



iC7 Series Motion

Software version 26A



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1 Introduction to the Application Guide

1.1 Version History

This guide is regularly reviewed and updated. All suggestions for improvement are welcome.

The original language of this guide is in English.

Version	Remarks	Software Version
M00106, document version 08	Release 26A	5.0.x
M00106, document version 07	General Release 6	4.0.x
M00106, document version 06	General Release 5	3.3.x
M00106, document version 05	General Release 4	3.2.x
M00106, document version 04	General Release 3	3.1.x
M00106, document version 03	General Release 2	3.0.x
M00106, document version 02	General Release 1	2.2.5

1.2 Purpose of this Application Guide

This application guide is intended for qualified personnel such as:

- Automation engineers
- Commissioning engineers who have experience operating with parameters and basic knowledge of variable frequency drives

The application guide provides information on the initial configuration of the drive. The purpose of the guide is to provide information on parameters for configuring and controlling the drive, an overview and procedures of the various user interfaces in iC7, typical application examples, and troubleshooting of events in the drive.

1.3 Additional Resources

Additional resources are available with related information.

iC7-Automation Frequency Converters Design Guide provides information about the capability and functionality to design motor control systems for Danfoss iC7 series.

iC7 Series Frequency Converters Installation Safety Guide provides important safety information related to iC7 drives.

iC7-Automation Frequency Converters Installation Guides cover the mechanical and electrical installation of drives.

1.4 Safety Symbols

The following symbols are used in Danfoss documentation and products.



Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.



Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.



Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.

NOTICE

Indicates information considered important, but not hazard-related (for example, messages relating to property damage).

	ISO warning symbol for general warnings
	ISO warning symbol for hot surfaces and burn hazard
	ISO warning symbol for high voltage and electric shock
	Symbol for indicating the required discharge time of the capacitors in the product.
	ISO action symbol for referring to the instructions

2 Introduction to iC7-Automation

2.1 Overview

The iC7 drives provide precision motor control and are equipped with integrated functional safety, security, and connectivity features.

The 2 application software packages available for iC7-Automation frequency converters are:

- The Industry application is included as standard in iC7-Automation drives, unless another application has been selected when ordering the drive. The Industry application software offers speed and torque control combined with a wide range of features to support various demanding applications.
- The Motion application offers the same range of features as the Industry application software except the process controller, and adds positioning and synchronization capabilities. The Motion application can be selected when ordering the drive, or later as a field upgrade.

The FC300 Series Converter (+DD20) is an additional feature to the iC7-Automation product to ensure easy replacement without modifying PLC programs. The FC300 Series Converter:

- Establishes communication using existing legacy configuration files (GSDML, for example).
- Maps user parameters to FC 302 parameters.
- Adjusts functional behavior and response times to match the latest FC 302 firmware.

This guide covers the Motion application. For further information regarding the Industry application, see *iC7 Series Industry Application Guide*.

3 Software Tools

3.1 Overview

Danfoss offers a suite of desktop software tools which have been designed to provide easy operation and the highest level of customization of variable frequency drives.

The MyDrive® tools support the entire lifecycle of the drive, from system design to service. Some of the tools are available free of charge, and some require a subscription.

For more information about the MyDrive® tools, see MyDrive® documentation and <https://suite.mydrive.danfoss.com/>.

3.2 MyDrive® Select

MyDrive® Select performs frequency converter sizing based on calculated motor load currents, ambient temperature, and current limitations. The sizing results are available in graphical and numerical format, and include calculations of efficiency, power losses, and inverter load currents. The resulting documentation is available in .pdf or .xls format, and can be imported to MyDrive® Harmonics for evaluation of the harmonic distortion, or validation of compliance towards most recognized harmonic norms and recommendations.

MyDrive® Select is available as a web-based tool at select.mydrive.danfoss.com and as a mobile device app that can be downloaded from app stores.

3.3 MyDrive® Harmonics

MyDrive® Harmonics estimates the benefits of adding harmonic mitigation solutions to an installation and calculates system harmonic distortion. The evaluation can be done both for new installations and when extending an existing installation.

The free version provides a fast overview of the expected general performance of the system. The expert version of MyDrive® Harmonics requires a subscription, which opens up more features, including the possibility to save and share harmonic projects, import projects from MyDrive® Select, and the possibility to add Danfoss harmonic mitigation products.

MyDrive® is available as a web-based tool at <https://harmonics.mydrive.danfoss.com>.

3.4 MyDrive® Energy

MyDrive® Energy combines drive system energy calculation and efficiency classification functionalities in 1 tool. It uses basic system parameters to generate efficiency metrics and estimate potential energy savings and CO₂ reduction for drive systems.

- The Efficiency Calculator (formerly MyDrive® ecoSmart) follows IEC 61800-9-2 standards for IE and IES class definitions, and calculates efficiency class and part load efficiency for Danfoss drives.
- The Energy Calculator enables system-level efficiency assessments, and analyzes energy consumption and savings. Additional parameters such as energy costs, CO₂ emissions, and system-specific load profiles can be added to obtain more precise results.

MyDrive® Energy is available as a web-based tool at <https://energy.mydrive.danfoss.com/>.

3.5 MyDrive® Insight

MyDrive® Insight is a software tool for commissioning, engineering, and monitoring drives. MyDrive® Insight can be used to configure parameters, upgrade software, and set up functional safety features and condition-based monitoring.

MyDrive® Insight is available for download at <https://suite.mydrive.danfoss.com/>.

A microSD card can be used as a storage device for data logging, making backups, and restoring the system from a backup.

Logic

The Logic feature in MyDrive® Insight enables the customization and control of drives through a graphical user interface without the need for a separate programming tool. It allows for conditional controls, fault detection and diagnostics, and the creation of sequencing and interlocking logic. Programmable function blocks with inputs and outputs can be connected to control the digital or analog outputs of the drive. For more information, see *MyDrive® Insight Logic Feature Application Guide*.

4 Security and User Management

4.1 Security

The iC7 series offers a secure and tamper-proof operational environment. It is designed for hardware-based security, which underpins every security feature of the iC7 series:

- **Network connectivity:** Communication between the drive and the MyDrive® Insight commissioning tool is end-to-end encrypted by using TLS/SSL cryptographic protocols as used by HTTPS in web browsers.
- **Secure connectivity via OPC UA:** Built-in, robust security features like encryption, authentication, and data integrity (using certificates and digital signatures) to protect sensitive industrial data from cyberattacks, ensuring confidential, authentic, and tamper-proof exchange between devices.
- **Tamper-proof hardware:** The drive hardware prevents unauthorized alteration and protection against physical and side-channel attacks.
- **Trusted firmware:** Firmware and applications are encrypted and only executed if they are genuine.

Drives must be installed by authorized and educated personnel, who are aware of the security risks in networks and can mitigate threats in the network.

For best protection, refer to the [Cybersecurity for iC7-Automation Frequency Converters User Guide](#).

4.2 User Management

4.2.1 Introduction to User Management

The iC7 drive supports user management with role-based access control. The user management concept is derived from the OPC UA specification. For more information on OPC UA, see the [iC7 Series OPC UA Operating Guide](#). Users can be assigned 1 or more roles that determine their permissions and the actions they can perform on the drive.

User management is done in MyDrive® Insight.



NOTE: Logging into MyDrive Insight with a Danfoss account is separate and unrelated to user login and management on the drive itself.

Clients are divided into 2 groups:

- When connecting to the drive, all users are considered **Anonymous** until an authentication handshake has been executed.
- When the authentication is completed successfully, the user transitions from **Anonymous** to **AuthenticatedUser** as shown in [Figure 1](#). All users with the type **AuthenticatedUser** are allowed to modify their own password.

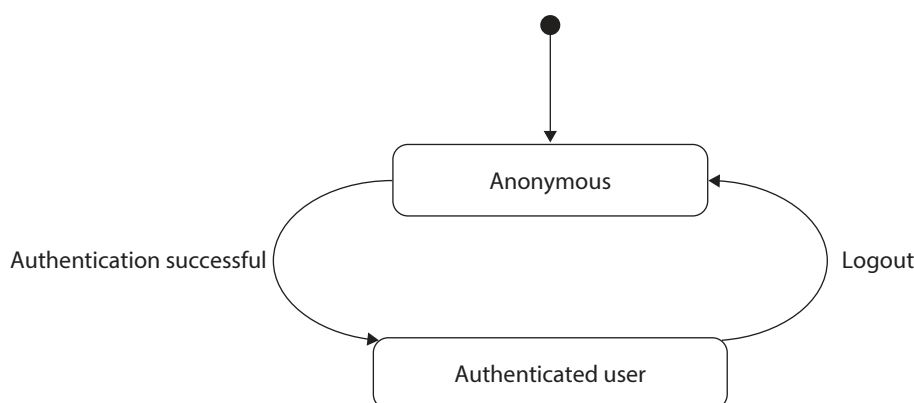


Figure 1: User Types

Table 1: OPC UA User Types

User type	Description	Conformance units
Anonymous	A user that is not yet authenticated.	Security Role Well Known Group 2
AuthenticatedUser	A user that has authenticated and is known to the device.	Security Role Well Known Group 2

Core concepts

Roles	Roles define the permissions and rights granted to users. Each role allows specific actions on the drive.
Users	User accounts are created on the drive. A user account requires authentication. Each user must be assigned at least 1 role to define their access level.
Anonymous	Anonymous represents access to the drive without logging in. Anonymous is not a user account but a special designation for unauthenticated access. Roles can be assigned to or removed from Anonymous to control what can be done without authentication.

The supported roles are explained in the following table:

Table 2: User Roles and Accounts

Role	Description	Special requirements
ConfigureAdmin	This role is allowed to change configuration settings that are not related to security or functional safety: - Configure drive parameters - Modify drive settings - Perform standard firmware updates	A user must have this role to be able to: - Perform firmware updates - Modify parameters
SafetyAdmin	This role is allowed to modify functional safety-related settings. - Change the functional safety configuration - Perform firmware updates when a safety module is present	If an advanced safety unit is mounted in the drive, only a user with this role can perform firmware updates.
SecurityAdmin	This role is allowed to change security-related settings, and manage certificates, user accounts, and access control: - Add new users - Modify existing users - Delete users - Manage user role assignments	–

Table 2: User Roles and Accounts - (continued)

Role	Description	Special requirements
Observer	This role is allowed to have read-only access to drive data. Permissions: • View parameters • Read live data • Read historical data and events Restrictions: • Cannot modify any parameters or settings • Cannot perform firmware updates • Cannot change configuration	–
Operator	This role has the same features as the observer role, with the following added permissions: • Start and stop the drive • Set references	–



NOTE: Role assignment rules:

- Regular users: Must have at least 1 role assigned
- Anonymous: Can have all 4 roles removed

These rules allow completely locking down unauthenticated access.



NOTE: Multiple Role Assignment:

- A single user can be assigned multiple roles
- Permissions are cumulative (the user gets all permissions from all assigned roles)



NOTE: Functional Safety Considerations:

- The SafetyAdmin role is specifically designed for safety-critical operations.
- Drives with upgradable Functional Safety (+BEF2) have the Advanced Safety Unit integrated. In this case, proper SafetyAdmin role management is critical for firmware updates.
- Assign the Safety Admin role to a limited number of trusted users!

Default configuration

When the drive is in its default state (that is, fresh from the factory or after a factory restore), the setting for guest users (Anonymous) includes the ConfigureAdmin and the SecurityAdmin roles, which enables users to configure the drive except for functional safety settings. This is to avoid that a user not requiring security access is affected by security settings.

After the required users have been created, removing the ConfigureAdmin and SecurityAdmin roles for Anonymous users is recommended.

4.2.2 User Management Operations

4.2.2.1 Accessing User Management

1. Open MyDrive Insight.
2. Connect to the iC7 Drive.
3. Navigate to *Setup & Service > User Management*.
4. View and manage users, roles, and Anonymous access.

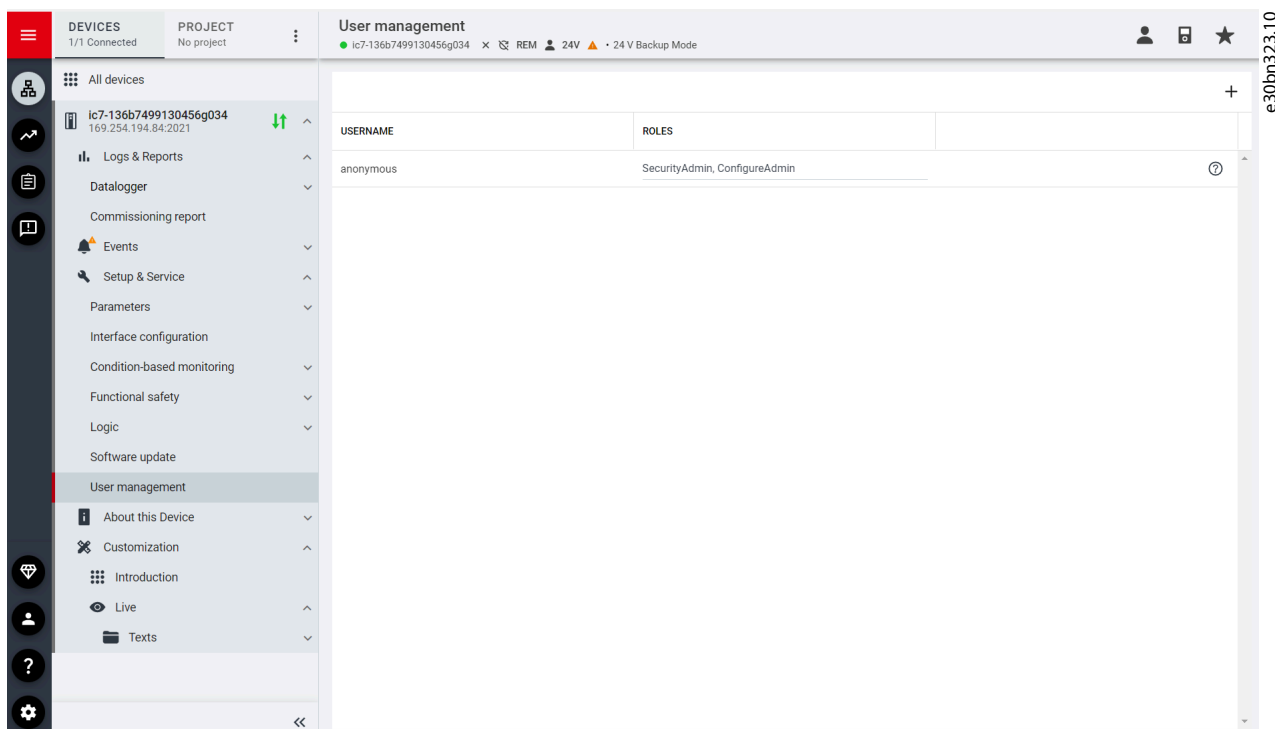


Figure 2: User Management

4.2.2.2 Adding a New User

At least 1 of the 4 roles must be assigned to a new user (SafetyAdmin, SecurityAdmin, ConfigureAdmin, or Observer).

All users of the type AuthenticatedUser are allowed to modify their own password. To see all users of the device, log in as a user with the SecurityAdmin role.

1. Log in as a user with the SecurityAdmin role.
2. Navigate to *Setup & Service > User Management*.
3. To create a new user account, click the + icon in the upper right corner.

All usernames must meet the following requirements:

- o Use only ASCII characters (Uppercase letters: A–Z, Lowercase letters: a–z, Numbers: 0–9, Symbols, such as: !@#\$%^&*()_+-=|;':",.<>?/~'
- o No spaces are allowed in usernames
- o Usernames are case-insensitive (for example, "Admin", "admin", and "ADMIN" are all considered the same username)

4. Set a password.

All user passwords must meet the following requirements:

- o Must be 10–64 characters long
- o Use only ASCII characters as listed in the previous step

- Whitespace is allowed in the middle, but no spaces are allowed at the beginning or end of the password

There are no password expiration policies or forced password change requirements. Users can keep the same password indefinitely unless they choose to change it.

5. Assign 1 or more roles to the user.
6. Save the user configuration.

Figure 3: Adding User Details

There is no maximum number of users that can be created. However, it is recommended to keep the number of users below 10 for optimal management and performance.

Changing passwords

Users can change their own password at any time.

Users with the Security Admin role can change passwords for other users.

To change the password for a user, select the key symbol next to the user.

USERNAME	ROLES	PIN
anonymous	SecurityAdmin, ConfigureAdmin, Operator	
john doe	SecurityAdmin, SafetyAdmin, Observer, Co...	

Figure 4: Accessing User Management as Admin

Changing the password does not close active connections, and is effective the next time a connection is established.

! IMPORTANT: When restoring factory settings, the preconfigured user accounts are reverted to original settings, and any additional users that have been added to the device during configuration are removed.

Setting up a PIN code

To facilitate logging in the drive from the control panel, it is possible to set up a PIN code to a user's account. The PIN code can only be used in the control panel.

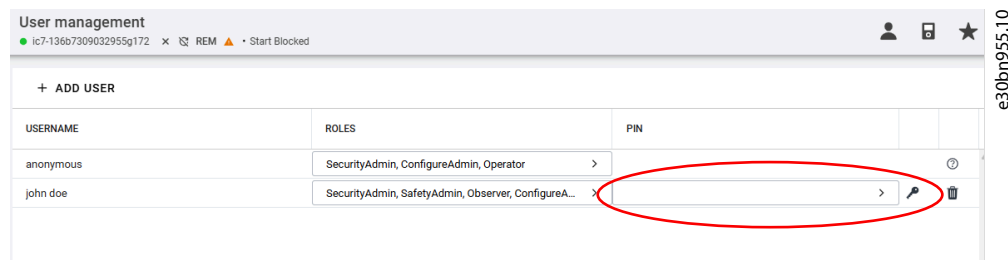


Figure 5: PIN Code Field

The PIN code must have 6 digits.

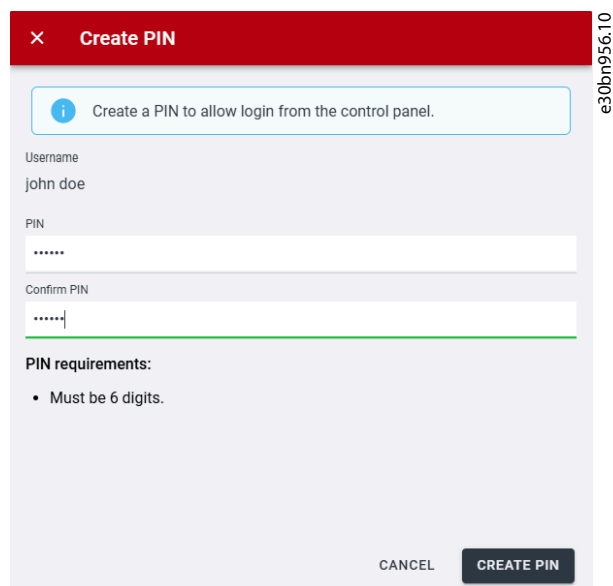


Figure 6: Creating a PIN Code

4.2.2.3 Modifying and Deleting Users

Modifying user roles

The role assignments of users can be modified at any time through the *User Management* interface in MyDrive Insight by a user with the Security Admin role.

Deleting users

Users can be deleted through the *User Management* interface in MyDrive Insight, by a user with the Security Admin role.

To delete a user, select the bin icon next to the user (see [Figure 4](#)).

4.2.2.4 Common User Management Scenarios

Initial setup or replacing the drive

The drive is in the default state (no users, Anonymous has ConfigureAdmin + SecurityAdmin)

1. Access MyDrive Insight without logging in.
2. Create the administrator user with Configuration Admin + SecurityAdmin roles.
3. Create additional users as needed with appropriate roles.
4. Remove roles from Anonymous to secure the drive.

Firmware update of a drive with functional safety “STO, Not Upgradable” (+BEF1)

1. Log in as a user with the ConfigurationAdmin role.
2. Perform the firmware update through MyDrive Insight.

Firmware update of a drive with upgradable functional safety (+BEF2)

These drives have the integrated Advanced Safety Unit and require configuration of safety parameters. The update must be done by a user with the SafetyAdmin role.

1. Ensure a user with the SafetyAdmin role exists.
2. Log in with that user.
3. Perform the firmware update.

Read-only access for operators

Allow operators to view data but not modify anything.

1. Create operator user accounts.
2. Assign only the Observer role to these users.
3. Remove the Configuration Admin role from Anonymous.
4. Operators can now log in to view data without modification privileges.

5 User Interfaces

5.1 Overview of User Interfaces

To interact with a Danfoss iC7 Series drive, use either the control panel as a simple and direct interface, or the software tool MyDrive® Insight for more advanced interaction with the drive. The control panel can be mounted directly on the drive, or close to the drive by using a control panel mounting kit.

With MyDrive® Insight, the drive can be accessed from a remote place, if the infrastructure is in place and the network provides the required access rights.

5.2 Control Panel

5.2.1 iC7 Control Panel Options

The iC7 series offers a broad range of interfaces which suit different connectivity requirements to support wireless regulations.

The iC7 Series offers the following 2 different control panel options. Refer to the relevant design guide for information on which control panels are available to your product.

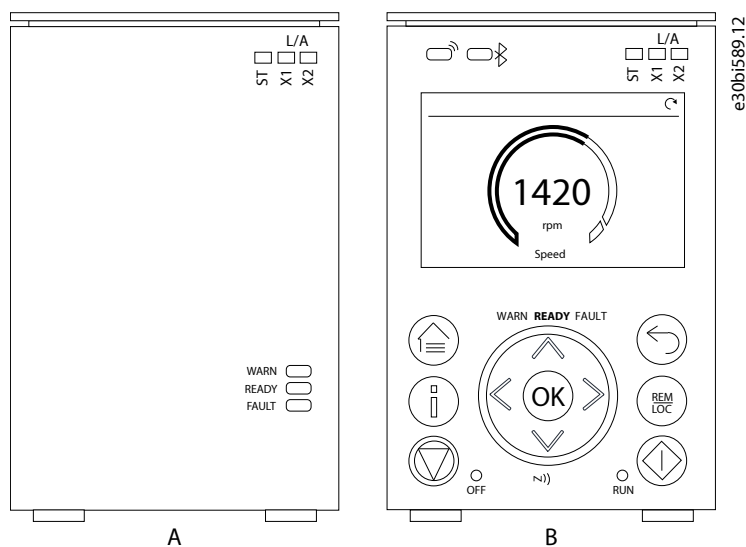


Figure 7: Control Panel Options

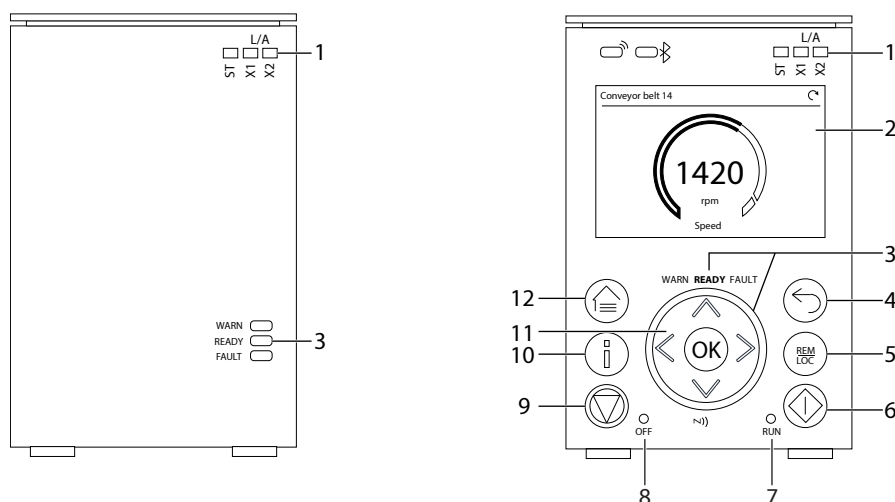
- **Blind Panel OPX00:** This panel shows the basic status of the drive and fieldbus indicators. The panel is typically used when only limited interaction with the drive is required after installation and commissioning, or when the drives are controlled by fieldbus.
- **Control Panel 2.8 OPX20:** This panel is the standard user interface, and used when frequent interaction with the drive is required. The panel enables easy setup of the drive via parameters, monitoring the drive status, and also shows event notifications.

Control Panel 2.8 OPX20 has the following features:

- 2.8" monochromatic user interface with a display resolution of 240 x 160 pixels.
- Visual LEDs to illustrate drive status and fieldbus communication.
- Halo indicator with 3 colors to illustrate drive status at a glance.
- A display which can be customized to show required or essential information.
- Buttons to control the drive locally, including a toggle button to easily switch between local and remote control.
- Parameter widgets which support alphanumeric and special characters, integers, floating points, date time formats, choice lists, and commands to configure application data.
- Help texts to support operation.

5.2.2 Control Panel Elements

The control panel provides an interface for configuring and controlling the converter easily. The section describes the elements for all control panel options.



e30bj769.12

Figure 8: Control Panel Elements

The following table describes the control panel elements:

Table 3: Control Panel Elements Description

Legend	Name of Element	Description
1	Fieldbus Indicators	The LEDs indicate the status of the communication interface X1 and X2. [ST] - Green blinking LED indicates that the communication interfaces are in normal operating state. - Red blinking LED indicates that an error has occurred and communication is not possible. [X1] - Green blinking LED indicates data exchange on communication interface X1. - Red blinking LED indicates an error during data exchange on communication interface X1. [X2] - Green blinking LED indicates data exchange on communication interface X2. - Red blinking LED indicates an error during data exchange on communication interface X2.
2	Display	Enables access to content and settings. The display provides detailed information about the status of the converter.

