Technical Information

Steering
General, Steering Components
### Revision history

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<tr>
<td>December 2019</td>
<td>Added EHi steering valve, various data changes including 'Oil temperature' in 'Technical data common' section</td>
<td>0501</td>
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<tr>
<td>July 2017</td>
<td>Updated literature number</td>
<td>0401</td>
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<tr>
<td>September 2015</td>
<td>Drawings updated</td>
<td>0400</td>
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<tr>
<td>September 2014</td>
<td>Mistakes corrected</td>
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<tr>
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<td>December 2009</td>
<td>Steering column deleted</td>
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<td>October 2002</td>
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Technical Information

General, Steering Components

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Danfoss is one of the largest producers in the world of steering components for hydrostatic steering systems on off-road vehicles. Danfoss offers steering solutions both at component and system levels. Our product range makes it possible to cover applications of all types, ranging from ordinary 2 wheel steering (also known as Ackermann steering) to articulated steering, automatic steering (for example, by sensor) and remote controlled steering via satellite. We can offer more than 1,800 different steering units and 250 different priority valves categorized in types, variants and sizes.

Danfoss offers:

For hydrostatic steering systems:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product type</th>
<th>Displacement</th>
<th>Rated Flow</th>
<th>Steering Pressure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mini steering units</td>
<td>32 – 100 cm³/rev [1.95 – 6.10 in³/rev]</td>
<td>max. 20 l/min [5.28 US gal/min]</td>
<td>max. 140 bar [2030 psi]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Steering units</td>
<td>40 – 1200 cm³/rev [2.44 to 73.2 in³/rev]</td>
<td>max. 100 l/min [26.4 US gal/min]</td>
<td>max. 240 bar [3481 psi]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Priority valves</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>40, 80, 120, 160, 320 l/min [10.6, 21.1, 31.7, 42.3, 84.5 US gal/min]</td>
<td>max. 350 bar [5076 psi]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pilot operated flow-amplifiers (factors: 4, 5, 8, or 10)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>240 and 400 l/min [63.4 and 105.7 US gal/min]</td>
<td>max. 240 bar [3480 psi]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pilot operated steering valves</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>max. 100 l/min [26.4 US gal/min]</td>
<td>max. 250 bar [3625 psi]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pilot operated steering valves with integrated priority valve for pump</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>max. 120 l/min [31.7 US gal/min]</td>
<td>max. 250 bar [3625 psi]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For electrohydraulic steering systems Danfoss offers:

- Pilot operated steering valves (pilot operated by hydrostatic steering unit or by electrical signal) with steering flows up to 100 l/min [26.4 US gal/min], steering pressure up to 250 bar [3625 psi].
- Steering units with integrated electrical operated steering valve with steering flow up to 50 l/min [13.2 US gal/min], steering pressure up to 210 bar [3045 psi].
- Electrical operated steering valve with steering flow up to 70 l/min [18.5 US gal/min], steering pressure up to 210 bar [3045 psi].
A wide range of steering components

**Characteristic features for steering units:**
- Low steering torque: from 0.5 to 3 N•m in normal steering situations
- Low noise level
- Low pressure drop
- Many types available: Open center Non-reaction, Open center Reaction, Power Beyond, Closed center Non-reaction, Load Sensing, Load Sensing Reaction
- One or more built-in valve functions: relief valve, shock valves, suction valves, non-return valve in P-line and LS-line
- Optional port connections according to ISO, SAE or DIN standards

**Characteristics for EH steering systems with OSPE, EHPS, and EHI:**
- Possibility of GPS, row sensor, variable steering ratio and joystick steering
- Possibility of manual steering even on very heavy vehicles
- EHPS:
  - High steering pressure requiring smaller cylinders and flow
  - Low pilot pressure and flow giving extremely low noise in the cabin
  - Combined with Danfoss PVG 32 proportional valve

**Conversion factors**

\[
\begin{align*}
1 \text{ N•m} &= [8.851 \text{ lbf•in}] \\
1 \text{ N} &= [0.2248 \text{ lbf}] \\
1 \text{ mm} &= [0.0394 \text{ in}] \\
1 \text{ cm}^3 &= [0.061 \text{ in}^3] \\
1 \text{ l} &= [0.264 \text{ US gal}] \\
1 \text{ bar} &= [14.5 \text{ psi}] \\
^\circ\text{F} &= [1.8^\circ\text{C} + 32]
\end{align*}
\]

**Survey of literature on Danfoss steering components**

Detailed data on all Danfoss steering components and accessories can be found in our steering component catalogs, which is divided into the following individual sub catalogs:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>General information</th>
<th>Steering components</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Technical data on mini steering units</td>
<td>OSPM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Technical data on open center, and closed center steering units</td>
<td>OSPB, OSPC, and OSPD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Technical data on load sensing steering units, priority valves and flow amplifiers</td>
<td>OSPB, OSPC, OSPF, OSPD, OSPAN, OSPBX, OSPPLX, OVPL, OLS and OSQ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Technical data on load sensing steering unit with amplification</td>
<td>OSPU</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Technical data on hydraulic and EH pilot operated steering valves, electrical actuation modules and appropriate steering units.</td>
<td>EHPS, EHPS w. OLS 320, PVE for EHPS and OSPCX</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Technical data on combined steering unit/EH steering valves and steering wheel sensors</td>
<td>OSPE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Technical data on electrohydraulic steering valves</td>
<td>EHI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Technical data on steering wheel sensors</td>
<td>SASA</td>
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</table>

For technical information on individual variants, please contact the Danfoss Sales Organization.
Hydrostatic steering

Danfoss steering components are used in vehicles where the driver has to control high steering forces, reliably, comfortably and with maximum safety.

Steering units OSPM/OSPB/OSPC/OSPF/OSPR/OSPD/OSPU/OSPL

The operation of Danfoss steering units OSP- is hydrostatic. That is to say, there is no mechanical connection between the steering column and the steered wheels.

Instead there are hydraulic pipes and hoses between steering unit and steering cylinder(s). When the steering wheel is turned, the steering unit meters out an oil volume proportional to the rate of rotation of the steering wheel. This volume is directed to the appropriate side of the steering cylinder, while simultaneously the displaced oil is directed to tank.

In open center systems the steering unit is supplied with oil from a separate pump with fixed displacement.

Open center hydrostatic steering system

In load sensing (LS) systems one pump can supply oil to steering system and to working hydraulics. A priority valve ensures that steering always has first priority.

Load sensing hydrostatic steering system
Steering concepts

**Flow-Amplifiers OSQA/OSQB**

In large vehicles and ships the steering units can be used with Danfoss Flow-amplifiers which amplify the oil flow to the steering cylinders. These systems with steering units and flow-amplifiers also include an inbuilt priority valve which ensures that the steering takes priority. When the steering wheel is turned, the oil flow is divided in the flow-amplifier in such a way as to ensure that the necessary oil flow is led to the steering system. The rest of the oil flow is available for the working hydraulics.

**Electrohydraulic steering system**

**Electrohydraulic steering**

On loaders, large forklift trucks, dumpers, heavy tractors, combine harvesters, maize harvesters and other similar machines there is often need for electrically actuated steering either in the form of a joystick, or fully automatic.

For this purpose Danfoss offers:

Combined steering unit and electro hydraulic steering valve, OSPE: **OSP** for normal manual steering wheel activated steering and **E** for electro hydraulic steering activated by electrical input signal either from GPS or vehicle controller or from steering wheel sensor (Danfoss type SASA) for variable steering ratio. In variable steering mode, the electro hydraulic valve part adds flow to the metered out flow from the steering unit part of the OSPE.

Pilot operated steering valve, EHPS: Electro Hydraulic Power Steering: A basic system (type 0) consists of a pilot steering unit as the signal source and an EHPS valve block which controls oil flow to the steering cylinders proportional to the pilot flow. The system can be extended to include an electrical actuator so that, as an alternative, it becomes possible to steer with a joystick (EHPS type 1). In addition, the valve block can be supplied with built-in micro controller and safety critical steering software (EHPS type 2). A steering system with EHPS type 2 means no steering wheel drift and possibility of variable steering ratio.
Steering components, general

Steering Units: OSPM, OSPB, OSPC, OSPR, OSPF, and OSPL

The steering unit consists of a rotary valve and a rotary meter. Via a steering column the steering unit is connected to the steering wheel of the vehicle. When the steering wheel is turned, oil is directed from the steering system pump via the rotary valve (spool and sleeve) and rotary meter (gear wheel set) to the cylinder ports L or R, depending on the direction of turn. The rotary meter meters the oil flow to the steering cylinder in proportion to the angular rotation of the steering wheel. If the oil flow from the steering system pump is too small, the steering unit can function as a manual pump - assuming the conditions as described in Manual steering pressure on page 39.

