

# Series 70 / 15 Series



Axial Piston Pumps, Motors and Transmissions Technical Information



Axial Piston Pumps, Motors, and Transmissions Series 70 / 15 Series

Series 70 Transmissions and Pumps

- 2 Transmission Frame Sizes: 10 and 21
  - Variable Pump Version of 10 Frame Size Available
    - Cost Effective, Compact Design
      - Low Noise
        - High Efficiency
          - Worldwide Sales and Service







15 Series Pumps, Motors, and Transmissions

- Proven Reliability and Performance
  - Variable Pumps, Tandem Pumps, and Fixed Motors Available
    - Two Transmission Configurations: "In-line" and "U" Style
      - PTO Capability on "U" Style Transmission
        - Compact, Lightweight Design
          - Worldwide Sales and Service







CONTENTS APPEAR ON PAGE 4 Copyright 1988-2000, Sauer-Sundstrand GmbH All rights reserved. Contents subject to change. Printed in Germany

Axial Piston Pumps, Motors, and Transmissions Series 70 / 15 Series

## Series 70 Transmissions and Pumps

A Complete Transmission Family to Meet the Needs of the Lawn and Turf Equipment Market

- Two (2) Different Sizes -.61 in<sup>3</sup>/Rev. (10 cc/rev) 1.28 in<sup>3</sup>/Rev. (21 cc/rev)
- "U" Style Transmissions and Variable Displacement Pump (10 Size Only)
- Closed Circuit Installations

#### **High Performance**

- High Efficiency
- Low Noise Levels

#### Advanced Technology

- Compact, Lightweight Design
- Designed for Economical Manufacturing
- Design Provides for Reduced Operating Costs
- Direct Displacement Control

#### **Reliability and Support**

- Designed and Tested to Rigorous Standards
- Proven in Laboratory and Field
- Sales and Technical Support in All Industrialized Countries of the World
- Serviced by a Worldwide Network of Authorized Service Centers

### 15 Series Pumps, Motors, and Transmissions

A Complete Transmission Family to Meet the Needs of the Utility, Construction, and Commercial Turf Maintenance Equipment Markets

- Displacement .913 in<sup>3</sup>/Rev. (15 cc/rev)
- Variable Displacement Pumps, Tandem Pumps, and Fixed and Variable Motors
- "U" Style and "In-line" Transmissions
- Wide Range of Installation Options

#### **High Performance**

- High Efficiency
- Low Noise Levels

Proven Technology
 Compact Design
 Designed for Economical Manufacturing
 Direct Displacement Control
 Designed to Worldwide Standards
 Reliability and Support
 Manufactured to Rigid Quality Standards
 Long Service Life
 Sales and Technical Support in All Industrialized Countries of the World
 Serviced by a Worldwide Network of Au-

thorized Service Centers

#### 4

### Description Basic Pump/Motor Circuit, Variable Displacement Pump, Fixed Displacement Motor, Direct Displacement Control.10 Temperature and Cooling, Auxiliary Mounting Pad (15PV), Mounting Flange Loads (15PT), Allowable Shaft Side



Contents

## Axial Piston Pumps, Motors, and Transmissions

Series 70 / 15 Series

Page

Axial Piston Pumps, Motors, and Transmissions Series 70 / 15 Series

### Series 70 / 15 Series - Configuration

#### Series 70 Units

Series 70 units are of axial piston design, utilizing spherical nosed pistons. All Series 70 variable pumps feature cradle swashplates with direct displacement control.

- The BDU-10L transmission is a "U" style transmission designed for machine applications where up to 6 horsepower is required for the propel function. The variable displacement pump has a maximum displacement of 0.61 in<sup>3</sup>/Rev. (10 cc/Rev), and the fixed displacement motor has a displacement of 0.61 in<sup>3</sup>/Rev. (10 cc/Rev.).
- The BDU-21L transmission is a "U" style transmission designed for vehicle applications where up to 12 horsepower is required for the propel function. The variable displacement pump has a maximum displacement of 1.28 in<sup>3</sup>/Rev. (21 cc/Rev), and the fixed displacement motor has a displacement of 1.28 in<sup>3</sup>/Rev. (21 cc/Rev).
- The BDP-10L is a variable displacement pump designed for vehicle applications where up to 6 horsepower is required for the propel function, or for auxiliary functions where the system pressure requirements and design life can be met within the pump rating. This variable displacement pump has a maximum displacement of 0.61 in<sup>3</sup>/Rev. (10 cc/Rev).

#### 15 Series Units

15 Series units are of axial piston design, utilizing slippered pistons. All 15 Series variable pumps feature trunnion style swashplates with direct displacement control.

- The 15 Series transmission is offered in two configurations; a "U" style and an in-line style. These units are designed for machine applications where up to 15 horsepower is required for the propel function. The variable displacement pump has a maximum displacement of 0.913 in<sup>3</sup>/ Rev. (15 cc/Rev.), and the fixed displacement motor has a displacement of 0.913 in<sup>3</sup>/Rev. (15 cc/Rev.).
- The 15 Series variable displacement pump is designed for machine applications where up to 15 horsepower is required for the propel function, or for auxiliary work functions where the system pressure requirements and the design life can be met within the pump rating. The maximum pump displacement is 0.913 in<sup>3</sup>/Rev. (15 cc/Rev.).
- The 15 Series fixed displacement motor is an axial piston unit with a fixed displacement of 0.913 in<sup>3</sup>/Rev. (15 cc/Rev.). The variable displacement motor has a maximum displacement of 0.913 in<sup>3</sup>/Rev. (15 cc/Rev.).







Axial Piston Pumps, Motors, and Transmissions Series 70 / 15 Series

## Technical Specifications - Series 70 Products

Product Type	BDU-10S	"U" Style Transmission BDU-10L	s BDU-21L	Variable Pump BDP-10L
Displacement Variable Pump (Maximum) in <sup>3</sup> /Rev cc/Rev Fixed Motor in <sup>3</sup> /Rev cc/Rev	0.61 10 0.61 10	0.61 10 0.61 10	1.28 21 1.28 21	0.61 10 DNA DNA
<b>Input Speeds</b> Maximum Hi-Idle - rpm Maximum Loaded - rpm Minimum (Pump) - rpm	3000 3000 1800	3600 3600 1800	3600 3200 1800	3600 3600 1800
System Operating Pressure				
Maximum psi bar Continuous psi bar	2100 145 850 60	2100 145 1000 70	2100 145 1000 70	2100 145 1000 70
Case PressureContinuouspsi barMaximumpsi (Cold Start)bar	$\left. \begin{array}{c} 4 \\ 0.3 \\ 10 \\ 0.7 \end{array} \right\} -$		ALL UNITS	<b>&gt;</b>
Weight Ibs kg	15 6.8	15 6.8	23 10	10 4.5
Charge Pump Displacement in <sup>3</sup> /Rev cc/Rev	DNA	0.11 1.9	0.13 2.1	0.11 1.9
Motor Output Torque (Approximate) Ibf•in / 1000 psi Nm / 100 bar	85 14	85 14	180 30	DNA
Control Torque Required to Stroke Pump (Approximate) Ibf•in / 1000 psi Nm / 70 bar	65 7.3	65 7.3	100 11.3	65 7.3
TransmissionOilTemperatureMaximumIntermittent° F° C° CNormalOperatingRange° C° C	220 104 -30 to 180 -34 to 82	·	ALL UNITS	•
Fluid Viscosity Limits — SUS (mm²/sec) Optimum Minimum Continuous Minimum Intermittent	70 (13) 55 (9.0) 45 (6.0)	}	ALL UNITS	▶

DNA = Does Not Apply

Axial Piston Pumps, Motors, and Transmissions Series 70 / 15 Series

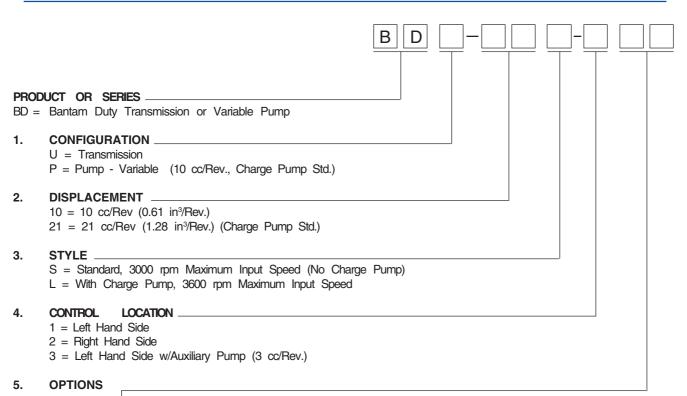
## Technical Specifications - 15 Series Products

