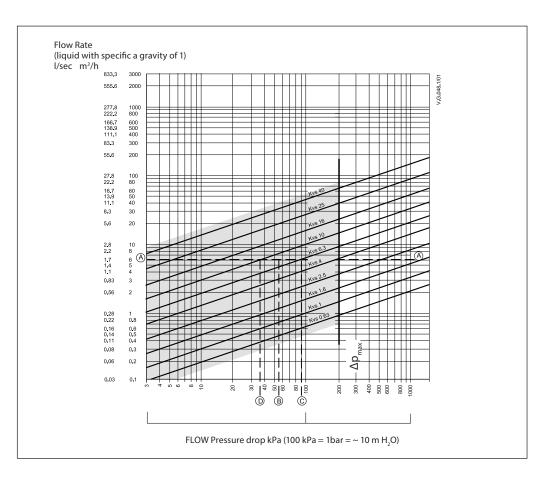
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Seated valves VRB 2, VRB 3

Disposal

The valve must be dismantled and the elements sorted into various material groups before disposal.





Example

Design data: Flow rate: 6 m³/h System pressure drop: 55 kPa

Locate the horizontal line representing a flow rate of 6 m³/h (line A-A). The valve authority is given by the equation:

Valve authority, a =
$$\frac{\Delta p_1}{\Delta p_1 + \Delta p_2}$$

Where:

- $\Delta p_1 = \text{pressure drop across the fully open}$ valve
- $\Delta p_2 = pressure drop across the rest of the circuit with a full open valve$

The ideal valve would give a pressure drop equal to the system pressure drop (i.e. an authority of 0,5):

$$if: \Delta p_1 = \Delta p_2$$
$$a = \frac{\Delta p_1}{2 \times \Delta p_1} = 0.5$$

In this example an authority of 0,5 would be given by a valve having a pressure drop of 55 kPa at that flow rate (point B). The intersection of line A–A with a vertical line drawn from B lies between two diagonal lines; this means that no ideally-sized valve is available. The intersection of line A–A with the diagonal lines gives the pressure drops stated by real, rather than ideal, valves. In this case, a valve with k_{vs} 6,3 would give a pressure drop of 90,7 kPa (point C):

hance valve authority
$$=\frac{90,7}{90,7+55}=0,62$$

The second largest valve, with k_{vs} 10, would give a pressure drop of 36 kPa (point D):

hence valve authority
$$=$$
 $\frac{36}{36+55}$ = 0,395

Generally, for a 3 port application, the smaller valve would be selected (resulting in a valve authority higher than 0,5 and therefore improved control). However, this will increase the total pressure and should be checked by the system designer for compatibility with available pump heads, etc. The ideal authority is 0,5 with a preferred range of between 0,4 and 0,7.



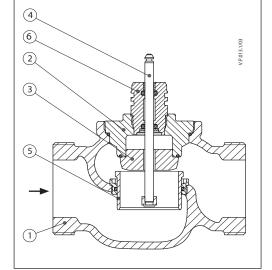
Seated valves VRB 2, VRB 3

Design

(Design variations are possible)

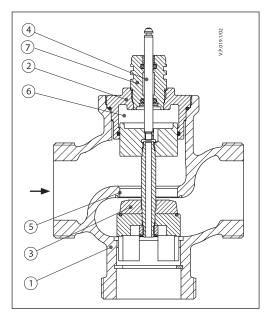
VRB 2

- Valve body
 Valve insert
 Valve cone
- 4. Valve stem
- Valve stern
 Moving valve seat (pressure relieved)
 Stuffing box



VRB 3

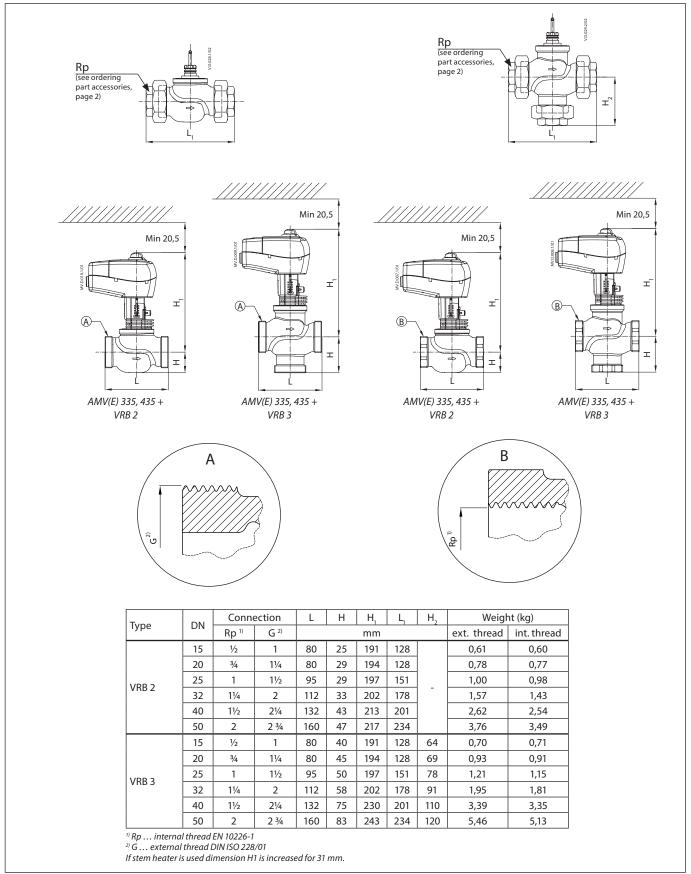
- Valve body
 Valve insert
- 3. Valve cone
- 4. Valve stem
- 5. Valve seat6. Pressure relieve chamber
- 7. Stuffing box





