



Data Sheet

Hot gas bypass regulator Type **KVC**

Adapts compressor capacity to actual evaporator load



KVC is a hot gas bypass regulator applied for the adaption of the compressor capacity to the actual evaporator load.

Placed in a bypass between high and low pressure sides of the refrigeration system, KVC imposes a lower limit on the compressor suction pressure by supplying the low pressure side with replacement capacity in the form of hot gas / cool gas from the high pressure side.

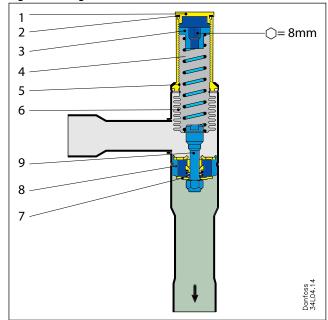
Features

- Accurate, adjustable pressure regulation
- Wide capacity and operating ranges
- Pulsation damping design
- · Stainless steel bellows
- Compact angle design for easy installation
- "Hermetic" brazed construction
- Available with flare and ODF solder connections
- May be used in the following EX range: Category 3 (Zone 2)



Functions

Figure 1: Design/Function for KVC



1	Protective cap
2	Gasket
3	Setting screw
4	Main spring
5	Valve body
6	Equalization bellows
7	Valve plate
8	Valve seat
9	Damping device

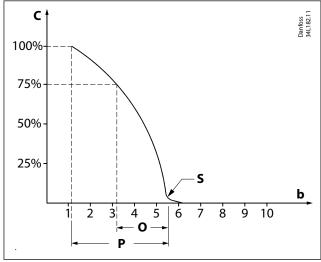
The hot gas bypass regulator KVC opens at a fall in pressure on the outlet side, i.e. when the pressure in the evaporator is beyond the set value.

KVC regulates only in dependence on the outlet pressure. Pressure variations on the inlet side of the regulator do not affect the degree of opening since KVC is equipped with an equalization bellows (6). This bellows has an effective area corresponding to that of the valve seat.

The hot gas bypass regulator is also equipped with an effective damping device (9) against pulsations which can normally arise in a refrigeration plant.

The damping device helps to ensure long life for the regulator without impairing regulation accuracy.





C	Capacity
b	bar
S	Set point
0	offset
Р	P- band

Proportional band

The proportional band or P-band is defined as the amount of pressure required to move the valve plate from closed to full open position.



Example

If the valve is set to open at 4 bar and the valve p-band is 2, the valve will give maximum capacity when the discharge pressure reaches 2 bar.

Offset

The offset is defined as the permissible pressure variation in suction line pressure (temperature). It is calculated as the difference between the required working pressure and the minimum allowable pressure. The offset is always a part of the P-band.

Example with R404A

A suction temperature ahead of the compressor of 5 $^{\circ}$ C \sim 6 bar is required, and the temperature must not drop below 0 $^{\circ}$ C \sim 5 bar. The offset will then be 1 bar.



Product specification

Technical data

Table 1: Technical data for KVC

Features	Description
Refrigerants	R22, R134a, R290, R404A, R407A, R407C, R407F, R407H, R448A, R449A, R449B, R450A, R452A, R454A, R454C, R455A, R507A, R513A, R515B, R516A, R600, R600a, R1234ze(E), R1234yf, R1270
Regulating range	0.2 – 6.0 bar
	Factory setting = 2 bar
Maximum working pressure	PS/MWP PS = 28 bar
Maximum test pressure	Pe = 31 bar
Medium temperature range	-45 − 130 °C
Maximum P-band	2.0 bar
K_v^{-} value ⁽¹⁾ with maximum P-band	$KVC 12 = 0.68 \text{ m}^3 / \text{h}$
	$KVC 15 = 1.25 \text{ m}^3 / \text{h}$
	$KVC 20 = 1.85 \text{ m}^3 / \text{h}$

⁽¹⁾ The K_{ν} value is the flow of water in [m³ / h] at a pressure drop across valve of 1 bar, $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg} / \text{m}^3$.

This product is evaluated for R290, R454A, R454C, R455A, R600, R600a, R1234ze(E), R1234yf, R1270 by ignition source assessment in accordance with standard EN ISO80079-36. Flare connections are only approved for A1 and A2L refrigerants.

For complete list of approved refrigerants, visit store.danfoss.com and search for individual code numbers, where refrigerants are listed as part of technical data.