1. Check valve
2. Shock valve
3. Relief valve
4. Housing with anticavitation valves
5. Spool
6. Neutral position spring
7. Sleeve
8. Cross pin
9. Cardan shaft
10. Distributor plate
11. Gear wheel
12. Gear rim
13. End cover
Steering components, general

Steering unit with 2 rotary meters: OSPD

The basic function of this type is like the main group of Danfoss steering units, except the gearwheel set (rotary meter). OSPD has 2 rotary meters, which are mechanically connected. A shift valve determines whether only one or both rotary meters are active. In the case of no pump supply only one rotary meter is active for emergency steering. In normal steering situations both rotary meters are active.
Steering components, general

Steering unit with amplifier valve: OSPU

The basic function of this type is like the main group of Danfoss steering units, except the rotary valve and a torque compensator valve. The rotary valve (spool/sleeve set) of OSPU has an amplification function, which adds flow directly to the cylinder ports in parallel with oil passing through the rotary meter (gear wheel set). In the case of no pump supply (emergency steering) only the gear wheel set meters oil to the cylinder ports. The function of the torque compensator valve is to assure constant amplification.

1 Amplification valve parts
2 Housing with valve parts
3 LS copy valve
4 Spool
5 Neutral position spring
6 Sleeve
7 Cross pin
8 Cardan shaft
9 Distributor plate
10 Gear wheel set
11 End cover
Priority valves: OLSA and OLS

In systems with Danfoss priority valves and load sensing steering units, steering has first priority. When the steering wheel is turned, the oil flow is distributed in the priority valve in such a way that the oil flow necessary for steering is led to the steering unit through the CF (controlled flow) connection. The remaining oil flow is available for the working hydraulics through the EF (excess flow) connection. The distribution is controlled by the LS signal from the steering unit, so that the oil flow to the steering unit is always determined by the actual steering rate.
Steering components, general

Flow-Amplifiers: OSQA and OSQB

The flow-amplifiers OSQA and OSQB contain a directional valve, an amplification valve, a priority valve, a pilot pressure relief valve, shock and suction valves.

In addition OSQB contains a back pressure valve. The flow-amplifier amplifies the oil flow from the steering unit cylinder ports L or R by an amplification factor of 4, 5, 8, 10 or 20.

The amplified oil flow is directed from the flow-amplifier ports CL or CR to the steering cylinder(s). The amplified flow is proportional to the rate of the steering wheel rotation. If the oil flow from the pump fails, the flow-amplifier cuts off the amplification and manual steering through the steering unit is possible under the same conditions as those mentioned in the section: Manual steering pressure on page 39.

The pressure drop through the flow-amplifier at manual steering is about 5 bar [72.5 psi].

1 | Housing
2 | Shock and suction valves
3 | Back pressure valve
4 | Directional spool
5 | Pilot pressure relief valve
6 | Priority valve
7 | Amplification valve
Steering components, general

Steering valve EHPS

The EHPS is a pilot operated directional valve. Oil from a pilot steering unit or an electrical signal can actuate the steering valve.

Basically the EHPS valve contains a directional valve, a priority valve, a pilot relief valve, a pilot pressure control valve, and shock- and suction valves.

An electric actuation module, PVE, can be fitted onto the EHPS valve. In the type 1 system the controller is operated by an analog signal and the type 2 system the signal is digital with Canbus interface and it comprises a micro processor with safety critical steering software.

The pilot for the directional valve in EHPS can be supplied either by the flow from steering unit (cylinder port L or R), or by the flow from the electric actuation module PVE/PVED.
## Steering components, general

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<tr>
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<td>Pilot pressure reduction valve for steering unit</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Shuttle valves</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
OSPE steering valve

OSPE with an electrical programmable module (PVED-CL) the following steering features in electro hydraulic steer mode/field mode are possible:

- GPS-steering
- Row sensor/ camera steering
- Joy stick or mini st. wheel steering
- Variable steering ratio
- Speed depending steering ratio

The following block diagram shows all input devices possible for the PVED-CL actuator/controller. Detailed description is to be found in separate literature, PVED-CL User Manual, please contact Danfoss Sales Organization.
Steering components, general

**OSPE exploded view and parts list**

1. Shock valves
2. Suction valves
3. Spool/sleeve set
4. Gear set
5. Mode select and EH cut off valve
6. EH directional valve
7. PVE control unit
8. LVDT transducer
9. Solenoid valve bridge
10. Control valve for mode select
11. Pilot reduction valve, 12 bar
12. PP damping orifice
13. Priority valve spool
14. Priority valve spring
15. Dynamic orifice
16. Pilot pressure relief valve
17. PVFC valve/LS resolver
18. Neutral spring package for spool/sleeve
### Steering components, product overview

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Variants</th>
<th>Description</th>
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<tbody>
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<td><strong>Steering units</strong></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>OSPM</td>
<td>ON, PB,</td>
<td>Mini steering unit for smaller vehicles</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Lsd</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OSPB</td>
<td>ON, CN,</td>
<td>Steering unit with no valve functions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LS</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OSPC</td>
<td>ON, OR,</td>
<td>Steering unit with valve functions</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ORM, LS,</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Lsd, LSR</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LSRd, LSRMd</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>OSPF</td>
<td>Lsd</td>
<td>Steering unit full drain dynamic load sensing and with valve functions</td>
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<tr>
<td>OSPD</td>
<td>ON, Lsd,</td>
<td>Steering unit with 2 displacements and with valve functions</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LSRd, LSRMd</td>
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<tr>
<td>OSPU</td>
<td>Lsd</td>
<td>Steering unit with flow amplification and with valve functions</td>
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<td>OSPL</td>
<td>LS, Lsd</td>
<td>Steering unit for larger vehicles</td>
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<tr>
<td>OSPBX</td>
<td>LS</td>
<td>Pilot steering unit for OSQ static</td>
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<tr>
<td>OSPLX</td>
<td>LS</td>
<td>Pilot steering unit for OSQ static</td>
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<td>OSPCX</td>
<td>Lsd</td>
<td>Pilot steering unit for OSQ dynamic</td>
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<td></td>
<td>CN</td>
<td>Pilot steering unit for EHPS</td>
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<td><strong>Priority valves</strong></td>
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<td>OLSA</td>
<td>LS, Lsd</td>
<td>Priority valve for flanging on steering unit</td>
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<td>OLS</td>
<td>LS, Lsd</td>
<td>Priority valve for in line use</td>
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<td>OLSAD</td>
<td>LS, Lsd</td>
<td>Priority valve for flanging on gear pumps</td>
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<td><strong>Flow-Amplifiers</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>OSQA</td>
<td>LS</td>
<td>Flow-amplifier</td>
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<tr>
<td>OSQB</td>
<td>LS</td>
<td>Flow-amplifier with back pressure valve</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Steering valve</strong></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>EHPS type 0</td>
<td>Lsd</td>
<td>Pilot operated steering valve</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Electrohydraulic power steering</strong></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>EHPS type 1</td>
<td>Lsd</td>
<td>Pilot operated steering valve with electrical actuation module</td>
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<tr>
<td>EHPS type 2</td>
<td>Lsd</td>
<td>Pilot operated steering valve with programmable electrical actuation module</td>
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<tr>
<td>OSPE</td>
<td>Lsd, LSRMd</td>
<td>Combined steering unit/electrohydraulic steering valve</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EHi</td>
<td>LS, Lsd</td>
<td>Electrohydraulic steering valve for in-line use</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Valve blocks</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>OVPL</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Valve block for OSPL</td>
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<tr>
<td>OVR</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Angular block for side ported steering units</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Variant explanations**

- **ON**: Open center Non-reaction
- **LS**: Load Sensing, static
- **OR**: Open center Reaction
Steering components, product overview

- **ORM**: Open center Reaction RM-technology
- **LSD**: Load Sensing, dynamic
- **CN**: Closed center Non-reaction
- **LSR**: Load Sensing Reaction, static
- **PB**: Power Beyond LSRd: Load Sensing Reaction, dynamic
- **LSRMd**: Load Sensing Reaction RM-technology, dynamic
OSPM mini steering units

For light vehicles such as garden tractors, municipal vehicles, lawn mowers, small fork lift trucks, etc., Danfoss offers OSPM hydrostatic steering units.