Table 3: Control Panel Elements Description - (continued)

Legend	Name of Element	Description
3	Converter Status Indicators	The LEDs indicate the status of the converter. • [WARN] ◆ When this text is lit in yellow, it indicates a warning-level event. • [READY] ◆ When this text is lit in white, it indicates that the converter is ready for operation. ◆ When this text is blinking white (1 Hz), it indicates that the converter is powered on but is not ready. • [FAULT] ◆ When this text is lit in red, it indicates a fault. The status of the converter is also indicated by the Halo, which has the same color indicators as the converter status texts on the control panel.
4	Back button	Navigates to the previously viewed screen or a menu level above the current menu.
5	REM/LOC	Toggles the converter between remote and local operation.
6	Run button	Starts the operation of the converter.
7	RUN LED	The indicator has the following states: • On: Start command is applied and the converter is modulating. • Off: The converter has stopped and the start command is not applied.
8	OFF LED	The indicator has the following states: • Steadily on: The indicator is in this state because of either of the following 2 reasons: ◆ The converter is not modulating and is coasted. ◆ The stop signal is applied, output is active, and the converter is ramping down until coast or restart. Ramp times, protections, and stopping functions prolong this state. • Flashes for 3 s: The start command is initiated, but the converter is not able to start. • Off: The converter is in operation, a start signal is applied, and the output is active. This also includes ramping, running on reference, and AMA.  NOTE: When a fault has occurred in the converter, the LED is on though the start command is available. If there is a fault event, and the start command is disabled and reinitiated again, the Off LED blinks.
9	Stop button	Stops the operation of the converter.
10	Info button	Provides more detailed information about an event that has occurred in the converter. Pressing <i>[Info]</i> also shows a context sensitive help for parameters.
11	Arrow buttons and OK button	• Arrow buttons: Used to navigate within the different screens and menus. • [OK]: Primarily used to confirm selections and data in the control panel display.
12	Home/Menu button	Toggles between Home screen and the current parameter menu to allow quick access to key status information during parameter setup.

5.2.3 Logging In to the Control Panel

If a PIN code has been defined for a user account, the user can log in to the drive in the control panel with the PIN code.

1. Press the *[Home/Menu]* button to enter the main menu.

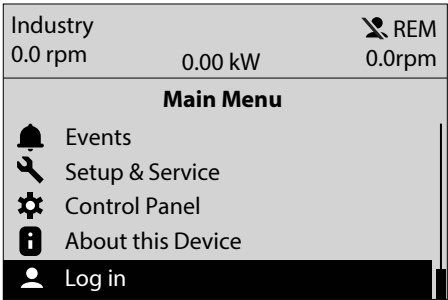


Figure 9: Main Menu

2. Navigate to *Log in* and press [OK].
3. Select the user account to log in.

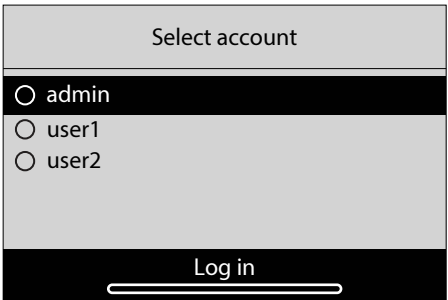


Figure 10: Select the Account

4. Enter the PIN code and press [OK].

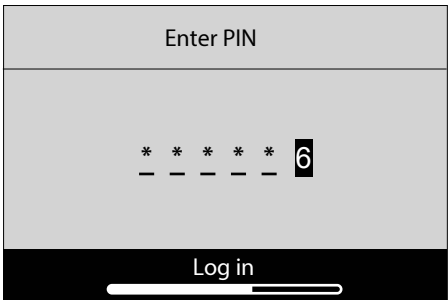


Figure 11: Enter the PIN Code

5. The drive confirms the successful login. Press [OK].

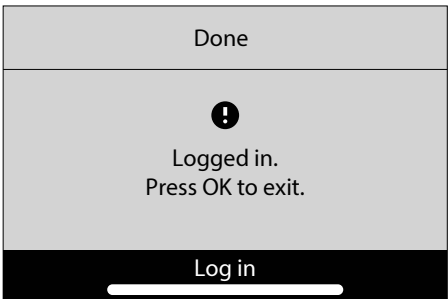


Figure 12: Login Confirmation

To maintain cybersecurity, log out after finishing work on the drive.

To log out:

1. In the main menu, navigate to *Log out* and press [OK].

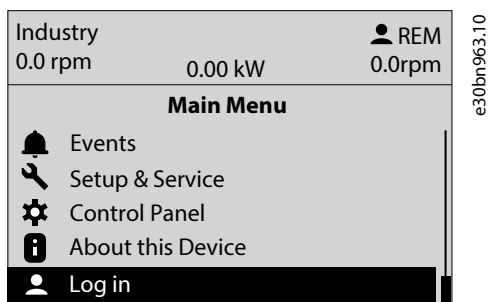


Figure 13: Navigate to Log Out

2. Select *Log out* and press [OK].

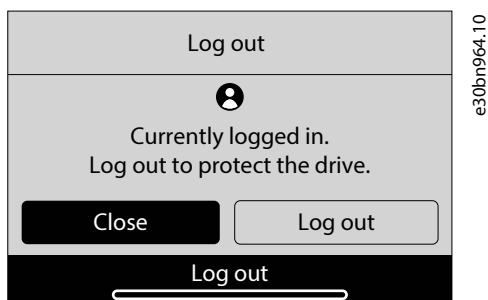


Figure 14: Log Out

5.2.4 Control Panel Basic Configurations

The basic configurations of the control panel include:

- A readout of the status of the motor and the drive, including warnings and faults.
- Navigable menus, where the parameter settings of the drive can be viewed and changed.

5.2.5 Starting the Drive and Control Panel Display

While the drive is powering up until it is ready to operate, the display of the control panel shows the iC7 logo.



NOTE: When the drive is started, it takes 25–30 s. for the drive to be in ready state and for the control panel display to change to the Status screen (default).

5.2.6 Understanding Status Screens

When the drive is in ready state, the control panel display shows the *Status* screen. The *Status* screen can be customized.

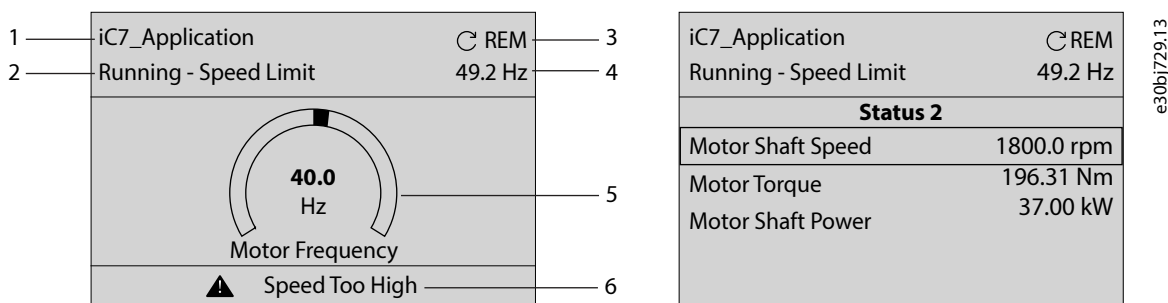


Figure 15: Status Screen (Donut View vs. Line View)

1	The name of the drive, which can be changed with parameter 8.7.1 Asset Name . Shows the name of the application software by default.	2	The status of the drive (see the following table).
3	The current control of the drive. REM indicates remote control and LOC indicates local control. The arrow shows the direction of the motor.	4	Shows the value selected with parameter 8.3.2.2 Status Line Right .
5	The status signal value as a donut infographic view. It is possible to show only a single signal in a donut view. When more than 1 signal is configured, the screen changes to a line view. A minimum of 2 and a maximum of 5 signals are shown in the line view.	6	A warning pops up in the bottom of the screen when a warning event occurs, and disappears automatically when the triggering condition has been removed.

To navigate between *Status Screen 1* and *Status Screen 2*, press the left and right arrows on the control panel.

The status line of the control panel shows the status of the drive. The status line texts are dynamically generated, based on the configuration of the system. The following are some examples of basic operation:

Table 4: Drive Status Texts

Drive status in the panel	Description
Drive Ready	The drive is powered and ready to start.
Running at Reference	The drive is running at the selected reference.
Running at Standstill	The drive is running with 0 reference.
Stopping	The drive is running towards stop.
Stopped	The drive is stopped due to an active stop command.
Coasted	The drive is coasting due to an active coast command.
Quick Stop	The drive is stopped due to an active quick stop command.
Start Interlock	The drive is stopped while a start command is active. To restart after the block is removed, the start command must be removed and given again.
Start Blocked	The drive is in a state that is preventing start. All start commands are ignored.
Disabled Reference	The drive setpoint has been disabled with the PROFIdrive Control Word (see 10.1.2 Control Word).
Reversing	The drive is reversing due to an active reverse command.
Reversing at Reference	The drive is reversing at the selected reference.
Motor Disconnected	The drive has detected a disconnected motor (see parameter 4.5.3 Disconnected Motor Response in 8.6.5 Group 4.5 Protection).
Fault !	The drive has detected a fault. The fault condition is no longer present, and the fault can be reset.
Fault Active !	The drive has detected an active fault. The fault cannot be reset while the fault condition remains present.
Protected Fault !	The drive has detected a fault that requires human interaction. Resetting the fault requires a power cycle before the drive is operational again.
Fault ! Stopping	The drive has detected a fault and is running towards stop.
Fault ! Derating	The drive is derating its output to thermally protect the Advanced Harmonic Filter (see parameter 3.4.3 Thermal Switch Response in 8.5.5 Group 3.4 Advanced Harmonic Filter).
Safe Torque Off (STO)	The drive is coasting due to an active STO command.

Table 4: Drive Status Texts - (continued)

Drive status in the panel	Description
Safe Stop (SS1/SS2)	The drive is stopping on a safe stop command.
Jogging	The drive is jogging.
Jogging at Standstill	The drive is jogging with 0 reference.
Jogging at Reference	The drive is jogging with the selected jogging reference.
Running Frozen Reference	The drive is running at frozen reference due to an active frozen reference command.
Stopping Frozen Reference	The drive is running towards stop due to an active stop command with a frozen reference command.
Running/Stopping/Jogging with: - Power Limit - Undervoltage Limit - Overvoltage Limit - Torque Limit - Current Limit - Speed Limit	The drive is running, stopping, or jogging, and has exceeded the limit that is shown. For example, <i>Running - Power Limit</i>. Some possible limits are listed in the cell on the left.
AMA Ready	Advanced Motor Adaptation is activated and is waiting for the start command.
AMA in Progress	Advanced Motor Adaptation is running, measuring motor data.
AMA Finished	Advanced Motor Adaptation is finished. To restart the drive, remove and then reapply the start command.
Inertia Est. Ready	Inertia Estimation is activated and is waiting for the start command.
Inertia Est. in Progress	Inertia Estimation is running, measuring system inertia.
Inertia Est. Finished	Inertia Estimation is finished. To restart the drive, remove and then reapply the start command.
24V Backup Mode	The drive is powered with the 24 V backup supply. The power unit of the drive is disabled.
Motor Feedback Test Ready	Motor Feedback Test is activated and is waiting for the start command.
Motor Feedback Test Running	Motor Feedback Test is running, checking feedback settings.
Auto Tuning in Progress	The Autotuning of the Process Controller is running, measuring the plant characteristics.

5.2.7 Adjusting Display Backlight and Contrast

When in *Status Screen 1* or *Status Screen 2*, it is possible to adjust the backlight intensity and contrast of the display.

To adjust the display backlight and contrast settings, press the *[Info]* button and any of the arrow buttons of the control panel. The settings are shown on the screen:

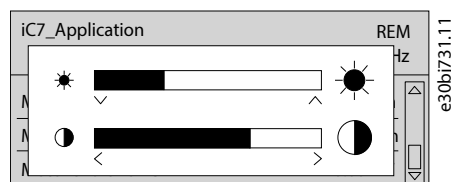


Figure 16: Intensity Change in Backlight and Contrast

- To change the intensity of the backlight, keep pressing the *[Info]* button along with either the up or down arrow buttons of the control panel.
- To change the contrast, keep pressing the *[Info]* button along with either the left or right arrow buttons of the control panel.

5.2.8 Changing the Content of the Status Screens

The content of the status screens can be changed with parameters in the parameter groups **8.3.3 Status Screen 1** and **8.3.4 Status Screen 2**. Up to 5 status signals can be selected for each screen. By default, *Status Screen 1* shows the actual value of the selected control mode, for example, speed, and *Status Screen 2* shows 3 signals:

- Motor shaft speed
- Motor torque
- Motor shaft power

If the screen shows only 1 signal, it is shown as a donut graph. If the screen shows more than 1 signal, they are shown as a list.

5.2.9 Main Menu and Overall Navigation

Pressing the [Home/Menu] button toggles between the status screens and the main menu screen.

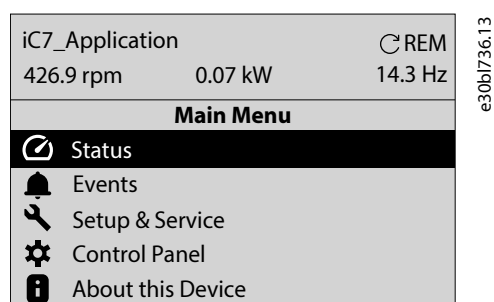


Figure 17: Main Menu Screen

Basic navigation techniques

To navigate through and within the main menu, use the navigation buttons of the control panel.

- To navigate to different entries of the menu, press the up or down arrows of the control panel.
- To navigate to a lower level in the menu press the [OK] button, and to navigate to a higher level press the [Back] button.

Contents of the menu

The main menu has 4 selections

Table 5: Main Menu Contents

Selection	Function								
Status	Returns to <i>Status Screen 1</i>								
Events	Access event-related content. iC7_Application 0.0 rpm 0.0 rpm C REM 0.00 A Events Active Events All Events Auto Reset e30b1737.11 Figure 18: Events Screen <table> <tr> <td>Active Events</td><td>View active events and reset them.</td></tr> <tr> <td>All Events</td><td>View all events, including the history of events.</td></tr> <tr> <td>Auto Reset</td><td>Configure the automatic reset behavior (see parameter group 6.4.4 Auto Reset).</td></tr> </table>	Active Events	View active events and reset them.	All Events	View all events, including the history of events.	Auto Reset	Configure the automatic reset behavior (see parameter group 6.4.4 Auto Reset).		
Active Events	View active events and reset them.								
All Events	View all events, including the history of events.								
Auto Reset	Configure the automatic reset behavior (see parameter group 6.4.4 Auto Reset).								
Setup & Service	Access parameters, backup and restore, and the motor setup wizard. Setup and Service Screen iC7_Application 0.0 rpm 0.0 rpm C REM 0.00 A Setup & Service Guided Setup All Parameters Backup & Restore e30b1738.11 <table> <tr> <td>Guided Setup</td><td>Perform a guided setup of the drive.</td></tr> <tr> <td>Smart Setups</td><td>Access the Smart Setups of the drive (see _).</td></tr> <tr> <td>All Parameters</td><td>Access all the parameters of the drive.</td></tr> <tr> <td>Backup & Restore</td><td>Back up the system or restore a previous backup (see 5.2.14.1 Making a System Backup Using the Control Panel, 5.2.14.2 Restoring the System Configuration Using the Control Panel, and 5.2.14.3 Managing Backups with the Control Panel).</td></tr> </table>	Guided Setup	Perform a guided setup of the drive.	Smart Setups	Access the Smart Setups of the drive (see _).	All Parameters	Access all the parameters of the drive.	Backup & Restore	Back up the system or restore a previous backup (see 5.2.14.1 Making a System Backup Using the Control Panel , 5.2.14.2 Restoring the System Configuration Using the Control Panel , and 5.2.14.3 Managing Backups with the Control Panel).
Guided Setup	Perform a guided setup of the drive.								
Smart Setups	Access the Smart Setups of the drive (see _).								
All Parameters	Access all the parameters of the drive.								
Backup & Restore	Back up the system or restore a previous backup (see 5.2.14.1 Making a System Backup Using the Control Panel , 5.2.14.2 Restoring the System Configuration Using the Control Panel , and 5.2.14.3 Managing Backups with the Control Panel).								

Table 5: Main Menu Contents - (continued)

Selection	Function												
Control Panel	iC7_Application 0.0 rpm 0.0 rpm C REM 0.00 A Control Panel Language Brightness & Contrast Time & Date Settings Status Line Status Screen 1 Figure 19: Control Panel Screen <table> <tr> <td>Language</td><td>Select the language of the control panel</td></tr> <tr> <td>Brightness & Contrast</td><td>Configure the brightness and contrast settings of the control panel screen.</td></tr> <tr> <td>Time & Date Settings</td><td>Configure the time zone and the format in which the time and date are shown.</td></tr> <tr> <td>Status Line</td><td>Configure the 3 status values on the status line.</td></tr> <tr> <td>Status Screen 1</td><td>Configure status screen 1 with up to 5 status values.</td></tr> <tr> <td>Status Screen 2</td><td>Configure status screen 2 with up to 5 status values.</td></tr> </table> NOTE: These settings are also accessible through parameter group 8.3 Control Panel.	Language	Select the language of the control panel	Brightness & Contrast	Configure the brightness and contrast settings of the control panel screen.	Time & Date Settings	Configure the time zone and the format in which the time and date are shown.	Status Line	Configure the 3 status values on the status line.	Status Screen 1	Configure status screen 1 with up to 5 status values.	Status Screen 2	Configure status screen 2 with up to 5 status values.
Language	Select the language of the control panel												
Brightness & Contrast	Configure the brightness and contrast settings of the control panel screen.												
Time & Date Settings	Configure the time zone and the format in which the time and date are shown.												
Status Line	Configure the 3 status values on the status line.												
Status Screen 1	Configure status screen 1 with up to 5 status values.												
Status Screen 2	Configure status screen 2 with up to 5 status values.												
About this Device	View the device information, including the control panel software version.												

5.2.10 Changing the Selections of a Parameter

When a parameter has selections, the parameter index and name are highlighted in black. The example parameter in this procedure is **P 5.8.6.2.1 Ramp 1 Type**.

iC7_Application	C REM
0.0 rpm 0.0 Nm 0.0 kW	
< 5.8.6.2* Ramp 1	
1 Ramp 1 Type Selector	
Linear Ramp	
2 Ramp 1 Accel. Time	
5.00 s	
3 Ramp 1 Decel. Time	
5.00 s	

Figure 20: A Parameter with Selections

1. Press the [Home/Menu] button to enter the main menu.
2. Navigate to *Setup & Service* and press [OK].
3. Navigate to *All Parameters* and press [OK].
4. To view the selections of a parameter, navigate to the parameter in the parameter structure and press [OK] on the control panel. The selections available for the parameter are shown on the screen.

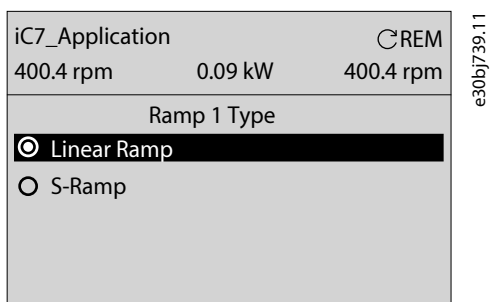


Figure 21: The Selections of a Parameter

5. To browse through the selections, press the up or down arrow buttons.
6. To select a selection, press [OK].

5.2.11 Changing a Parameter Value

The example parameter in this procedure is **P 5.8.6.2.2 Ramp 1 Accel. Time**.

1. Press the [Home/Menu] button to enter the main menu.
2. Navigate to *Setup & Service* and press [OK].
3. Navigate to *All Parameters* and press [OK].
4. Navigate to parameter **5.8.6.2.2 Ramp 1 Accel. Time** and press [OK].

The range of the parameter (minimum to maximum values) is shown at the bottom of the control panel display.

5. To go to the values before or after the decimals, use the left and right arrow buttons. A black highlight on the digit indicates the location where the cursor is active.
6. To increase or decrease the value, press the up and down arrow buttons.
7. Confirm the changes by pressing [OK].

The following illustration shows the process of changing the value of the parameter.

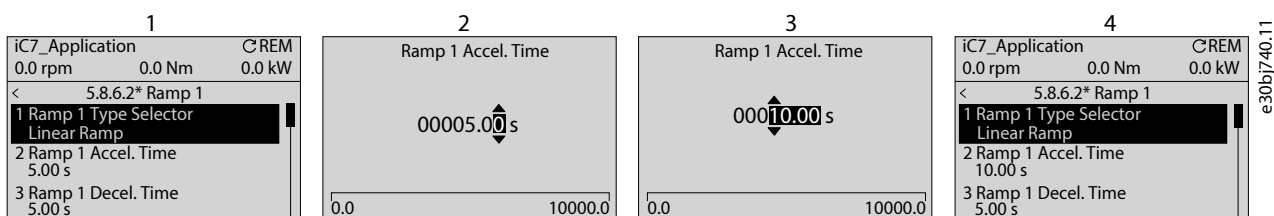


Figure 22: Changing the Value of a Parameter

5.2.12 Locking the Control Panel Display

To avoid unintended interaction via the control panel, the control panel display can be locked.

To lock the control panel, press the [Back] button for 3 s. After 3 s, the following screen is shown.

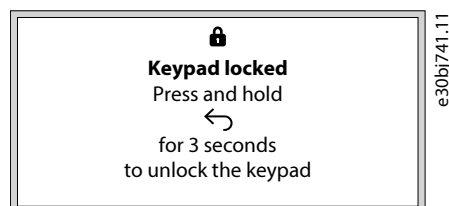


Figure 23: Control Panel Lock Screen

When the control panel is locked, pressing the control panel buttons has no effect.

To unlock the control panel, press the [Back] button for 3 s.

5.2.13 Control Panel Shortcuts

The following table lists the navigation shortcuts in the control panel.

Table 6: Control Panel Shortcuts

Action	Precondition	Buttons	Activation time
Fast scroll	When in a menu or list of choices	Up and down arrows	1 s to activate
Keypad lock		[Back]	3 s to activate or deactivate
Reference set point editing	- Home screen is active - LOC mode is active - Control is allowed	[OK]	Single press
Adjusting screen contrast and brightness	Home screen is active	[Info] + arrows	Continuous simultaneous press
Change the language of the control panel	Home screen is active	[Info]+[Back]	Single press

5.2.14 Backup and Restore

5.2.14.1 Making a System Backup Using the Control Panel

Back up the current system configuration using the control panel

1. Press the [Home/Menu] button to enter the main menu.
2. Navigate to *Setup & Service* > *Backup & Restore*.
3. Select *Backup*.

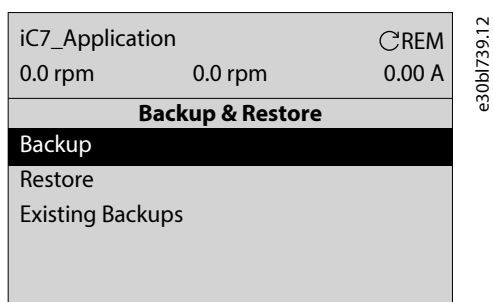


Figure 24: Backup and Restore Menu

The backup wizard starts.

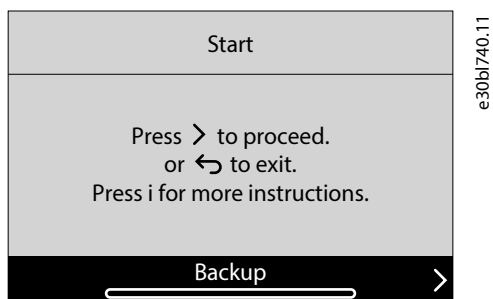


Figure 25: Start Backup

4. Press the right arrow button to start the backup process.
5. Select the storage place for the backup file.

The available backup destinations depend on the hardware configuration.

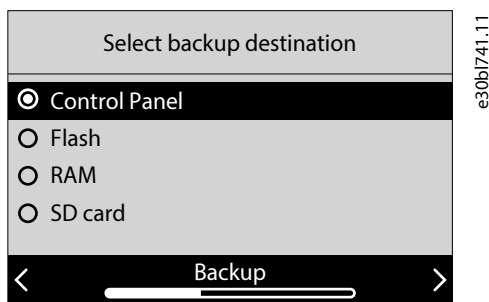


Figure 26: Select Backup Destination



NOTE: The selections depend on the hardware configuration.



NOTE: Storing a backup in RAM is intended for temporary use only.

6. Press the right arrow button and wait until the operation is completed.

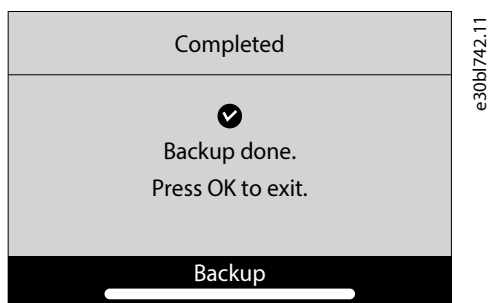


Figure 27: Backup Completed

7. To exit press [OK].

5.2.14.2 Restoring the System Configuration Using the Control Panel

Restore the system configuration from a backup file or to default factory settings using the control panel

1. Press the [Home/Menu] button to enter the main menu.
2. Navigate to *Setup & Service > Backup & Restore*.
3. Select *Restore*.