	15 "Ư"	15 In-line	15 PV	15 PT	15 MF			
			10 1 1	10 1 1	10 101			
Displacement								
Variable Pump (Maximum)	0.010	0.010	0.010	0.010 V 0				
in <sup>3</sup> /Rev	0.913	0.913	0.913	0.913 X 2	DNA			
cc/Rev	15	15	15	15 X 2				
Fixed Motor	0.010	0.010	DNIA		0.010			
in <sup>3</sup> /Rev	0.913	0.913	DNA	DNA	0.913			
cc/Rev	15	15			15			
Shaft Speeds								
Maximum - rpm	4200	4200	4200	4200	4200			
Continuous - rpm	4000	4000	4000	4000	4000			
Minimum (Pump) - rpm	1000	1000	1000	1000	DNA			
System Operating Pressure		1	1	I I				
Maximum * psi	4500							
bar	310		L 15 SERIES UN	IITS				
Continuous * psi	2500	<b>}</b> ^		110				
bar	175							
Dai	175 -							
Case Pressure								
Continuous psi	10							
bar	0.7	AL	L 15 SERIES U	NTS	<b>•</b>			
Maximum psi	25							
(Cold Start) bar	1.7							
Weight								
lbs	33	37	32	64	15			
kg	15.0	16.5	14.5	29.0	6.5			
-								
Charge Pump Displacement	0.20	0.00	0.00					
in <sup>3</sup> /Rev	0.30	0.33 5.4	0.33 5.4	0.33 X 2	DNA			
cc/Rev	4.9	5.4	5.4	5.4 X 2				
Motor Output Torque (Approximate)								
lbf•in / 1000 psi	135	135	DNA	DNA	135			
Nm / 100 bar	21	21			21			
Control Torque Required		1	1	1				
to Stroke Pump (Approximate)								
Ibf•in / 1000 psi	65 )	AL	L 15 SERIES PUI	MPS	DNA			
Nm / 70 bar	7.3			<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	DIVI			
	-	o on control choi	ft must not aveca	1 400 lbfairs (4E 0				
			ft must not exceed					
			control shaft must					
	IDSI (445 IV), ap	oplied 3 in (76.2	mm) from seal su	nace.				
Transmission Oil Temperature								
Maximum Intermittent ° F	220							
° C	104	AL	L 15 SERIES UN	IITS	•			
Normal Operating Range ° F	-30 to 180							
° C	-34 to 82	•						
Fluid Viscosity Limits —								
SUS (mm²/sec)								
Optimum	70 (13)							
				ITC				
	55 (90)		I IS SERES I	55 (9.0)         ALL 15 SERIES UNITS           45 (6.0)         •				
Minimum Continuous Minimum Intermittent	55 (9.0) 45 (6.0)	AL	L 15 SERIES U	115				

Axial Piston Pumps, Motors, and Transmissions Series 70 / 15 Series

## Series 70 Type Designation and Order Code

#### BDU Transmissions and BDP Pumps



				I
	Input Shaft	Shaft Sty	les	
$\checkmark$	Rotation	Pump	Motor	Other
BDU-10S-1 14 BDU-10S-1 15 BDU-10S-2 13 BDU-10S-2 14	Both Both Both Both	36T, 12.319 PD Spline 15 mm dia., Straight Key 15 mm dia., Straight Key 36T, 12.319 PD Spline	36T, 12.319 PD Spline 16T 32/64P Spline 16T 32/64P Spline 36T, 12.319 PD Spline	Fits Hydro-Gear 210-1000 Axle Motor Shaft suitable for Indirect Drive Motor Shaft suitable for Indirect Drive Fits Hydro-Gear 210-1000 Axle
BDU-10L-110BDU-10L-111BDU-10L-210BDU-10L-211	LH RH LH RH	15 mm dia., Straight Key 15 mm dia., Straight Key 15 mm dia., Straight Key 15 mm dia., Straight Key	16T         32/64P         Spline           16T         32/64P         Spline           16T         32/64P         Spline           16T         32/64P         Spline	Fits Hydro-Gear 210-2500 Axle Motor Shaft suitable for Indirect Drive Motor Shaft suitable for Indirect Drive Fits Hydro-Gear 210-2500 Axle
BDP-10L-1 10 BDP-10L-1 11 BDP-10L-1 12 BDP-10L-1 13	RH LH RH LH	15 mm dia., Straight Key 15 mm dia., Straight Key 9T 16/32P Spline 9T 16/32P Spline	N/A N/A N/A N/A	
BDU-21L-110BDU-21L-200BDU-21L-202BDU-21L-203BDU-21L-300BDU-21L-310	LH RH RH RH RH LH	17 mm dia., Straight Key 17 mm dia., Straight Key	22T32/64PSpline22T32/64PSpline22T32/64PSpline22T32/64PSpline22T32/64PSpline22T32/64PSpline	Easy-Ride Valves (2) Fits Hydro-Gear 210-3000 Axle

N/A = Not Applicable

Axial Piston Pumps, Motors, and Transmissions Series 70 / 15 Series

## 15 Series Typical Models Incorporating Standard Options

15 PV					
Model	Pump	Pump		Control	
Number	Rot	Shaft		Side	Comments
15-2125	CW	Straight, Sq Key (E)		R	
15-2133	CCW	17T Spline, Tapped (J)		R	
15-2158	CCW	Straight, Wdrf Key (A)		L	7/8-14 Inlet
15 MF					
Model			Motor		
Number			Shaft		Comments
15-3022			24T Spline (B)	)	Mates with Dana GT-20 Axle (20.9:1)
15-3034			12T Gear (G)		Mates with Dana GT-20 Axle (30:1)
15-3043			12T Spline		Mates With Peerless 2500 Axle
15-3045			17T Spline		Mates With Peerless 2600 Axle
15 U					
Model	Pump	Pump	Motor	Control	
Number	Rot	Shaft	Shaft	Side	Comments
90-1219	CW	.625/.625 Pin (A)	12T Gear (B)	L	Mates with Dana GT-20 Axle (30:1)
90-1252	CCW	.625/.750 Strt Key (D)	16T Gear (D)	R	Mates with Dana GT-20 Axle (20.9:1)
90-1267	CCW	21T/17T Spline (G)	17T Spline (E)	L	Mates With Peerless 2600 Axle
15 In-line					
Model	Pump	Pump	Motor	Control	
Number	Rot	Shaft	Shaft	Side	Comments
90-1303	CCW	Straight, Wdrf Key	17T Spline	R	Mates with Dana GT-20 Axle (20.9:1)

NOTE: Contact Sauer-Sundstrand for information on other available models.

Axial Piston Pumps, Motors, and Transmissions Series 70 / 15 Series

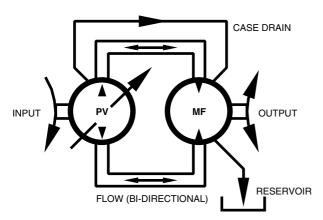
### Description of Operation for Series 70 and 15 Series Products

#### Basic Pump/Motor Circuit

A typical hydrostatic transmission consists of a variable displacement axial piston pump connected in closed circuit to a fixed displacement axial piston motor. There are two basic arrangements of hydrostatic transmissions:

- 1. A split system in which the pump and motor are mounted separately. Pressurized fluid is contained and directed through hoses or tubing.
- 2. An integral system in which the pump and motor are contained in the same housing with pressurized fluid internally contained.

The variable pump (PV) is driven by a prime mover, typically an internal combustion engine. The fixed motor (MF) drives the vehicle transmission or other work function. Direction of rotation and speed of the motor shaft depends on the output flow of the pump. System pressure is dependent upon vehicle tractive resistance or other work function requirements.



**Basic Closed Circuit** 

#### Variable Displacement Pump

The variable displacement pump (PV) is an axial piston design. It has a mechanical control connected to the swashplate. In operation, as the machine operator moves the control handle, the swashplate tilts. This tilting results in fluid flow from the pump, with the amount of fluid flow being proportional to the swashplate tilt angle. The direction in which fluid is pumped depends on input rotation and the side of neutral that the swashplate is tilted or stroked. Reversing the swashplate angle reverses the flow of fluid.

#### **Fixed Displacement Motor**

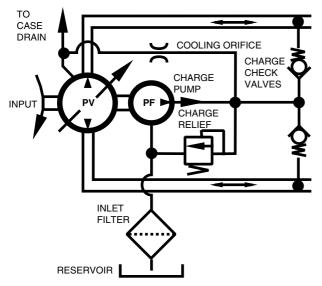
The fixed displacement motor (MF) is an axial piston motor that has the swashplate at a fixed angle, giving it a fixed displacement. The direction of motor shaft rotation depends on the direction of fluid flow through the motor. Changing the direction of fluid flow through the motor causes opposite motor shaft rotation.

