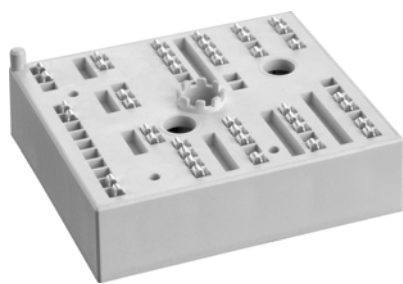


# SKiiP 24NAC12T4V1



MiniSKiiP® 2

3-phase bridge rectifier +  
3-phase bridge inverter

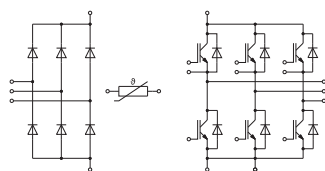
## SKiiP 24NAC12T4V1

### Features\*

- Trench 4 IGBTs
- Robust and soft switching freewheeling diodes in CAL technology
- Highly reliable spring contacts for electrical connections
- UL recognized: File no. E63532

### Remarks

- Max. case temperature limited to  $T_C=125^\circ\text{C}$
- Product reliability results valid for  $T_J \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$  (recommended  $T_{J,op} = -40 \dots +150^\circ\text{C}$ )
- Please refer to MiniSKiiP "Technical Explanations" and "Mounting Instructions" for further information

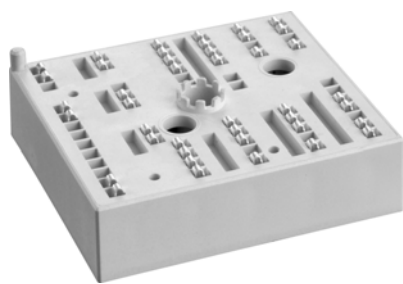


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Absolute Maximum Ratings				
Symbol	Conditions		Values	Unit
Inverter - IGBT				
V <sub>CES</sub>	T <sub>j</sub> = 25 °C		1200	V
I <sub>C</sub>	λ <sub>paste</sub> =0.8 W/(mK)	T <sub>s</sub> = 25 °C	48	A
	T <sub>j</sub> = 175 °C	T <sub>s</sub> = 70 °C	39	A
I <sub>C</sub>	λ <sub>paste</sub> =2.5 W/(mK)	T <sub>s</sub> = 25 °C	53	A
	T <sub>j</sub> = 175 °C	T <sub>s</sub> = 70 °C	43	A
I <sub>Cnom</sub>			35	A
I <sub>CRM</sub>			105	A
V <sub>GES</sub>			-20 ... 20	V
t <sub>psc</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 800 V V <sub>GE</sub> ≤ 15 V V <sub>CES</sub> ≤ 1200 V	T <sub>j</sub> = 150 °C	10	μs
T <sub>j</sub>			-40 ... 175	°C
Inverse - Diode				
V <sub>RRM</sub>	T <sub>j</sub> = 25 °C		1200	V
I <sub>F</sub>	λ <sub>paste</sub> =0.8 W/(mK)	T <sub>s</sub> = 25 °C	44	A
	T <sub>j</sub> = 175 °C	T <sub>s</sub> = 70 °C	35	A
I <sub>F</sub>	λ <sub>paste</sub> =2.5 W/(mK)	T <sub>s</sub> = 25 °C	49	A
	T <sub>j</sub> = 175 °C	T <sub>s</sub> = 70 °C	40	A
I <sub>FRM</sub>			105	A
I <sub>FSM</sub>	t <sub>p</sub> = 10 ms, sin 180°, T <sub>j</sub> = 150 °C		170	A
T <sub>j</sub>			-40 ... 175	°C
Rectifier - Diode				
V <sub>RRM</sub>	T <sub>j</sub> = 25 °C		1600	V
I <sub>F</sub>	λ <sub>paste</sub> =0.8 W/(mK)	T <sub>s</sub> = 25 °C	52	A
	T <sub>j</sub> = 150 °C	T <sub>s</sub> = 70 °C	39	A
I <sub>F</sub>	λ <sub>paste</sub> =2.5 W/(mK)	T <sub>s</sub> = 25 °C	57	A
	T <sub>j</sub> = 150 °C	T <sub>s</sub> = 70 °C	43	A
I <sub>FSM</sub>	t <sub>p</sub> = 10 ms	T <sub>j</sub> = 25 °C	370	A
	sin 180°	T <sub>j</sub> = 150 °C	270	A
i <sup>2</sup> t	t <sub>p</sub> = 10 ms	T <sub>j</sub> = 25 °C	685	A <sup>2</sup> s
	sin 180°	T <sub>j</sub> = 150 °C	365	A <sup>2</sup> s
T <sub>j</sub>			-40 ... 150	°C
Module				
I <sub>t(RMS)</sub>	T <sub>terminal</sub> = 80 °C, 20 A per spring		40	A
T <sub>stg</sub>	module without TIM		-40 ... 125	°C
V <sub>isol</sub>	AC sinus 50 Hz, 1 min		2500	V