The OSPM mini-steering unit is available in three versions:

- Open center Non-reaction (ON)
- Power Beyond (PB), where surplus oil can be led to working hydraulics.
- Load Sensing non-reaction (LS) dynamic

Main data of OSPM

- Flow, recommended: 3 - 20 l/min [0.79 - 5.28 US gal/min]
- Maximum steering pressure: 125 bar [1812 psi]
- Maximum back pressure (T): 20 bar [290 psi]

Features of OSPM:

- Small dimensions and low weight
- Low steering torque 0.5 to 1.5 N•m [4.43 to 13.28 lbf•in]
- One or more built-in valve functions: pressure relief, shock in L + R (servo ports Left and Right) and / or non return in P (Pump connection and check valve in LS line)
- End ports with integrated fittings (ORFS and check valve in LS line): O-ring face seal or side ports, male type
- Possibility of integrated steering column

OSPB, OSPC, OSPR, OSPD open center steering units

For small to large vehicles typically tractors, harvesters, fork lifts, contractors machines and special vehicles, etc., Danfoss offers a wide range of hydrostatic steering units.

For open circuit systems, where a seperate fixed displacement pump is supplying the steering system with oil the following types of Danfoss steering units are suitable:

- OSPB, OSPC, OSPR and OSPD

OSPB ON

The OSPB Open center steering unit is available in one version:
Steering components, main data and features

- Open center Non-reaction (ON)

**Main data of OSPB ON:**

- Displacement: 50 - 500 cm³/rev [3.05 - 30.5 in³/rev]
- Flow, recommended: 5 - 70 l/min [1.32 - 18.5 US gal/min]
  - Maximum steering pressure: 210 bar [3045 psi]
  - Maximum back pressure: 40 bar [580 psi]

**OSPC ON/OR**

The OSPC Open center steering unit is available in two versions:

- Open center Non-reaction (ON)
- Open center Reaction (OR)

**Main data of OSPC ON:**

- Displacement: 40 - 500 cm³/rev [2.44 - 30.51 in³/rev]
- Flow, recommended: 4 - 70 l/min [1.06 - 18.49 US gal/min]
- Maximum steering pressure: 210 bar [3045 psi]
- Maximum back pressure: 40 bar [580 psi]

**Main data of OSPC OR:**

- Displacement: 40 - 200 cm³/rev [2.44 - 12.21 in³/rev]
- Flow, recommended: 4 - 50 l/min [1.06 - 13.21 US gal/min]
- Maximum steering pressure: 210 bar [3045 psi]

**Features of OSPB and OSPC Open center steering units:**

- Low steering torque 0.8 to 3.0 N·m [7.08 to 26.6 lbf·in] in normal steering situations due to low effort springs and wide control range.
- Low noise due to laminar flow conditions throughout profile-grinded passages.
- OSPC: one or several built in valve functions: pressure relief, shock in L + R, suction in L + R and / or non-return in P.
**Steering components, main data and features**

**OSPD ON/OR**

The OSPD Open center steering unit is available in two versions:
- Open center Non-reaction (ON) version
- Open center Reaction (OR) version

**Main data of OSPD ON:**
- Displacement:
  - From 60 cm³/rev to max 125 cm³/rev [3.66 to max. 7.63 in³/rev] during manual steering without pump oil supply and with one rotary meter active.
  - From 185 cm³/rev up to 440 cm³/rev [11.3 up to 26.9 in³/rev] at full oil supply and with both rotary meters active.
- Flow, recommended: 19 - 70 l/min [5.02 - 18.49 US gal/min]
- Maximum steering pressure: 210 bar [3045 psi]
- Maximum back pressure: 40 bar [580 psi]

**Main data of OSPD OR**
- Displacement:
  - 60 cm³/rev or 70 cm³/rev [3.66 in³ or 4.27 in³/rev] during manual steering
  - From 185 cm³/rev up to 220 cm³/rev [11.28 up to 13.42 in³/rev] at full oil supply
- Flow recommended: 12 - 50 l/min [3.17 - 13.21 US gal/min]
- Maximum steering pressure: 210 bar [3045 psi]
- Maximum back pressure: 40 bar [580 psi]

**Features of OSPD open center steering units:**
- Features like OSPC Open center steering units plus:
  - Possibility of manual steering of heaviest vehicles, without the need for an emergency pump.

**OSPB closed center steering units OSPB CN**

For constant-pressure systems with variable pump flow Danfoss offers the steering unit types: OSPB CN

The OSPB closed center steering unit is available in one version:
- Closed center Non-reaction (CN)

**Main data of OSPB CN:**
- Displacement: 50 - 400 cm³/rev [3.05 - 24.4 in³/rev]
- Flow: 5 - 50 l/min [1.32 - 13.20 US gal/min]
- Maximum steering pressure: 175 bar [2538 psi]
- Maximum back pressure: 40 bar [580 psi]
Steering components, main data and features

**OSPB, OSPC, OSPF, OSPR, OSPD, OSPQ, OSPL, load sensing steering units**

For small to large vehicles typically tractors, harvesters, fork lifts, contractors machines and special vehicles, etc., Danfoss also offers a wide range of hydrostatic steering units of the Load Sensing (LS) types: OSPB, OSPC, OSPF, OSPD, and OSPQ LS steering units are for Load Sensing systems, where oil is supplied by a pump via a priority valve or from a pump with variable displacement.

**OSPB LS and OSPC LS/LSR**

The OSPB and OSPC Load Sensing steering unit is available in three versions:
- Load Sensing non-reaction (LS) static
- Load Sensing non-reaction (LS) dynamic
- Load Sensing Reaction (LSR) dynamic (only OSPC)

**Main data of OSPB LS and OSPC LS:**
- Displacement: 40 - 400 cm\(^3\)/rev [2.44 - 24.4 in\(^3\)/rev]
- Flow: 4 - 40 l/min [1.06 - 10.57 US gal/min]
- Maximum steering pressure: up to 210 bar [3045 psi]
- Maximum back pressure: 40 bar [580 psi]

**Main data of OSPC LSR:**
- Displacement: 40 - 200 cm\(^3\)/rev [2.44 - 12.20 in\(^3\)/rev]
- Flow: 4 - 20 l/min [1.06 - 5.28 US gal/min]
- Maximum steering pressure: 210 bar [3045 psi]
- Maximum back pressure: 40 bar [580 psi]

**Features of OSPB and OSPC load sensing steering units:**
- Low steering torque 0.8 to 3.0 N·m [7.08 to 26.55 lbf·in] in normal steering situations
- Low noise

**OSPF LS**

The OSPF Load Sensing steering unit is available in one version:
- Full drain Load Sensing non-reaction (LS) dynamic
Steering components, main data and features

**Main data of OSPF LS:**
- Displacement: 80 - 400 cm³/rev [4.88 - 24.4 in³/rev]
- Flow: 8 - 40 l/min [2.11 - 10.57 US gal/min]
- Maximum steering pressure: 210 bar [3045 psi]
- Maximum back pressure: 40 bar [580 psi]

**Features of OSPF load sensing steering units:**
- Low steering torque 0.5 to 1.8 N·m [4.43 to 15.93 lbf·in] in normal steering situations
- Low noise and wide control range
- Higher maximum steering speed, limited only by the capacity of the pump and the pressure setting
- One or several built in valve functions: pilot pressure relief, shock in L + R, suction in L + R and / or non-return in P.

**OSPD LS/LSR**

The OSPD Load Sensing steering unit is available in two versions:
- Load Sensing non-reaction (LS) dynamic
- Load Sensing Reaction (LSR) dynamic

**Main data of OSPD LS:**
- Displacement:
  - From 60 cm³/rev to max 125 cm³/rev [3.66 to max. 7.63 in³/rev] during manual steering without oil supply and with one rotary meter active.
  - From 185 cm³/rev up to 440 cm³/rev [11.28 up to 26.9 in³/rev] at full oil supply and with both rotary meters active.
- Flow: 19 - 44 l/min [5.02 - 11.62 US gal/min]
- Maximum steering pressure: 210 bar [3045 psi]
- Maximum back pressure: 40 bar [580 psi]

**Features of OSPD load sensing steering units:**
- Features like OSPC LS plus:
  - Possibility of manual steering of heaviest vehicles, without the need for an emergency pump.