#### **Direct Displacement Control**

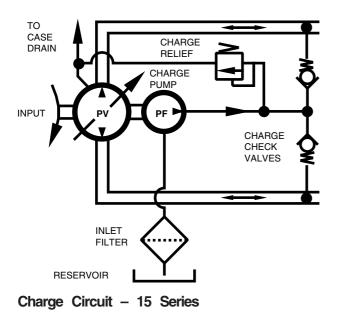
The variable displacement pump swashplate in both the Series 70 and 15 Series transmissions is directly controlled. For the Series 70 pump, any movement of the control shaft results in a proportional movement of the swashplate, with 21 degrees of control rotation resulting in 15 degrees of swashplate rotation. For the 15 Series pump, any movement of the control shaft results in equivalent swashplate movement, with 15 degrees of control shaft rotation resulting in 15 degrees of swashplate rotation.

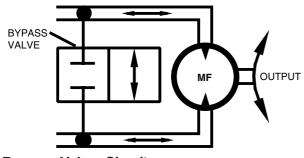
#### SAUER DANFOSS Axial Piston Pumps, Motors, and Transmissions Series 70 / 15 Series

Description of Operation for Series 70 and 15 Series Products (Continued)









**Bypass Valve Circuit** 

#### Charge Pump

Axial piston pumps and motors use a small amount of fluid for internal lubrication. This results in fluid being lost from the closed circuit that must be replenished. A fixed displacement gerotor pump is used to replenish the lost oil. This gerotor pump, called a charge pump, is driven by the prime mover through the piston pump drive shaft.

Since the piston pump and piston motor are connected in a closed circuit, either side of the hydrostatic loop may be pressurized. To allow charge oil to enter the closed circuit, two check valves are used to direct charge flow to the side of the loop with the lowest pressure.

The pressure in the charge pump circuit is limited by a direct operating relief valve. Any fluid not used as replenishing oil is discharged over this valve, either into the transmission case or recirculated back to the charge pump inlet. Flow across a small fixed orifice connecting the charge circuit with the transmission housing, supplements the cooling flow in the Series 70 transmissions.

#### Inlet Filter

It is imperative that only clean fluid enters the hydrostatic transmission circuit, therefore a 20 micron (nominal rating) inlet filter is required in the charge pump inlet line. This filter should not have a bypass and should be changed regularly to ensure system reliability.

#### **Bypass Valve**

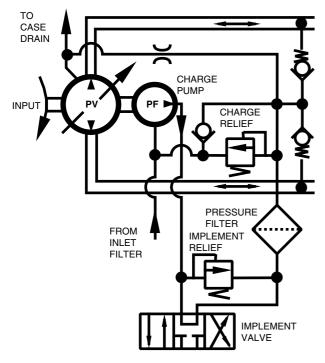
In some applications, it is desirable to move the machine for short distances at low speeds without starting the engine. A bypass valve allows oil to be routed from one side of the pump/motor circuit to the other, thus allowing the motor to turn. The bypass valve must be fully closed during normal vehicle operation.

Series 70 BDU-10L and 21L transmissions utilize a spool type bypass valve. A spring closes this valve on the 10L transmission, while charge pressure closes the valve on the 21L transmission. The BDP-10L pump utilizes a screw type bypass valve.

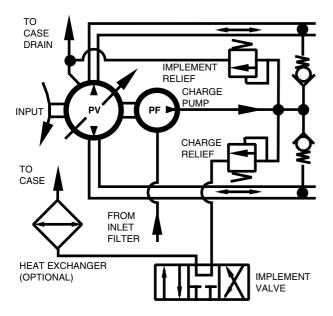
15 Series PV, PT, and in-line units utilize a screw type bypass valve which is fully open at 1/2 revolution of the valve stem. 15 Series U transmissions utilize the charge check valves for the bypass function. External plungers are depressed to hold the charge check balls off of their seats, allowing oil to bypass from one side of the pump/motor circuit to the other.

Axial Piston Pumps, Motors, and Transmissions Series 70 / 15 Series

Description of Operation for Series 70 and 15 Series Products (Continued)



Implement Circuit - Series 70-BDU-21L



Implement Circuit - 15 Series

#### Implement Pump

Implement (auxiliary) flow capability is offered on the Series 70 21 cc transmission and on 15 Series units. Charge (implement) pump sizes available are .18 in<sup>3</sup>/ Rev. (3 cc/rev.) for the Series 70 BDU-21L transmission, .30 in<sup>3</sup>/Rev. (4.9 cc/rev.) for the 15 U transmission and .33 in<sup>3</sup>/Rev. (5.4 cc/rev.) for the 15 PV, 15 PT, or 15 in-line transmission.

The implement circuit must be of the "open center" type that allows oil from the charge pump circulating through the control valve to return to the transmission.

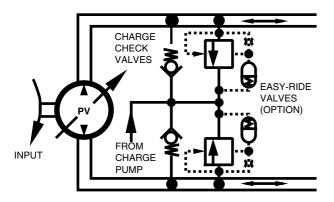
There are two styles of implement circuits depending upon whether the Series 70 or the 15 Series is used.

In the Series 70 BDU-21 implement circuit, flow from the charge (implement) pump flows first to the implement circuit control valve, then to the charge relief and charge check valves. The implement circuit must be designed to return the implement flow to the transmission. (A check valve is provided to allow oil to be drawn into the charge circuit should the flow returning from the implement circuit be momentarily insufficient to charge the closed loop.) The customer must provide an implement circuit relief valve in addition to the implement control valve. It is also recommended that the customer provide a charge pressure filter between the implement control valve and the transmission to prevent any contaminants created in the implement circuit actuator(s) from entering the charge circuit.

In the 15 Series implement circuit, flow from the charge (implement) pump flows to the charge check valves and charge relief. Once charge pressure is established, the charge relief allows oil to flow to the implement control valve, and on to the transmission case drain. (If an oil cooler is required in the circuit, it may be installed between the implement control valve and the case connection.) The implement relief valve limits the pressure in the implement circuit (and charge circuit) when the implement valve is actuated.

Axial Piston Pumps, Motors, and Transmissions Series 70 / 15 Series

Description of Operation for Series 70 and 15 Series Products (Continued)



Easy Ride Valve Circuit

#### Easy-Ride Valves

The Series 70 BDU-21L transmissions are available with optional Easy-Ride valves to reduce the rate of change in acceleration ("jerkiness") in vehicle propel applications. Each Easy-Ride valve incorporates a poppet-piston, sleeve assembly, valve spring, and plug.

A sudden increase in pressure in one side of the closed loop will open the corresponding Easy-Ride valve, allowing some high pressure fluid to flow to the opposite side of the loop through the charge circuit and charge check. This limits the pressure rise rate in the loop and reduces the acceleration rate of the vehicle.

The poppet-piston, sleeve assembly, and spring act as an accumulator. Once system pressure builds-up between the poppet-piston and sleeve assembly, the poppet-piston will move toward its seat, closing the passage.

A typical Easy-Ride valve cycle requires 0.5 to 1.0 seconds, depending on system oil viscosity and loop pressure. If the loop pressure is above the functional range of the valve (approximately 1500 psi [103 bar]), the valve spring will compress until the sleeve assembly contacts the plug, and the poppet-piston will be rapidly forced onto its seat.



Axial Piston Pumps, Motors, and Transmissions Series 70 / 15 Series

Notes



Axial Piston Pumps, Motors, and Transmissions Series 70

Series 70 / 15 Series

#### **General Technical Specifications**

#### Speed Ratings

**Maximum speed** is the highest operating speed recommended and cannot be exceeded without reduction in the life of the product or risking premature failure and loss of drive line power (which may create a safety hazard).

**Continuous speed** is the speed limit recommended at full power condition and is the highest value at which normal life can be expected.

#### **Pressure Limits**

System pressure is a dominant operating variable affecting hydraulic unit life. High pressure, which results from high load, reduces expected life in a manner similar to many mechanical assemblies such as engines and gear boxes. There are load-life relationships for the rotating group and for the shaft anti-friction bearings.

Maximum pressure is the highest intermittent pressure allowed. It is determined by the maximum machine load demand. Maximum pressure is assumed to occur a small percentage of operating time, usually less than 2% of the total.

**Continuous pressure** is the average, regularly occurring pressure.

Both the maximum and continuous pressure limits must be satisfied to achieve the expected life.