Characteristics						
Symbol	Conditions		min.	typ.	max.	Unit
Inverter - IGBT						
V <sub>CE(sat)</sub>	I <sub>C</sub> = 35 A	T <sub>J</sub> = 25 °C		1.85	2.10	V
	V <sub>GE</sub> = 15 V chipelevel	T <sub>J</sub> = 150 °C		2.25	2.45	V
V <sub>CE0</sub>	chipelevel	T <sub>J</sub> = 25 °C		0.80	0.90	V
		T <sub>J</sub> = 150 °C		0.70	0.80	V
r <sub>CE</sub>	V <sub>GE</sub> = 15 V	T <sub>J</sub> = 25 °C		30	34	mΩ
	chipelevel	T <sub>J</sub> = 150 °C		44	47	mΩ
V <sub>GE(th)</sub>	V <sub>GE</sub> = V <sub>CE</sub> , I <sub>C</sub> = 1.2 mA		5	5.8	6.5	V
I <sub>CES</sub>	V <sub>GE</sub> = 0 V, V <sub>CE</sub> = 1200 V, T <sub>J</sub> = 25 °C				1	mA

# SKiiP 24NAC12T4V1



MiniSKiiP® 2

3-phase bridge rectifier +  
3-phase bridge inverter

## SKiiP 24NAC12T4V1

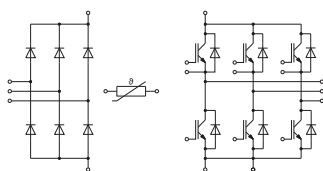
### Features\*

- Trench 4 IGBTs
- Robust and soft switching freewheeling diodes in CAL technology
- Highly reliable spring contacts for electrical connections
- UL recognized: File no. E63532

### Remarks

- Max. case temperature limited to  $T_C=125^\circ\text{C}$
- Product reliability results valid for  $T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$  (recommended  $T_{j,op} = -40 \dots +150^\circ\text{C}$ )
- Please refer to MiniSKiiP "Technical Explanations" and "Mounting Instructions" for further information

Characteristics					
Symbol	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
<b>Inverter - IGBT</b>					
$C_{ies}$	$V_{CE} = 25\text{ V}$ $V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$		1.95		nF
$C_{oes}$	$V_{CE} = 25\text{ V}$ $V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$		0.16		nF
$C_{res}$	$V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$		0.12		nF
$Q_G$	$V_{GE} = -8\text{ V} \dots +15\text{ V}$		200		nC
$R_{Gint}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		0		$\Omega$
$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{CC} = 600\text{ V}$ $I_C = 35\text{ A}$ $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		30		ns
$t_r$	$I_C = 35\text{ A}$ $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		35		ns
$E_{on}$	$R_{G on} = 18\text{ }\Omega$ $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		4.3		mJ
$t_{d(off)}$	$R_{G off} = 18\text{ }\Omega$ $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		300		ns
$t_f$	$di/dt_{on} = 830\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$ $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		55		ns
$E_{off}$	$V_{GE} = +15/-15\text{ V}$ $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		3.25		mJ
$R_{th(j-s)}$	per IGBT, $\lambda_{paste}=0.8\text{ W}/(\text{mK})$		1		K/W
$R_{th(j-s)}$	per IGBT, $\lambda_{paste}=2.5\text{ W}/(\text{mK})$		0.82		K/W
<b>Inverse - Diode</b>					
$V_F = V_{EC}$	$I_F = 35\text{ A}$ $V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$ chipelevel $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		2.30	2.62	V
	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		2.29	2.62	V
$V_{F0}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1.30	1.50	V
	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		0.90	1.10	V
$r_F$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		29	32	m $\Omega$
	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		40	43	m $\Omega$
$I_{RRM}$	$I_F = 35\text{ A}$ $V_{GE} = -15\text{ V}$ $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		34		A
$Q_{rr}$	$V_{CC} = 600\text{ V}$ $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		5.6		$\mu\text{C}$
$E_{rr}$	$di/dt_{off} = 1250\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$ $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		2.4		mJ
$R_{th(j-s)}$	per Diode, $\lambda_{paste}=0.8\text{ W}/(\text{mK})$		1.2		K/W
$R_{th(j-s)}$	per Diode, $\lambda_{paste}=2.5\text{ W}/(\text{mK})$		1		K/W
<b>Rectifier - Diode</b>					
$V_F = V_{EC}$	$I_F = 13\text{ A}$ chipelevel $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1.00	1.21	V
	$T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$		0.90	1.10	V
$V_{F0}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		0.88	0.98	V
	$T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$		0.73	0.83	V
$r_F$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		9.2	18	m $\Omega$
	$T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$		13	21	m $\Omega$
$R_{th(j-s)}$	per Diode, $\lambda_{paste}=0.8\text{ W}/(\text{mK})$		1.25		K/W
$R_{th(j-s)}$	per Diode, $\lambda_{paste}=2.5\text{ W}/(\text{mK})$		1.1		K/W
<b>Module</b>					
$M_s$	to heat sink	2		2.5	Nm
w			55		g
<b>Temperature Sensor</b>					
$R_{100}$	$T_r=100^\circ\text{C}$ ( $R_{25}=1000\text{ }\Omega$ )		1670 $\pm$ 3%		$\Omega$
$R_{(T)}$	$R_{(T)}=1000\text{ }\Omega[1+A(T-25^\circ\text{C})+B(T-25^\circ\text{C})^2]$ , $A = 7.635 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ }^\circ\text{C}^{-1}$ , $B = 1.731 \cdot 10^{-5} \text{ }^\circ\text{C}^{-2}$				