**Main data of OSPD LSR:**
- Displacement:
  - From 60 or 70 cm³/rev [3.66 or 4.27 in³/rev] during manual steering
  - From 185 to 220 cm³/rev [11.28 to 13.42 in³/rev] at full oil supply
- Flow: 19 - 22 l/min [5.02 - 5.81 US gal/min]
- Maximum steering pressure: 210 bar [3045 psi]
- Maximum back pressure: 40 bar [580 psi]
Steering components, main data and features

OSPU LS

The OSPU Load Sensing steering unit is available in one version:
• Load Sensing non-reaction (LS) dynamic with build in amplification function

Main data of OSPU LS:

- Displacement:
  - From 60 to 125 cm$^3$/rev [3.66 to 7.63 in$^3$/rev] during manual steering without pump oil supply
  - From 120 to 500 cm$^3$/rev [7.32 to 30.51 in$^3$/rev] at normal pump supply. Amplification factors 2, 3 or 4 linear of 2 progressive.
- Flow: 8 - 50 l/min [2.11 - 13.21 US gal/min]
- Maximum steering pressure: 210 bar [3045 psi]
- Maximum back pressure: 40 bar [580 psi]

Features of OSPU load sensing steering units:

- Features like OSPC LS plus
  - Possibility of manual steering of heavier vehicles, without the need for an emergency pump
  - Possibility of “Fast Steer” with progressive amplification

OSPL LS

For larger vehicles typically heavy fork lift trucks, loaders and dumpers, Danfoss also offers a hydrostatic steering units of the Load Sensing (LS) type optimized for high steering flow: OSPL.

The OSPL load sensing steering unit is available in two versions:
• Load Sensing non-reaction (LS) static
• Load Sensing non-reaction (LS) dynamic

Main data of OSPL LS:

- Displacement: 520 - 1200 cm$^3$/rev [31.8 - 73.2 in$^3$/rev]
- Flow: 52 - 100 l/min [13.74 - 26.4 US gal/min]
- Maximum steering pressure: 240 bar [3480 psi]
- Maximum back pressure: 40 bar [580 psi]
Steering components, main data and features

**Features of OSPL load sensing steering units:**
- Low steering torque 0.8 to 3.0 N-m [7.08 to 26.6 lbf-in] in normal steering situations
- Low noise
- Low pressure drop even at high flow
- Possibility of built in valve function: pilot pressure relief valve. The OVPL valve block for OSPL contains shock L + R, suction L + R, non-return in pump line and / or back pressure valve in tank connection.

**OLSA/OLS priority valves**

For Load Sensing systems, Danfoss offers a wide range of priority valves:

Priority valves for flang mounting to Danfoss LS-Steering units:
- OLSA (Except for OSPR, OSPQ and OSPL)
- Priority valves for in-line use: OLS

**The OLSA and OLS priority valves are available in two versions:**
- Static and
- Dynamic

**Main data of OLSA:**
- Flow, rated: 40 or 80 l/min [10.57 - 21.1 US gal/min]
- Maximum system pressure: 250 bar [3625 psi]

**Main data of OLS:**
- Flow, rated: 40, 80, 120, 160 or 320 l/min [10.57, 21.1, 31.7, 42.3 or 84.5 US gal/min]
- Maximum system pressure: 280 bar [4061 psi]
  - OLS 160: 350 bar [5076 psi] on P and EF port
Steering components, main data and features

Main data of OLSP:
- Flow, rated: 80 l/min [21.1 US gal/min]
- Maximum system pressure: 250 bar [3625 psi]

Features of OLSA and OLS priority valves:
- Low noise valves
- OLS 160 and OLS 320: available with pilot pressure relief valve

OSQ Flow Amplifier

For very heavy vehicles typically very large fork lift trucks, loaders, dumpers and special vehicles weighing one hundred ton or more, Danfoss offers a flow-amplifier to amplify the oil from the steering unit: OSQ. The OSQ is based on the load sensing steering principle.

The OSQ is available in two versions:
- OSQA for normal fittings connection
- OSQB with back pressure valve in tank connection and for flange type fittings

Main data of OSQ:
- Amplification factors: 4, 5, 8, or 10
- Total displacement of steering system: 640 - 4160 cm³/rev [39 - 254 in³/rev]
- Flow: OSQA: 240 l/min [63.4 US gal/min] OSQB: 400 l/min [105.7 US gal/min]
- Maximum steering pressure: 240 bar [3480 psi]

Features of OSQ flow-amplifier:
- High steering capacity
- Low pressure drop even at high flow
- Possibility of built in valve functions: pilot pressure relief valve, priority valve, shock and suction valves in L + R. OSQB also has back pressure valve in tank connection.
Pilot steering units: OSPBX, OSPLX, OSPCX load sensing steering units

The OSQ flow-amplifiers require special pilot steering units of the type

- OSPBX LS
- OSPLX LS or
- OSPCX LS

which are all load-sensing steering units whose L- and R- connections are open to tank in neutral position.

The “X LS” steering units are available in two versions:

- OSPBX LS for OSQA and OSQB
- OSPLX LS for OSQA and OSQB

Main data of the “X LS” steering units:

- Displacement OSPBX LS and OSPCX LS 160 - 400 cm³/rev [9.76 - 24.4 in³]
- Displacement OSPLX LS 520 - 630 cm³/rev [31.7 - 38.4 in³]
- Maximum steering pressure 240 bar [3480 psi]

EHPS pilot operated steering valves

For larger vehicles typically big tractors, heavy fork lift trucks, loaders and dumpers, Danfoss also offers a hydraulic and electro-hydraulic pilot operated steering valve type EHPS. EHPS systems are available in three versions.

EHPS type 0, hydrostatic steering system

EHPS Type 0 is a purely hydraulic steering system with the EHPS valve acting as a pilot operated directional valve. A steering unit acts as a pilot unit delivering oil at a low pressure and low flow. The steering unit needs less displacement as in an ordinary hydrostatic steering system. The displacement can be optimised for emergency steering.
Steering components, main data and features

**EHPS type 1, hydrostatic and electrohydraulic steering system**

This system consists of an EHPS valve (type 0) equipped with an electrical activation unit (PVE). There are 2 possibilities of steering: either hydraulic with the steering wheel or electrical using a signal from, for example, a joystick. The valve gives highest priority to the signal from the steering wheel.

**EHPS type 2, hydrostatic and electrohydraulic steering system**

This system consists of an EHPS valve equipped with an electrical activation unit (PVED), steering wheel sensor and position sensor. Then it is possible to steer by wire with active hydraulic back up. The safety system in the integrated microcontroller gives steering with an electrical signal a very high level of safety.

The characteristics are variable steering ratio on the steering wheel, elimination of steering wheel drift and the possibility of communicating with automatic steering.

**Main data of EHPS:**

- Flow for steering: up to 100 l/min [26.4 US gal/min]
- Maximum steering pressure: 250 bar [3625psi]
- Maximum pump flow to priority valve in EHPS: 150 l/min [31.6 US gal/min]
Steering components, main data and features

Features of EHPS:

- High steering pressure requiring smaller steering cylinders.
- Low pilot pressure up to 30 bar [435 psi] for the pilot steering function giving an extremely low noise level in the cab.
- With integrated valve functions: pilot pressure relief, priority, shock and suction in L + R and pilot pressure control.
- Possibility of emergency steering (manual) in the event of pump failure.
- Minimal side acceleration on vehicles with articulated steering.
- Micro controller with safety critical software means:
  - No steering wheel drift.
  - Possibility of variable steering ratio.
  - Possibility of automatic steering
  - CAN-bus interface.
- EHPS can be built together with Danfoss proportional valves (PVG 32).

Pilot steering Unit OSPCX CN for EHPS

The EHPS pilot operated steering valve requires a special pilot steering unit, viz:
- OSPCX CN

that is a closed-center steering unit whose L- and R-connections are open to tank in neutral position.