Replacement capacity

Table 2: Replacement capacity for R22

Туре	Offset ∆p		Q ⁽¹⁾ [kW] suct	ion gas temperatı	-20 2.5 3.7 4.8 6.3 7.1 7.4 8.1 8.7 3.7 4.8 6.3 8.7 12.4 14.6 16.7 17.9 3.9	re / temperature	reduction [°C]	
туре	[bar]	-45	-40	-30	-20	-10	0	10
	0.10	-	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.6
	0.15	-	3.5	3.6	3.7	3.8	3.9	4.0
	0.20	-	4.5	4.7	4.8	4.9	5.0	5.1
KVC 12	0.30	-	5.9	6.1	6.3	6.4	6.5	6.7
RVC 12	0.50	-	6.6	6.8	7.1	7.2	7.3	7.5
	0.70	-	7.0	7.2	7.4	7.6	7.8	7.9
	1.00	-	7.6	7.9	8.1	8.3	8.5	8.6
	1.20	-	8.2	8.5	8.7	8.9	9.1	9.3
	0.10	-	3.5	3.6	3.7	3.8	3.9	4.0
	0.15	-	4.5	4.7	4.8	4.9	5.0	5.1
	0.20	-	5.9	6.1	6.3	6.4	6.5	6.7
KVC 15	0.30	-	8.2	8.5	8.7	8.9	9.1	9.3
RVC 13	0.50	-	11.7	12.1	12.4	12.7	13	13.2
	0.70	-	13.7	14.2	14.6	14.9	15.2	15.5
	1.00	-	15.6	16.2	16.7	17.0	17.3	17.7
	1.20	-	16.8	17.4	17.9	18.3	18.7	19.0
	0.10	-	3.7	3.8	3.9	4.0	4.1	4.2
	0.15	-	5.1	5.2	5.4	5.5	5.6	5.7
	0.20	-	6.8	7.0	7.3	7.4	7.5	7.7
KVC 22	0.30	-	8.4	8.6	8.9	9.1	9.3	9.5
11.00 22	0.50	-	14.1	14.5	15.0	15.3	15.6	15.9
	0.70	-	17.6	18.1	18.7	19.1	19.5	19.9
	1.00	-	21.4	22.4	23.1	23.6	24.1	24.5
	1.20	-	23.8	24.6	25.4	25.9	26.4	26.9

 $^{^{(1)}}$ The capacities are based on: condensing temperature t_{l} = 25 °C.



Table 3: Replacement capacity for R134a

Tuna	Offset ∆p		Q ⁽¹⁾ [kW] suct	ion gas temperatu	ire ts after pressu	re / temperature	reduction [°C]	
Type	[bar]	-45	-40	-30	-20	-10	0	10
	0.10	-	-	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.7	1.7
	0.15	-	-	2.1	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.6
	0.20	-	-	2.9	3.0	3.1	3.2	3.4
KVC 12	0.30	-	-	3.7	3.9	4.1	4.3	4.5
NVC 12	0.50	-	-	4.2	4.3	4.5	4.8	4.9
	0.70	-	-	4.4	4.5	4.8	5.0	5.2
	1.00	-	-	4.8	5.0	5.2	5.5	5.8
	1.20	-	-	5.1	5.4	5.6	5.8	6.1
	0.10	-	-	2.1	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.6
	0.15	-	-	2.9	3.0	3.1	3.2	3.4
	0.20	-	-	3.7	3.9	4.1	4.3	4.5
KVC 15	0.30	-	-	5.1	5.4	5.6	5.8	6.1
KVC 13	0.50	-	-	7.4	7.7	8.0	8.4	8.7
	0.70	-	-	8.7	9.1	9.4	9.9	10.2
	1.00	-	-	9.9	10.2	10.7	11.3	11.7
	1.20	-	-	10.6	11.1	11.6	12.2	12.6
	0.10	-	-	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.8
	0.15	-	-	3.2	3.3	3.5	3.6	3.7
	0.20	-	-	4.3	4.4	4.6	4.9	5.1
KVC 22	0.30	-	-	5.2	5.5	5.7	6.0	6.3
NVC ZZ	0.50	-	-	8.9	9.3	9.7	10.1	10.5
	0.70	-	-	11	11.6	12.0	12.6	13.1
	1.00	-	-	13.7	14.3	14.9	15.6	16.3
	1.20	-	-	15.0	15.7	16.3	17.2	17.8

 $^{^{(1)}}$ The capacities are based on: condensing temperature $t_{\rm j}$ = 25 °C.