Series 70 / 15 Series Product Pressure Limits for 5 Year (@ 200 Hrs Usage / Yr.) Transmission Life Expectancy, psi (bar)

Product	Continuous Pressure	Maximum Pressure
Series 70-BD	1000 (69)	2100 (145)
15 Series	2500 (175)	4500 (310)

Operation at these pressure limits (under normal conditions) will give a five year life expectancy (@ 200 hours usage per year), assuming recommended maintenance procedures are followed. In the event that an extreme duty cycle is anticipated, consult Sauer-Sundstrand.

#### Fluids

Ratings and data for Sauer-Sundstrand products are based on operating with premium hydraulic fluids containing oxidation, rust, and foam inhibitors.

These premium fluids include API CD engine oils per SAE J183, Type F automatic transmission fluids, power shift transmission fluids meeting Allison C-3 or Caterpillar TO-2 requirements and certain specialty agriculture tractor fluids. For further information, consult Sauer-Sundstrand.

At continuous operating conditions, fluid viscosity should be above 55 SUS (9 mm<sup>2</sup>/sec). Minimum fluid viscosity should be above 45 SUS (6.4 mm<sup>2</sup>/sec) at intermittent operating conditions.

#### Filtration

A 20 micron (nominal rating) filter should be placed in the inlet line to the charge pump. The maximum continuous inlet vacuum should not exceed 10 in. Hg (0.7 bar abs.); the filter should be replaced when the inlet vacuum exceeds 10 in. Hg (0.7 bar abs.). During cold starts, the inlet vacuum may exceed this level. Inlet vacuum at normal operating conditions should not exceed 5 in. Hg (0.8 bar abs.).

#### **Reservoir** Requirements

A suggested minimum reservoir volume is 5/8 of the total charge pump flow with a minimum fluid volume equal to 1/2 of the charge pump flow. This allows 30 seconds dwell time for removing any entrained air in the oil. This is adequate for a closed reservoir in most applications.

The reservoir outlet to the charge pump inlet should be near the bottom of the reservoir and must always be covered with fluid. The reservoir inlet (fluid return) from the transmission should be below the fluid level and be as far away as possible from the outlet port.

#### **Case Pressure**

Under normal operating conditions, the maximum continuous case pressure must not exceed 4 psi (0.3 bar) for Series 70-BD units or 10 psi (0.7 bar) for 15 Series units. Maximum allowable intermittent case pressure during cold start must not exceed 10 psi (0.7 bar) for Series 70 units or 25 psi (1.7 bar) for 15 Series units.



Axial Piston Pumps, Motors, and Transmissions Series 70 / 15 Series

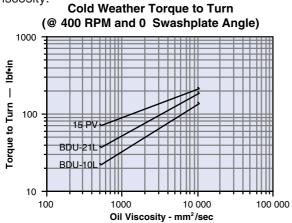
## General Technical Specifications (Continued)

#### Temperature and Cooling

The operating temperature of the transmission should not exceed 180° F (82° C) continuous and 220° F (104° C) intermittent. These temperature limits apply at the hottest point in the transmission, which is normally the case drain.

Heat exchangers may be installed in the case drain circuit if necessary, and should be sized to keep the fluid within recommended temperature limits. Testing to verify that these temperature limits are not exceeded is recommended.

Cold oil will generally not affect durability of the transmission components, but it may affect the ability to start the engine, flow oil, and transmit power. In general, cold starts may be made at a temperature  $30^{\circ}$  F ( $16^{\circ}$  C) above the pour point of the fluid. The accompanying graph illustrates the relationship between shaft turning torque at 400 rpm and fluid viscosity.



#### Auxiliary Mounting Pad (15PV)

The 15 Series pump is available with an optional SAE "A" mounting pad for mounting auxiliary hydraulic pumps. Since the auxiliary pad operates under case pressure, an O-ring must be used to seal the auxiliary pump mounting flange to the pad.

The 9 tooth spline has a 450 lbf•in (51 Nm) continuous and 950 lbf•in (107 Nm) maximum torque rating. These ratings assume a 58 Rc hardness on the mating pump shaft and 0.53 in. (13.5 mm) minimum spline engagement. The continuous torque rating is based on spline tooth wear.

#### Mounting Flange Loads (15PT)

Subjecting 15 Series tandem pumps to high shock loads may result in excessive loading of the mounting flange. Studs are provided at the rear of the unit for attaching a support bracket.

#### Allowable Pump Input Shaft Side Loads

The following graphs assume that a self tensioning device is used to supply tension to the belt, and that the belt tension is proportional to the amount of torque required to turn the shaft. Since torque is proportional to the system pressure generated, belt tension can be determined by knowing the operating system pressure and the pitch diameter of the sheave.

Typical self tension devices apply five times the tension to the tight side of the belt as is applied to the loose side of the belt. The following equations can be used to calculate the belt side load.

Belt Side Load (lbs.) =  $\frac{3 \times T \text{ in}}{Ds}$ 

Belt Side Load (lbs.) =

Where:

Т	in	=	Maximum	Shaft	Input	Torque	in	lbf•in.

КхР

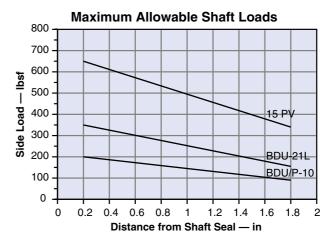
Ds

Ds = Sheave Pitch Diameter in inches

P = System Working Pressure in psi

K = Constant: 0.33 for BDP-10L or BDU-10L 0.68 for BDU-21L 0.48 for 15 Series

The accompanying graph represents the maximum allowable conditions based upon shaft stress. All external shaft loads will have an effect on bearing life. If continuously applied external loads exceed 25% of the maximum allowable, contact Sauer-Sundstrand for unit bearing life evaluation.



Axial Piston Pumps, Motors, and Transmissions Series 70 / 15 Series

## General Technical Specifications (Continued)

#### **Direct Displacement Control (DDC)**

The Direct Displacement Control can be located on either side of the Series 70 and 15 Series transmission or pump (except the BDP-10L). It provides a simple, positive method of control. Movement of the control shaft causes a proportional swashplate movement, thus varying the pump's displacement from full displacement in one direction to full displacement in the opposite direction.

Vehicle propel applications may require a provision for non-linear control input to reduce control sensitivity near neutral. Damping or frictional forces may be necessary to produce the desired control feel.

These units do not include any neutral centering device for the swashplate. It is necessary to provide a force in the machine's control system that will hold the swashplate at the desired angle. A "fail safe" design which will return the swashplate to neutral in the event of linkage failure is recommended.

#### WARNING

With no external forces applied to the swashplate trunnion, internal hydraulic forces may not return the swashplate to the neutral position under all conditions of operation.

The approximate torque necessary to rotate the control per 1000 psi (70 bar) of system operating pressure is as follows:

Series 70 BD-10	65 lbf•in per 1000 psi (7.3 Nm per 70 bar)
Series 70 BD-21	100 lbf•in per 1000 psi (11.3 Nm per 70 bar)
15 Series	65 lbf•in per 1000 psi (7.3 Nm per 70 bar)

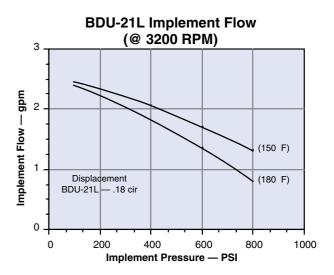
The maximum torque that should be applied to the control under any condition is as follows:

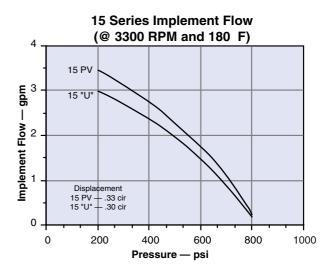
Series	70	BD-10	200	lbf•in	(22.6	Nm)
Series	70	BD-21	400	lbf•in	(45.2	Nm)
15 Se	ries		400	lbf•in	(45.2	Nm)'

\* With a maximum radial force of 100 lbsf (445 N) applied to the control shaft not more than 3 inches (76.2 mm) from the seal surface.

#### **Implement Pump Performance**

The following graphs provide typical implement pump performance information for the Series 70-BDU-21L and the 15 Series units.





#### BRAKING WARNING

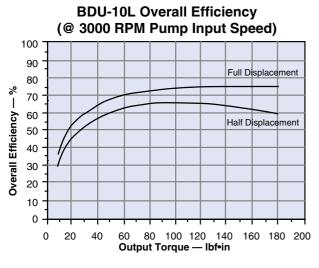
The loss of hydrostatic drive line power in any mode of operation may cause the loss of hydrostatic braking capacity. A braking system, redundant to the hydrostatic transmission must, therefore, be provided which is adequate to stop and hold the system should the condition develop.