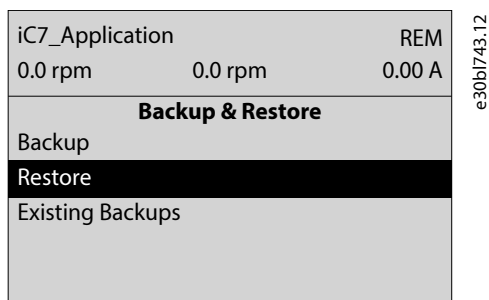


Figure 28: Backup and Restore Menu

The backup wizard starts.



Figure 29: Start Restore

4. Press the right arrow button to start the restore process.
5. Select whether to restore the system configuration from a backup file or to return the system to default factory settings.



Figure 30: Select Restore Type

6. If *Restore from backup* is selected, select the backup file to restore.

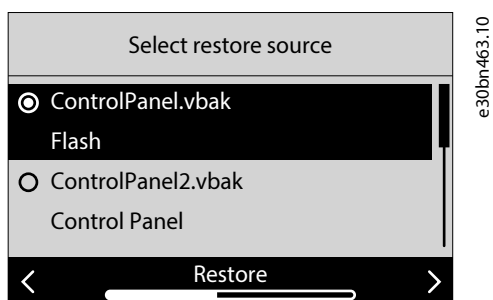


Figure 31: Select File

7. If *Restore from backup* is selected, select the content to restore, and the details of the parameter settings to restore.

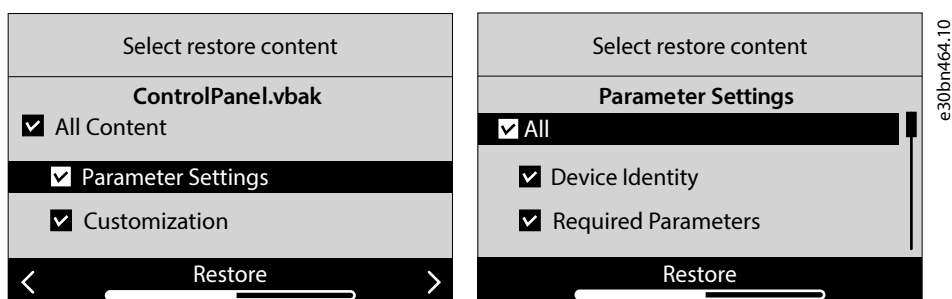


Figure 32: Select Content and Parameter Details to Restore

The *Parameter Settings* menu contains the following selections:

- o Device Identity
- o Required Parameters (cannot be deselected)
- o Port X0 Interface

- o Port X1/X2 Interface
- o Power and Motor Dependent Parameters

For a full list of all the parameters contained in the selections, see [5.3.3.4 Parameter Restore Selections](#).

8. Press [OK] to acknowledge that the current settings will be overridden, and wait until the operation is completed.

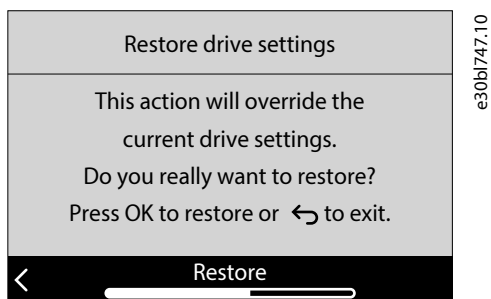


Figure 33: Confirm the Restore Operation

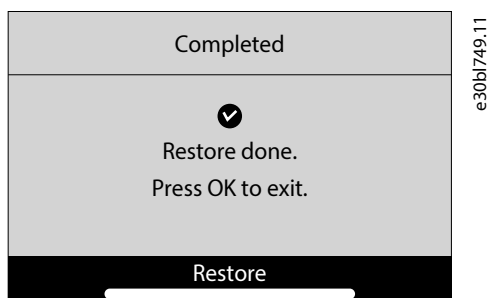


Figure 34: Backup Completed

9. To exit press [OK].

5.2.14.3 Managing Backups with the Control Panel

In the *Existing Backups* view you can delete or restore a backup that exists on the drive.

1. Press the [Home/Menu] button to enter the main menu.
2. Navigate to *Setup & Service > Backup & Restore*.
3. Select *Existing Backups*.

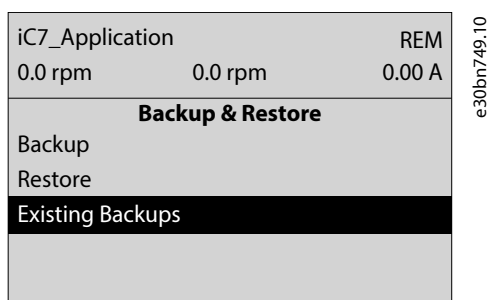


Figure 35: Backup and Restore Menu

4. Select a backup from the list.

iC7_Application	REM
0.0 rpm 0.0 rpm 0.00 A	
Existing Backups	
ControlPanel.vbak	
Flash	
ControlPanel2.vbak	
Control Panel	
ControlPanel1.vbak	
Control Panel	

e30bn750.10

Figure 36: Existing Backups List

5. Select to either *Delete* the backup or *Restore* it.

This view also shows details about the selected backup.

iC7_Application	REM
0.0 rpm 0.0 rpm 0.00 A	
ControlPanel.vbak	
Delete	Restore
Storage location	Flash

e30bn751.10

Figure 37: Backup Details

5.3 MyDrive® Insight

5.3.1 Introduction to MyDrive® Insight

MyDrive® Insight is a platform-independent software tool that supports the commissioning, engineering, and monitoring of the iC7 series. Some of the key features include:

- Fast and easy configuration and commissioning
- Monitoring the drives as part of daily operations
- Collecting data and information for troubleshooting, maintenance, and service
- Discovering and accessing multiple drives in a network
- Intuitive user interface with notifications and visualizations on real-time converter information and events
- PC control to perform operations such as starting or stopping the drive, set references, set direction, reset, and coast of the drive
- Performing updates on single or multiple drives
- Backing up and restoring parameter settings
- Data logging and analyzing for troubleshooting



NOTE: The section MyDrive® Insight in the application guide covers basic information for getting started with MyDrive® Insight. For more comprehensive user instructions, see *MyDrive® Insight Application Guide*.

5.3.2 Getting Started with MyDrive® Insight

As a prerequisite, ensure that MyDrive® Insight is installed on the device (PC or laptop). MyDrive® Insight can be downloaded and installed from MyDrive® Suite, available here: <https://suite.mydrive.danfoss.com/>

1. To establish a point-to-point connection between the drive and the device, use the communication interface X0 and the RJ45 Ethernet port on the device by using a standard Ethernet cable.

If the device does not have an RJ45 Ethernet port or it is already in use, a conventional adapter from USB to RJ45 can be used. To connect several drives at the same time, use an Ethernet switch between the PC and the control unit.

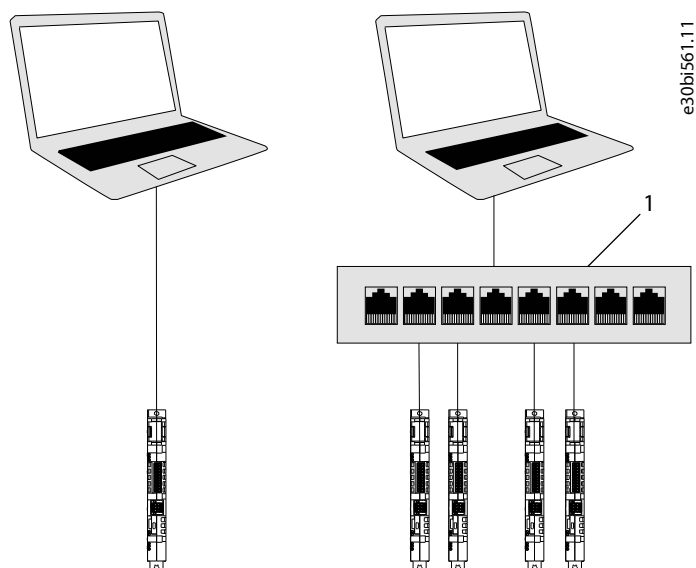


Figure 38: Connection to the PC

1 Ethernet switch

- When the drive is powered up and in *Ready* state, open MyDrive® Insight on the device and the drive is recognized.
- To establish or confirm the connection, click the arrow button.

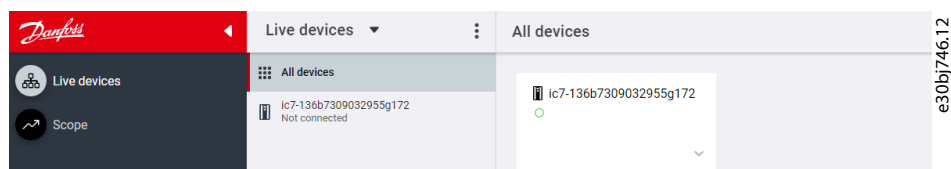


Figure 39: Confirm Connection

➔ Once the connection is established, the drive is marked with a green connection symbol in MyDrive® Insight.

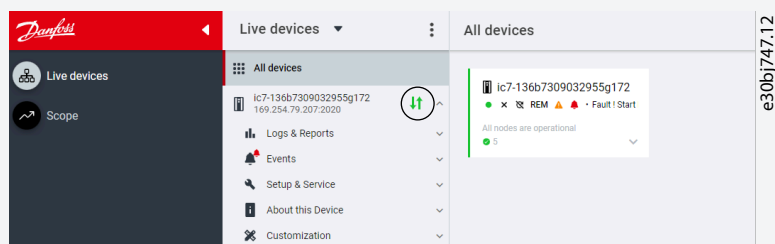


Figure 40: Connection Established

4. To interact with the drive, navigate to the required screen in MyDrive® Insight. The example picture shows the *Device Info* screen.

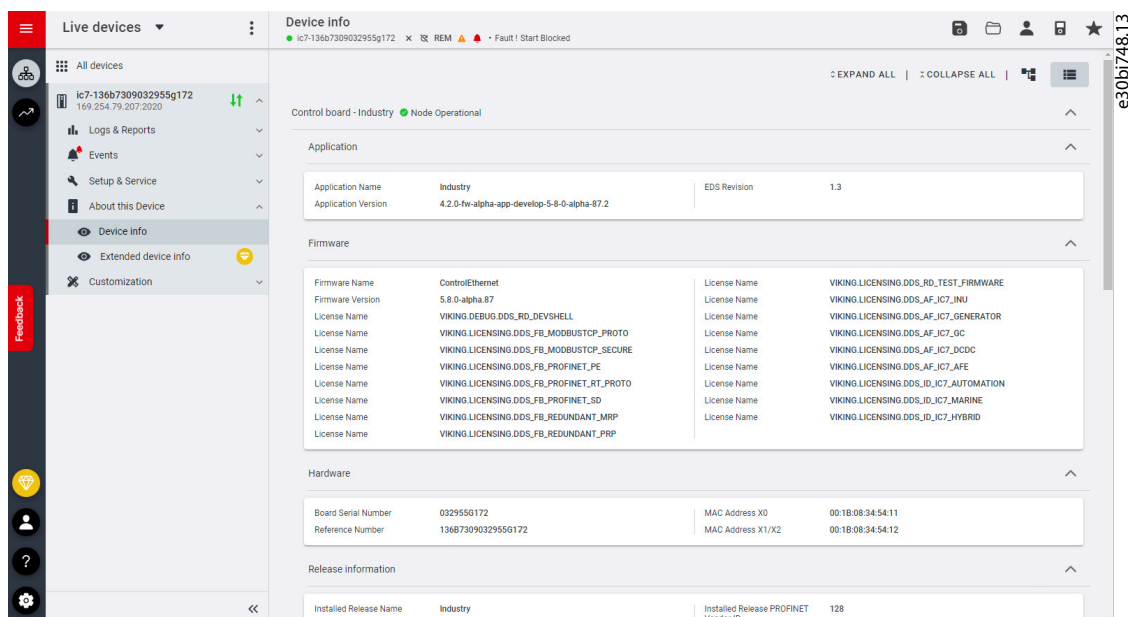


Figure 41: Device Info



NOTE: For more comprehensive MyDrive® Insight user instructions, see *MyDrive® Insight Application Guide*.

5.3.3 Backup and Restore

5.3.3.1 MyDrive® Insight Backup

The Backup feature in MyDrive® Insight allows storing the parameter settings of the drive into a MyDrive® Insight project file or into storage on the drive (control panel, control card Flash memory, or an optional microSD card).

To use the microSD card as a storage device, the microSD card must be inserted in the slot on the interface module located behind the control panel, as shown in the following illustration.

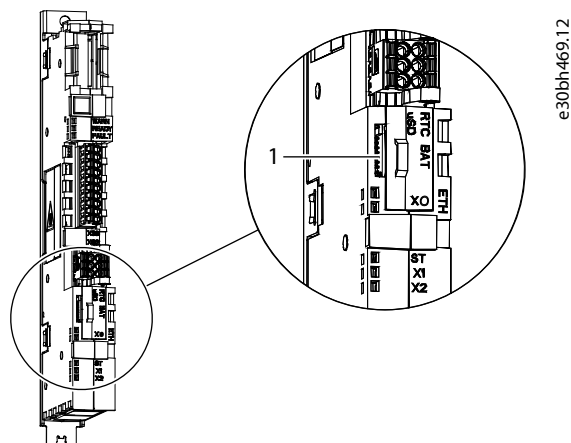


Figure 42: MicroSD Card Slot

- 1 The microSD card slot

The following are the types of microSD card supported by the interface module. The card must be formatted for the file system FAT32.

- Secure Digital (SD) card
- Secure Digital High Capacity (SDHC)
- Secure Digital Extended Capacity (SDXC)



NOTE: SDHC cards are recommended as they are delivered preformatted to FAT32.

5.3.3.2 Backing up the Drive

1. To back up a drive, select the drive and navigate to *Setup & Service > Parameters > Live*.
2. Click the *Create Backup* icon shown in the following figure.

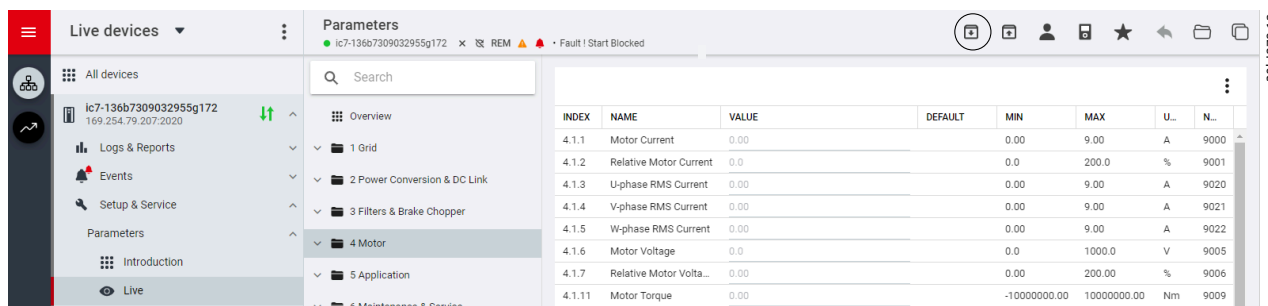


Figure 43: Create Backup icon



A screen to select the backup destination opens. The destinations for creating a backup file are:

- **Project:** Back up into an existing project or a new project.
- **Device file system:** Create a backup to 1 of the available memory devices of the drive.

3. Click *Next*.
4. This step depends on the backup destination selection:
 - a. If *Project* was selected, give the backup file a name and description.
 - b. If *Device file system* was selected, select where to save the backup. The selections are control panel, flash, RAM, or an (optional) microSD card. It is possible to specify a name for the backup file as well.
5. Click *Backup*.



Once backup is completed, a notification screen about it appears. If a *Project* backup was created, the backup is shown in the project menu under *Parameters*.

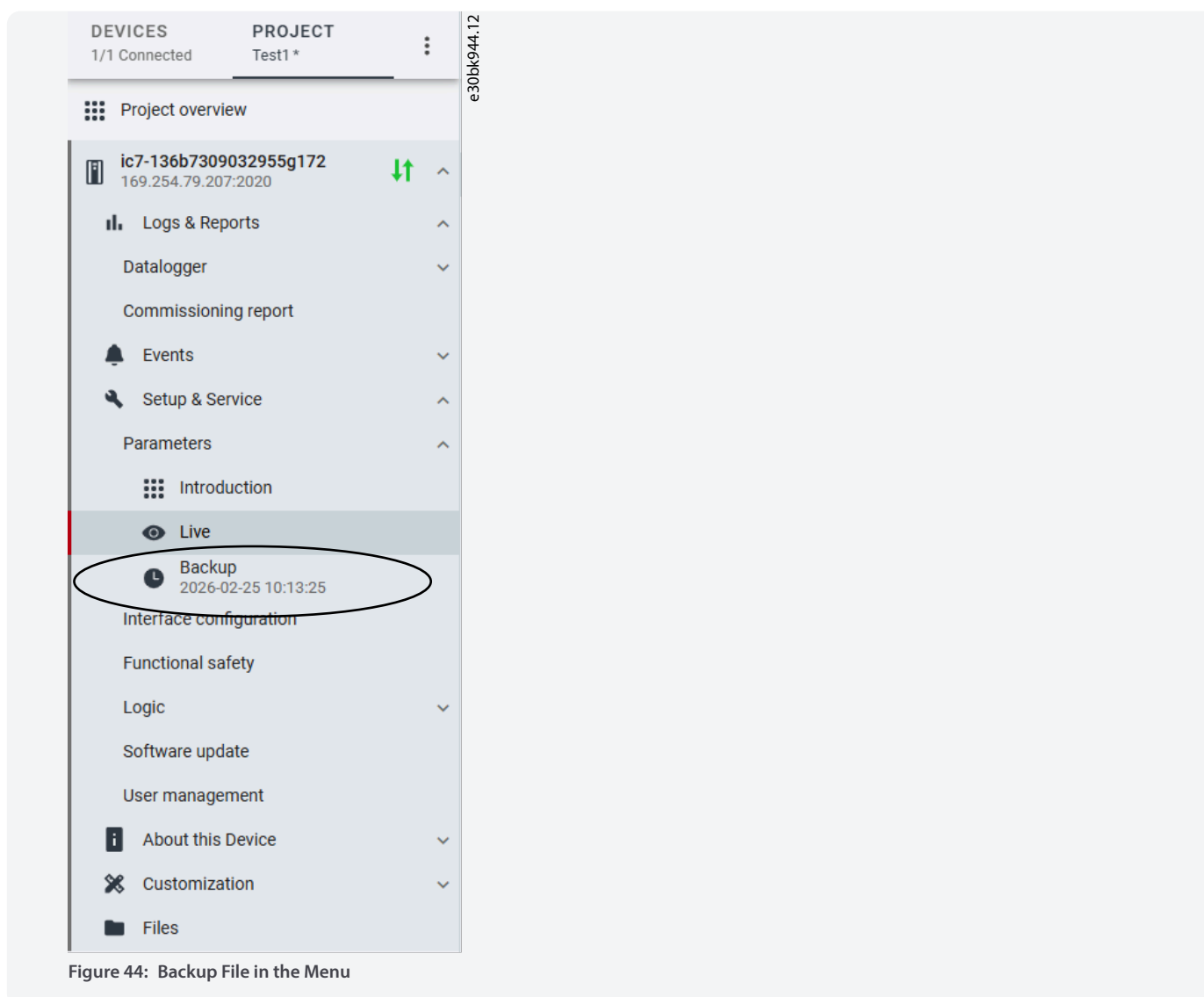


Figure 44: Backup File in the Menu

5.3.3.3 Restoring the Backup to the Drive

1. To restore backed-up data to a drive, select the drive and navigate to *Setup & Service > Parameters > Live*.
2. Click the *Restore* icon shown in the following image.

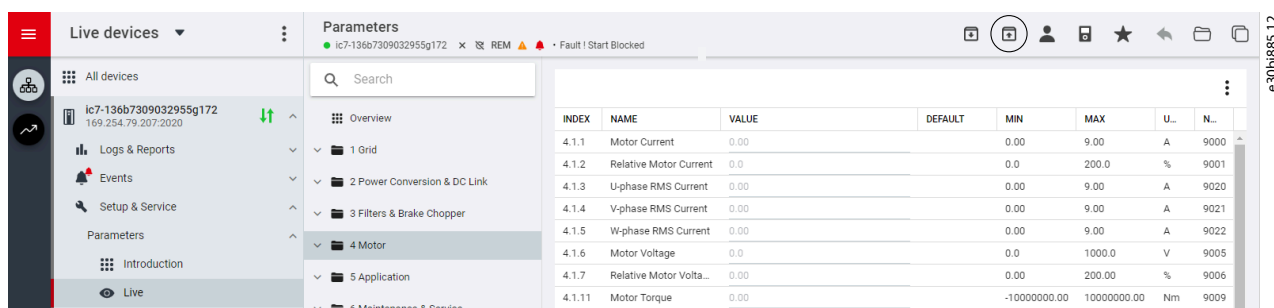


Figure 45: Restore Data Icon

3. Select the source of the backup which is to be restored to the drive.

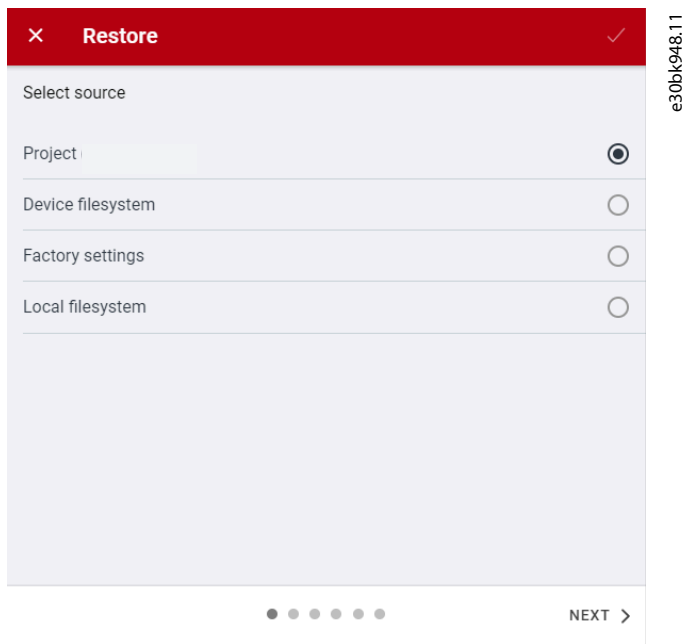


Figure 46: Source of Backup to Restore

4. If *Project* is the restore source, select the backup source device and view the available backup files.

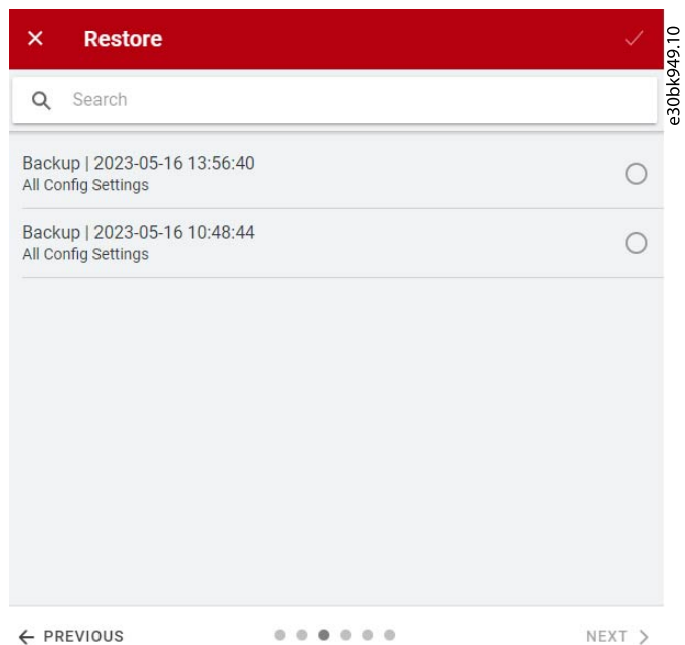


Figure 47: Select the Backup

5. Select the correct backup to restore.
6. The system shows a summary of the project to be restored and the device it will be restored to. Click *Compare* to compare contents of the backup to the current data on the target device.

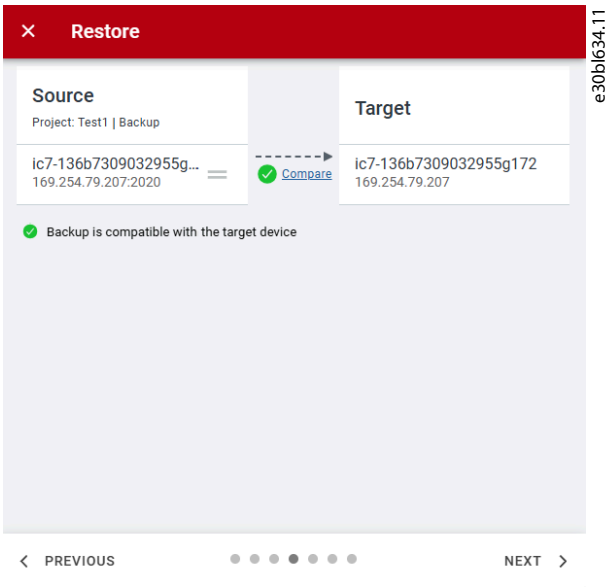


Figure 48: Restore summary

Click *Next* to proceed.