Table 4: Replacement capacity for R404A/R507

Toma	Offset ∆p		Q ⁽¹⁾ [kW] sucti	ion gas temperatı	ire ts after pressu	re / temperature i	eduction [°C]	
Type	[bar]	-45	-40	-30	-20	-10	0	10
	0.10	-	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.4
	0.15	-	3.0	3.1	3.3	3.4	3.5	3.6
	0.20	-	3.9	4.1	4.2	4.5	4.7	4.7
KVC 12	0.30	-	5.1	5.4	5.6	5.8	6.0	6.1
RVC 12	0.50	-	5.7	6.0	6.4	6.6	6.8	7.0
	0.70	-	6.0	6.4	6.6	6.9	7.2	7.3
	1.00	-	6.6	6.9	7.2	7.5	7.8	8.0
	1.20	-	7.0	7.4	7.7	8.0	8.4	8.5
	0.10	-	3.0	3.1	3.3	3.4	3.5	3.6
	0.15	-	3.9	4.1	4.2	4.5	4.7	4.7
	0.20	-	5.1	5.4	5.6	5.8	6.0	6.1
KVC 15	0.30	-	7.0	7.4	7.7	8.0	8.4	8.5
RVC 15	0.50	-	10.1	10.6	11.1	11.6	12.0	12.3
	0.7	-	11.8	12.5	13.0	13.6	14.1	14.4
	1.00	-	13.5	14.2	14.8	15.5	16.1	16.4
	1.20	-	14.5	15.3	16.0	16.6	17.3	17.7
	0.10	-	3.2	3.3	3.5	3.6	3.7	3.8
	0.15	-	4.3	4.6	4.8	5.0	5.2	5.3
	0.20	-	5.8	6.1	6.4	6.7	7.0	7.1
KVC 22	0.30	-	8.2	8.6	8.9	9.3	9.8	9.9
NVC 22	0.50	-	12.1	12.8	13.4	13.9	14.4	14.7
	0.70	-	15.2	16.0	16.6	17.4	18.1	18.4
	1.00	-	18.8	19.8	20.7	21.5	22.4	22.8
	1.20	-	20.5	21.6	22.6	23.5	24.5	25.0

⁽¹⁾ The capacities are based on: condensing temperature $t_1 = 25 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$.



Table 5: Replacement capacity for R407C

Turne	Offset D p		Q ⁽¹⁾ [kW] suct	ion gas temperatı	ure ts after pressu	re / temperature	reduction [°C]	
Type	[bar]	-45	-40	-30	-20	-10	0	10
	0.10	-	2.4	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.9	3.0
	0.15	-	3.7	3.9	4.0	4.2	4.3	4.6
	0.20	-	4.8	5.0	5.2	5.4	5.6	5.8
KVC 12	0.30	-	6.3	6.5	6.9	7.0	7.2	7.6
KVC 12	0.50	-	7.0	7.3	7.7	7.9	8.1	8.6
	0.70	-	7.4	7.7	8.1	8.4	8.7	9.0
	1.00	-	8.1	8.5	8.8	9.1	9.4	9.8
	1.20	-	8.7	9.1	9.5	9.8	10.1	10.6
	0.10	-	3.7	3.9	4.0	4.2	4.3	4.6
	0.15	-	4.8	5.0	5.2	5.4	5.6	5.8
	0.20	-	6.3	6.5	6.9	7.0	7.2	7.6
KVC 15	0.30	-	8.7	9.1	9.5	9.8	10.1	10.6
KVC 15	0.50	-	12.4	12.9	13.5	14.0	14.4	15
	0.70	-	14.5	15.2	15.9	16.4	16.9	17.7
	1.00	-	16.5	17.3	18.2	18.7	19.2	20.2
	1.2	-	17.8	18.6	19.5	20.1	20.8	21.7
	0.10	-	3.9	4.1	4.3	4.4	4.6	4.8
	0.15	-	5.4	5.6	5.9	6.1	6.2	6.5
	0.20	-	7.2	7.5	8.0	8.1	8.3	8.8
KVC 22	0.30	-	8.9	9.2	9.7	10.0	10.3	10.8
NVC 22	0.50	-	14.9	15.5	16.4	16.8	17.3	18.1
	0.70	-	18.7	19.4	20.4	21.0	21.6	22.7
	1.00	-	22.7	24.0	25.2	26.0	26.8	27.9
	1.20	-	25.2	26.3	27.7	28.5	29.3	30.7

⁽¹⁾ The capacities are based on: condensing temperature $t_i = 25$ °C.

Correction factors

When selecting, the required regulator capacity is to be multiplied by a correction factor dependent on the condensing temperature.

System capacity \times correction factor = table capacity

The corrected capacity can then be found from the table. Correction factors for condensing temperature can be found in section "selection".

Sizing

For optimum performance, it is important to select a KVC valve according to system conditions and application.

The following data must be used when sizing a KVC valve:

- Refrigerant
- Minimum suction temperature: T_s in [°C] / [bar]
- Condensing temperature: t, in [°C]
- Compressor load in [kW]
- Evaporator load in [kW]
- Connection type: flare or solder
- Connection size in [in.]

Valve selection

Example

When selecting the appropriate valve it may be necessary to convert the actual evaporator capacity using a correction factor. This is required when your system conditions are different than the table conditions. The selection is also dependant on the acceptable pressure drop across the valve.