Axial Piston Pumps, Motors, and Transmissions Se

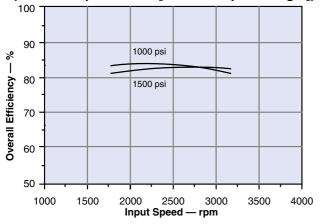
## Series 70 / 15 Series

## Efficiency and Performance of Series 70 Units

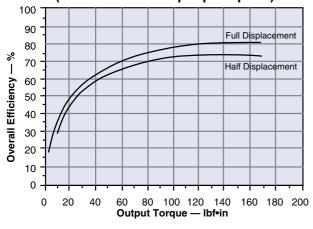
The following graphs provide typical efficiency and performance information for Series 70 units.

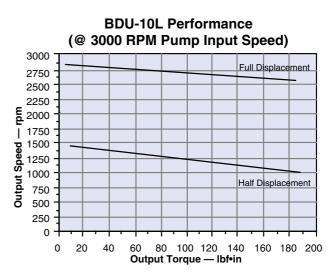


BDP-10L Overall Efficiency (@ Full Displacement [15 Swashplate Angle])

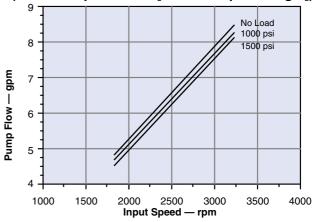




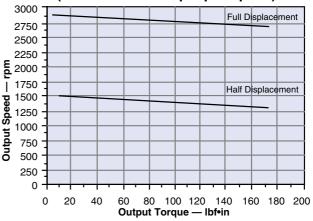




BDP-10L OutputFlow (@ Full Displacement [15 Swashplate Angle])



BDU-21L Performance (@ 3000 RPM Pump Input Speed)

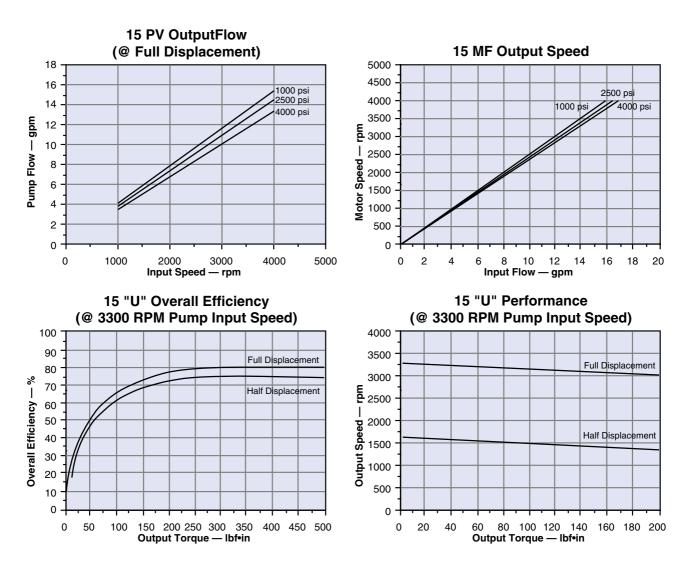


Axial Piston Pumps, Motors, and Transmissions

## Series 70 / 15 Series

## Efficiency and Performance of 15 Series Units

The following graphs provide typical efficiency and performance information for 15 Series units.



## Axial Piston Pumps, Motors, and Transmissions Series 70 / 15 Series

#### Definitions of Typical Lawn and Garden and Turf Maintenance Vehicles

Lawn Tractor – Vehicle with an 8 to 16 horsepower (6 to 12 kW) gasoline engine that is used primarily for mowing with limited drawbar capability and some active ground engaging attachments (i.e. rotary tillers, snowblowers). Tire diameters are typically 18 to 20 in. (457 to 508 mm) and vehicle weights are generally 500 lbs. (227 kg) or less.

Yard Tractor – Vehicle with a 12 to 18 horsepower (9 to 13.5 kW) gasoline or diesel engine that is used primarily for mowing with some drawbar capability and some active ground engaging attachments (i.e. rotary tillers, snowblowers, front blade). Tire diameters are typically 20 to 23 in. (508 to 584 mm) and vehicle weights range from 650 to 850 lbs. (295 to 386 kg).

Garden Tractor – Vehicle with a 14 to 20 horsepower (10.5 to 15 kW) gasoline or diesel engine that is used as a mowing or utility vehicle. Capability for using passive ground engaging implements such as moldboard plows and front end loaders distinguish these tractors from yard tractors. Tire diameters are typically 23 to 28 in. (584 to 711 mm) and vehicle weights range from 1000 to 1200 lbs. (454 to 544 kg). Front Mount Mower – Vehicle used primarily for mowing, where the mowing attachment is located in front of the machine. Some have accessory attachments such as brooms, snowblowers, and blades. The vehicle is usually driven through a transmission/ transaxle arrangement and the rear wheels are steered. Vehicle weights and tire diameters vary in relation to the size of the mower.

Rear Engine Rider – Vehicle used primarily for mowing, where the mower deck is located under the machine. The engine is located at the rear, often under the operator's seat. The vehicle is usually driven through a transaxle arrangement and the front wheels are steered. Tire diameters are typically 18 in. (457 mm) or less, and vehicle weights are generally 500 lbs. (227 kg) or less.

Dual Path Mower – Vehicle used primarily for mowing with some accessory attachment capability. Usually a dual path propelled vehicle in which steering is done by controlling the speed of each drive wheel independently. Vehicle weights and tire diameters vary in relation to the size of the mower.

#### Component Selection for Lawn and Garden or Turf Maintenance Vehicles

Selecting the proper transmission for a vehicle begins with determining the maximum vehicle speed desired and the maximum tractive effort required. The transmission selected must meet both requirements.

Many lawn and garden hydrostatic transmissions are used in conjunction with readily available transaxles. The maximum hydrostatic motor speed can be calculated by using the following equation. The input speed to the pump should be 10% greater than the maximum motor speed.

Where:

S = Maximum Vehicle Speed in mph FDR = Transaxle Final Drive Ratio

LR = Tire Loaded Radius in inches

A useful parameter for determining tractive effort is "pull ratio". Pull ratio is a dimensionless term that is the ratio of tractive effort to gross vehicle weight. It is generally constant for each class of vehicle. These values may be used when actual vehicle tractive efforts are not known.

## Typical Pull Ratios for Lawn and Garden Vehicles

Vehicle Class	Maximum Pull Ratio	Typical Pull Ratio
Lawn Tractor	0.73	0.18
Yard Tractor	0.80	0.20
Garden Tractor	1.00*	0.23
Front Mount Mower	0.80**	0.23
Rear Engine Rider	0.50	0.16
Dual Path Mower	0.85/2	0.25 / 2

\* Assumes weight transfer to the driving wheels from an implement.

\*\* Based on wheel slip for a four-wheel-drive vehicle on dry asphalt. For mower service on turf, a ratio of 0.62 may be more appropriate.

## **Component Selection (Continued)**

Because there are no system pressure relief valves in Series 70 units and many 15 Series transmissions, the maximum hydrostatic motor torque should occur at the vehicle wheel slip condition. Because of weight transfer from pushing or pulling implements, it may be difficult to determine the true weight on the drive wheels at wheel slip. Experience has shown that the values listed under "Maximum Pull Ratio" in the above table can be used to determine the maximum tractive effort. The maximum hydrostatic motor torque can be calculated using the following equation:

Max. Motor Torque		Maximum PR x GVW x LR
(lbf in)	=	FDR x FD eff

Where:

PR	= Pull Ratio
GVW	= Gross Vehicle Weight in lbs.
LR	= Tire Loaded Radius in inches
FDR	= Transaxle Final Drive Ratio
FD eff	= Transaxle Final Drive Efficiency

Vehicles generally operate at the maximum tractive effort condition less than 2% of their life, therefore it is necessary to select a transmission which will give adequate life under typical operating conditions. If a duty cycle for the transmission is known, Sauer-Sundstrand can assist in calculating a weighted average or root cubic mean motor torque and can estimate the life expectancy of the transmission selected.

If the vehicle duty cycle is not known, then the values in the accompanying table listed under typical operating conditions can be used in the following equation for the motor torque determination. If the life is not adequate, the transaxle final drive ratio or tire size may need to be changed, or the next larger transmission may be needed. Contact Sauer-Sundstrand for assistance in the correct transmission selection.