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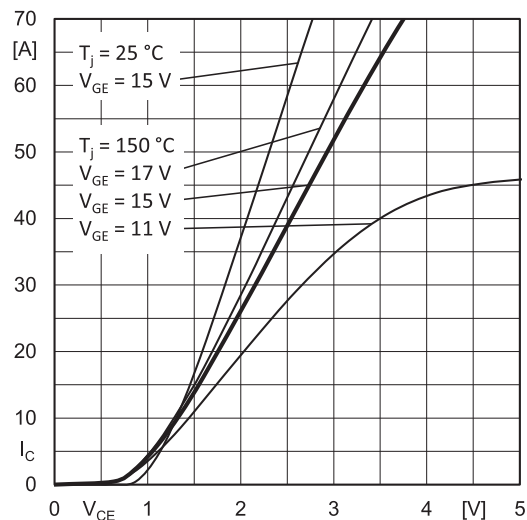


Fig. 1: Typ. output characteristic, inclusive  $R_{CC'} + E_{E'}$

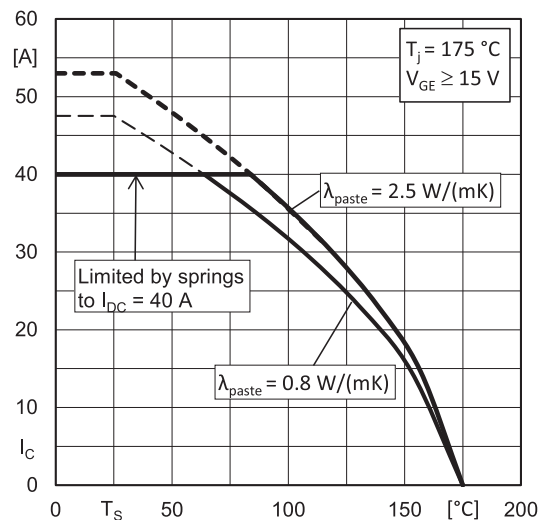


Fig. 2: Typ. rated current vs. temperature  $I_C = f(T_s)$

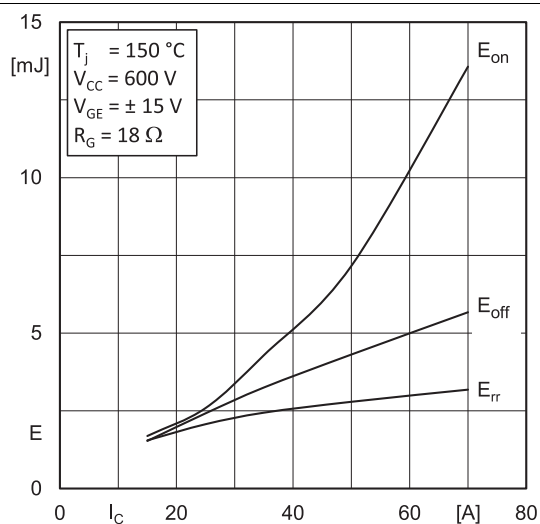


Fig. 3: Typ. turn-on /-off energy =  $f(I_C)$

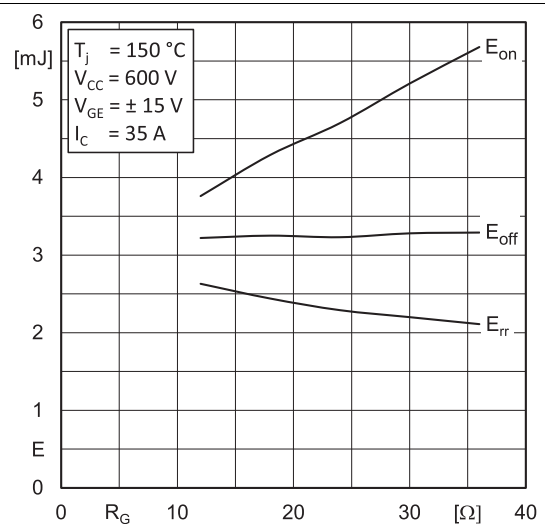


Fig. 4: Typ. turn-on /-off energy =  $f(R_G)$