The following example illustrates how this is done:



• Refrigerant: R134a

Minimum suction temperature: t_c = -12 °C ~ 0.9 bar

• Compressor capacity at -12 °C = 15.4 kW

• Evaporator load at -12 $^{\circ}$ C = 10.0 kW

• Condensing temperature: t_i = 35 °C

Connection type: Solder
Connection size: 5/8 in.

Step 1

Determine the correction factor for condensing temperature t_I.

Table 6: Correction factors for liquid temperature t,

t _i [°C]	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50
R134a	0.88	0.92	0.96	1.0	1.05	1.10	1.16	1.23	1.31
R22	0.9	0.93	0.96	1.0	1.05	1.10	1.13	1.18	1.24
R404A/R507	0.84	0.89	0.94	1.0	1.07	1.16	1.26	1.4	1.57
R407C	0.88	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.05	1.11	1.18	1.26	1.35

Step 2

The required replacement capacity is defined as the (compressor capacity – the evaporator load) divided by the correction factor = (15.4-10.0) / 1.10 = 4.9 kW

Step 3

Now select the appropriate capacity table and choose the column for minimum suction temperature ts = -20 °C.

Using the corrected replacement capacity, select a valve that provides an equivalent or greater capacity than required.

KVC 15 delivers 5.4 kW at an offset of 0.3 bar. Based on the required connection size of 5% in. ODF, the KVC 15 is the proper selection for this example.

Step 4

KVC 15, % in. solder connection: code no. 034L0147, see Table 8: Ordering for type KVC.

Valve selection based on capacity calculation

As for extended capacity calculations and valve selection based on capacities and refrigerants, please refer to Coolselector®2. Rated and extended capacities are calculated with the Coolselector®2 calculation engine to ARI standards with the ASEREP equations based on laboratory measurements of selected valves.



Dimensions and Weight

Figure 3: Dimensions for KVC

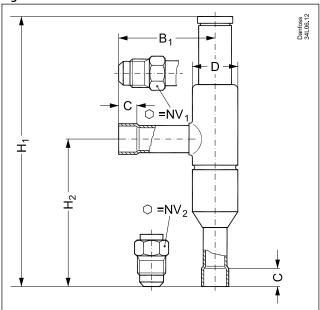


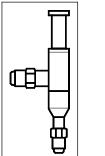
Table 7: Dimensions and Weight for KVP

	Connection			NV.	NV.	н	Н,	В.	C solder	øD	Net	
Туре	Fla	are	Solde	r ODF	1401	2	''1	112	J 1	C solder	ØD.	weight
	[in.]	[mm]	[in.]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[Kg]
KVC 12	1/2	12	1/2	12	19	24	179	99	64	10	30	0.4
KVC 15	5/8	16	5/8	16	24	24	179	99	64	12	30	0.4
KVC 22	-	-	5/8	22	-	-	179	99	64	17	30	0.4



Ordering

Figure 4: Flare connection Figure 5: Solder connection



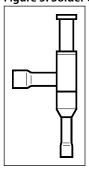


Table 8: Ordering for type KVC

Type		Rated capa	acity (1) [kW]		Flare con	nection ⁽²⁾	Code no.	Solder connection		Code no.
Туре	R22	R134a	R404A/R507	R407C	[in]	[mm]	Code no.	[in]	[mm]	code no.
KVC 12	7.6	4.8	6.9	8.4	1/2	12	034L0141	1/2	-	034L0143
NVC 12	7.6	4.8	6.9	8.4	-	-	-	-	12	034L0146
KVC 15	14.9	9.4	13.6	16.4	5/8	16	034L0142	5/8	16	034L0147
KVC 22	19.1	12.0	17.4	21.0	-	-	-	7/8	22	034L0144

⁽¹⁾ Rated capacity is the regulator capacity at

- evaporating temperature t_o = -10 °C
- condensing temperature t_c = 25 °C
- offset = 0.7 bar

(2) KVC supplied without flare nuts. Separate flare nuts can be supplied:

- ½ in / 12 mm, code no. 011L1103
- 5/8 in / 16 mm, code no. 011L1167

The connection dimensions chosen must not be too small, since gas velocities in excess of 40 m/s at the inlet of the regulator can give flow noise.

If the discharge tube temperature becomes too high in relation to the compressor specification, the installation of an injection valve in a bypass between liquid line and compressor suction line is recommended.



Certificates, declarations, and approvals

The list contains all certificates, declarations, and approvals for this product type. Individual code number may have some or all of these approvals, and certain local approvals may not appear on the list.

Some approvals may change over time. You can check the most current status at danfoss.com or contact your local Danfoss representative if you have any questions.

Table 9: Certificates, declarations, and approvals

Document name	Document type	Document topic	Approval authority
UL SA7200	Mechanical - Safety Certificate		UL
034R9541.AA	Manufacturers Declaration	China RoHS	Danfoss
034L9630.AA	Manufacturers Declaration	ATEX	Danfoss



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