Typical Operating		Typ. PR x GVW x LR		
Motor Torque (lbf in)	=	FDR x FD eff		

Where:

Typ. PR	=	Typical Pull Ratio
GVW	=	Gross Vehicle Weight in Ibs.
LR	=	Tire Loaded Radius in inches
FDR	=	Transaxle Final Drive Ratio
FD eff	=	Transaxle Final Drive Efficiency

Series 70 / 15 Series Transmission System Operating Pressure Limits (and Corresponding Motor Output Torques) for 5 Year Life Expectancy

Pressure	in	psi	(Torque	in	lbf•in)
----------	----	-----	---------	----	---------

		-				
Typical Continuous Operating Limits						
Usage		Product				
Hrs./Yr.	BDU-10L	BDU-21L	15 Series			
100	1300 (115)	1300 (250)	3000 (410)			
200	1000 (85)	1000 (190)	2600 (350)			
300	800 (70)	800 (155)	2000 (270)			
400	650 (55)	650 (125)	1500 (195)			

Maximum Operating Limits							
Usage		Product					
Hrs./Yr.	BDU-10L	15 Series					
100	2100 (180)	2100 (400)	4500 (610)				
200	2100 (180)	2100 (400)	4500 (610)				
300	1900 (170)	1900 (380)	4000 (525)				
400	1800 (160)	1800 (355)	3600 (480)				

NOTE: Operation at these pressure and output torque limits (under normal conditions) will give a five year life expectancy, assuming recommended maintenance procedures are followed. In the event that an extreme duty cycle is anticipated, consult Sauer-Sundstrand.



Axial Piston Pumps, Motors, and Transmissions Series 70 / 15 Series

## Dimensions • Series 70 BDU-10S and BDU-10L Transmission

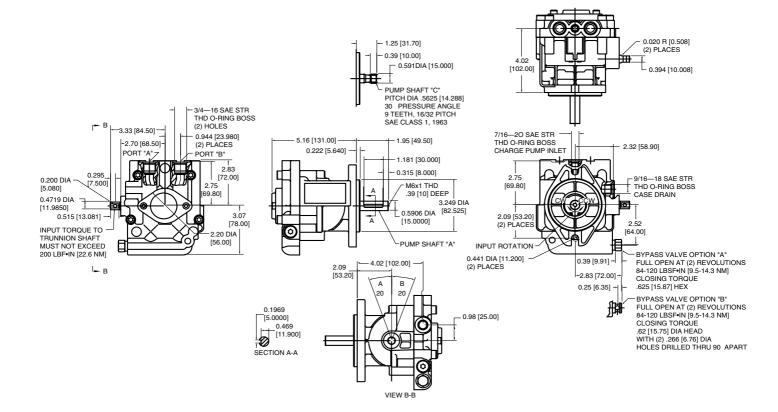
	Input Shaft Rotation	C	W	CC	w l
	Control Shaft Rotation	A	В	Α	В
	Output Shaft Rotation	CW	CCW	CCW	CW
2.99 [53.00] 2.99 [53.00] 2.95 DIA [15.000] 2.95 DIA [15.000] 2.95 DIA [15.000] 2.95 DIA [15.000] 2.95 DIA [13.495] (13.495] 1.16 [29.42] 0.051 [29.42] 0.51 (0PTIONAL) 7/8 - 14 SAE STR THD 0-RING BOSS CASE DRAIN (1 (0PTIONAL) 7/8 - 14 SAE STR THD 0-RING BOSS 0.18 [4.62] 1.06 [13.00] 1.78 [45.30] BOTH SIDES CASE DRAIN (1 (0PTIONAL) 1.78 [45.30] BOTH SIDES 0.18 [1.77 [45.30] BOTH SIDES 0.18 [1.70 [12.0]] 0.531 DIA (0PTIONAL) 1.6 [29.42] 0.18 [1.6] 1.78 [45.30] BOTH SIDES 3.83 [97.30] BOTH SIDES	4.850] 9/16—18 SAE S 4.850] THD C-RING BI SYSTEM PRES (2) PLACES (13.5] 0.394 [10.008] MODULE 0.020R [0.50X (2) PLACES (2) PLACES			20 SAE STR D-RING BOSS GE PUMP IN UNITS WITH GE PUMP 0	1 5 1LET ② NLY)_ 0.51 [13.00] - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
4.07 [103.30] CASE DRAIN	0.005 DIA			0.469 [11.90 - 0.020 [0.510 (2) PLACES	ור
0.5906 DIA [15.000] 0.5906 DIA [15.000] 0.5906 DIA [15.000] 0.5906 DIA [15.000] 0.496 DIA [12.602] 0.496 DIA [12.602] 0.496 DIA [12.602] 0.496 DIA [12.602] 0.5900 PER SAE J500 0.496 DIA [12.602] 0.496 DIA [12.602] 0			T W SECTION		

Axial Piston Pumps, Motors, and Transmissions

## Series 70 / 15 Series

## Dimensions • Series 70 BDP-10L Pump

				inches
				[mm]
Input Shaft Rotation	CI	N	CC	W
Control Shaft Rotation	A	В	А	В
Port A Flow	Out	In	In	Out
Port B Flow	In	Out	Out	In



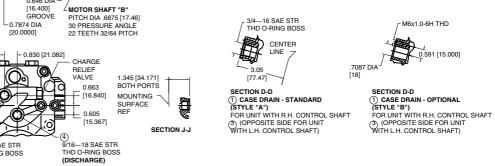


Axial Piston Pumps, Motors, and Transmissions

## Series 70 / 15 Series

## Dimensions • Series 70 BDU-21L Transmission

							inches [mm]
			Input Shaft Rotation	C	W	CC	CW
			Control Shaft Rotation	A	В	A	В
			Output Shaft Rotation	CCW	CW	CW	CCW
-3.82 [97.00]           -3.07 [78.00]           -3.07 [78.00]	625 DIA (15.88) PITCH DIA .5938 (15.08) 30 PRESSURE ANGLE 19 TECH 29264 PITCH VIEW H THRU AUXILIARY PUMP SI (OPTIONAL) C CHARGE PUMP INLET 2.89 [73.41]	2.05 2.07] HAFT 	\ c	(REF) 1.83 [46.3]	(46.38)	5.24 0.305 SPI (7.740) (2) PLACI	02 MAX R .5] 2) PLACES RIGHT HAND CONTROL SHAF 0.236 DIA
3F+IN (34 MM) 4.055 [103.000] 2.09 [53.00] 2.09 [53.00] CW/ CCW/ CW/ CCW/ DIA [8.509]	(OPPOSITE SIDE SIDE *B* (OPPOSITE SIDE SIDE *A*) 0.71 [72.00] 0.7874DIA [20.0000] 3.543DIA [80.000] MOTOR SHAFT 47 (20)		A 0.198 [68.51] (5.03) [68.51] (5.03) [68.51] (5.03) [68.51] (5.03) [68.51] (5.03) [68.51] (5.03) [68.51] (68.51) (68.51) (68.51) (68.51) (68.51) (7.00) [68.51] (7.00) [7.00] (7.00) [7.00] (				(6.000) 0.5906 DIA (15.0000) 0.354 (12.0 0.59 (15.00) T ROTATION
DLES OUTPUT ROTATION [2.00] [53.00] -2.50 [63.50] [18] [18]	30 PRESSURE ANGLE 22 TEETH 32/64 PITCH 1.26 [31.99]	[4.79] [1.18] [0.63 [30.00] [16.00] 2.38 [60.50] 	UNPUT) PITCH DIA.5938 [15.08] 30 PRESSURE ANGLE 19 TEETH, 32/64 PITCH	<ul> <li>- 2.86 [72.59] BYPASS OPEN</li> <li>- 3.08 [78.12] BYPASS CLOSED</li> </ul>		3/4—16 \$ O-RING   CASE DI	GAE STR THD BOSS RAIN STYLE "B" D IN CENTER
(11.43) MIN (11.43) CC CL OF TRUNNION (2) CHARGE PUMP INLET SHAFT 2.436 0.630 [61.870] [16.000]	(9.90) FULL THD 0.719DIA (18.263) 0.068 (1.720) – GROOVE WIDTH	- 5.18 [131.50] 0.982 [24.940]	A - 24 (6.0) PUMP SHAFT "C" (INPUT) NON-AUXILIARY	0.547 [13.900] -0.020 [0.51] (2) PLACES ION A-A			
25-6H THD IN FULL THD VIEW E-E	0.646 DIA [16.400] 2 GROOVE -0.7874 DIA [20.0000]	MOTOR SHAFT "B" PITCH DIA .6875 [17.46] 30 PRESSURE ANGLE 22 TEETH 32/64 DITCH	PUMP MODELS ONLY / 3/4—16 SAE STR / THD O-RING BOS	s		/ <sup></sup> M6x1.	0-6H THD