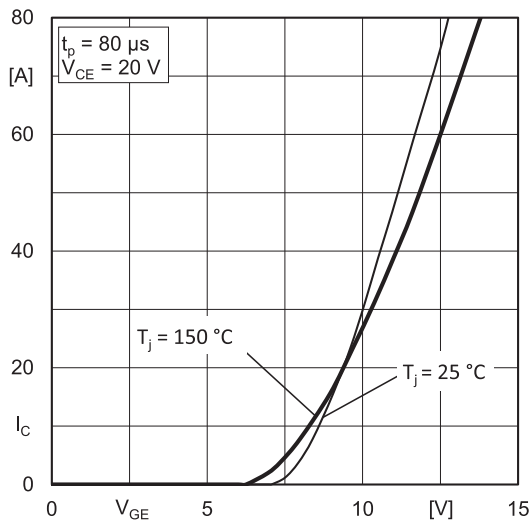


Fig. 5: Typ. transfer characteristic

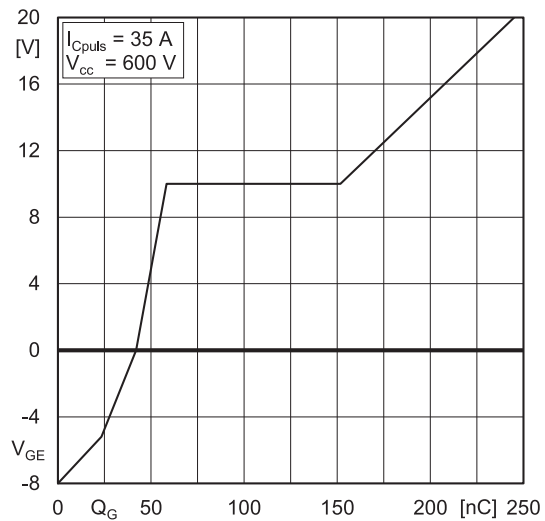


Fig. 6: Typ. gate charge characteristic

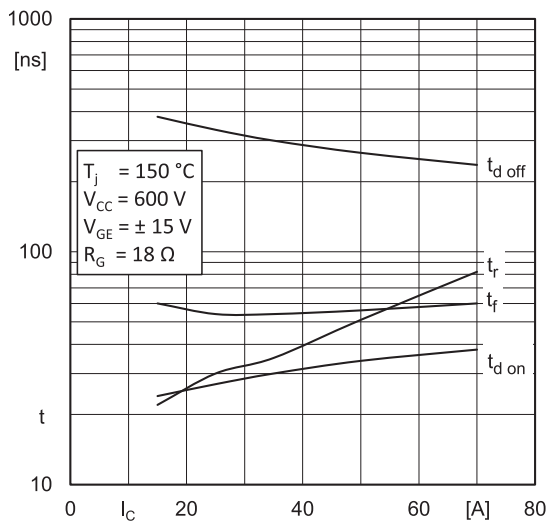


Fig. 7: Typ. switching times vs.  $I_C$

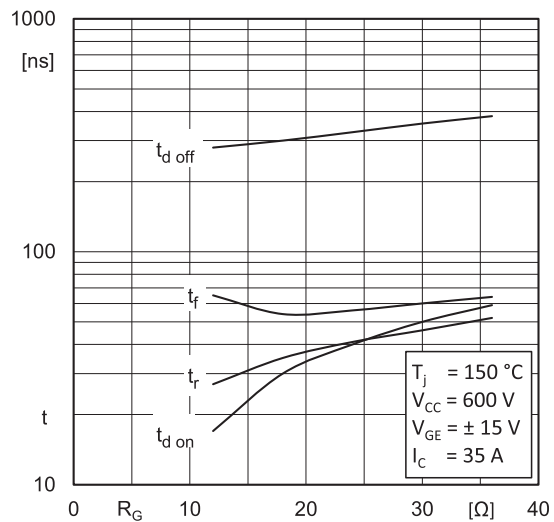


Fig. 8: Typ. switching times vs. gate resistor  $R_G$

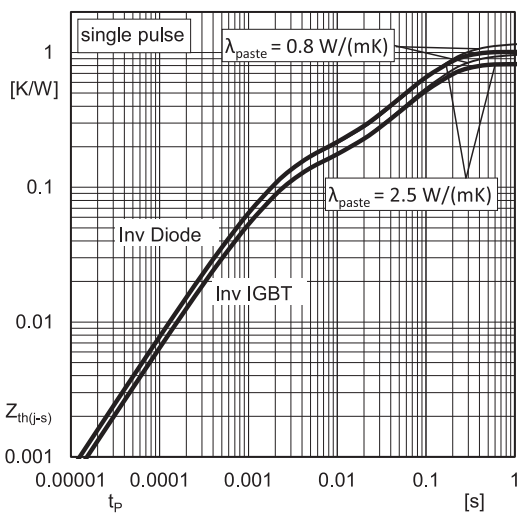


Fig. 9: Typ. transient thermal impedance