Main data of the OSPC CN steering units:
Displacement: 50-200 cm³/rev [3.05 - 12.20 in³]
Maximum pilot steering pressure: 30 bar [435 psi]

OSPE steering valve

The OSPE Load Sensing Steering Valve is available in 4 version:
- Load Sensing non-reaction (LS) dynamic
- Load Sensing Reaction (LSRM) dynamic
- “D” Load Sensing non-reaction (D-LS) dynamic with double gear set
- “D” Load Sensing Reaction (D-LSRM) dynamic with double gear set

Main data of OSPE
- Displacement: 100-500 cm³/rev [6.10 - 30.51 in³]
- Flow, steering wheel steering: 10-50 l/min [2.64-13.21 US gal/min]
- Flow, EH Steering: 12-40 l/min [3.17-10.57 US gal/min]
- Maximum flow to priority valve in OSPE: 90 l/min [23.78 US gal/min]
- Maximum steering pressure: 210 bar [3045 psi]
- Maximum back pressure: 25 bar [363 psi]
Steering components, main data and features

Features of OSPE

- Integrated EH valve in hydraulic steering unit
- True “safe-state”: Shut-off valve for EH part
- Selectable “reaction” - Non-reaction” steering modes
- Integrated priority valve

EHi steering valve

EHi is offered in various versions to match the base steering unit on the vehicle.
EHi is available for:
- OC: Open Center steering units
- LD: Load Sensing Dynamic steering units
- LS: Load Sensing Static steering units
- N: Non reaction type steering units
- R: Reaction type steering units
EHi is also offered in versions for pure Steer by Wire usage

Main data of EHi

- Flow, EH Steering: 12-70 l/min [3.17-18.54 US gal/min]
- Maximum flow to priority valve in EHi: 90 l/min [23.78 US gal/min]
- Maximum steering pressure: 210 bar [3045 psi]
- Maximum P and EF port pressure: 250 bar [3625 psi]
- Maximum back pressure: 25 bar [363 psi]

Features of EHi

- Flexible alternative to Danfoss OSPE, for vehicles where space around steering unit is limited
- True “safe-state”: Shut-off valve for EH part
- Selectable “reaction” - Non-reaction” steering modes when using Reaction type steering unit
- Integrated priority valve
Steering components, main data and features

OVPL and OVR valve blocks

For the OSPL Load Sensing unit Danfoss offers a flange on valve block: OVPL

**Main data of OVPL**

- Flow: 100 l/min [26.4 US gal/min]
- Max. pressure setting: 270 bar [3916 psi] on shock valves

**Features of OVPL valve block**

- Double service ports (2x L and 2x R) as option
- Possibility of built in valve functions: shock and suction in L + R, non-return in pump line, back pressure in tank line.

**OVR angular block**

The OVR is designed specially for applications where pipes and/or hoses must run parallel with the steering column axis of the steering unit, and where space is limited.

The OVR contains no valve functions.

The OVPL and OVR can only be used in connection with steering units without spot facing around the port connections on the port surface.
Hydrostatic steering systems

Open center steering system

In Open center systems a fixed displacement pump constantly supplies oil to the steering circuit separately.

**Features of open center steering systems with Danfoss open center steering units**

- Immediate reaction of the steered wheels, once the steering wheel begins to turn.
- High steering comfort maintained throughout significant changes of steering load and pump oil flow.
- Damping characteristics when system-conditioned pressure variations occur.
- Simple system build-up with stable steering under all conditions.

Load sensing steering systems

In Load Sensing steering systems the oil for the steering system is supplied by a pump via a priority valve or from a pump with variable displacement.

For Load Sensing systems Danfoss offers 3 basic types of steering units:
Hydrostatic steering systems

Features of load sensing static steering systems with Danfoss LS static steering units

OSP LS Static
* No flow through the steering unit when not steering: minimum loss of energy.
Hydrostatic steering systems

Features of load sensing dynamic steering systems with Danfoss LS dynamic steering units

OSP LS Dynamic

• Constant flow through the unit when not steering, recommended level:
  • 0.6 – 0.9 l/min [0.16 – 0.24 US gal/min] for standard (low) dynamic LS steering units
  • 1.0 – 1.3 l/min [0.26 – 0.34 US gal/min] for high dynamic LS steering units, to be used when extreme response is requested
• Dynamic flow causes quick reaction time when starting to steer (no hard spot)
• Check valve in P-line and in LS-line of steering unit avoids kick back at the steering wheel
• Steering unit always has the same temperature as the oil in the entire system, therefore no risk of sticking spool/sleeve set in housing even when starting up under very cold conditions
Features of load sensing dynamic steering systems with Danfoss OSPF LS steering units

**OSPF LS Dynamic**
- Constant flow through the unit when not steering, recommended level: 1.1 - 1.5 l/min [0.29 - 0.40 US gal/min]
- Dynamic flow eliminates hard point when starting steering
- No kick back in steer wheel because of check valve in P- and no connection P-line to LS-line
- Steering unit always has the same temperature as the oil.
- OSPF is extremely good in controlling negative steering forces
- Higher max. steering speed, limited only by the capacity of the pump and the pressure setting
Choice of steering concept and components

The choice of steering concept is determined mainly by vehicle design, performance requirements and required operating functions.

When a hydrostatic system is chosen, the next step involves deciding whether the hydraulic steering system is to be:

- Open Center steering system
- Power Beyond steering system
- Closed Center non-Load-Sensing steering system
- Load Sensing steering system

The choice will also depend on system cost requirements, hydraulic system energy consumption and system complexity.

When a Load Sensing system has been chosen, there are three further possibilities:

- Load Sensing Static steering system
- Load Sensing Dynamic Steering system
- Load Sensing Dynamic steering system based on Danfoss OSPF steering units

The choice here will depend on performance requirements and running-in complexity:

- Load Sensing Static steering systems are the simplest Loading Sensing types as regards the initial setting up of the priority valve spring/orifices combination. Do not recommend Static steering systems, only use if customer insists. With “Static” you risk thermal shock, which may harm the steering unit, kick back and/or hard spot in steering wheel.
- Load Sensing Dynamic steering systems give better steering performance than Static steering systems. See Features of load sensing dynamic steering systems with LS dynamic steering units
- Load Sensing Dynamic steering systems with OSPF steering units give by far the best steering characteristics. See Features of load sensing dynamic steering systems with OSPF LS steering units. Such a system can require highly precise setting up of the priority valve spring/orifices combination and it is essential to ensure high “dynamic” flow from the priority valve, min. 1.1 l/min [0.29 US gal/min].

When specifying a steering system, there are two steering unit options, viz. “Reaction” and “Non-reaction”:

- With reaction steering units, any external forces that act on the steered wheels result in a corresponding movement of the steering wheel, when the driver is not steering the vehicle
- With non-reaction steering units there is no such corresponding movement of the steering wheel, when the driver is not steering the vehicle

For vehicles with rear-wheel steering and articulated steering, or for vehicles that require a steering unit displacement >250 cm³/rev [15.25 in³/rev], Danfoss always recommends non-reaction steering units.

Size calculations on steering cylinders, steering units and pumps for steering systems are given in “General information” in the next section.

If a suitable compromise cannot be achieved between minimum necessary displacement determined by maximum desired number of steering wheel revolutions from lock to lock, and maximum permissible displacement for building up the steering pressure in emergency situations with pump failure, it is possible to choose a steering unit with variable displacement: type OSPD or OSPU.

Legislation of steering systems

Please pay attention to country specific legislation for hydraulic/electro-hydraulic steering systems in public traffic. The most wellknown of these in Europe are the EU directive 2009/66/EC and the ISO 5010 standard.
Below common data are valid for all type of Danfoss Steering components:
OSP, OSCP, OSPD, OSPF, OSPM, OSPL, OSPU, VSP, VSPP, OVR, OVPL, OLS, OSPE, EHI, EHI

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Min</th>
<th>Max</th>
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<td>Surface treatment</td>
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<td>Manual steering</td>
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<tr>
<td>Normal steering other OSP</td>
<td>Max. 120 N•m</td>
<td>Max. 240 N•m</td>
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Manual steering pressure

Under normal operating where the steering pump supplies an adequate oil flow at the required pressure, the maximum torque on the steering wheel will not exceed 5 N•m [44.2 lbf-in]. If the oil flow from the steering system pump fails or is too small, the steering unit functions automatically as a manual steering pump.

Manual steering can only be used for a limited control of the vehicle if a sudden drop of pump pressure or flow occurs.