CW SHAFT ROTATION

CHARGE RELIEF VALVE

¢<sup>±</sup>

- 0.830 [21.082]

0

9/16—18 SAE STR THD O-RING BOSS (RETURN)

0.663 [16.840]

0.605 [15.367]

(4) 9/16—18 SAE STR THD O-RING BOSS (DISCHARGE)

C

WITH AUXILIARY PUMP

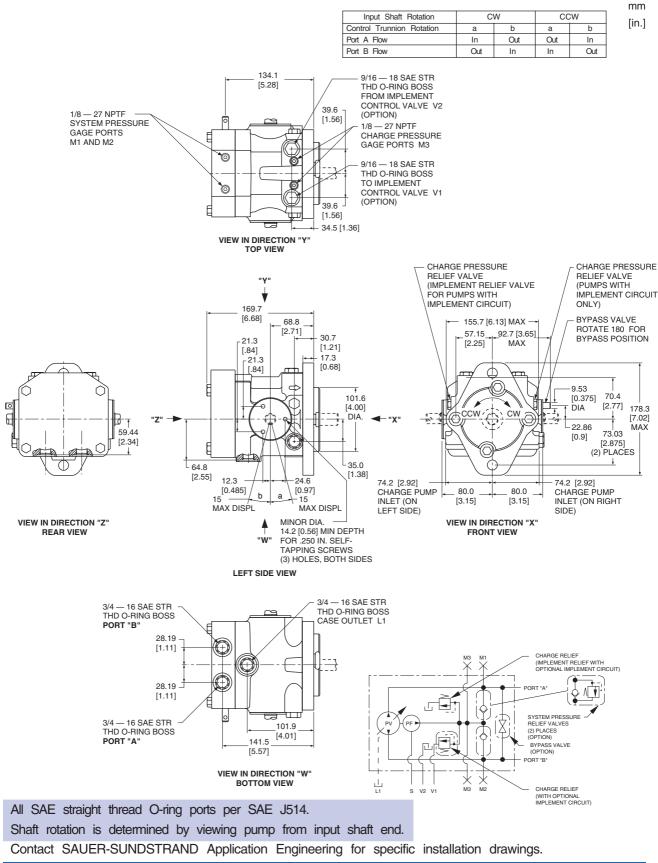
5 \_\_\_\_\_ 9/16—18 SAE STR

THD O-RING BOSS (RETURN)

CCW SHAFT ROTATION

Axial Piston Pumps, Motors, and Transmissions Series 70 / 15 Series

## Dimensions • 15 Series Variable Displacement Pump • 15 PV





## Dimensions • 15 Series Variable Displacement Pump • 15 PV (Continued)

mm [in.]

MOUNTING FLANGE (REF) 57.15 [2.250] 4.7625 [0.1875] SQ KEY 25.4 [1.00] LONG 3.6 [0.14] MAX 1.17 [0.046] MAX ± 21.13 [0.832] MAX 19.02 DIA [0.749] 17.88 DIA 196.3 [0.704] SHAFT MUST NOT PROTRUDE [7.73] INPUT SHAFT STYLE "F" BEYOND 32.71 [1.288] MAX 1.96 [0.077] 106.38 [4.188] 7.4 [0.29] MIN 53.19 [2.094] 14.29 [0.5625] PITCH DIA 17.78 [0.70] MAX MOUNTING FLANGE (REF) 30 PRESSURE ANGLE 47.63 [1.875] 9 TEETH 16/32 PITCH MATES MALE SPLINE SYSTEM PRESSURE RELIEF VALVES MAX 25.6 [1.01] MIN WITH FILLET ROOT OR FLAT ROOT SIDE FIT (OPTION) 6 FULL SPLINE \_\_\_\_\_ 1/4 — 20 THD 30 88.65 0.5 MAX F 19.05 [0.75] DEEP Г [0.02] [3.490] 82.60 1.0 MAX R "7 19.05 DIA [3.252] [0.04] [0.750] 7 ÷. 17.462 [0.6875]PITCH DIA 30 PRESSURE ANGLE O-RING SEAL REQUIRED B X 0.375-16 THD REF 82.22 [3.237] ID x D 11 TEETH 16/32 PITCH 2.62 [0.103] DIA THRU CROSS SECTION FILLET ROOT SIDE FIT (4) HOLES – 14 SAE STR 7/8 -53.19 [2.094] 9/16 — 18 SAE STR THD O-RING BOSS 9/16 INPUT SHAFT STYLE "H" THD O-RING BOSS CHARGE PUMP INLET S 106.38 [4.188] SYSTEM GAGE PORTS (LEFT OR RIGHT SIDE) M1 AND M2 VIEW IN DIRECTION "Z" LEFT SIDE VIEW BOTH SIDES MOUNTING FLANGE WITH OPTIONAL SAE "A" AUXILIARY FLANGE, SYSTEM PRESSURE RELIEF VALVES, REAR VIEW (REF) WITH OPTIONAL SAE "A" AUXILIARY FLANGE AND SYSTEM PRESSURE RELIEF VALVES 38.86 [1.53] AND LARGE INLET CHARGE PUMP MAX 11.94 [0.47] 4.7625 x 15.875 [0.1875 x 0.625] WOODRUFF KEY 21.26 [0.837] ROUND TRUNNION STYLE SQUARE TRUNNION STYLE 19.05 DIA (LEFT SIDE SHOWN) (RIGHT SIDE SHOWN) [0.750] 4.57 R 1/4 - 20 THD [0,18] 6.32 [0.249] 19.05 [0.75] DEEP 6/6 (4) PLACES DIA THRU - 15.82[0.623] #EE - "V"  $\cap$ INPUT SHAFT STYLE "F (2) PLACES 17 45 17.45 DIA 13.2 [0.687] [0.687] 7.62 [0.3] [0.52] 28.2 DIA VIEW IN DIRECTION "V " [1.11] SQUARE TRUNNION Ó. 87.6 [3.45] -87.6 [3.45] STYLE 7.9 [0.31] -(LESS (LESS 4.78 [0.188] THRU 1.8 [0.07] WIDE x 3.0 [0.12] DEEP SLOT TRUNNION) TRUNNION) 99.6 106.2 [4.18] [3.92] STYLE "A" STYLE "B' TRUNNION SHAFT STYLES BYPASS VALVE STYLES (FRONT VIEW)

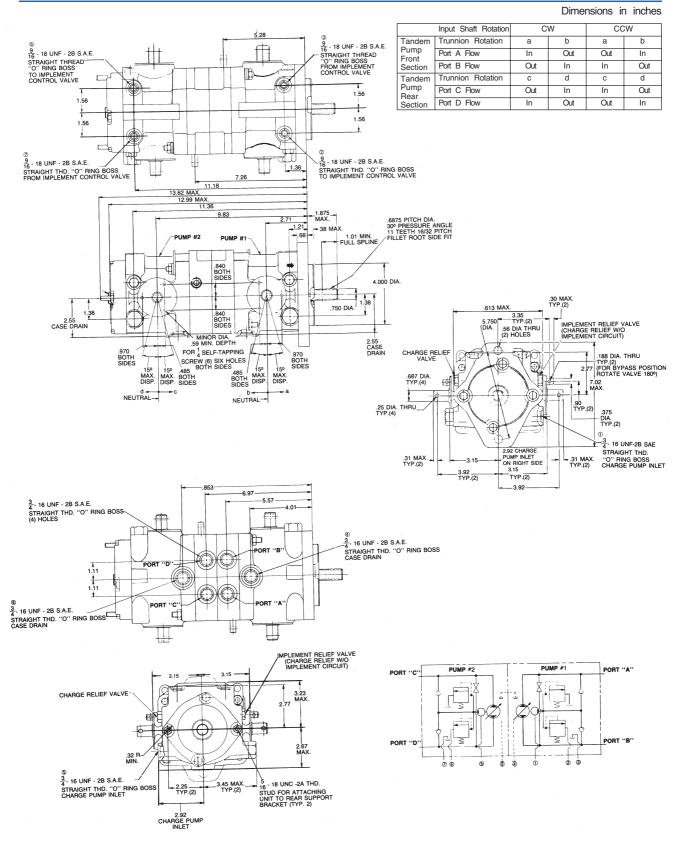
All SAE straight thread O-ring ports per SAE J514.

Shaft rotation is determined by viewing pump from input shaft end.

Contact SAUER-SUNDSTRAND Application Engineering for specific installation drawings.