7. Restoring drive settings from a back up can be complete or partial. Select the files for restoring data into the drive, as shown in the following image, and click *Next*.

 NOTE: To restore functional safety related values, log in as a Safety Admin user.

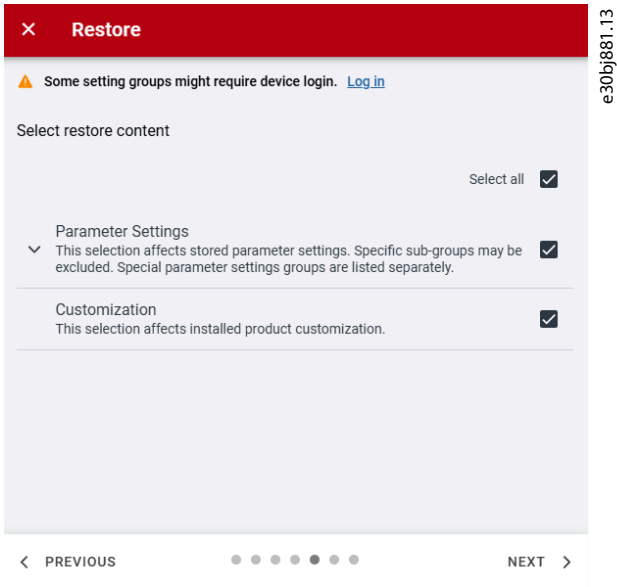


Figure 49: Restore Data

It is possible to restore customizations, such as Modbus interface mappings and customized event texts.

Required parameters must be restored, but the other groups of parameters can be deselected. For a full list of all the parameters contained in the selections, see [5.3.3.4 Parameter Restore Selections](#).

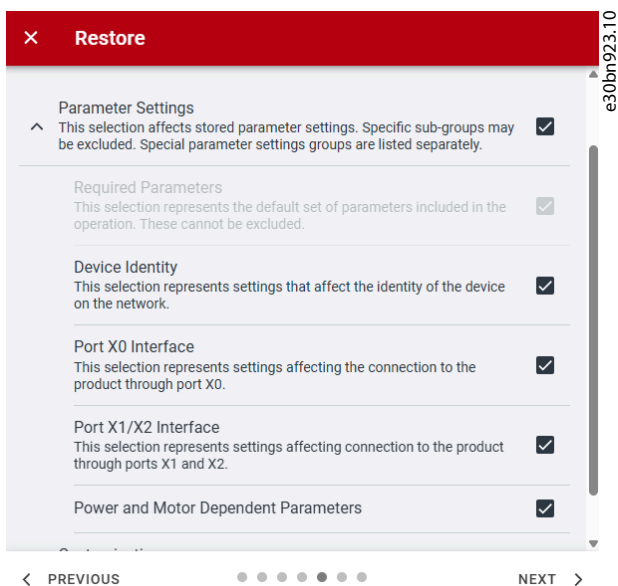


Figure 50: Parameter Restore Selection

- To confirm the restore action, click *Restore*.

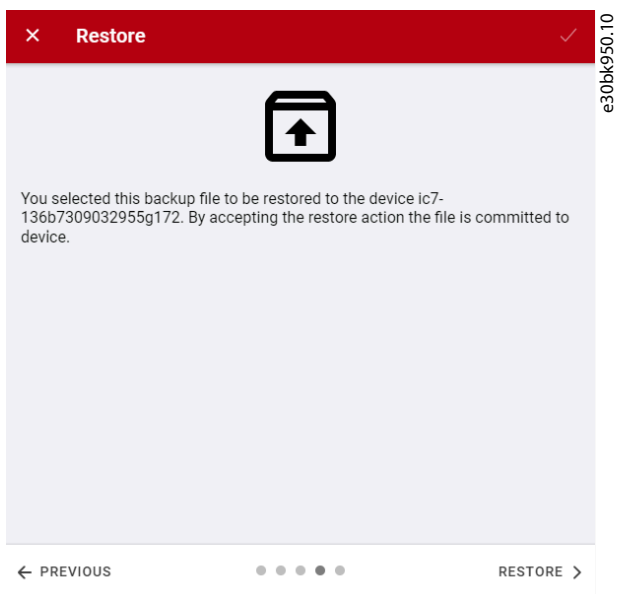


Figure 51: Confirm the Restore

- ➡ After the data restore is successful, the system shows a summary of the results. The restore operation can be successful even if all the data was not restored.

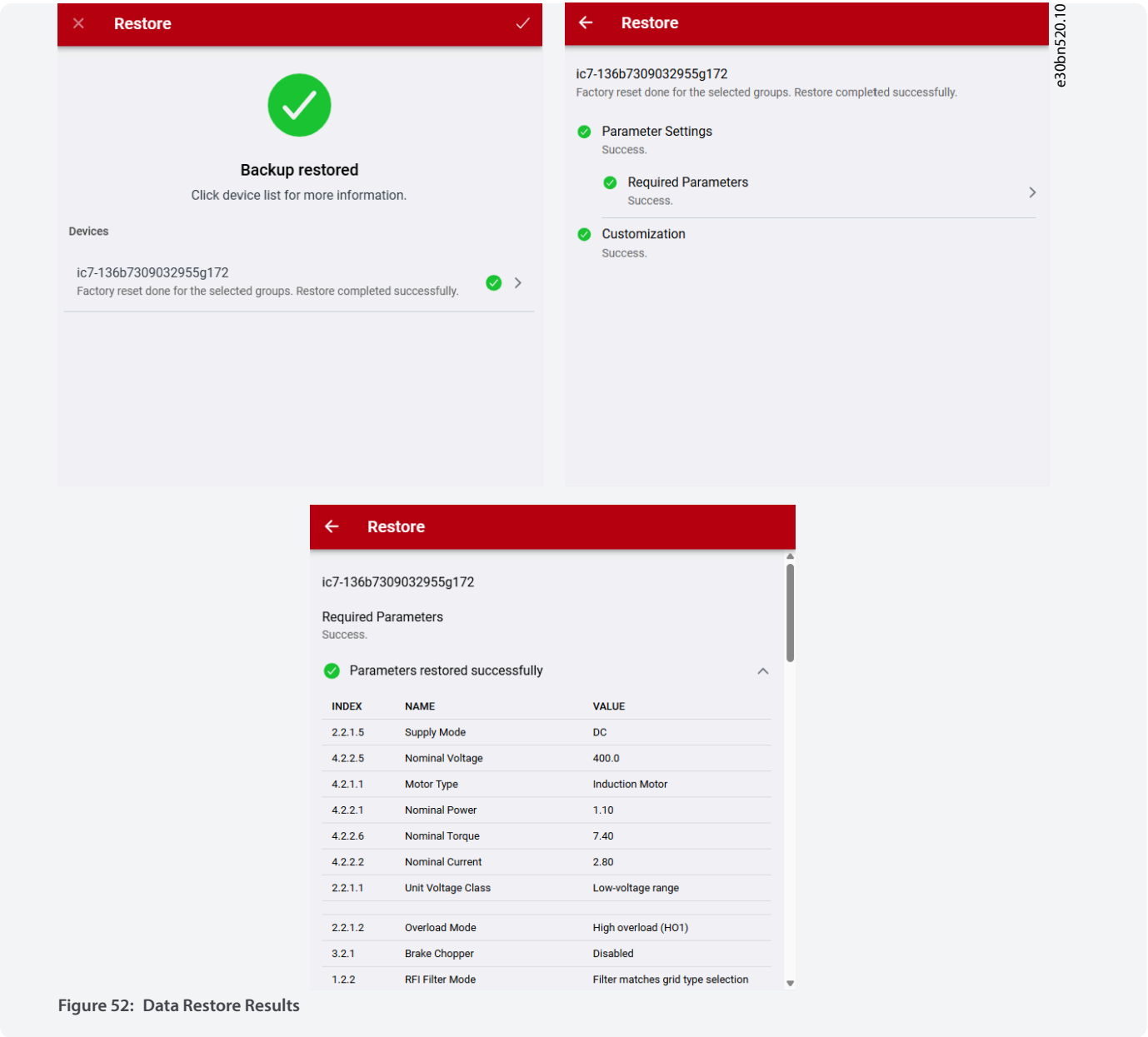


Figure 52: Data Restore Results

5.3.3.4 Parameter Restore Selections

It is possible to exclude restoring various parameters when restoring data to the drive. Here is a list of parameter restore selections and all the affected parameter groups and individual parameters:

Required Parameters

Cannot be deselected. This selection covers all writable parameters not mentioned in the following sections.

Drive Identity

10.2.1.1 Fully Qualified Domain Name

Table 7: Drive Identity Parameter

Parameter index	Parameter name	Parameter number
10.2.1.1	Fully Qualified Domain Name	7036

Port X0 Interface

Parameter index	Parameter name	Parameter number	Parameter index	Parameter name	Parameter number
10.2.4.2.5	Link Configuration X0	7047	10.2.4.2.6	Enable Ethernet Port X0	7053

- 5.19 Superimposed
- 5.26 Additional Status Outputs
- 5.27 Fieldbus Process Data
- 5.40 Logic
- 6 Maintenance & Service
- 7 Functional Safety
- 8 Device Settings
- 9 I/O
- 10 Connectivity
 - Integrated Communication
 - 10.2 Communication interfaces
 - 10.2.1 Host Settings
 - 10.2.2 Ethernet Interface X0
 - IPv4 Settings**
 - IPv4 Status
 - 10.2.3 Ethernet Interface X1/X2
 - 10.2.4 Ethernet port X0
 - 10.2.5 Ethernet port X1
 - 10.2.6 Ethernet port X2
 - 10.2.7 Port Mirroring

IPv4 Settings

This menu enables IP configuration of the interface.

Interface X0 MAC Address	MAC address of Interface X0.
00:1B:08:38:75:24	
IPv4 Addressing Method	IP addressing method for the interface.
Static IP	
Requested IPv4 Address	Requested IPv4 address for the interface.
0.0.0.0	
Requested IPv4 Subnet Mask	Requested IPv4 subnet mask for the interface.
255.255.255.0	
Requested IPv4 Gateway Address	Requested IPv4 gateway address for the interface.
0.0.0.0	
Enable ACD	Enable Address Conflict Detection for the interface. The change takes effect after power cycling the device.
☒	
DNS Server 1	User requested Domain Name Server 1 for the interface (for manual IP addressing mode only). Supports only IPv4.
0.0.0.0	
DNS Server 2	User requested Domain Name Server 2 for the interface (for manual IP addressing mode only). Supports only IPv4.
0.0.0.0	

Port X1/X2 Interface

Parameter index	Parameter name	Parameter number	Parameter index	Parameter name	Parameter number
10.2.5.2.5	Link Configuration X1	7048	10.2.5.2.6	Enable Ethernet Port X1	7054
10.2.6.2.5	Link ConfigurationX2	7049	10.2.6.2.6	Enable Ethernet Port X2	7055

Search

- 5.19 Superimposed
- 5.26 Additional Status Outputs
- 5.27 Fieldbus Process Data
- 5.40 Logic
- 6 Maintenance & Service
- 7 Functional Safety
- 8 Device Settings
- 9 I/O
- 10 Connectivity
- Integrated Communication
 - 10.2 Communication Interfaces
 - 10.2.1 Host Settings
 - 10.2.2 Ethernet Interface X0
 - IPv4 Settings
 - IPv4 Status
 - 10.2.3 Ethernet Interface X1/X2 Settings
 - IPv4 Settings
 - IPv4 Status
 - 10.2.4 Ethernet port X0
 - 10.2.5 Ethernet port X1

IPv4 Settings

This menu enables IP configuration of the interface.

Interface X1/X2 MAC Address

00:1B:08:38:75:25

IPv4 Addressing Method

DCP

Requested IPv4 Address

0.0.0.0

Requested IPv4 Subnet Mask

255.255.255.0

Requested IPv4 Gateway Address

0.0.0.0

Enable ACD

☐

DNS Server 1

0.0.0.0

DNS Server 2

0.0.0.0

MAC address of Interface X1/X2.

IP addressing method for the interface.

Requested IPv4 address for the interface.

Requested IPv4 subnet mask for the interface.

Requested IPv4 gateway address for the interface.

Enable Address Conflict Detection for the interface. The change takes effect after power cycling the device.

User requested Domain Name Server 1 for the interface (for manual IP addressing mode only). Supports only IPv4.

User requested Domain Name Server 2 for the interface (for manual IP addressing mode only). Supports only IPv4.

e30bn925.10

Figure 54: X1/X2 IPv4 Settings

Power and Motor Dependent Parameters

Table 10: Power and Motor Dependent Parameters

Parameter index	Parameter name	Parameter number	Parameter index	Parameter name	Parameter number
G3.5	Output Filter	5501, 5502, 5503, 5499	4.3.3.7	I/f Control Speed Threshold	2818
G4.2	Motor Data	407, 406, 432, 425, 431, 405, 400, 402, 403, 401, 9951, 408, 409, 413, 440, 441, 442, 415, 417, 418, 426, 427, 422, 424	4.3.3.8	I/f Control Slip Compensation	2885
G4.3.1	Motor Control General Settings	2503, 2930, 2502, 421, 5433, 4620	4.5.12	Demagnetization Protection	2368
G4.3.2	U/f Settings	2600, 2601, 2602, 2603, 2604, 2605, 2610, 2611, 2612, 2613, 2614, 2615	5.3.3.3	AEO Minimum Magnetization	2811
G4.3.4	VVC+ & U/f Settings	2804, 2820, 2844, 2845, 3193, 3194, 2805, 2803, 2802, 2806, 2807, 2808, 2819	5.6.3.1	Sync. Motor Start Mode	2322
G5.3.2	Inertia	668, 669, 667	5.7.2.3	DC-brake Speed	2268
G5.8.2	Speed Controller	5005, 4020, 4021, 4022, 4039, 4080, 4081, 4549, 4079, 5434, 5020, 4070, 4071, 4072, 4073, 4074, 4075, 4077, 4078	5.8.1.11	Control Panel Speed Reference	6153

Table 10: Power and Motor Dependent Parameters - (continued)

Parameter index	Parameter name	Parameter number	Parameter index	Parameter name	Parameter number
G5.8.8	Speed Bypass	4520, 4521, 4522, 4523, 4524, 4525, 4526, 4527	5.8.3.1	Positive Speed Limit	1729
2.1.1	Unit Nominal Voltage	2830	5.8.3.2	Negative Speed Limit	1728
2.1.2	Unit Nominal Current	2831	5.8.3.3	Minimum Speed Limit	1722
2.2.1.1	Unit Voltage Class	2832	5.8.3.4	High Speed Warning	1200
2.2.1.2	Overload Mode	2833	5.8.3.9	Low Speed Monitor Limit	1205
2.3.1.2	Smart Derate Mode	2345	5.8.4.3	Speed Reference 1 Max.	1724
2.3.2.5	Overvoltage Control Upper limit	1816	5.8.4.4	Speed Reference 1 Min.	1725
2.3.3.5	Undervoltage Control Kp	1806	5.8.4.5	Speed Reference 2 Max.	1726
2.3.3.6	Undervoltage Control Ti	1807	5.8.4.6	Speed Reference 2 Min.	1727
2.3.3.8	Undervoltage Control Activation Level	1817	5.8.7.1	Speed Feedback Filter Tc	4544
2.4.1	Max. Switching Frequency	2924	5.8.7.2	Estimated Speed Filter Tc	4545
2.4.2	Min. Switching Frequency	2925	5.8.9.16	Enhanced Lower Transition Speed	676
2.4.3	Switching Frequency	2920	5.8.9.17	Enhanced Higher Transition Speed	677
2.4.4	Control Frequency Request	2921	5.9.2.26	Speed Limit Setpoint	1336
3.2.1	Brake Chopper	2935	5.9.3.3	Torque Reference 1 Max.	4530
3.3.2	Brake Resistor Resistance	2936	5.9.3.4	Torque Reference 1 Min.	4531
3.3.3	Brake Resistor Power Limit	2937	5.9.3.5	Torque Reference 2 Max.	4532
4.3.3.11	Minimum Current Speed Threshold	2838	5.9.3.6	Torque Reference 2 Min.	4533

5.4 Using the Logic Feature in MyDrive® Insight

Introduction to Logic

Logic is a versatile feature that allows customization and control of the operation of the drive without the need for a separate programming tool or language. With Logic, the operation of the drive can be customized using a limited number of programmable function blocks and a limited number of states.

Logic in MyDrive® Insight extends the features of the drive and provides increased flexibility. Logic enables applying conditional controls, implementing fault detection and diagnostics, creating sequencing, modes, states, and interlocking logic.

Each function block has 3 inputs and 1 output, the functionality of these blocks can be selected from a comprehensive list. These function blocks are executed sequentially on every application cycle.

Any monitoring value or parameter can be connected to the block inputs. The output signal of each programmable function block can be used as an input to another function block or to control the digital or analog outputs of the drive. Moreover, the value of most parameters can be freely set with Logic. The drive can be directly controlled by the function block outputs through setting references and control signals.

Function blocks can initiate state changes; after entering a state, a user-defined list of actions (similar to function block outputs but with fixed values) executes. This allows flexible drive reconfiguration based on the selected state. Function blocks can be assigned to operate within specific states only.

Logic can be easily configured using the graphical configuration tool integrated into MyDrive® Insight.

Why use Logic?

Logic can be used for a wide range of applications and purposes, providing enhanced flexibility and customization options. Here are some common use cases for Logic:

- **Conditional Controls:** Logic allows for the implementation of conditional controls based on various inputs or parameters. Logic can adjust system behavior based on specific conditions, such as drive run-time, external events, or other defined criteria.
- **Fault Detection and Diagnostics:** Logic can be used to implement fault detection and diagnostics algorithms. By monitoring various parameters and inputs, logic can be created that detects abnormal conditions or faults in the system, enabling preventive maintenance and troubleshooting.
- **Conditional control modes:** Logic can change the motor configuration, enabling multi-motor functionality. Logic can provide a backup operation during service, fieldbus fault, and so on.

These are just a few examples of what Logic can be used for. The versatility and flexibility of Logic make it a powerful tool for implementing customized functionality and adapting the behavior of the system to meet specific requirements.

Configuration

Logic can be configured inside MyDrive Insight. However, the feature is only accessible if the drive supports Logic and a connection to the drive has been established.

Running mode



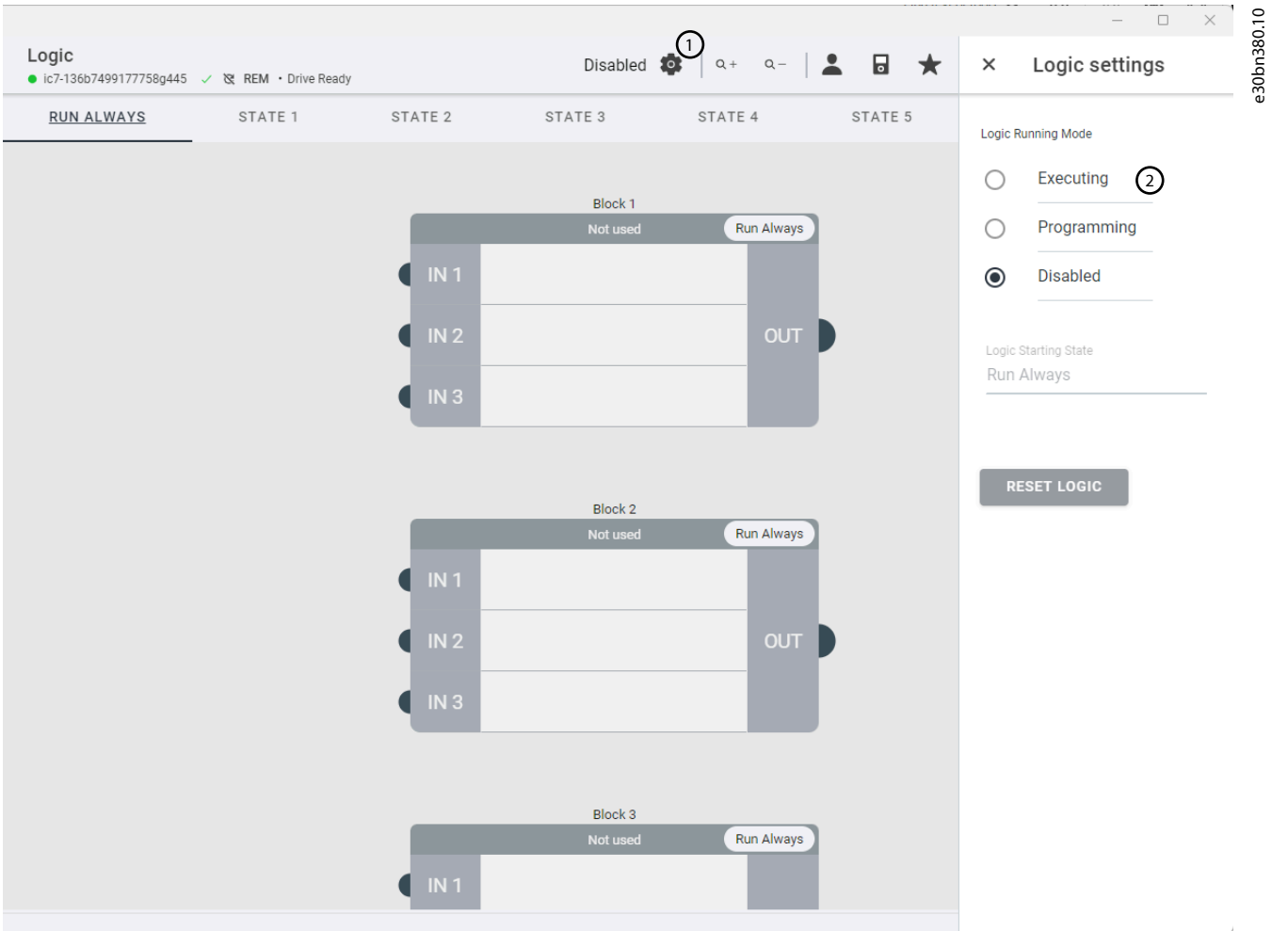
NOTE:

Before using Logic, it is important to evaluate whether the installation is in a suitable state for making changes to parameters, digital outputs, and analog outputs. Logic can be in the following modes:

- *Disabled:* Logic is not executed. Outputs and parameters are not affected by Logic.
- *Programming:* Logic is running in debug mode: function blocks and state handling is executed, but outputs and parameters are not changed by Logic.
- *Executing:* The outputs are actively driven and reflect the configured Logic behavior.

To configure Logic, click the *Logic settings* button and from the *Logic Running Mode* menu select *Programming* mode (stopping execution). To activate the configuration, select *Executing*. To reduce processing load when Logic is unnecessary, select *Disabled*.

Internal data resets to defaults on mode changes and is not retained across power cycles.



Legend	Definition
1	Logic settings
2	Logic Running Mode

Figure 55: Running Mode Selection in MyDrive® Insight

For more information, see *MyDrive® Insight Logic Feature Application Guide*.

6 Position Control and Motion Features

6.1 Motion Application Overview

The Motion application enables position control with all motor control principles and motor types supported by iC7-Automation.

The following main functions are included in the Motion application:

- Basic functions
- Speed control
- Torque control
- Position control for both linear and rotary systems, including scaling of position unit and limit handling
- Positioning mode with relative, absolute, and touch probe positioning
- Gear mode for the synchronizing of 2 or more shafts
- Homing for defining the machine zero point
- Superimposed movement: Positioning on top of any underlying movement
- Touch probe handling including measurement of distance between sensors
- Bumpless switching of control mode while running

6.2 Position Control

6.2.1 Position Control Overview

This chapter describes the control configurations, position controller, position scaling, and limit handling, which is the basis for various motion control modes such as Positioning and Gear mode.