The table below shows the nominal manual steering pressure (Pₘ) for all sizes of Danfoss steering units type OSP at a steering wheel torque of 80 N•m [708 lbf-in].

The values apply only if the suction conditions on the steering unit T port are adequate.
General Information

The table below shows the nominal manual steering pressure ($P_m$) for all types of Danfoss steering units except OSPM at a steering wheel torque of 120 N•m [1062 lbf•in] a value which is considered to be the maximum torque an average size operator can exert. The values apply only if the suction conditions on the steering unit T port are adequate.

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<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>[psi]</td>
<td>1740</td>
<td>1450</td>
<td>1235</td>
<td>1090</td>
<td>870</td>
<td>725</td>
<td>580</td>
<td>435</td>
<td>290</td>
<td>217</td>
<td>174</td>
<td>145</td>
<td>116</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Demands on steering columns

To ensure proper steering performance, the following demands must be fulfilled:

- the steering column must not generate any axial or radial forces on the input shaft of the steering unit
- the steering column must only be provided with one bearing (in the top)
- the welded journal must be coaxial with the spigor hole of the column

Below are stated dimensions for the steering column spline shaft and foot plate to be fulfilled.

Data's for steering columns for OSPB, OSPC, OSPD, OSPE, OSPF, OSPL and OSPU steering units:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Involute spline data for steering column</th>
<th>Involute spline data acc. to ANSI B92.1</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Teeth</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pitch angle</td>
<td>30°</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diametral pitch/stub pitch</td>
<td>16/32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pitch Diameter</td>
<td>$\varnothing$19.05 [0.75]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outer diameter</td>
<td>$\varnothing$20.3±0.1 [0.80±0.01]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Smallest diameter</td>
<td>$\varnothing$16.5 ±0.5 [0.65 ±0.02]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Min. diameter over two pins</td>
<td>$\varnothing$23.47 -0.1 [0.92 - 0.01]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pin diameter</td>
<td>$\varnothing$3.048±0.001 [0.12±0.001]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*T=thickness of console plate.

When column is mounted directly on steering unit, $S=6.5$ mm [0.26 in]
Data’s for steering columns for OSPM steering units:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Involute spline data for steering column</th>
<th>Involute spline data acc. to DIN5482 A17x14</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Teeth</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outer diameter</td>
<td>Ø20 -0+0.11 [0.79 -0+0.04]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Smallest diameter</td>
<td>Ø14 -0+0.11 [0.55 -0+0.04]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Min. diameter between two pins</td>
<td>Ø11.07 ±0.05 [0.43 ±0.01]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pin diameter</td>
<td>Ø3 ±0.001 [0.12 ±0.001]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pin flat grinded against spline bottom</td>
<td>1.5 -0.1+0 [0.10 -0.1+0]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*T=thickness of console plate.

When column is mounted directly on steering unit, S=13 mm [0.51 in]

Steering components, main data and features

In EU directive 2009/66/EC specifies the maximum permissible steering-wheel rim force in an emergency steering situation (Please consult the directives for the ruling values).

If, for example, the permissible steering wheel rim force is Fe = 350N [78.7 lbf] and the steering wheel diameter SWd is = 0.381 m [15”], the steering torque Tsw will be =

\[ T_{sw} = F_e \times (S_{Wd}/2) = 350 \times (0.381/2) = 66.7 \text{ N-m [590 lbf-in]} \]

Accordingly, the obtainable maximum steering pressure will be lower than stated in the table in Technical data common on page 39.

With, for example, an OSPC 80, the maximum steering pressure Pmr, will be =

\[ P_{mr} = P_{m \text{ table}} \times T_{sw}/T_{\text{table}} = 75 \times 66/120 = 41 \text{ bar [598 psi]} \]

Calculation of steering systems

Ackermann steering

Symbols:

- \( M_e \) (N-m [lbf-in]): steering torque
- \( F \) (N [lbf]): steering force
- \( G_s \) (N [lbf]): force on shaft (weight)
- \( e \) (mm [in]): king pin off-set
- \( B \) (mm [in]): tyre breadth
- \( \mu_s \): friction coefficient
General Information

S (cm) [in]: piston stroke:

r (m) [ft]: minimum effective radius arm for steering cylinders

The force on the shaft is 80.000 N (8.000kg) [17.984 lbf] King pin off-set is 100 mm [3.94 in]. Tyre breadth is 200 mm [7.87 in]

Friction coefficient between road and tyres is 0.7. Minimum effective radius arm for steering cylinders is 0.1 m [3.94 in].

According to Taborek's formula the total steering torque becomes

\[ M_l = 0.05 \cdot \frac{G_s}{1 + \frac{B}{200}} \cdot \frac{100}{200} \cdot \frac{0.7}{0.7} \text{ Nm} \]

\[ M_l = 2667 \text{ Nm} [23606 \text{ lbf} \text{in}] \]

Cylinder piston rods must then produce a steering force of:

\[ F = \frac{M_l}{r} = \frac{2667}{0.1} \text{ N} = 26.670 \text{ N} [5995 \text{ lbf}] \]

**Cylinder**

**Symbols:**

F (N) [lbf]: steering force

P (bar) [psi]: steering pressure

D (cm) [in]: internal diameter of cylinder

d (cm) [in]: piston rod diameter

S (cm) [in]: piston stroke

V (cm³) [in³]: stroke volume
When using only one differential cylinder, the number of steering wheel revolutions from lock to lock will be different for each direction of rotation.

Use a piston seal in the cylinder to avoid leakage from one side of the piston to the other.

**A: Differential cylinder**

When max. steering pressure $P$ is led to the largest area, the steering force becomes:

$$F = P \cdot \left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) \cdot D^2 \cdot 10$$

At steering to the largest area, the stroke volume becomes:

$$V = \left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) \cdot D^2 \cdot S$$

With max. steering pressure $P$ acting on the smallest area, the steering force becomes:

$$F = P \cdot \left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) \cdot (D^2 - d^2) \cdot 10$$

At steering to the smallest area, the stroke volume becomes:

$$V = \left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) \cdot (D^2 - d^2) \cdot S$$

**B: Balanced cylinder**

$$F = P \cdot \left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) \cdot (D^2 - d^2) \cdot 10$$

$$V = \left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) \cdot (D^2 - d^2) \cdot S$$

**C: Cross-connected cylinders**

$$F = P \cdot \left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) \cdot (2D^2 - d^2) \cdot 10$$

$$V = \left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) \cdot (2D^2 - d^2) \cdot S$$

**Calculation example of steering cylinder**

Cross-connected cylinders are used. The steering force is 30,500 N [6857 lbf].

The steering pressure is 90 bar [1305 psi]. Piston stroke is 20 cm [7.90 in].

The relation between the piston rod diameter and internal diameter of the cylinder is

$$(d/D) = (1/2)$$ for the cylinder chosen.

Inserted in the formula for steering force $30,500 = 90 \cdot \left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) \cdot (2 (2d)^2 - d^2) \cdot 10$
the result is \( d = 2.5 \text{ cm} \) [1 in] and \( D = 2 \cdot d = 5.0 \text{ cm} \) [2 in].

Stroke volume: \( V = (\pi/4) \cdot (2 \cdot 5.0^2 - 2.5^2) \cdot 20 = 687 \text{ cm}^3 \) [41.9 in\(^3\)]

A theoretical calculation of steering cylinders and steering pressure may result in inadequate steering forces in many dynamic steering situations in practise.

An empirical rule verifies that adding an approx. 50 bar [725 psi] pressure to the theoretically required pressure usually always ensures a satisfactory steering performance.

Based on this empirical rule, the required size of cylinder can be calculated on basis of a steering pressure that is 50 bar [725 psi] lower than the available system pressure.

Therefore, in the example illustrated above, the steering system must be able to work with a pump pressure of

\[ 90 \text{ bar} \] [1305 psi] + 50 bar [725 psi] = 140 bar [2030 psi]

**Calculation example of steering unit**

**Symbols:**

- \( V \text{ cm}^3 \) [in\(^3\)]: stroke volume
- \( V_v \text{ cm}^3/\text{rev} \) [in\(^3\)/rev]: steering unit displacement
- \( i \text{ (rev)} \): required number of steering wheel revolutions from lock to lock

The required steering unit displacement is calculated from \( V_v = (V/i) \)

With a stroke volume of 687 cm\(^3\) [41.9 in\(^3\)] and a required number of steering wheel revolutions from lock to lock of 3 to 4, the steering unit displacement will be between 172 and 229 cm\(^3\)/rev. [10.56 and 13.97 in\(^3\)/rev]. A steering unit with a displacement of

200 cm\(^3\)/rev [12.20 in\(^3\)/rev] will give 3.4 steering wheel revolutions.