Axial Piston Pumps, Motors, and Transmissions Series 70 / 15 Series

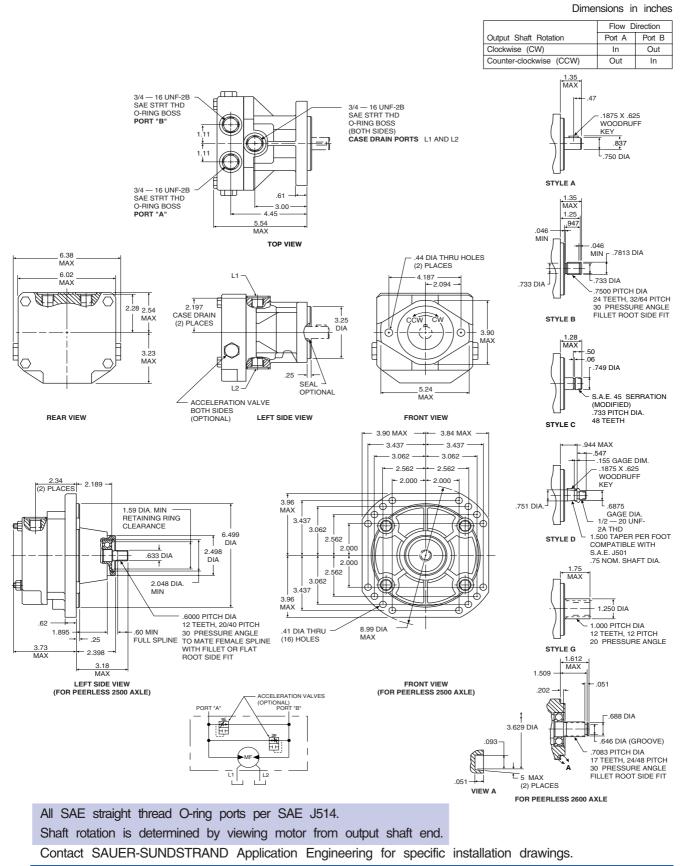
## Dimensions • 15 Series Variable Displacement Tandem Pump (15 PT)





Axial Piston Pumps, Motors, and Transmissions Series 70 / 15 Series

#### Dimensions • 15 Series Fixed Displacement Motor • 15 MF

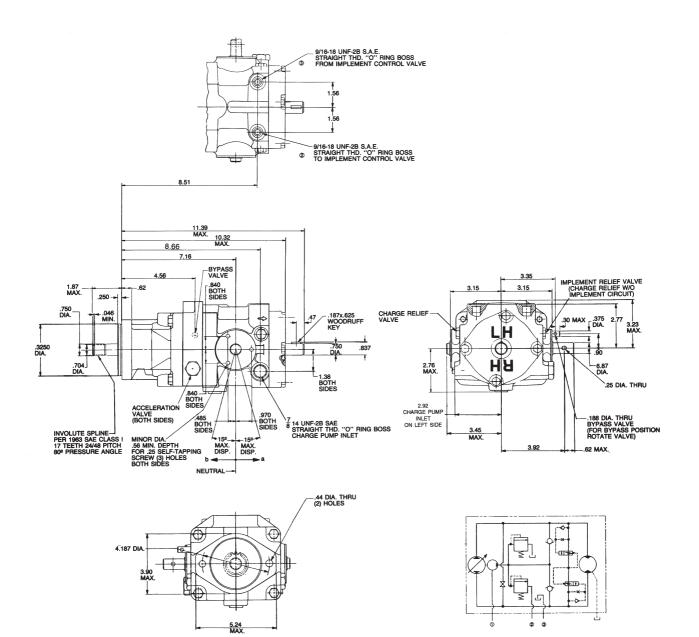


Axial Piston Pumps, Motors, and Transmissions

## Series 70 / 15 Series

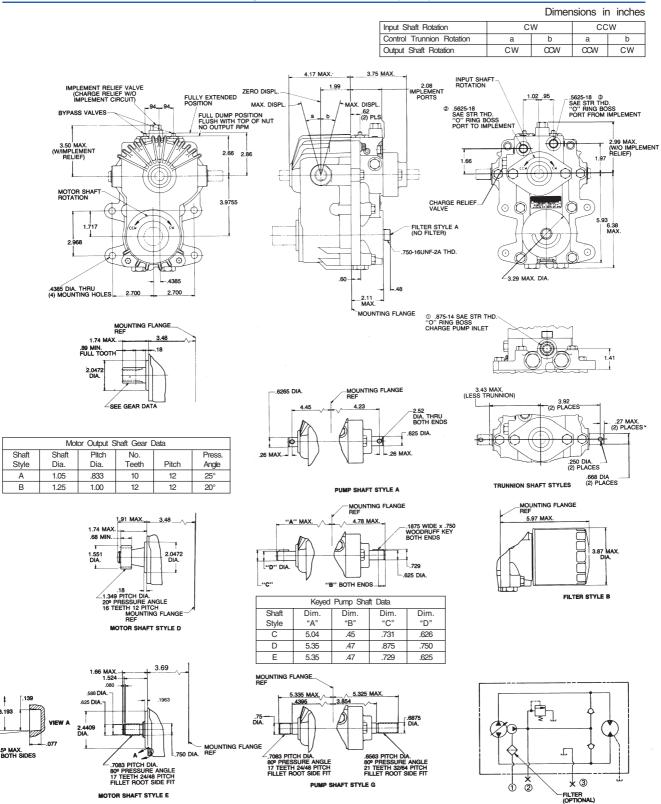
## Dimensions • 15 Series In-line Transmission

		Dime	ensions	in inches
Input Shaft Rotation	CW		CCW	
Control Trunnion Rotation	а	b	а	b
Output Shaft Rotation	CCW	CW	CW	CCW



Axial Piston Pumps, Motors, and Transmissions Series 70 / 15 Series

## Dimensions • 15 Series "U" Style Transmission (15U)





	INLO22					
Axial	Piston	Pumps,	Motors,	and	Transmissions	Series 70 / 15 Series
Notes						

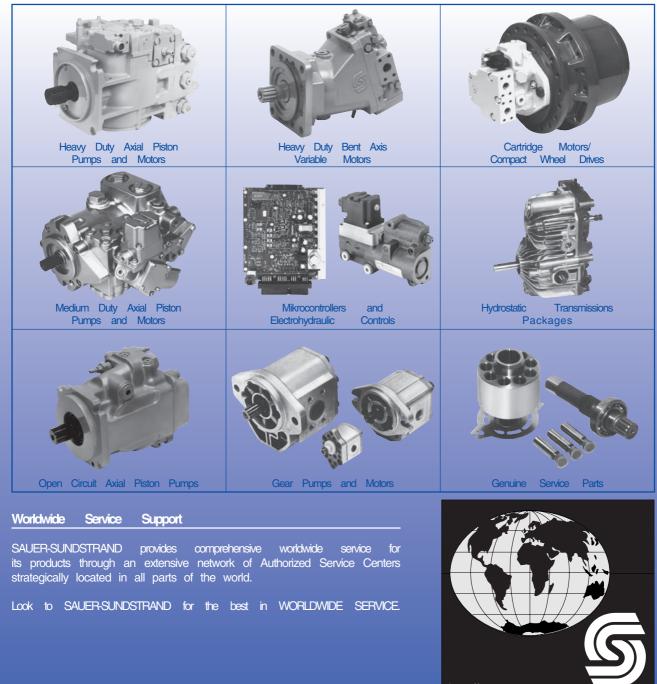


Hydraulic Power Systems

#### SAUER-SUNDSTRAND Hydraulic Power Systems - Market Leaders Worldwide

SAUER-SUNDSTRAND is a world leader in the design and manufacture of Hydraulic Power Systems. Research and development resources in both North America and Europe enable SAUER-SUNDSTRAND to offer a wide range of design solutions utilizing hydraulic power system technology. SAUER-SUNDSTRAND specializes in integrating a full range of system components to provide vehicle designers with the most advanced total-design system.

SAUER-SUNDSTRAND is Your World Source for Controlled Hydraulic Power Systems.



http://www.sauer.com

**SAUER** DANFOSS SAUER-SUNDSTRAND COMPANY 2800 East 13th Street Ames, IA 50010 • U.S.A. Phone: (515) 239-6000 • Fax: (515) 239-6618 SAUER-SUNDSTRAND GMBH & CO. Postfach 2460 • D-24531 Neumünster Krokamp 35 • D-24539 Neumünster • Germany Phone: (04321) 871-0 • Fax: (04321) 871 122

TI-Series 70 (BDU-10S+L, 21L, BDP-10L) 15 Series (15U+I, 15PV, PT, MF)-E (BLN10006) • 06/2000 • 369 629A