6.2.2 Control Configurations

iC7-Automation supports multiple configurations for motor, speed, and position control, with and without feedback enabling adaptation, to most applications. The following illustrations show the possible configurations for position control:

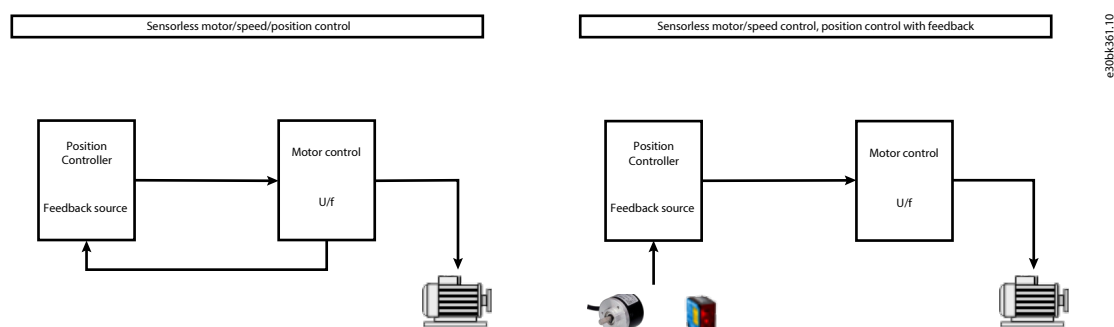


Figure 56: Control Configuration in U/f Motor Control

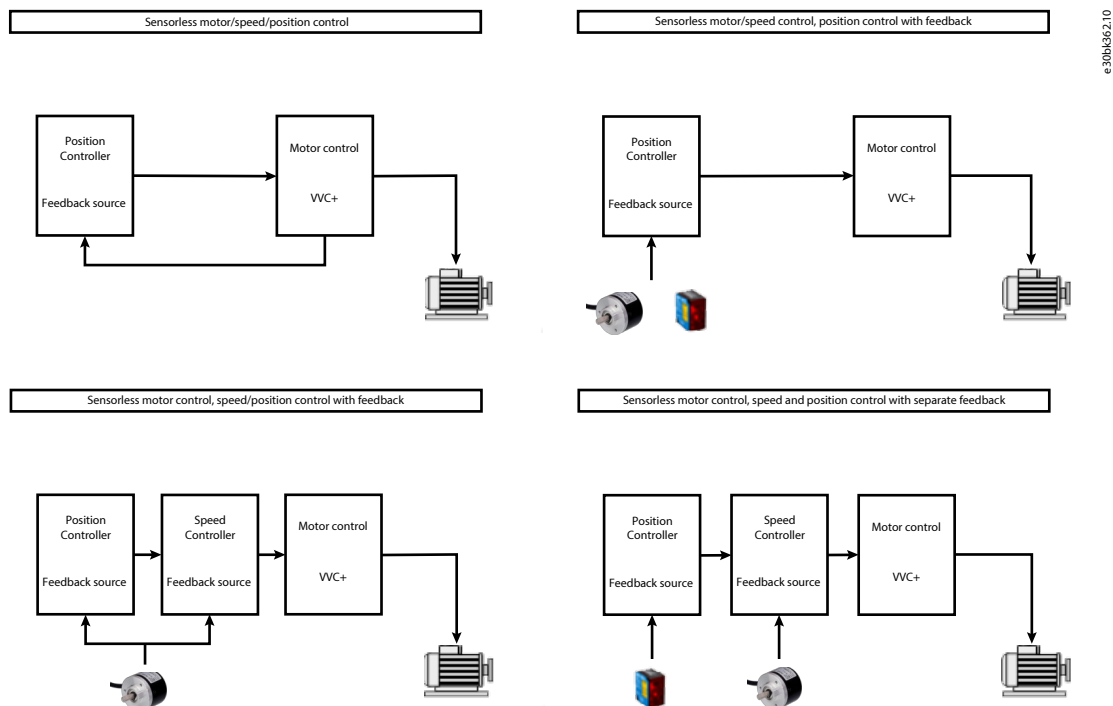


Figure 57: Control Configuration in VVC+ Motor Control

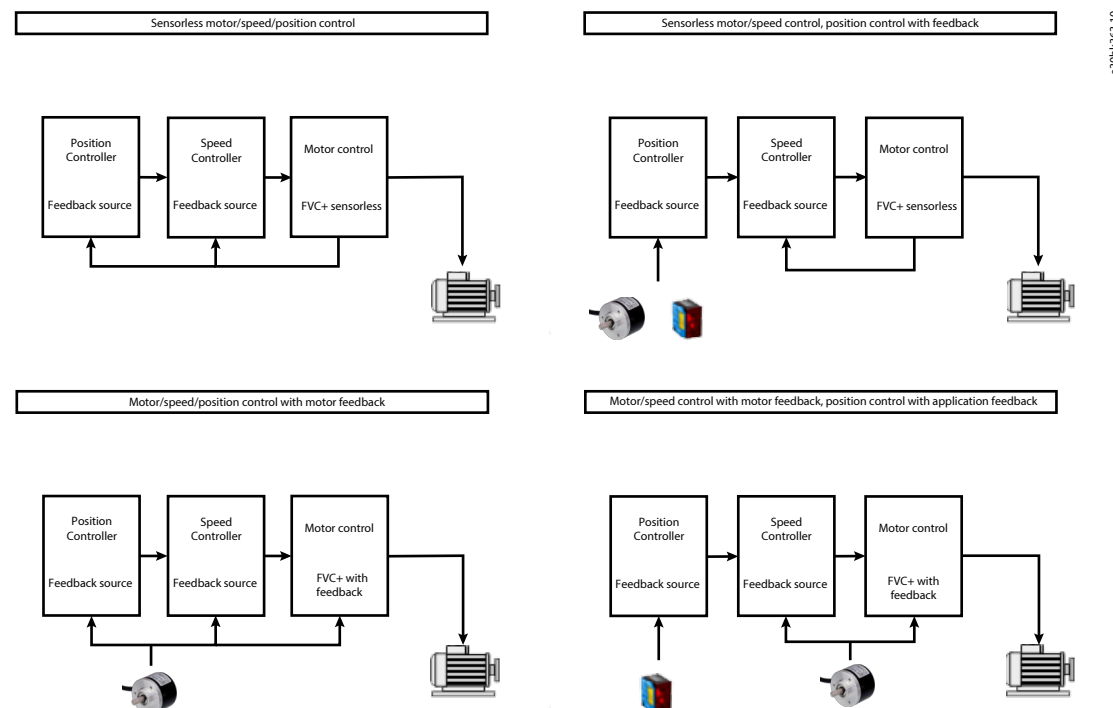


Figure 58: Control Configuration in FVC+ Motor Control

6.2.3 Control Loop

Position control is always closed-loop control. It can be either sensorless, or with physical feedback using an encoder or resolver. In sensorless mode, the motor rotor angle, estimated by the motor controller, is used as feedback for the position controller. The Encoder/Resolver Option OC7M0 can be used to connect various encoder/resolver types as physical position feedback.

The position controller, in combination with speed feedforward, provides a speed reference for controlling the motor. Handling of the speed reference depends on how the speed and motor control is configured. The following illustrations show examples of the control structure and related parameters:

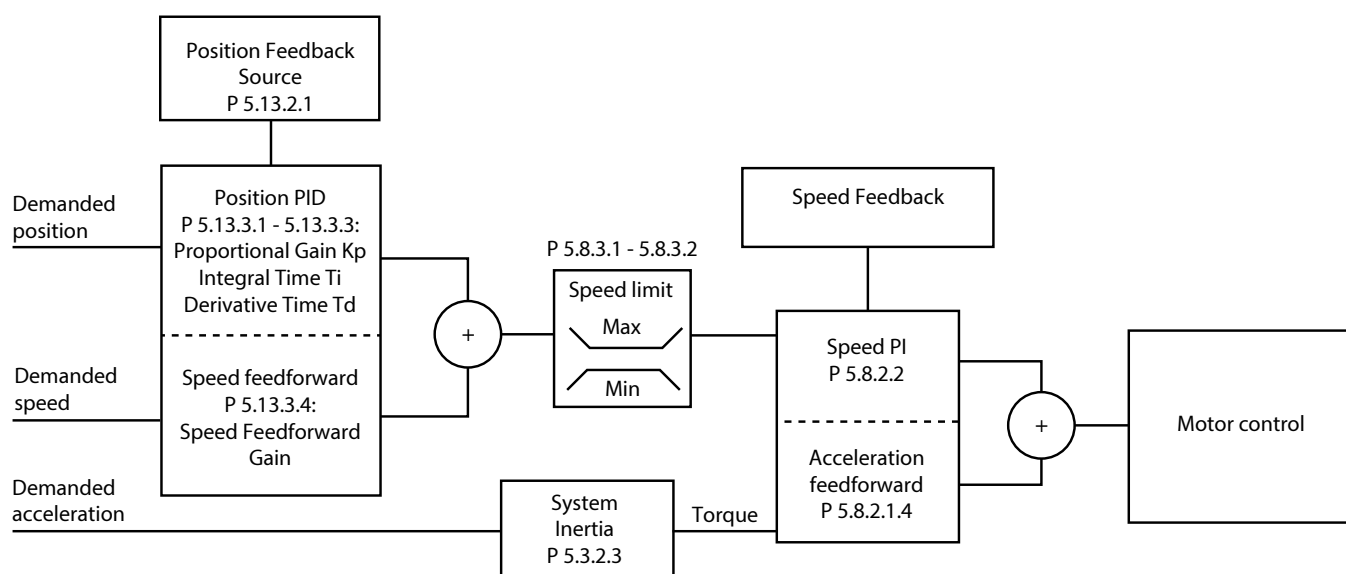


Figure 59: Control Loop in FVC+ Mode with Speed PI Controller

6.2.4 Position Feedback and the Actual Position

The position feedback source is selected with parameter **5.13.2.1 Position Feedback Source**, and it can be the same as the speed or motor feedback source, or a separate source.

The position feedback can be relative or absolute. Relative means that only position changes are tracked, and absolute means that absolute position values are continuously received as feedback.

Position feedback is always relative in sensorless mode or when using an incremental encoder or resolver, and absolute when using an absolute encoder.

6.2.5 Linear Versus Rotary Axis

The axis mode defines how the actual position is handled. The mode can be linear or rotary. The mode is selected with parameter **5.13.4.1 Axis Mode**.

- In linear mode, the maximum position range is -2147483648 to +2147483647. Within this range, software position limits can be defined with configurable behavior. For more information, see "Software Position Limits".

Linear mode example:
Min position = -1000 mm
Max position = 1000 mm

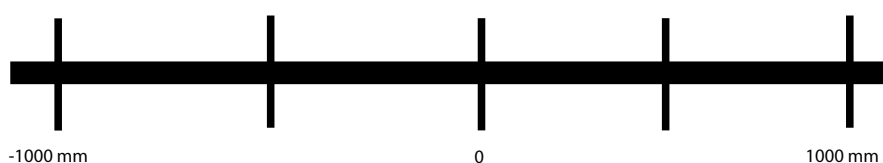


Figure 60: Linear Mode Example

- In rotary mode, the position range is defined with parameters **5.13.5.4 Min. Position Limit** and **5.13.5.5 Max. Position Limit**. When reaching 1 of the limits, the value automatically wraps around to the other limit.

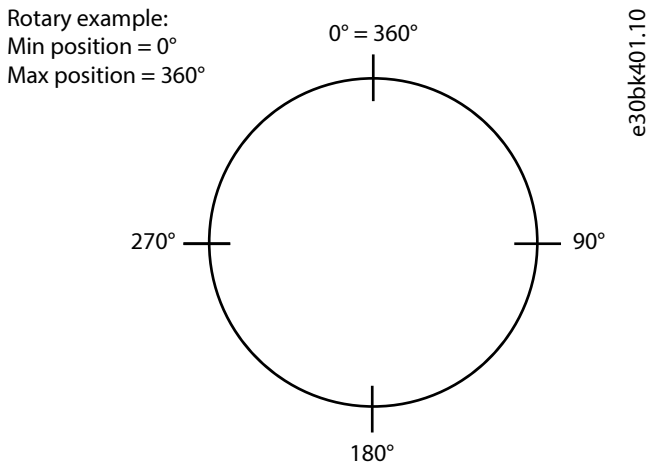


Figure 61: Rotary Example

6.2.6 Position Recovery

When position recovery is activated with parameter **5.13.4.2 Position Recovery at Power-up**, the actual position (Parameter **5.13.1.2 Actual Position**) is saved at power-down, and the saved position value is used to recover the actual position at power-up. The recovery process depends on the feedback type with closed-loop control, as described in the following table:

Table 11: Position Recovery

Feedback type	Actual position after power-up when <i>Position recovery</i> is set to <i>disabled</i>	Actual position after power-up when <i>Position recovery</i> is set to <i>enabled</i>	Description
Sensorless	0	Position value saved at power-down	Position recovery can be used to skip a new homing operation after each power cycle, provided there is no movement while power is off.
Incremental encoder	0	Position value saved at power-down	

Table 11: Position Recovery - (continued)

Feedback type	Actual position after power-up when <i>Position recovery</i> is set to <i>disabled</i>	Actual position after power-up when <i>Position recovery</i> is set to <i>enabled</i>	Description
Resolver	Position value based on the analog value from the resolver. The analog value from the resolver represents the absolute position/angle within 1 pole pair of the resolver.	Position value saved at power-down, combined with the position value from the resolver.	Position recovery can be used to skip a new homing operation after each power cycle, provided there is only movement within +/- half a pole pair of the resolver while the power is off.
Absolute encoder	Absolute position read from the encoder in position units.  NOTE: An offset by homing is lost after a power cycle.	Absolute position read from the encoder, combined with the position value saved at power-down. In addition, offset by homing is retained.	Position recovery can be used to skip a new homing operation after each power cycle when operating past the encoder range, provided there is only movement within +/- half the encoder range while the power is off. Example: With a single-turn encoder, the drive tracks the number of rotations while the encoder only provides the absolute position within 1 rotation. At power-down the actual position is stored, and at the next power-up the actual position is recovered using the stored number of rotations combined with the absolute position within 1 rotation that is read from the encoder.

6.2.7 Unit Scaling

Position values for settings and readouts can be scaled to any physical value relevant for the application. The scaling is done relative to 1 motor rotation and the default is 360° per motor rotation. To avoid rounding errors, the scaling factor is set as a fraction with 2 parameters, **5.13.4.4 Position Unit Numerator** and **5.13.4.5 Position Unit Denominator**.

The scaling factors are found by calculating or measuring how far the machine part is moving per motor rotation in the required unit. Measuring is typically not 100% accurate. It is often an advantage for readout resolution to scale the position units with a higher resolution than what is required for positioning accuracy. For example, scaling to 10th of a millimeter when an accuracy of 1 mm is required.

The following examples show how to calculate the scaling factors:

Example 1

A linear belt drive with pulley wheel is directly connected to the motor. The pulley wheel has 32 teeth, and the timing belt pitch is 10 mm.

Linear movement per motor revolution is $32 \times 10 = 320$ mm.

For position values in millimeters, set parameter **5.13.4.4 Position Unit Numerator** to 320 and parameter **5.13.4.5 Position Unit Denominator** to 1.

Example 2

A linear belt drive using a VLT® OneGearDrive (OGD) with a gear ratio of 14.13 is driving the pulley wheel. The pulley wheel has 32 teeth and the timing belt pitch is 10 mm. 14.13 is a rounded value, the actual gear ratio of this 2-stage gear is 43/7 for stage 1 and 46/20 for stage 2. Without making rounding errors, the resulting ratio is $(43 \cdot 46) : (7 \cdot 20) = 1978 : 140 = 989 : 70$.

The linear movement is $70 \cdot 32 \cdot 10 = 22400$ mm per 989 motor rotations.

For position values in millimeters, set parameter **5.13.4.4 Position Unit Numerator** to 22400 and parameter **5.13.4.5 Position Unit Denominator** to 989.

6.2.8 Position Monitoring

The actual position error is the difference between the demanded position and the actual position. It is continuously monitored while position control is active. The action to be taken when the maximum tolerated position error, defined by parameter **5.13.5.1 Position Error Window** and **5.13.5.2 Position Error Delay**, is exceeded can be selected with parameter **5.13.5.3 Position Error Response**. The available actions are:

Table 12: Position Error Actions

Action	Description
Ignore	The position error window is ignored.
Warning	The drive issues a warning.
Fault, ramp down to stop	The drive ramps the motor down and issues a fault. The fault must be reset before operation can be resumed.

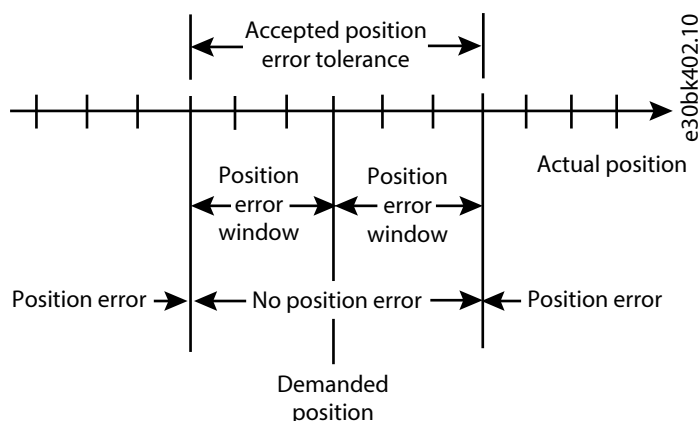


Figure 62: Position Monitoring

The value of the actual position error can be read out with parameter **5.13.1.6 Actual Position Error**. Exceeding the maximum tolerated position error can be signaled by a physical output or a fieldbus status word bit, defined by parameter **5.13.1.8 Max. Position Error Exceeded Output**.

6.2.9 Software Position Limits

In linear axis mode (set by parameter **5.13.4.1 Axis Mode**), parameters **5.13.5.4 Min. Position Limit** and **5.13.5.5 Max. Position Limit** define the allowed range of movement. In rotary axis mode, parameters **5.13.5.4 Min. Position Limit** and **5.13.5.5 Max. Position Limit** define the rotary position range.

Handling of the Software Position End Limits depends on the application control mode selected with parameter **5.4.2.16 Operation Mode**, as described in the following sections:

Position control mode

Positioning commands with a target outside the allowed position range are rejected and a warning is issued. If the actual position is already outside the allowed range, positioning commands are accepted if the target is closer to or inside the allowed range. If the target is further away from the allowed range, the command is rejected.

While executing a homing procedure, the monitoring of the Software Position Limits is disabled.

Other control modes

In control modes such as speed, torque, and gear control, where the final target is unknown, there is no action until reaching the configured limits. The action when a software position limit is reached is defined by parameter **5.13.5.6 Position Limit Action**. The available actions are:

Table 13: Position limit actions

Action	Description
Disabled	The software position limits are ignored.
Warning	The drive issues a warning.
Fault	The drive coasts the motor and issues a fault. The fault must be reset before operation can be resumed.

6.2.10 Hardware End Limits

It is possible to connect hardware end limit switches to the drive and configure the reaction of the drive when a hardware end limit switch is activated. Hardware end limits are active in all control modes and when a limit switch is activated, movement is only possible in the direction away from the limit switch.



NOTE: When the reaction triggers a fault, movement is only possible after resetting the fault.

Digital inputs for connecting hardware end limit switches are selected with parameters **5.13.5.7 Negative Limit Switch Input** and **5.13.5.8 Positive Limit Switch Input**. The drive reaction when 1 of the hardware limit switches activates is selected with parameter **5.13.5.9 Limit Switch Action**. The following actions are available:

- No action
- Ramp to stop with warning (position control remains active with zero speed after ramp down)
- Ramp to stop and coast with warning (coast after ramp down)
- Ramp to stop with fault (fault after ramp down)
- Quick stop with warning (position control remains active with zero speed after quick stop)
- Quick stop and coast with warning (coast after quick stop)
- Quick stop with fault (fault after quick stop)
- Coast with warning
- Fault (coast)

When the drive hits a limit switch while executing a homing procedure, the selected action is ignored. Instead, the drive reverses direction and searches for the home sensor in the opposite direction.

6.3 Positioning Mode

6.3.1 Positioning Types

The drive offers 3 basic positioning types: Absolute, Relative, and Touch Probe. The difference between them is which reference point is used for the positioning target.

Table 14: Positioning Types

Positioning type	Description
Absolute positioning	Target position is relative to the defined zero point of the machine.
Relative positioning	Target position is relative to the actual position of the machine.
Touch Probe positioning	Target position is relative to the position of a signal on a digital input.

The following example shows the resulting target for each positioning type with a start position of 2000 and a position reference or target of 1000:

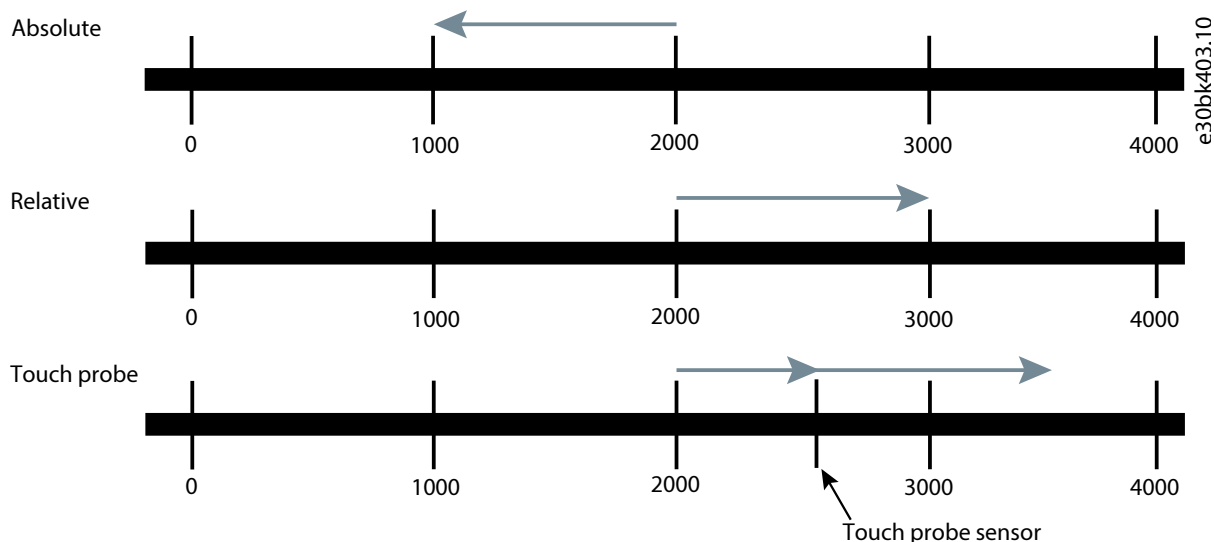


Figure 63: Positioning Types

The default positioning type is Absolute. Relative positioning is selected by setting parameter **5.14.2.14 Relative Positioning Input** to **True**, or to fieldbus bit or digital input for external activation. Input for starting Touch Probe positioning is selected with parameter **5.14.2.16 Touch Probe Positioning Input**.



NOTE: A prerequisite for any positioning movement is that the drive is enabled and has received a start command.

Absolute positioning

Absolute movement is started by activating a new target with the Enable Reference signal. For absolute positioning, Enable Reference is level-triggered, meaning that when permanently set, any new position reference is used as the target right away, even if the new reference is selected before reaching the previous target. Any changes to speed reference and ramps are active right away while Enable Reference is set, also during ongoing movement. When Enable Reference is not set, any changes to position reference, speed reference, or ramps are inactive until Enable Reference is set.

With linear axis, the direction of movement depends on whether the target is behind or in front of the actual position. With rotary axis, the direction of movement is configurable with the following selections in parameter **5.14.2.17 Absolute Positioning Direction**:

Table 15: Directions of Movement with Rotary Axis

Selection	Description
Disable Direction Selection	Like linear axis, no crossing of minimum and maximum positions.
Positive Direction	Movement always in the positive direction, even if it means crossing the minimum or maximum position.

Table 15: Directions of Movement with Rotary Axis - (continued)

Selection	Description
Shortest Way	Always takes the shortest way, even if it means crossing the minimum or maximum position.
Negative Direction	Movement always in the negative direction, even if it means crossing the minimum or maximum position.

The arrows of the following illustration show the movement path with absolute movement from 50 to 330, 330 to 50, 150 to 210, and 210 to 150 for the different selections in a rotary system going from 0 to 360:

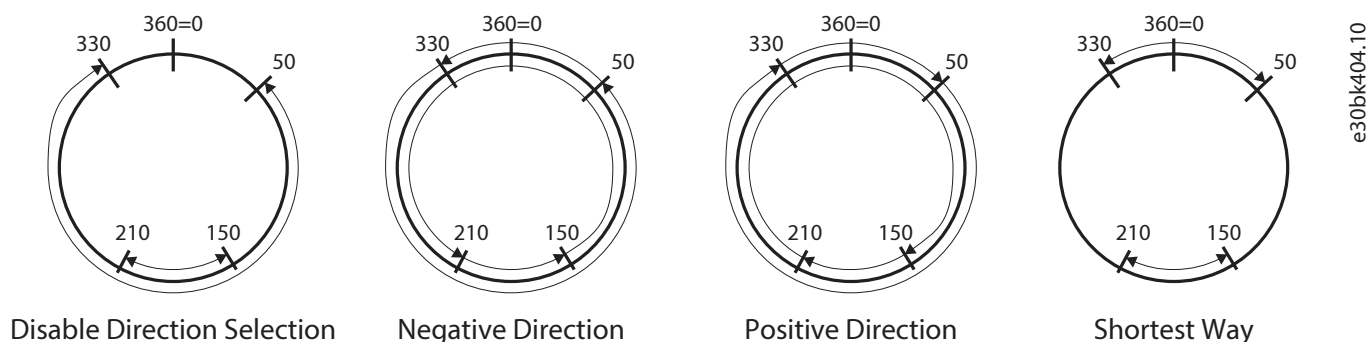


Figure 64: Directions of Movement with Rotary Axis

Relative positioning

Relative movement is started by activating a new target with the Enable Reference signal. For relative positioning the Enable Reference signal is edge-triggered, meaning that a pulse executes a positioning command and completes it with the references active at the point of execution. Any change to the references is ignored unless activated with a new pulse. Speed reference and ramps can be changed during movement by keeping the Enable Reference signal active until the target is reached.