**Calculation example of pump**

**Symbols:**

- \( V_v \text{ (cm}^3/\text{rev) \text{[in}^3/\text{rev}]} \): steering unit displacement
- \( n \text{ (min}^{-1}) \) [rev/min]: required steering wheel speed
- \( Q \text{ (l/min) \text{[US gal/min]}} \): oil flow

The oil flow is calculated from

\[ Q = V_v \cdot n \cdot 10^{-3}. \]

With a displacement of 200 cm\(^3\)/rev [12.20 in\(^3\)/rev] and a required steering speed of

100 min\(^{-1}\) [rev/min], the oil flow will be

\[ Q = 200 \cdot 100 \cdot 10^{-3} = 20 \text{ l/min. [5.28 US gal/min]} \]

**Steering wheel revolutions and steering speed**

*Recommended:*

Number of steering wheel revolutions from lock to lock: 3 to 5.

Steering wheel speed: 100 to 150 min\(^{-1}\)/min [rev/min]

Steering wheel speed with engine at idle: min. 60 min\(^{-1}\)/min. [rev/min]

**Calculation of LS steering system with working hydraulics**

**Symbols:**
Q (l/min) [US gal/min]: required oil flow for the steering system

Q_A (l/min) [US gal/min]: required oil flow for the remainder of the hydraulic system

Q_p (l/min) [US gal/min]: required pump flow

The priority valve ensures priority to the steering system under any situations. In some cases the steering system can take all the oil flow from the pump.

When it is designed that the steering system and the working hydraulics do not require oil simultaneously, the necessary oil flow from the pump Q_p will equal the higher of the two oil flows (Q_A or Q).

When working hydraulics and steering system must have oil at the same time, the necessary oil flow from the pump Q_p will equal the sum of the two oil flows (Q_A + Q).

The necessary oil flow to the steering unit is 20 l/min [5.28 US gal/min]. Required for the working hydraulics 40 l/min [10.56 US gal/min].

If it is acceptable that the working hydraulics drop in speed during steering then the necessary oil flow from the pump will be: Q_p = Q_A = 40 l/min [10.56 US gal/min].

**Calculation of steering system with flow-amplifier OSQA/OSQB**

**Symbols**

V (cm³) [in³]: stroke volume

i (min⁻¹) [rev]: required number of steering wheel revolutions from lock to lock

V_v (cm³/rev) [in³/rev]: steering unit displacement

f: amplification factor of Flow-amplifier

Steering unit displacement and amplification factor of the flow-amplifier are calculated from:

\[ V_v \cdot f = \frac{V}{i} \]

**Calculation of steering system for articulated vehicle**

Should you wish to size a steering system for an articulated vehicle, Danfoss will carry out computer calculations for you.

Please take a copy of the questionnaire overleaf, complete it, and send it to the Danfoss Sales organization.
## General Information

**Articulated vehicle**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Manufacturer: Vehicle:</th>
<th>Completed by: Type:</th>
<th>Date: Project:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Units used: fill in with X:</td>
<td>metric [US]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weight of fully loaded vehicle: G max.</td>
<td>kg [lbf]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max. speed of vehicle:</td>
<td>km/h [mph]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Required number of steering wheel revolutions: i</td>
<td>min⁻¹ [rev]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Steering system pump:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type:</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Max. steering pressure:</td>
<td>bar [psi]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Displacement:</td>
<td>cm³ [in³]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum speed:</td>
<td>min⁻¹ [rev/min]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum speed:</td>
<td>min⁻¹ [rev/min]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Loader**

| Bucket width: W= | mm [in] | |

**Other machines**

| Number of front axles: | |
| Number of rear axles: | |

### Complete form

| A1 = | mm [in] | Notes: |
| A2 = | mm [in] |
| B1 = | mm [in] |
| B2 = | mm [in] |
| D = | mm [in] |
| d = | mm [in] |
| ± α max. = | ° | ° |
| E = | |

2 cylinders E = 1 1 cylinder, left E = 2 1 cylinder, right E = 3

![Diagram of articulated vehicle](image-url)
General Information

Pump for flow-amplifiers OSQA/OSQB

Symbols

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Q (l/min) [US gal/min]:</td>
<td>oil flow required for steering components</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Q_A (l/min) [US gal/min]:</td>
<td>oil flow required for working hydraulics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Q_p (l/min) [US gal/min]:</td>
<td>oil flow required from pump</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V_v (cm³) [in³]:</td>
<td>steering unit displacement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>f:</td>
<td>amplification factor of flow-amplifier</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>n (min⁻¹) [rev/min]:</td>
<td>required steering speed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The integral priority valve in the flow-amplifier ensures priority to the steering system. When it is designed that the steering system and the working hydraulics do not operate simultaneously, the oil flow required from the pump Q_p will equal the higher of the two oil flows (Q_A or Q).

\[ Q = V_v \cdot f \cdot n \cdot 10^{-3} \]

When working hydraulics and steering system must have oil at the same time, the oil flow required from the pump Q_p will equal the total of the two oil flows (Q_A + Q).

Oil types

Mineral oils

When using mineral based hydraulic oil, we recommend the addition of a sufficient quantity of antiwear additive of a type that is active under boundary lubrication conditions at low temperatures.

Mineral oils are normally suitable if they belong to one of the three following groups:

- HM oil, possibly HV (ISO 6743/4, CETOP RP 91H) or H-LP oil (DIN 51524)
- Automatic Transmission Fluids (ATF A)
- SE- and CD motor oil (American Petroleum Institute (API))

The large content of additives in motor oils may produce sediment that can block valves and filters. If there is doubt about the suitability of an oil, please contact Danfoss Sales Organisation.

Non-flammable or biodegradable hydraulic fluids

To an increasing extent Danfoss steering components are being used in systems with non-flammable hydraulic fluids.

These fluids normally belong to one of the following groups according to ISO 12922:

- Oil in water emulsion: HFA
- Water in oil emulsion: HFB
- Water/polymer solution: HFC
- Waterfree synthetic fluids: HFD-U

Please contact the Danfoss Sales Organisation regarding the use of non-flammable or biodegradable fluids

Sealing materials

The seals in steering components are of nitrile rubber NBR (Buna N) and teflon PTFE.

If synthetic fluid is to be used in the steering system, please contact the Danfoss Sales Organization regarding sealing material.
General Information

Oil temperature
Oil life will be drastically reduced because of oxidizing if the operating temperature exceeds 60 °C [140°F] for long periods.

A rule of thumb is that oil life is halved for each 8 °C [46.4°F] in excess of 80 °C [176°F].

Impurities in the oil, e.g. particles or water, will further reduce its life.

Particle content, degree of contamination and filtering

Particle content, degree of contamination
The oil must be filtered to prevent the particle content from exceeding an acceptable level, corresponding to an acceptable degree of contamination. The maximum ISO degree of contamination (see ISO 4406 or CETOP RP 70) is

- for load sensing, closed center steering components and power beyond steering units: 21/19/16
- for open center steering components: 22/20/17

Filtering
How fine the filtering must be and where the filters are to be placed is always a compromise.

In systems with a good air filter and effective dust sealing, and which operate in clean surroundings, the degree of contamination can normally be kept within the limits laid down by using a return filter of 25 µm nominal (40-50 µm absolute) or finer.

Conversely, systems operating with a poor air filter and inadequate dust sealing - in dusty surroundings - will often require more than one filter of 10 µm absolute. The filters can be pressure or return filters.