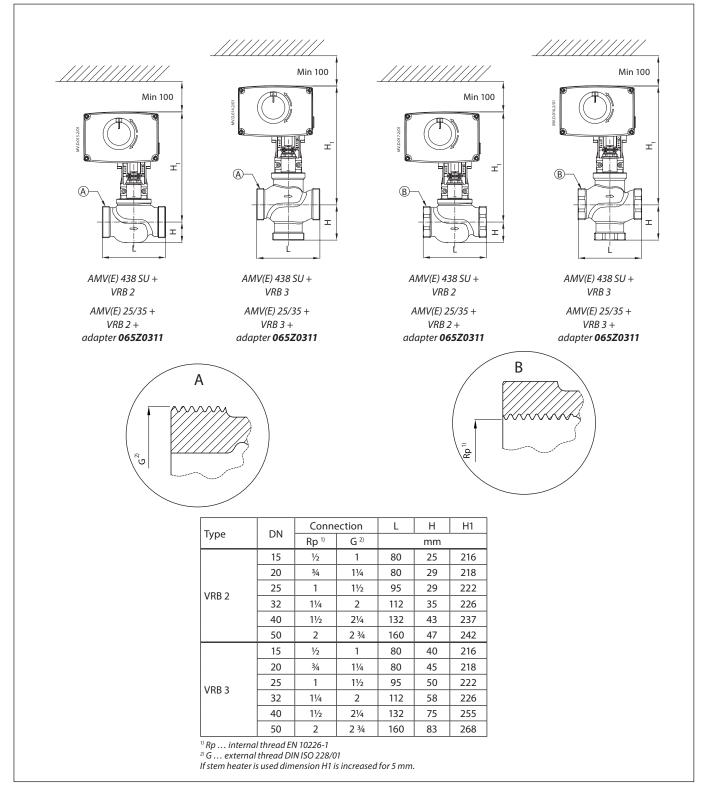
Seated valves VRB 2, VRB 3

Dimensions





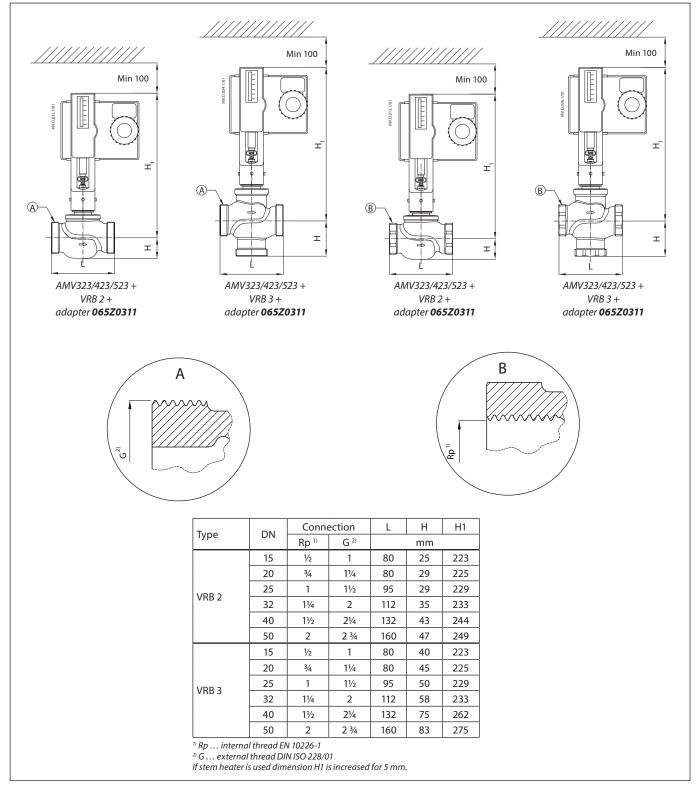
Dimensions (continued)





Seated valves VRB 2, VRB 3

Dimensions (continued)



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