With relative positioning, the target position is calculated from the set distance (position reference) and a starting point, which can be selected with parameter **5.14.2.15 Relative Positioning Mode** offering the following selections:

Table 16: Relative Positioning Modes

Selection	Description
Additive	The additive distance is added to the current target even if the target has not been reached. The additive distance is added at every triggering of Enable Reference. As an example: Current position = 100, Position reference = 10, Enable Reference is toggled 5 times, the resulting target = 150.
Relative to demanded position	The relative distance is added to the demanded position (reference for the position controller) when Enable Reference is activated.
Relative to actual position	The relative distance is added to the actual position when Enable Reference is activated.
Relative to Touch Probe 1	The relative distance is added to the position of the latest Touch Probe 1. This selection requires that the Touch Probe 1 sensor has been detected at least once.
Relative to Touch Probe 2	The relative distance is added to the position of the latest Touch Probe 2. This selection requires that the Touch Probe 2 sensor has been detected at least once.

The sign of the position reference determines the direction of movement with both the linear and rotary axis. The distance of movement (position reference) can be greater than 1 rotation in rotary mode.

Touch probe positioning

Touch probe positioning can be used with either speed control or position control as the operation mode. In both modes, detection of the touch probe sensor triggers a positioning where the target is calculated from the position of the touch probe and parameter **5.14.2.17 Touch Probe Position Ref.** Touch probe positioning uses Touch Probe 1, which is configured with parameter group **5.18.1 Touch Probe 1**.

Touch probe positioning is enabled by the signal selected with parameter **5.14.2.16 Touch Probe Positioning Enable Input**.

Speed control

Touch probe positioning is started by issuing a Start command and activating the touch probe positioning enable signal. The drive starts running in speed mode with the set speed reference until the touch probe sensor is detected. Then the drive switches to positioning mode, with the target calculated from the actual position at the touch probe sensor and the touch probe position reference set in parameter **5.14.2.17 Touch Probe Position Ref.**

Position control

When touch probe positioning is enabled, movement is started by executing a positioning with a target beyond the expected position of the touch probe. If the touch probe is detected before reaching the set target, a new target will be calculated based on the actual position at the touch probe sensor and the touch probe position reference set in parameter **5.14.2.17 Touch Probe Position Ref.** Positioning will then continue to the new target. If the touch probe is not detected before reaching the set target, the drive will stop at the target and wait for the next command.

6.3.2 Profile Generator and Reference Handling

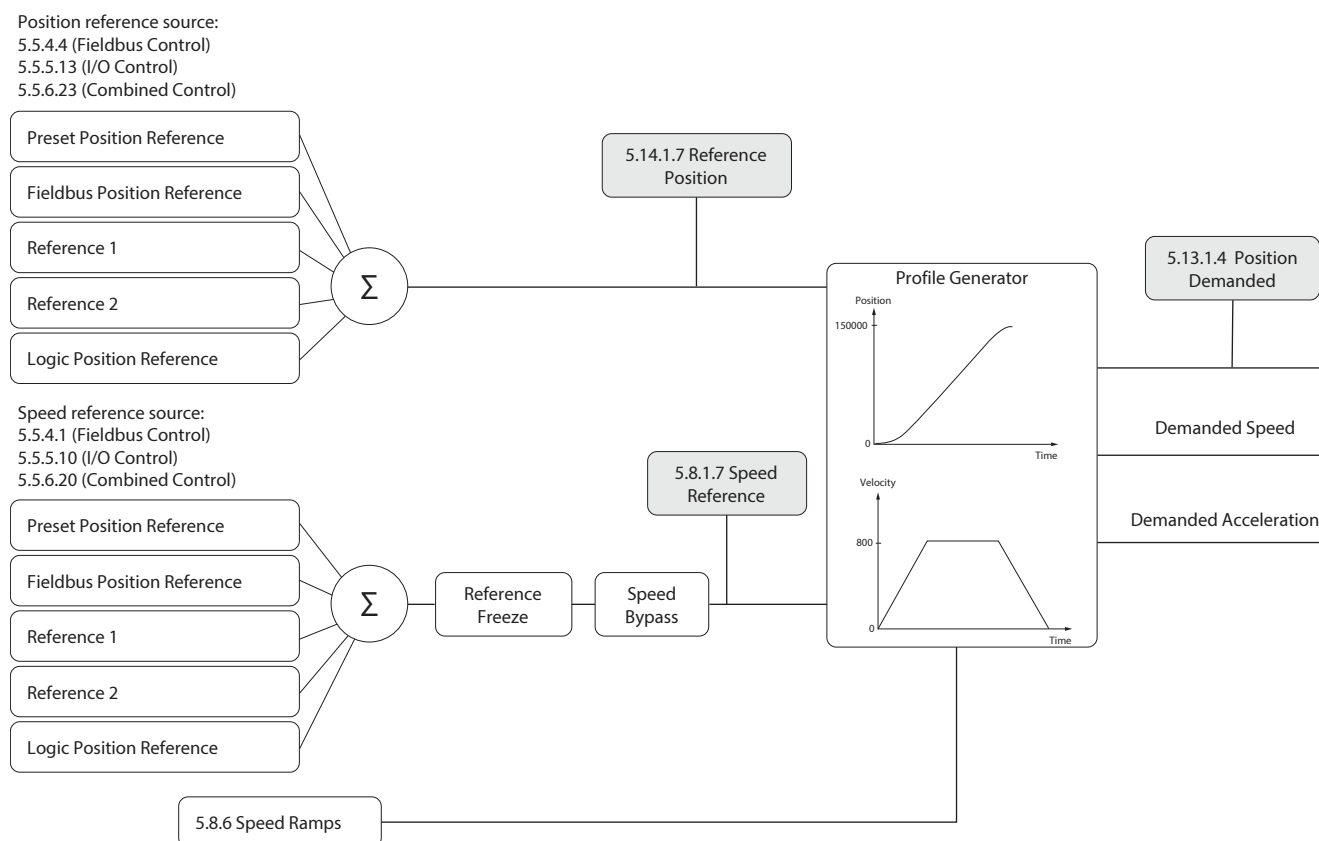
For each positioning, the drive calculates a speed profile for moving from the current position to the target, based on the selected references for position, speed, acceleration, and deceleration.

The source for the target or reference position is selected with the Position Reference parameter in the **5.5 Control Places** menu group, which offers the following options: *Fieldbus reference*, *Preset reference*, *Analog input 1*, and *Analog input 2*.

The speed reference source for positioning is selected with parameters in the **5.5 Control Places** menu group. Acceleration, deceleration, and jerk are configured in the menu group **5.8.6 Speed Ramps**.

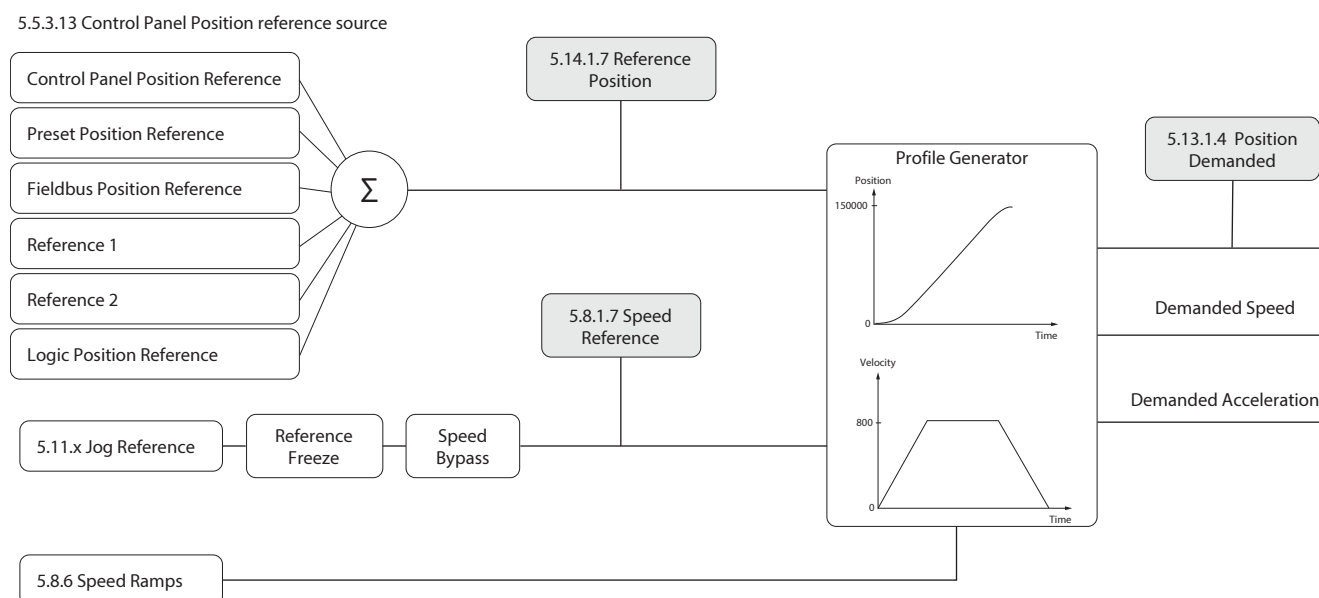
The profile generator calculates the demanded values for position, speed, and acceleration, which are used as references for the position of the speed controllers.

The following illustrations show an overview of the references with the different control places. The gray background of a parameter denotes a read-only parameter:



e30bn947.10

Figure 65: Position and Speed References for Positioning when the Control Place is Fieldbus, I/O, or Combined Control



e30bn48.10

Figure 66: Position and Speed References for Positioning when the Control Place is Local Control (Control Panel)

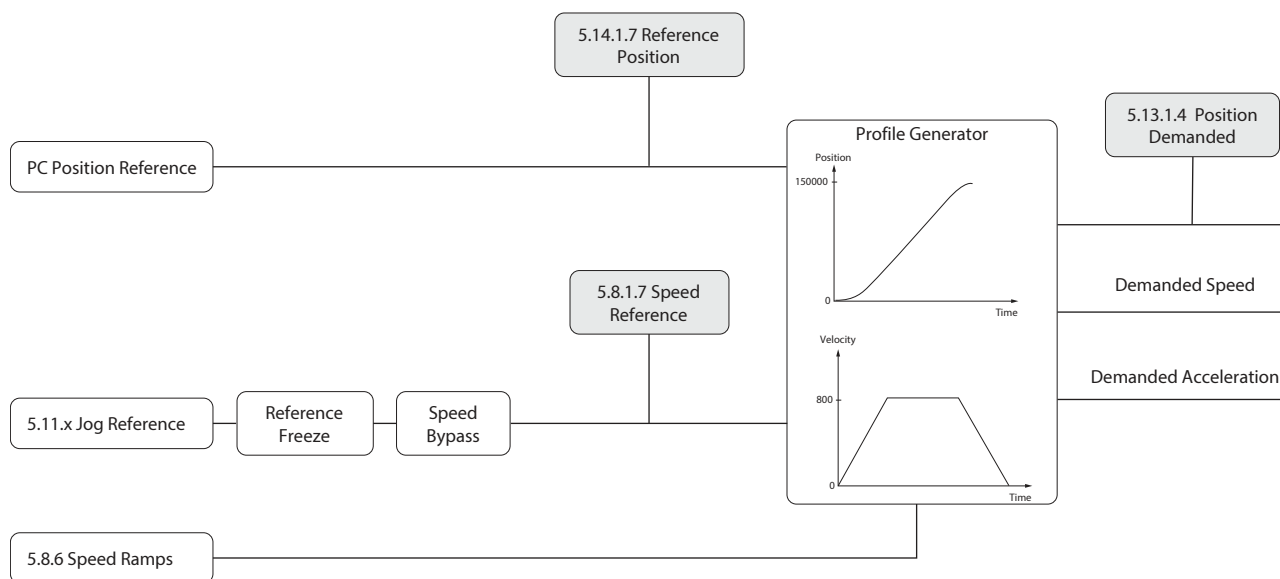


Figure 67: Position and Speed References for Positioning when the Control Place is PC Control (MyDrive® Insight)

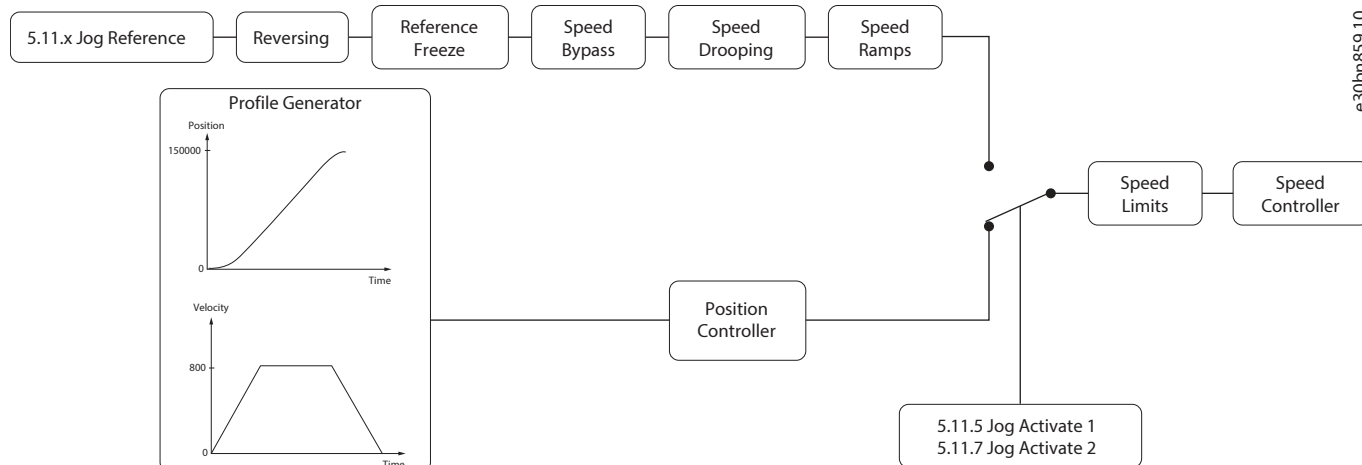


Figure 68: Jog in Position Control

The starting point for the calculated speed profile is based on the actual values for position, speed, and acceleration, to ensure bumpless transition when executing a position command while the drive is moving - for example, when switching from Speed or Gear mode to Position mode while running.

6.3.3 Control and Status Signals

Executing and controlling the positioning is done by the following control signals:

Table 17: Control Signals

Control signals (input)	Function
Enable reference	Executes a positioning command and controls when new references are used depending on the positioning type: Absolute positioning A pulse executes a positioning command and completes it with the references active at the point of execution. Any change to the references is ignored unless activated with a new pulse. A permanent high signal executes a positioning command, and any changes to the references are taken into account while running or after reaching the target. Relative positioning A pulse executes a positioning command and completes it with the references active at the point of execution. Any change to the references is ignored unless activated with a new pulse. A permanent high signal executes a positioning command once triggered by the rising edge, and any changes to the speed and acceleration references are taken into account while running. Any change to the position reference is ignored unless activated with a new pulse.
Preset selector 1, 2, and 3	Used as binary code to select between the 8 preset position references.
Relative positioning	- Low signal = Absolute positioning - High signal = Relative positioning
Touch probe positioning	At edge-triggered start of touch probe positioning, the drive runs in Speed mode until the touch sensor is detected and then switches to Positioning mode. Changes to speed reference are accepted until the touch sensor has been detected. Relative positioning is executed using the actual speed and position reference.

NOTICE

A prerequisite for any positioning movement is that the drive is enabled and has received a start command.

Table 18: Status Signals

Status signal (output)	Function
Positioning Active	Signals that a positioning command is active. The signal is reset when the target is reached.
Positioning Target Reached	Signals that a positioning command is completed, and the target is reached with the actual position within the On Target Window. Stays active while the actual position is inside the On Target Window, or until a new target is activated.

6.4 Gear Mode

6.4.1 Overview of Gear Mode

This chapter describes Gear mode, including the different synchronizing types, master handling, and control/status signals. Gear mode is selected with the parameter **5.4.2.16 Operation Mode**.

In Gear mode, the drive is position-controlled. The target position is given by a master signal taking the gear ratio into account, thus synchronizing the movement of the follower to the master and forming an electronic shaft.

The position of the follower can be further adjusted or displaced, relative to the master position, by superimposed positioning. Superimposed positioning can either be activated manually or automatically based on sensor signals.

The signal **Start Synchronizing** controls the starting and stopping of synchronization. The signal can be assigned to a digital input or set via the fieldbus control word.

6.4.2 Synchronization Types

There are 2 main synchronization types: position synchronizing, and marker synchronizing that has automatic correction of the master - follower relation based on sensor signals connected to digital inputs. For position synchronizing, it is possible to select the point at which the follower position is locked to the master position. For marker synchronizing, it is possible to select how the first marker correction is executed. The synchronization type and behavior is selected with parameter **5.15.3.1 Sync Mode & Start Behavior**. The parameter has the following selections:

- Relative Sync At Start
- Relative Sync
- Absolute Sync
- Marker Catch Up
- Marker Sync
- Marker Slow Down

The follower speed during catch up and slow down is limited relative to the master speed with +/- the value set with parameter **5.15.3.4 Superimposed Speed Difference**.

Relative sync at start

With Relative Sync at Start, the follower position is locked to the master position when the following 3 conditions are true:

- Operation mode is Gear Control.
- The drive is enabled and started.
- **Start Synchronizing** is True.

The offset between master and follower is thus locked when setting **Start** or **Start Synchronizing**, depending on the order in which they are set as shown in the following diagram:

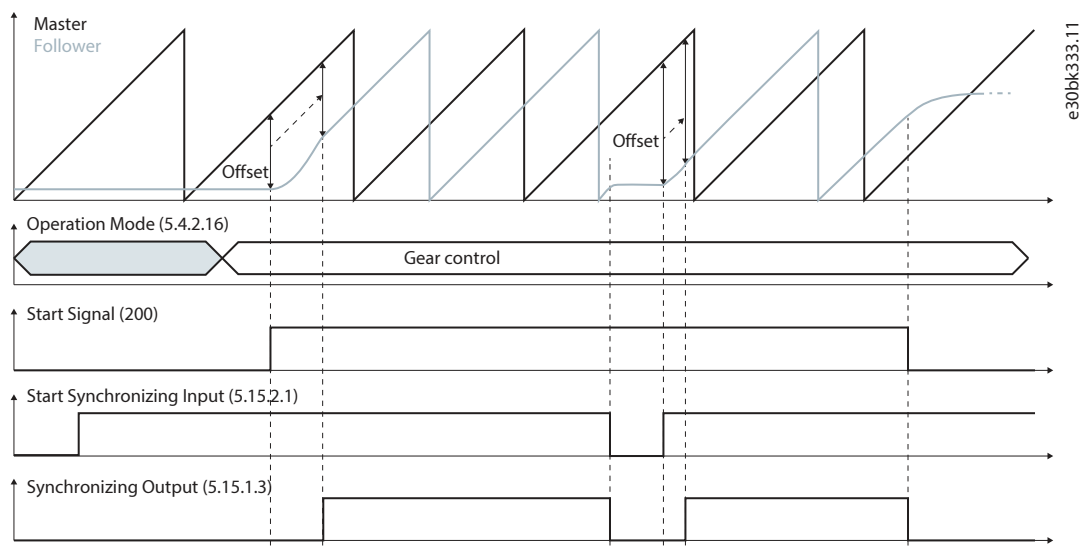


Figure 69: Relative Sync at Start

Relative sync

In Relative Sync, the follower position is locked to the master position when **Start Synchronizing** is set, independent of Operation mode and drive status, and the offset remains the same while **Start Synchronizing** is true. However, movement of the follower and actual synchronization only commences when Operation mode is set to Gear Control and the drive is started.

The offset between master and follower thus remains the same while **Start Synchronizing** is set, independent of drive status. This enables resynchronizing after stopping and restarting the follower drive, for example, as shown in the following diagram:

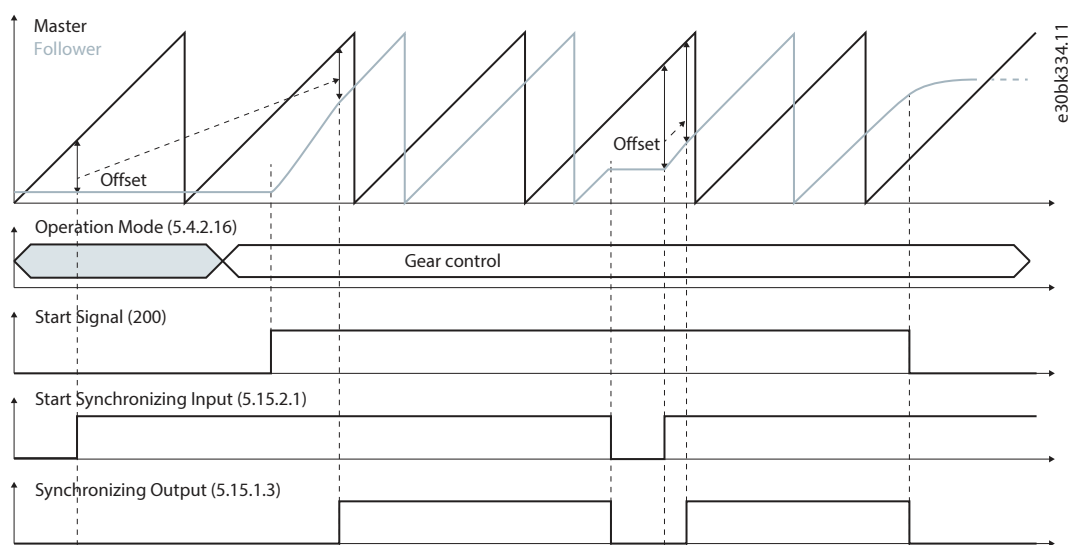


Figure 70: Relative Sync

Absolute sync

In Absolute Sync, the follower position is locked to the same master position when **Start Synchronizing** is set. However, movement of the follower and actual synchronization only commences when Operation mode is set to Gear Control and drive is started, as shown in the following diagram:

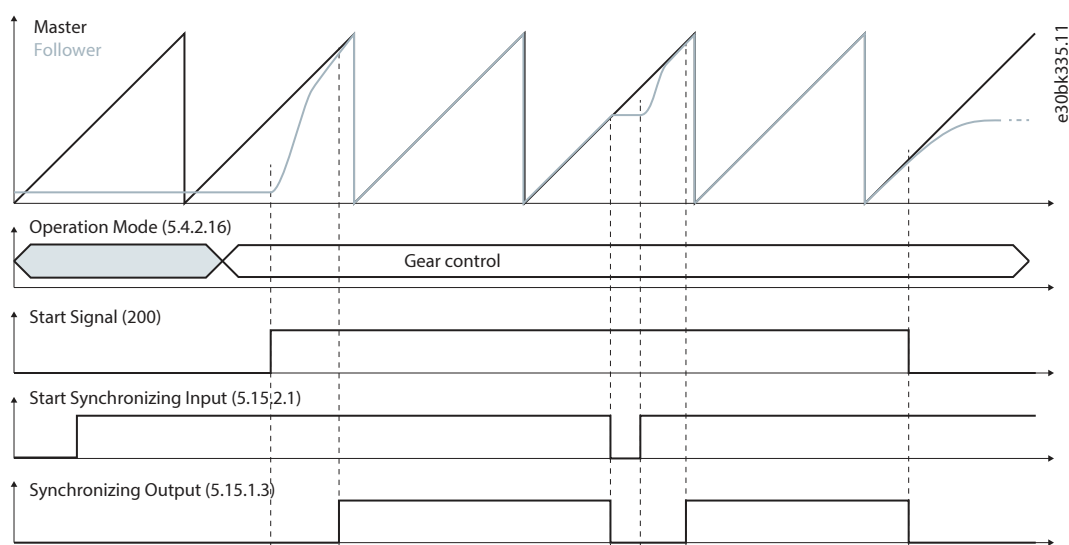


Figure 71: Absolute Sync

Marker synchronizing

The 2 touch probes can be selected as master and follower markers. The touch probe inputs must be configured in parameter groups **5.18.1 Touch Probe 1** and **5.18.2 Touch Probe 2**.

When marker synchronizing is selected, the **Start Synchronizing** signal starts the Relative Sync mode, and the follower position is locked to the master position until the 1st pair of markers is found. At this point, the 1st alignment of the markers is done. The 1st marker alignment is done by the follower catching up or slowing down depending on the selected behavior. When synchronizing to a running master, the follower first catches up with the master. When the follower is in sync, marker correction commences with the 1st pair of markers.