Installation

- Never paint steering unit on steering column surface to avoid misalignment between steering unit and column.
- Install the steering column so that it cannot generate any axial or radial forces on the input shaft of the steering unit.
- All hydraulic components should be placed so that they are easily accessible.
- All hydraulic components should be installed outside the cabin of the vehicle.
- There should be manometer connections in pump and tank lines.
- Install the cylinders with the ports facing upwards to avoid air pockets.
- Mounting surfaces should be flat in order to ensure effective contact.
- Hydraulic pilot lines must be fitted in such a way that air pockets are avoided.
- Install the hydraulic components as stated in their individual installation instructions.
- Installation instructions are enclosed inside the packaging or can be ordered from Danfoss Power Solutions, sales organization.
- The hydraulic components must not be forced or twisted into alignment by the fixing screws.
- Packing yarn, teflon, and other unsuitable sealing material must not be used on port adaptors. Use bonded seals, O-rings, steel washers, and similar materials.
- Do not remove the plastic plugs until pipes and hoses are to be fitted.
- When removing the plastic plugs, make sure that no paint flags or other dirt particles are entering the ports of the hydraulic components.
General Information

- Never tighten the screwed connections with a torque higher than the max. tightening torques stated in the instructions.
- The oil must have a contamination level better than the ISO 4406 code stated in Technical data common on page 39
- Always refill the system through a filter.

Tightening torques

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Connections</th>
<th>Recommended tightening torque N•m [lbf•in]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>With cutting edge</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G 1/4</td>
<td>35 [309]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G 3/8</td>
<td>70 [619]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G 1/2</td>
<td>100 [885]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G 3/4</td>
<td>180 [1593]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7/16-20 UNF</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3/4-16 UNF</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7/8-14 UNF</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 1/16-12 UN</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M12 • 1.5</td>
<td>30 [265]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M18 • 1.5</td>
<td>80 [708]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M22 • 1.5</td>
<td>100 [885]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9/16 - 18 UNF, ORFS</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11/16 - 16 UN, ORFS</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Danfoss Steering Components can withstand the tightening torques stated. However it is recommended to use torque levels stated by supplier of fittings.

Starting up and running in

- Start the prime mover and where possible allow it to run at the lowest speed.
- Check the direction of pump shaft rotation.
- Any bleed screws must be left open until oil emerges without foam.
- In load sensing systems ensure that all signal lines are full of oil.
- Start steering slowly from one end-lock to the other for a minimum of five cycles to bleed out all air.
- Signs of air in the hydraulic system
  - foam in the tank
  - jerky operation of actuator motor or cylinder
  - noise
- Refill again, if necessary.
- The system should not be loaded until completely bled.
- The hydraulic system is checked for tightness and satisfactory function.
- Check pressure in P and T:
General Information

- Max pressure P-T, when steering up against end lock, must match specification.
- T-pressure absolute: T-pressure must be above atmospheric pressure in any steering situation, also when changing steering direction rapidly. In some steering system it will be necessary to have installed back pressure valve in T-line to ensure positive tank pressure in any steering situation. See *Examples of steering systems* on page 51 for back pressure valve installations.
- After running in: change the oil filter, if necessary.

Maintenance

- Careful maintenance is essential to the reliability and life of the hydraulic system.
- Oil, oil filters, and air filters must be changed in accordance with the supplier’s instructions.
- The condition of the oil must be checked at suitable intervals.
- System tightness and oil level must be checked frequently.
General Information

Information on labels

The label on all Steering components has included:
• Danfoss logo
• Type designation
• Code number
• Serial number
• Bar codes, includes information of code number and serial number

The serial number has 8 characters stating this information given by an example:

```
49 3 B 6000
```

Production week

Production year

Production day: A=Monday, B=Tuesday etc.

Consecutive no

Examples of steering systems

**OSPC ON**

OSPC ON steering units contain one or more of the following possible valve functions:
• pressure relief valve
• shock valves
• suction valves
• check valve
OSPC OR

OSPC OR steering units contain one or more of the following possible valve functions:
• pressure relief valve
• suction valves
• check valve
• shock valves if needed

OSPC LS + OLSA

Steering unit with flange mounted priority valve OLSA and steering column with sensor. When the driver turns the steering wheel, the steering wheel sensor sends a signal to the relay box activating the electric motor that drives the hydraulic system pump. The system must also include a signal source in the working hydraulics. A PVRES control lever for example. The system is therefore energy-optimised, so that the hydraulic pump runs only when the hydraulic functions are active.
**General Information**

**OSPF + OLS**

Load sensing steering system with variable displacement pump. The pump and the working hydraulics circuit must be protected by a separate pressure relief valve.

**OSPD LS**

Steering unit with two rotary meters. With OSPD even heavy vehicles can in many cases fulfil legislations and be steered without the emergency steering pump. An OSPD makes it possible to select a ratio between normal steering displacement and emergency steering displacement up to a factor of 5. The pump and the working hydraulics circuit must be protected by a separate pressure relief valve.
OSPU LS

Steering unit with amplification.
With OSPU even heavy vehicles can in many cases fulfill legislations and be steered without the emergency steering pump.
OSPU allows the selection of an amplification factor of 2, 3 or 4.
In case of working hydraulic connected to EF port of priority valve, the pump and the working hydraulics circuit must be protected by a separate pressure relief valve.
OSPBX LS and OSQA

The pilot pressure relief valve in OSQA only protects the steering circuit. The pump and the working hydraulics circuit must be protected by a separate pressure relief valve.
2 x OSPBX LS and OSQB

The steering components are connected by three shuttle valves. The pilot pressure relief valve in OSQB only protects the steering circuit.

The pump and the working hydraulics circuit must be protected by a separate pressure relief valve.

Steering systems with flow-amplifiers make it possible to connect working hydraulics to the EF connection. The built-in priority valve ensures first priority to the steering circuit.

When the steering wheel is turned, the priority valve ensures that the necessary oil flow is led to the steering circuit. The rest is available for the working hydraulics.
General Information

**OSP BX LS and OSQA shown with electrically driven pump for emergency steering. Amplification during emergency steering**

The pump for emergency steering is operated when the pressure in the HP line is below the stand-by level. The pump for emergency steering supplies the HP line with oil.

So amplification is maintained during emergency steering. The pilot pressure relief valve in OSQA only protects the steering circuit.

The pumps and the working hydraulics circuit must be protected by separate pressure relief valves.
EHPS - type 1 steering valve with PVG 32, OSPCX pilot steering unit and PVRES joystick

The vehicle can be steered with either the PVRES joystick or with the OSPCX pilot steering unit. The signal from the steering unit has priority on simultaneous activation of steering wheel and joystick.
EHPS - type 2 steering valve with control module PVED, OSPCX pilot steering unit and joystick

The vehicle can be steered either:
  • automatically with a signal from an external signal source, e.g. range sensor or a GPS signal, or
  • manually with a joystick, or with an OSPCX pilot steering unit.

The signal from the steering unit has priority:

When the steering wheel is activated, the signal from the automatic steering valve discontinues and with simultaneous activation of steering wheel and joystick, the turning direction of the steered road wheels will correspond to the direction of rotation of the steering wheel.

The signal from the steering wheel sensor gives:
  • variable steering wheel ratio
  • Zero-slip function: the steering wheel position corresponds to the position of the steering cylinder.
  • The pump and the working hydraulics circuit must be protected by a separate pressure relief valve.
OSPE in system with variable pump and GPS steering

The pump must have a built in pilot pressure relief valve to protect the OSPE, the priority valve part, the working hydraulics and the AUX function. AUX can be a brake system, which must have limited oil consumption to ensure steering capability in any case.

Alternative pressure protection must be present in working and in AUX-hydraulic.
Load sensing steering system and load sensing working hydraulics with common oil supply from a fixed displacement pump

The pump oil flow is fed in from a priority valve OLS 120 or OLS 160, which ensures priority to steering. The built-in pilot pressure relief valve in OSPC LS protects the steering circuit.

The built-in pilot pressure relief valve in Danfoss proportional valve PVG 32 protects the working hydraulics circuit.

The first working hydraulics section is shown with a Danfoss hydraulic motor.

Shock and suction valves are built into the proportional valve.

The second working hydraulics section is shown with a Danfoss hydraulic motor.

The third working hydraulics section is shown with LS pressure relief valves built into the proportional valve. Hereby maximum working pressure can be set separately for port A and port B.

Please contact the Danfoss Sales Organization regarding assembly possibilities for your application.
Danfoss Power Solutions is a global manufacturer and supplier of high-quality hydraulic and electric components. We specialize in providing state-of-the-art technology and solutions that excel in the harsh operating conditions of the mobile off-highway market as well as the marine sector. Building on our extensive applications expertise, we work closely with you to ensure exceptional performance for a broad range of applications. We help you and other customers around the world speed up system development, reduce costs and bring vehicles and vessels to market faster.

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