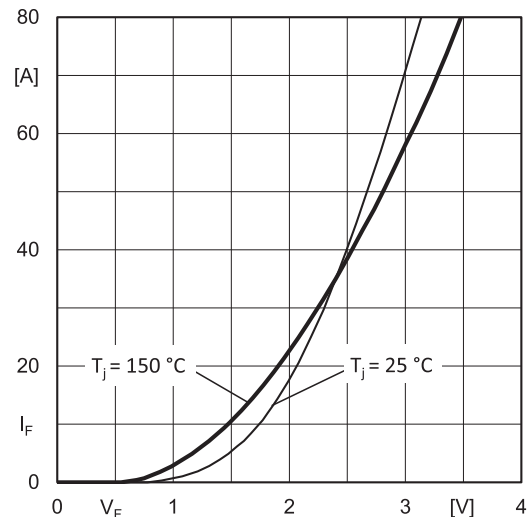


Fig. 10: Typ. CAL diode forward charact., incl.  $R_{CC'+EE'}$

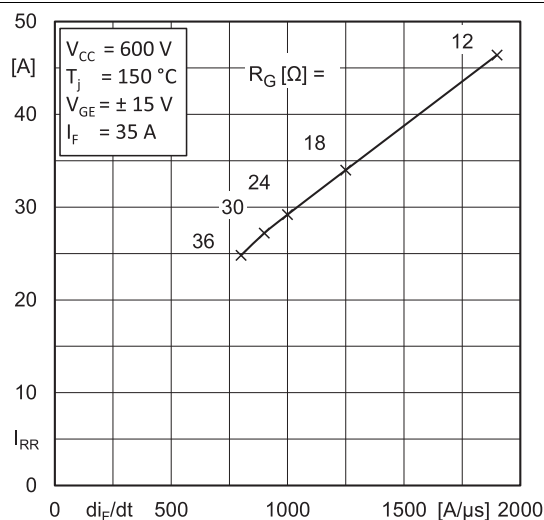


Fig. 11: Typ. CAL diode peak reverse recovery current

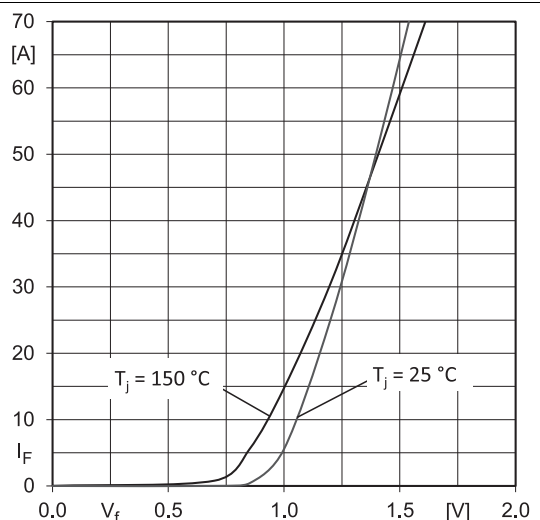
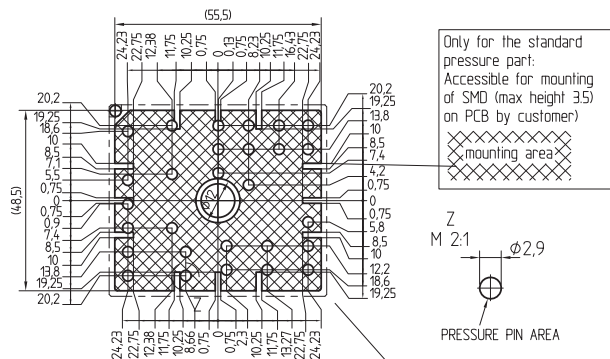


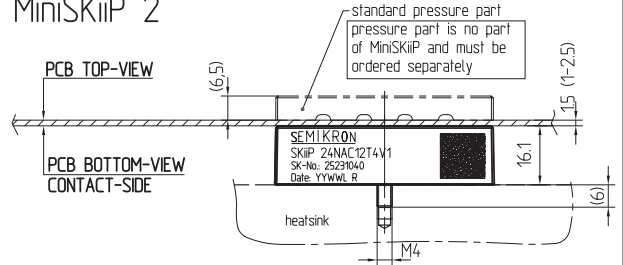
Fig. 12: Typ. input bridge forward characteristic incl.  $R_{CC'+EE'}$

## PCB

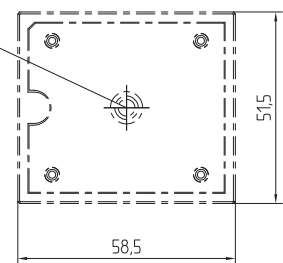