The 3 start behaviors are illustrated in the following picture:

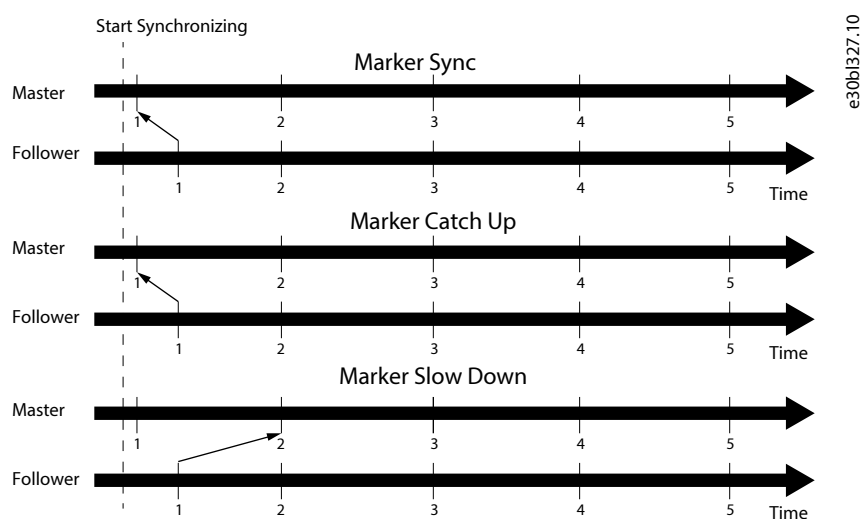


Figure 72: Marker Synchronizing Behaviors

Marker validation

To make marker synchronizing more robust against noise and missing signals, it is possible to add validation of markers by defining a marker window (parameter **5.15.4.4 Marker Window**) as well as the distance between 2 consecutive markers (parameter **5.15.4.3 Marker Distance**). Only the 1st marker detected within the window around the distance from the previous marker is considered valid. Any marker signals outside the window, or additional marker signals inside the window, will be ignored. The 1st marker after the start of synchronizing is always considered valid. Marker correction requires a pair (master/follower) of valid markers, so if a marker is invalid no marker correction will be executed.

When both marker distance and marker window are at 0 there is no marker validation, meaning that all detected markers will be considered valid and used for correction.

When marker distance is 0, the marker window is used as the distance between master marker and follower marker, so a pair of markers is only considered valid if the distance between the 2 markers is less than the set marker window.

Marker window and distance is set in position units which are defined by parameters **5.13.4.4 Position Unit Numerator** and **5.13.4.5 Position Unit Denominator**.

The following illustration shows examples of valid and invalid marker pairs with and without marker distance:

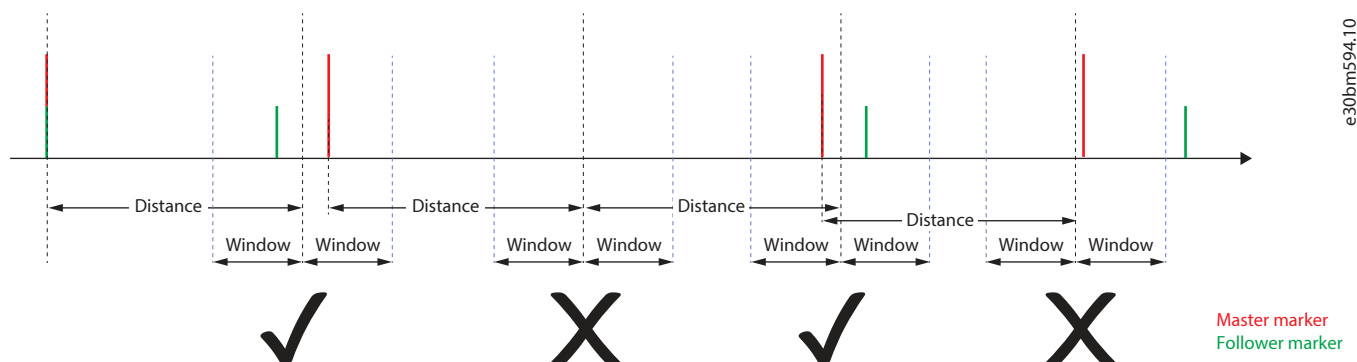


Figure 73: Marker Distance and Window

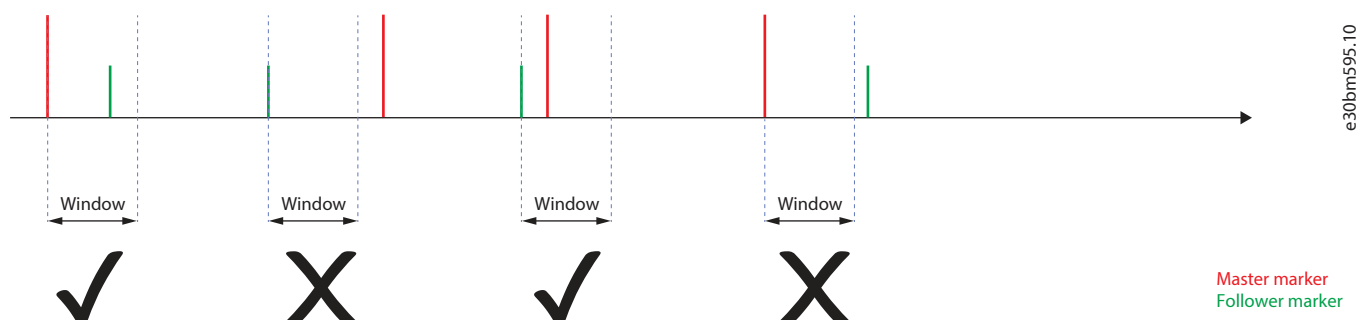


Figure 74: Marker Window

Offset adjustment

The offset between master and follower can be adjusted by using superimposed movement. Superimposed movement displaces the follower relative to the master by an absolute or a relative positioning, on top of the ongoing synchronization. If marker synchronizing is selected, the superimposed movement offsets the alignment of the markers.

6.4.3 Gear Generator and Reference Handling

The reference for gear mode is selected with parameter **5.16.2.1 Master Source Selection**. The parameter has selections **device 1** and **device 2**, if Encoder/Resolver Option OC7M0 is installed. An overview of supported devices can be found in the *iC7 Series Functional Extension Options Operating Guide*.

The reference or master signal is converted to follower position units by the gear ratio, which is set with parameters **5.15.3.2 Gear Ratio Numerator** and **5.15.3.3 Gear Ratio Denominator**. The actual master position readout in parameter **5.16.1.1 Master Position** is thus in follower position units.

Based on the master position and the selected synchronizing mode and start behavior, the gear generator calculates demanded values for position, speed, and acceleration. Those values are used as references for the position and speed controllers.

In marker synchronizing, the superimposed profile generator is adding to the demanded values, modifying the master – follower offset to align the markers. For marker correction, the follower speed is limited relative to the master speed with +/- the value set with parameter **5.15.3.4 Superimposed Speed Difference**.

The following image shows an overview of the synchronizing references.

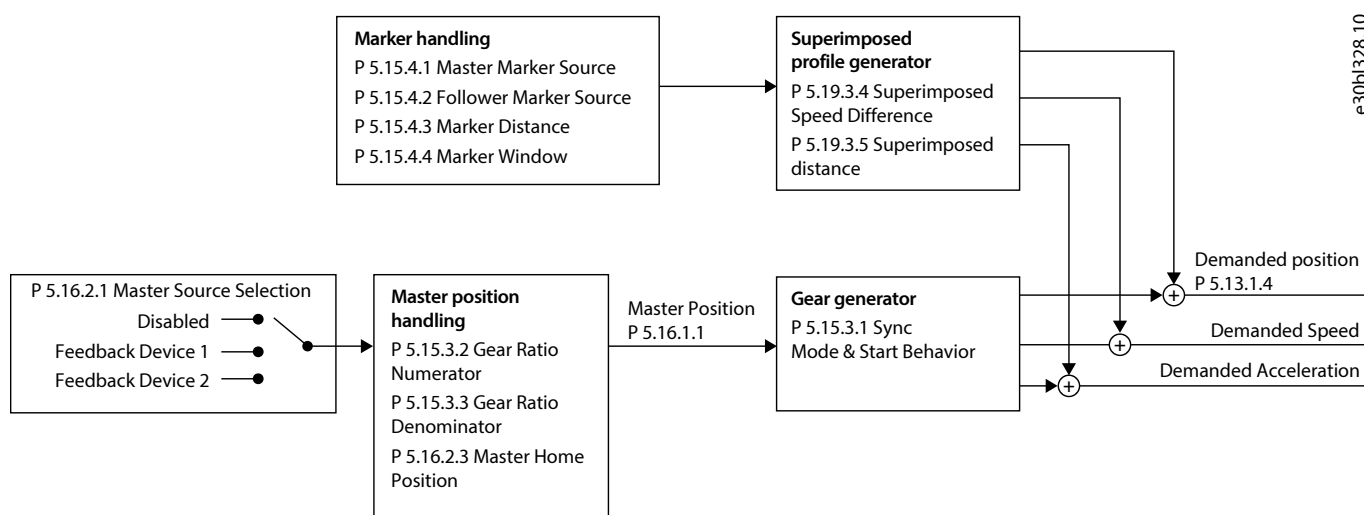


Figure 75: Synchronizing references

6.4.4 Control and Status

The **Start Synchronizing** signal is level-triggered, and synchronization is active while the signal is true. When **Start Synchronizing** is set to false while the drive is running, the drive ramps to standstill and maintain the position.

When starting synchronization, the follower must sometimes compensate for initial position differences between the master and follower, especially if the master is already running. In this case, the correction is done using the active ramps and the speed set in parameter **5.15.3.4 Superimposed Speed Difference**, which is added to the actual master speed. This means that the maximum speed for correcting a position deviation is given by the equation:

Actual master speed x Gear ratio + Superimposed Speed Difference

The offset between master and follower can be corrected while synchronizing by using the Superimposed Movement function. For more information, see [6.7 Superimposed Movement](#).

The In Sync signal is true when the position deviation between master and follower is within the tolerance specified with parameter **5.15.2.2 Synchronization Window** for more than the time specified with parameter **5.15.2.3 Synchronization Window Delay**.

The actual synchronizing status is shown in parameter **5.15.1.1 Synchronizing Status**. The possible synchronizing states are:

- Idle
- Active
- Error
- Aborted
- In Sync

6.4.5 Master

The source of the master reference signal is selected with parameter **5.16.2.1 Master Source Selection**. The master source can be an encoder or resolver connected as device 1 or 2 to the Encoder/Resolver Option OC7M0 or the virtual master. The master position can be set to a predefined position defined with parameter **5.16.2.3 Master Home Position** and activated by the **Master Home** signal. The **Master Home** signal can be assigned to a digital input or fieldbus bit with parameter **5.16.2.2 Master Home Input**.

6.4.6 Virtual Master

The drive can generate a virtual master signal which can be used for synchronizing several drives/motors. The master signal is distributed from the drive hosting the virtual master as a TTL encoder signal via the virtual output of the Encoder/Resolver Option OC7M0 as illustrated:

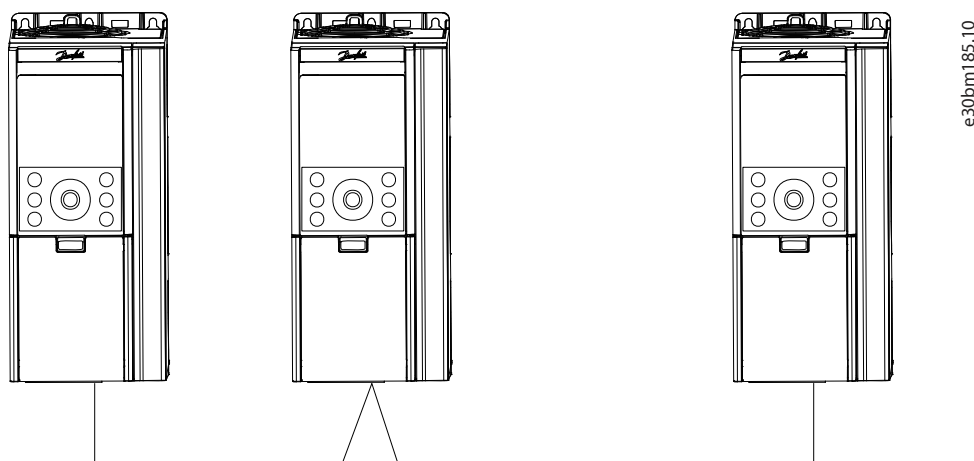


Figure 76: Virtual Master

The virtual master is:

- Speed controlled. The reference selected with parameter **5.16.2.6 Virtual Master Speed Reference Source** sets the speed.
- Independent of the operation mode and status of the hosting drive.
- Started by the signal selected with parameter **5.16.2.5 Virtual Master Start Input**. The signal is level triggered, meaning that TRUE = start and FALSE = stop.

- Ramping up and down using the acceleration and deceleration set by the ramp selected with parameter **5.16.2.7 Virtual Master Ramp Selection**. Only a linear ramp can be used.

The virtual master status is shown in parameter **5.16.1.3 Virtual Master Status**. The status can be 1 of the following:

- **Idle** – Virtual master not started
- **Active** – Virtual master started and ramping up or down, but not at reference
- **At Reference** – Virtual master started and running at reference

Distributing the virtual master from the hosting drive requires an Encoder/Resolver option where device 2 is configured as **Virtual Out** with parameter **9.4.6 Interface Configuration for Device 2**, and parameter **5.16.2.4 Virtual Output Source Selection** is set to **Virtual Master**.

In the followers, Feedback Device 1 or 2 must be selected as master source with parameter **5.16.2.1 Master Source Selection**.

In the hosting drive, **Virtual Master** can be selected directly as the master source. However, the timing of the master signal will be slightly different from the other followers. To ensure identical timing of the master signal in all followers, the virtual out (device 2) can also be connected as device 1 on the hosting drive. However, this occupies both devices on the Encoder/Resolver option.

6.5 Homing

6.5.1 Overview of Homing

The Homing function is used to define the zero point of the machine, thus creating a relation between the physical position of the machine and position values registered by the drive. Homing is needed in different situations depending on the operating mode and type of feedback.

- With sensorless operation, homing is needed after power-up and when the motor is moved while not controlled by the drive; after a fault, for example.
- With incremental feedback, homing is needed after power-up.
- If Position Recovery is enabled, homing can be skipped after power-up with sensorless or incremental encoder operation, provided there is no movement while the power is off. For more details, see [6.2.6 Position Recovery](#).
- With absolute feedback, homing can be used during commissioning to define an offset for the absolute positions received from the encoder, as an alternative to physically aligning the encoder with the machine position.



NOTE: The offset is only retained at power-down if Position Recovery is enabled with parameter **5.13.2.4 Position Recovery at Power-up**.

- The Homing on the fly function refreshes the home position while the drive is running, without affecting the ongoing movement. It can be used to avoid position drifting especially for induction motors in sensorless operation.

6.5.2 One Time Homing Methods

The drive supports several different homing methods, selectable with parameter **5.17.2.3 Home Mode**:

- Home Direct
- Home on Sensor
- Home on Block
- Home on Zero Pulse

These homing functions are executed by the **Home Enable** signal, which must remain high until the selected homing function is completed. If the **Home Enable** signal is removed before home is found, the ongoing homing movement is interrupted. The source for the **Home Enable** signal is selected with parameter **5.17.2.1 Home Enable Input**.



NOTE: A prerequisite for any homing movement is that the drive is in positioning mode, is enabled, and has received a start command.

It is possible to set time and distance limits for finding the home position with parameters **5.17.2.10 Home Time Limit** and **5.17.2.11 Home Distance Limit**. A fault occurs if home is not found within the set time or distance.

Home direct

Home Direct sets **Actual Position** and **Demanded Position** to the value of parameter **5.17.2.5 Home Position** and the **Home Done** signal is set, meaning there is no movement of the motor.

Home on sensor

Home on Sensor performs a search for the home sensor connected to the input selected with parameter **5.17.2.2 Home Sensor Input**, and sets **Actual Position** to the value of parameter **5.17.2.5 Home Position** at the edge of the home sensor signal. The home sensor can be a separate sensor, or 1 of the Hardware End limits can be used as home sensor.

Speed, ramps, and the direction for home sensor search are configured by parameters **5.17.2.6 Home Speed**, **5.17.2.8 Home Ramp Selection**, and **5.17.2.4 Home Search Direction**.

A 2nd home speed can be defined. It enables the drive to find the home sensor at a high speed set with parameter **5.17.2.6 Home Speed**, while doing the actual home sensor detection at a lower speed, for higher accuracy, set with parameter **5.17.2.7 Home Speed Low**. When parameter **5.17.2.7 Home Speed Low** is set to zero (which is the default), the speed set with parameter **5.17.2.6 Home Speed** is used for the entire homing procedure.

The following illustrations show different scenarios with different positions defined as home:

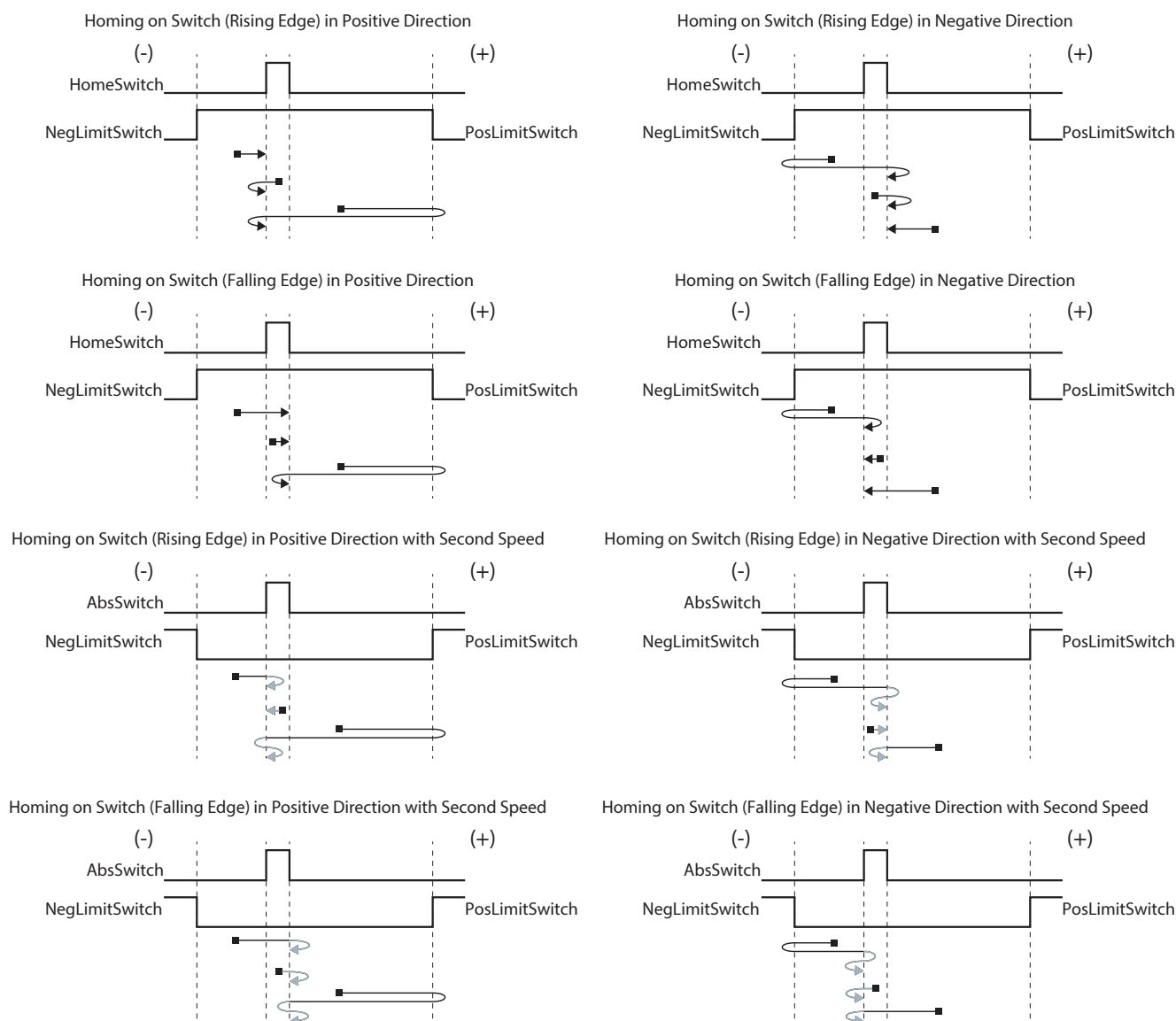


Figure 77: Home on Sensor Scenarios

The illustrations show the position which is defined as Home Position, with the **Home Done** signal set. The function to be executed after finding the home position is configurable via parameter **5.17.2.12 Function after Home Found**, with the following selections:

Selection	Description
Speed Stop	Ramp down to zero speed. The stop position depends on speed reference and ramps.
Position Stop	Positioning to the target of parameter 5.17.2.13 Home Offset , relative to the Home Position.

Home on block

Home on Block enables homing without a sensor for machines that can run against an end mechanically blocking the movement. Searching for the block is done with speed, ramps, and direction configured with parameters **5.17.2.6 Home Speed**, **5.17.2.8 Home Ramp Selection**, and **5.17.2.4 Home Search Direction**. The block is detected by using the home torque limit, set with parameter **5.17.2.9 Home Torque Limit** while the motor is at standstill. Adapt the home torque limit accordingly so it will not damage the machine. **Actual Position** is set to the value of parameter **5.17.2.5 Home Position** and the **Home Done** signal is set when a block is detected.

Home on zero pulse

Home on Zero Pulse performs a search for the zero pulse of a 3 track incremental encoder that is connected to the Encoder/Resolver Option OC7M0.

Speed, ramps, and the direction for home search are configured with parameters **5.17.2.6 Home Speed**, **5.17.2.8 Home Ramp Selection**, and **5.17.2.4 Home Search Direction**.

When the signal is found, Home on Zero Pulse sets Actual Position and Demanded Position to the value of parameter **5.17.2.5 Home Position**, and the Home Done signal is set.

6.5.3 Homing on the Fly

Homing on the fly adjusts *Actual Position* and *Demanded Position* when passing the home sensor, thus refreshing the home position while running, without affecting the ongoing movement.

Homing on the fly can be used in all operating modes as a one-time homing maneuver after power-up, instead of having to execute a separate one-time homing function before starting. Alternatively it can be used as a continuous function to avoid position drifting. Homing on the fly is activated as a background task by selecting the required function with parameter **5.17.2.15 Homing On The Fly**. The following selections are available:

- 1st time after power-up
- 1st time after power-up (running in the positive direction)
- 1st time after power-up (running in the negative direction)
- 1st time after start
- 1st time after start (running in the positive direction)
- 1st time after start (running in the negative direction)
- 1st time after coast
- 1st time after coast (running in the positive direction)
- 1st time after coast (running in the negative direction)
- Every time
- Every time (running in the positive direction)
- Every time (running in the negative direction)
- Disabled (default)

The *Home Done* signal is set at the first occurrence of the home sensor.

6.5.4 Control and Status Signals

Executing and controlling homing is done by the following control signals:

Control signal (input)	Function
Home Enable	Executes the selected home function and starts searching for the home position, provided that the drive is enabled and has received a start command. Homing is interrupted if Home Enable is removed before finding the home position.
Home Sensor	The signal used for Home on sensor and Homing on the fly.

The following status signals are available for monitoring homing status:

Status signal (output)	Function
Home Active	Signals that a homing procedure is active. The signal is reset when homing is done and the Home Enable signal is inactive.
Home Done	Signals that home is found. The condition for resetting the signal is selected with parameter 5.17.2.14 Reset of Home Done .

6.6 Touch Probe

6.6.1 Overview of Touch Probe

The Touch probe function captures the actual position at the edge of a signal on a digital input, independent of the operating mode.

2 simultaneous touch probes are supported, called **Touch Probe 1** (menu group **5.18.1**) and **Touch Probe 2** (menu group **5.18.2**). The following describes Touch probe 1 but is applicable to both as the 2 touch probes and their parameters are identical, the only difference being level 3 of the parameter index number.

The source of the touch probe signal is selected with parameter **5.18.1.2.1 Touch Probe 1 Input** and it is possible to enable and disable monitoring of the touch probe by a digital input or a fieldbus control word bit, selected with parameter **5.18.1.2.2 Touch Probe 1 Enable Input**.

There are 2 modes for capturing the touch probe position selected via parameter **5.18.1.2.5 Touch Probe 1 Mode**:

Selection	Description
Single Shot	After the touch probe is enabled, only the 1st occurrence of the touch probe is captured. The actual position at the occurrence of the touch probe is shown in parameter 5.18.1.1.5 Touch Probe 1 Recorded Position .
Continuous	All occurrences of the touch probe are captured while the touch probe is enabled. The actual position at the latest occurrence of the touch probe is shown in parameter 5.18.1.1.5 Touch Probe 1 Recorded Position . The number of occurrences is counted and shown in parameter 5.18.1.1.7 Touch Probe 1 Counter . The counter is automatically reset when the touch probe is enabled, but it can also be reset at any time by parameter 5.18.1.2.4 Touch Probe 1 Reset Counter .

The captured touch probe positions can be read out and used by an external controller, while they can be used inside the drive for Touch probe positioning, distance measurement, and marker synchronizing.