### PCB TOP-VIEW



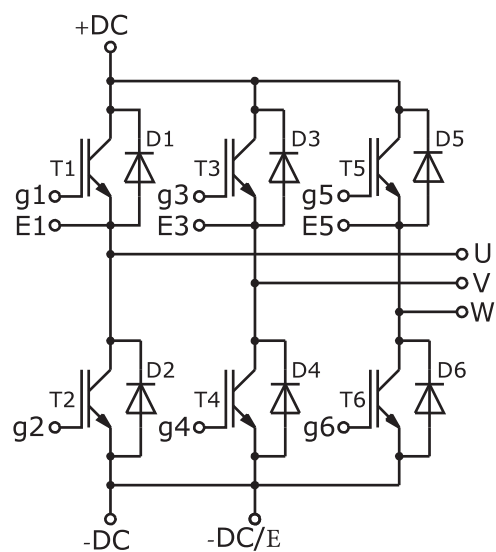
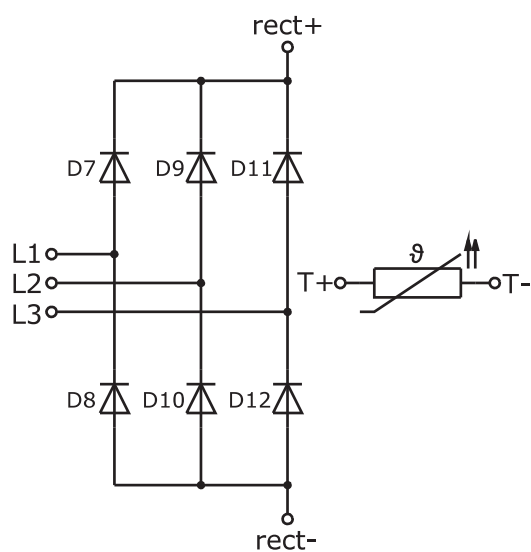
## MiniSKiiP 2



For mounting please follow the assembly instruction



## Pinout and Dimensions



## Pinout

This is an electrostatic discharge sensitive device (ESDS) due to international standard IEC 61340.

## **\*IMPORTANT INFORMATION AND WARNINGS**

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