It is possible to define a position window for accepting the touch probe by defining 1st and last positions for the acceptable position area with parameters **5.18.1.2.7 Touch Probe 1 First Position** and **5.18.1.2.8 Touch Probe 1 Last Position**. The following illustrations show different scenarios for linear and rotary axis:

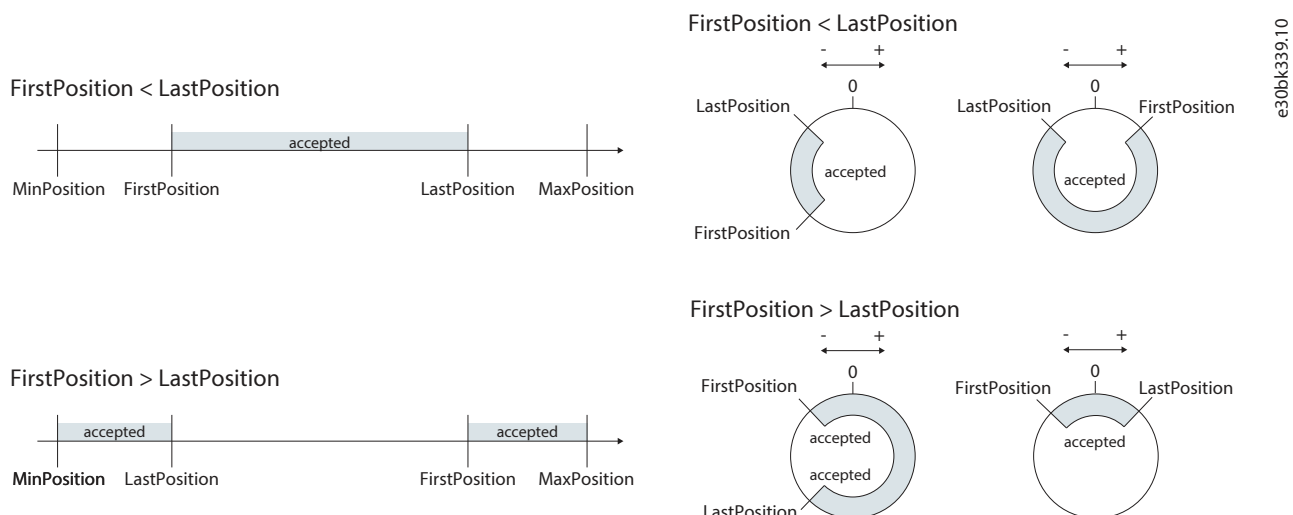


Figure 78: Touch Probe Scenarios for Linear and Rotary Axis

6.6.2 Control and Status Signals

Controlling touch probes is done by the following control signals:

Control signal (input)	Function
Touch Probe 1 Enable	Activates monitoring and capturing of Touch Probe 1 while signal is high (level-triggered)
Touch Probe 2 Enable	Activates monitoring and capturing of Touch Probe 2 while signal is high (level-triggered)
Touch Probe 1	The signal for capturing Actual Position of Touch Probe 1, edge-triggered.
Touch Probe 2	The signal for capturing Actual Position of Touch Probe 2, edge-triggered.

The following status signals are available for monitoring Touch Probe status:

Status signal (output)	Function
Touch Probe 1 Detected	Signals that Touch Probe 1 has been detected. The signal is reset when the Touch Probe is disabled.
Touch Probe 2 Detected	Signals that Touch Probe 2 has been detected. The signal is reset when the Touch Probe is disabled.
Touch Probe 1 Active	Signals that Touch Probe 1 is enabled.
Touch Probe 2 Active	Signals that Touch Probe 2 is enabled.

6.6.3 Distance Measurement

The drive can measure the distance between 2 Touch Probe events in position units. It can be the distance between 2 separate Touch Probes or the distance between 2 instances of the same Touch Probe. The measured distance is shown in parameter **5.18.3.1.1 Touch Probe Distance**, and the number of measurements is shown in parameter **5.18.3.1.3 Distance Measurement Counter**. The counter is reset when the source selection is changed.

Measurement is done between 2 sources, A and B, selected with parameters **5.18.3.2.1 Selection Source A** and **5.18.3.2.2 Selection Source B** with the following selections:

- None

- Touch Probe 1
- Touch Probe 2

The distance is measured between source B and the latest occurrence of source A and is calculated at every occurrence of source B:
Distance = [Position of source B] – [Position of source A].

The following illustrations show how the distance is measured in different scenarios:

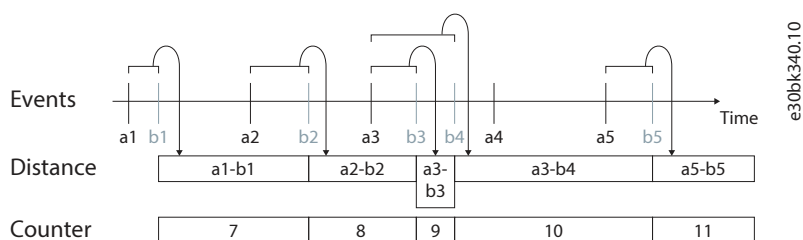


Figure 79: Two Separate Touch Probes as Sources A and B

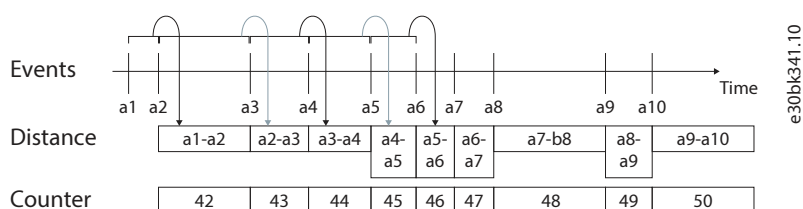


Figure 80: The Same Touch Probe as Sources A and B

6.7 Superimposed Movement

Superimposed movement is positioning on top of an underlying motion in Speed mode or Gear mode, used for offsetting the position while running. Superimposed movement is controlled by a separate profile generator, which calculates a speed profile on top of the underlying movement based on distance, speed, and ramps, defined with the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
5.19.2.4 Superimposed Speed Difference	Sets the speed reference for the superimposed motion, which is added to the actual speed of the underlying motion.
5.19.2.5 Superimposed Distance	Sets the distance for superimposition in position units.
5.19.2.6 Superimposed Ramp Selection	Selects the set of ramp type and ramp times for the superimposed movement.

Superimposed movement is triggered by the signal Superimposed Start. The source for this signal is selected with parameter **5.19.2.1 Superimposed Start Input**. The superimposed distance can be relative to the previous target, the actual position, or an absolute value. This is configurable via parameter **5.19.2.2 Superimposed Mode**, with the following selections:

Selection	Description
Additive to Previous Target	Distance is added to the previous superimposed target even if the target is not yet reached.
Additive to Covered Distance	Distance is added to the actual position meaning that the target of an ongoing superimposed movement is replaced by the new target.
Absolute	Distance is used as the absolute target, relative to the starting point of the first superimposed movement since the underlying movement was started.

The following figures illustrate the results of different superimposed movements:

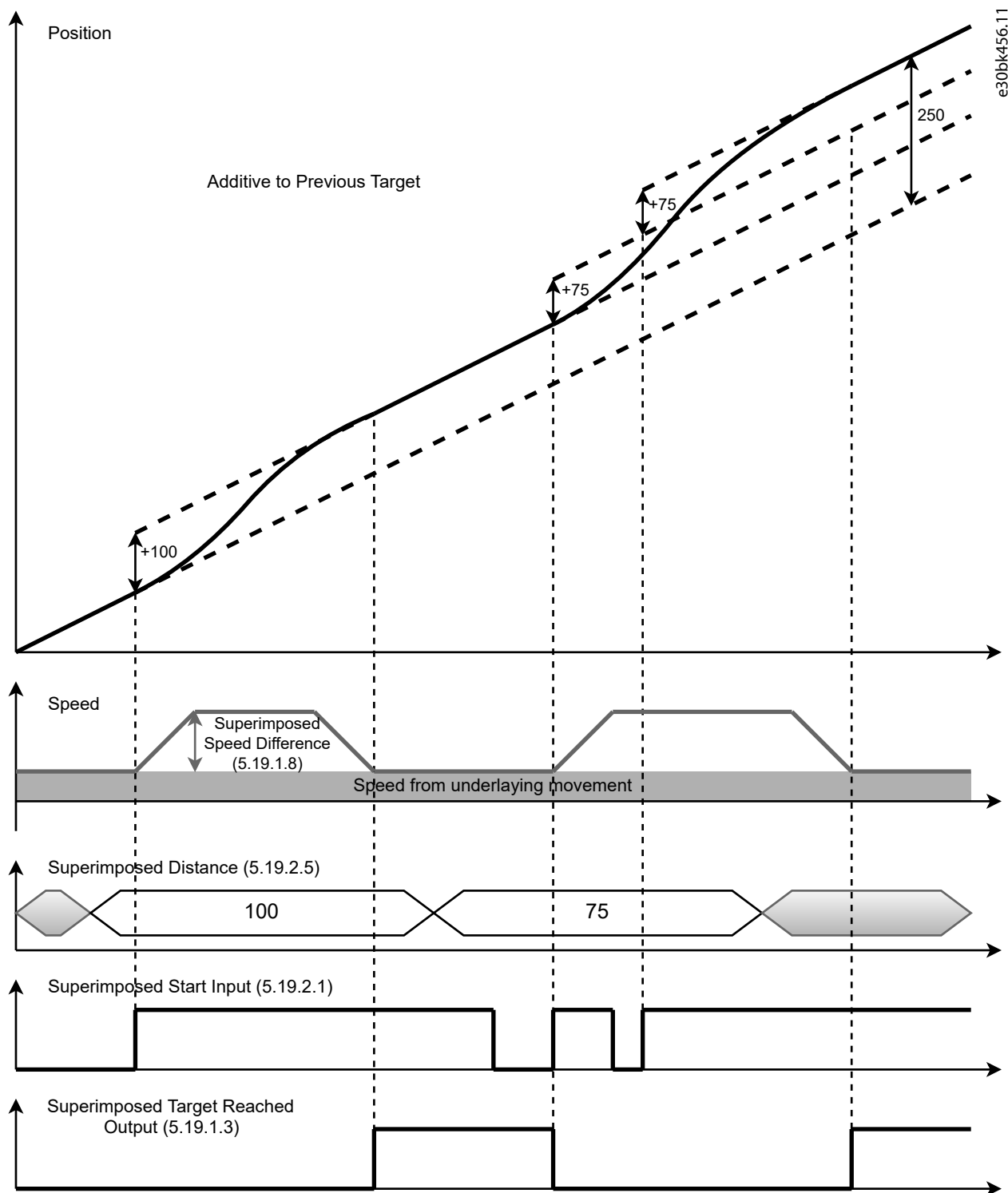


Figure 81: Speed Control Superimposed Mode - Additive to Previous Target

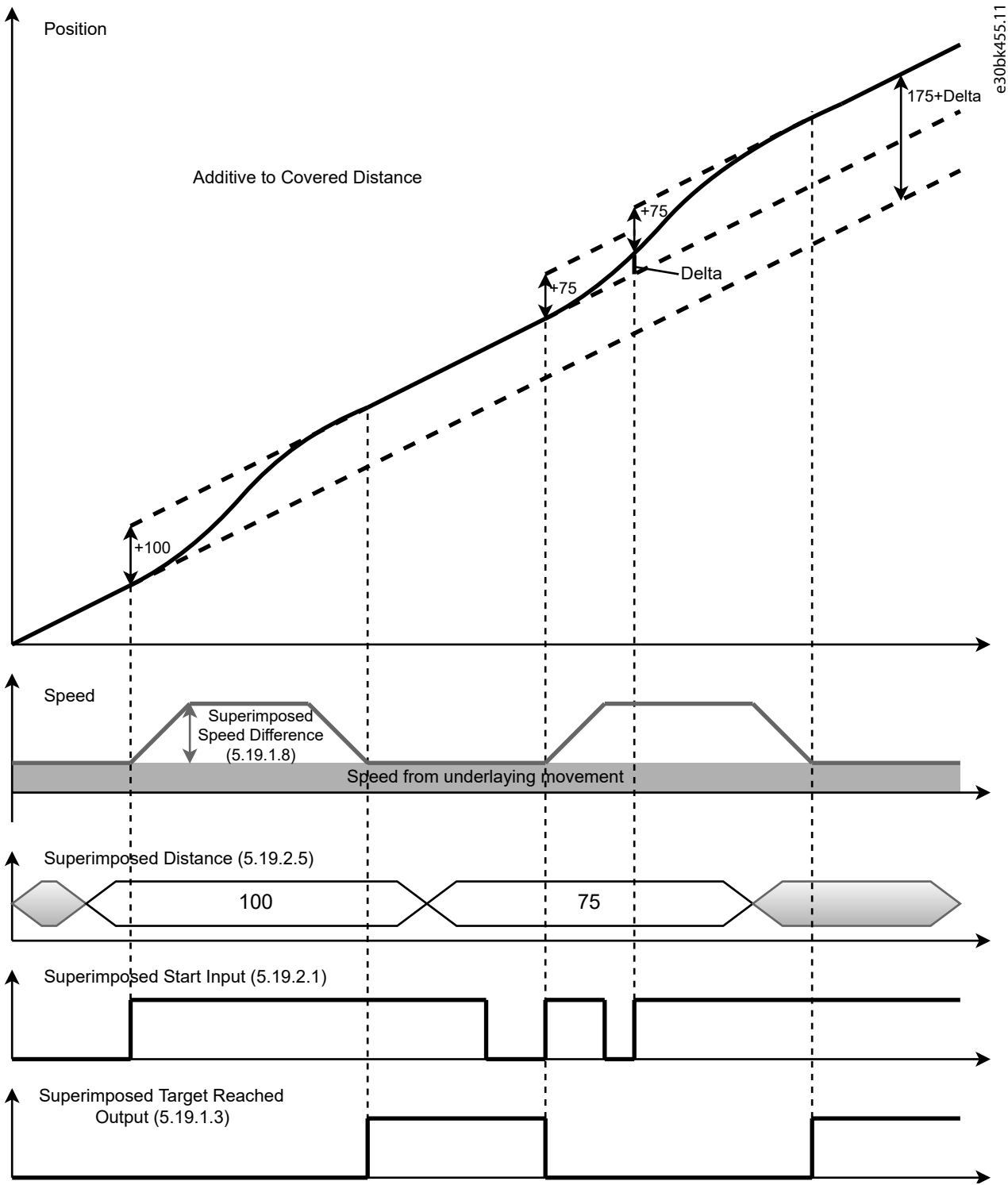


Figure 82: Speed Control Superimposed Mode - Additive to Covered Distance

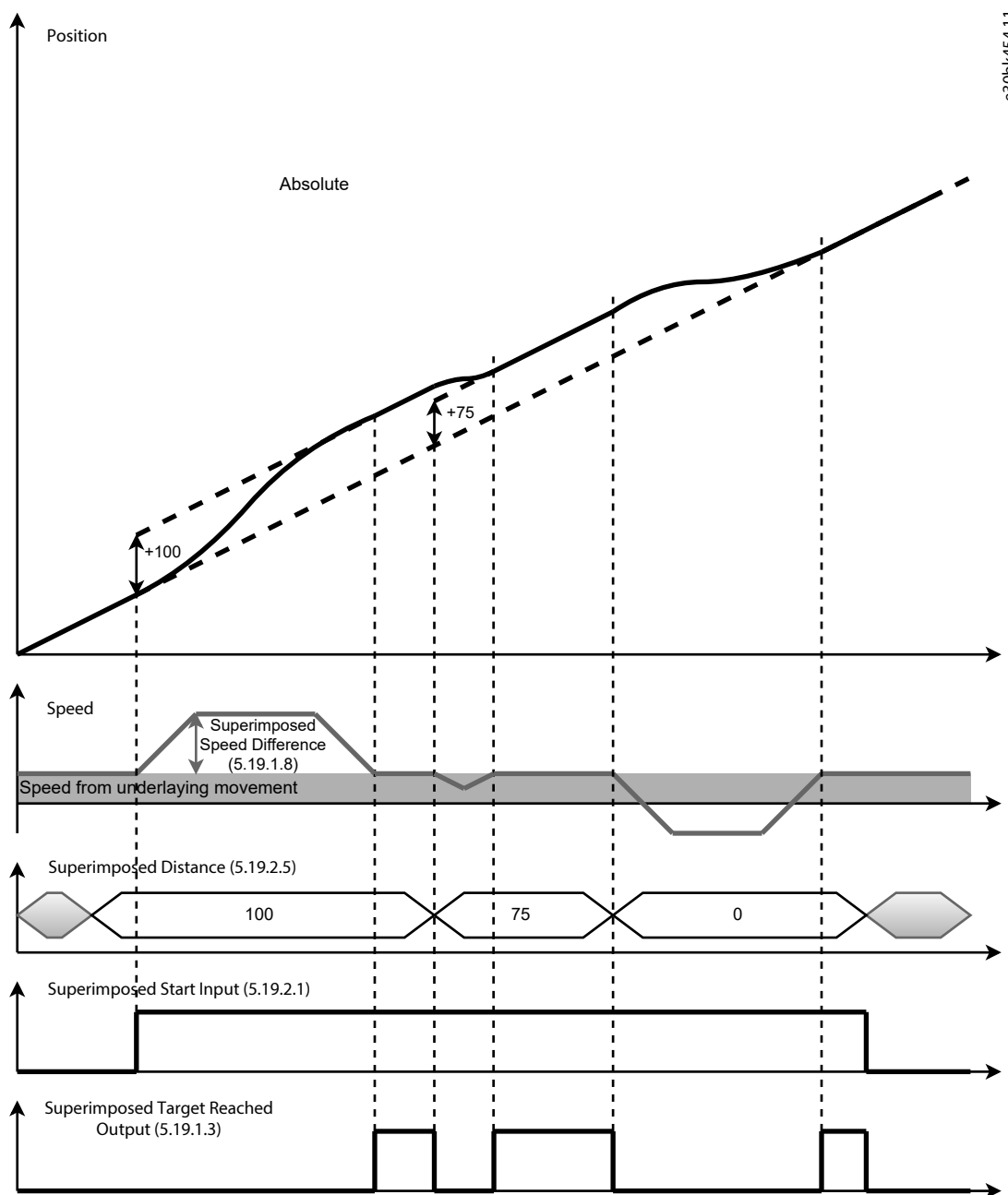


Figure 83: Speed Control Superimposed Mode - Absolute

Control and status signals

Controlling superimposed movement is done by the following control signal:

Control signal (input)	Function
Superimposed Start	Activates the configured superimposed movement, edge-triggered.

The following status signals are available for monitoring superimposed movement status:

Status signal (output)	Function
Superimposed Active	Signals that superimposed movement is ongoing.
Superimposed Target Reached	Signals that the superimposed target has been reached. The condition is that Superimposed Demanded Position = Superimposed Target Position.

7 Configuration Setup Examples

7.1 Configuration Prerequisites

The section covers the basic configuration steps of a drive. It is possible that the application requires more steps such as protection settings. Use the following topics as reference during the drive configuration/commissioning process:

- For control panel related configurations, see [5.2.4 Control Panel Basic Configurations](#).
- For information on using MyDrive Insight, see [5.3.2 Getting Started with MyDrive® Insight](#).
- For detailed information about the parameters, see *Parameter Descriptions*.

NOTICE

Ensure that the drive is mounted safely according to the installation and safety instructions shipped with the drive.

See also the following schematic for the correct wiring:

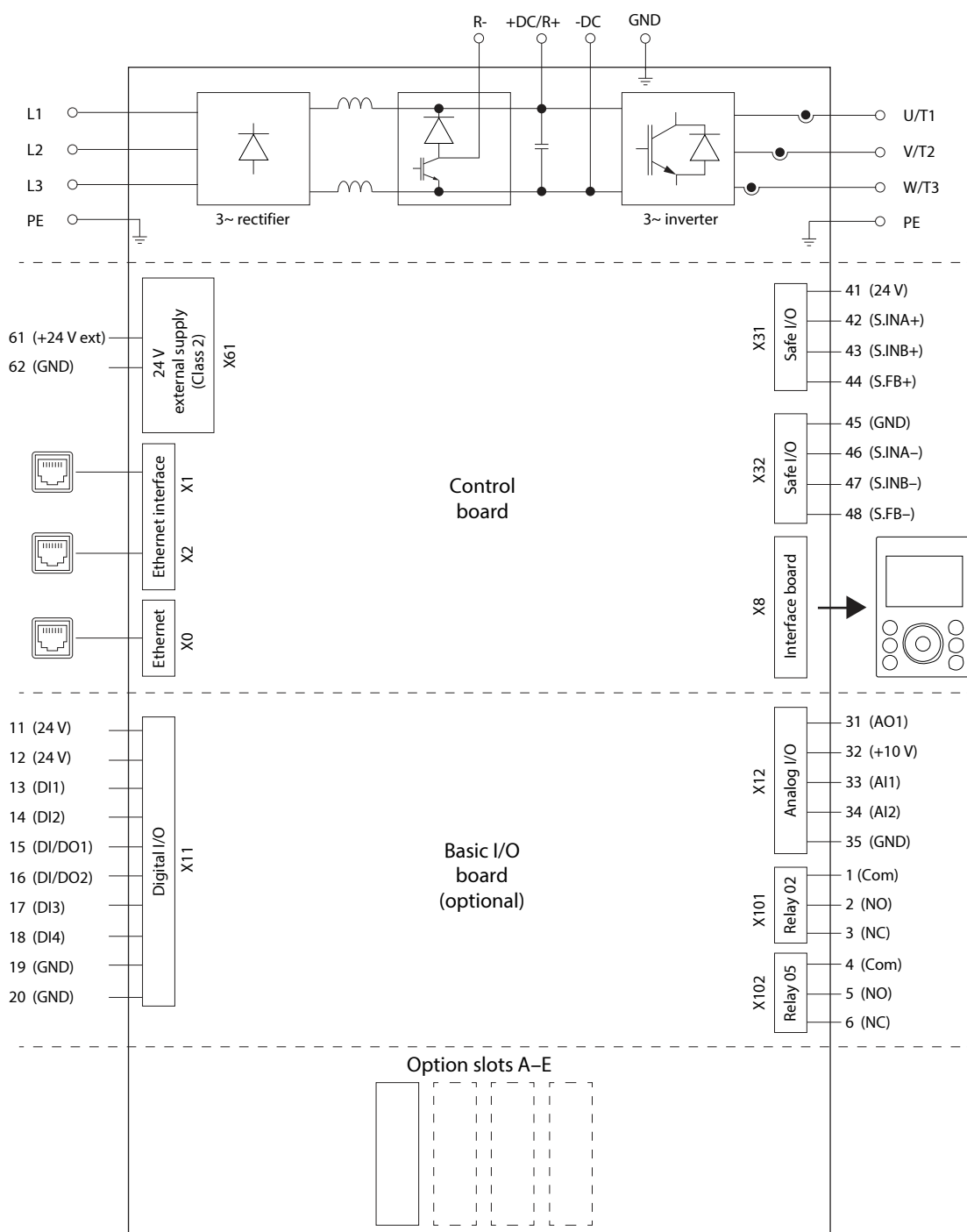


Figure 84: Wiring Diagram



NOTE: Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list.

7.2 Basic Setup of a Drive

The basic setup of the drive consists of the following configuration steps.

1. Configure the grid settings.

Index	Parameter name	Example setting	Parameter number
1.2.1	Grid Type	TN	2942

- Configure the power unit settings.

Index	Parameter name	Example setting	Parameter number
2.2.1.1	Unit Voltage Class	Low-voltage range	2832
2.2.1.2	Overload Mode	High overload (HO1)	2833

- Configure the operating mode.

Index	Parameter name	Example setting	Parameter number
5.4.2.16	Operation Mode	Speed control	2500
4.3.1.5	Motor Feedback Mode	Open loop	2502

- Configure the control place settings.

Index	Parameter name	Example setting	Parameter number
5.5.2.1	Control Place Selection	Advanced control	114
5.5.3.1.2	Local Control Mode	Allow local control	107
5.5.6.1.1	Advanced Start Input	Fieldbus start, Basic I/O T13	4722
5.5.6.1.2	Advanced Start Logic	Source 1	1933
5.5.6.1.7	Advanced Coast Inverse Input	Fieldbus coast, Basic I/O T16	4724
5.5.6.1.8	Advanced Coast Inverse Logic	Source 1	1936

- Configure the fieldbus communications (if available). See the relevant fieldbus guide.
- Configure the readouts in the control panel. See .

7.3 Configuring the Motor, Motor Control, and Motor Thermal Protection

The required configuration steps depend on the motor type selected in parameter **4.2.1.1 Motor Type**.

NOTICE

The parameters specified in motor configuration cannot be adjusted when the motor is running.

- Configure basic motor data. Go to **Parameter group 4** and specify the following:

Index	Parameter name	Parameter setting	Parameter number
4.2.1.1	Motor Type	Induction motor, Permanent magnet motor, or Synchronous reluctance motor	407
4.2.2.1	Nominal Power	As on motor product label.	405
4.2.2.2	Nominal Current	As on motor product label.	400

Index	Parameter name	Parameter setting	Parameter number
4.2.2.3	Nominal Speed	As on motor product label.	402
4.2.2.4	Nominal Frequency	As on motor product label.	403
4.2.2.5	Nominal Voltage	As on motor product label.	401



NOTE: Changing the product label data causes a reset of the advanced motor data to default values, and the loss of AMA results.

2. Perform Automatic Motor Adaptation (AMA).

The advanced motor data, which are needed for optimal motor control performance and which are described in step 3, can be entered manually or measured and calculated based on AMA. The data measurement must be conducted in standstill with the following parameter:

Index	Parameter name	Parameter setting	Parameter number
4.2.1.3	AMA Mode	Motor data	420



NOTE: AMA requires an active start signal for execution. After AMA is performed, the setting of AMA Mode automatically switches to Off, and a notification must be confirmed. A new start signal is required for starting the motor. This is to avoid an unintended start caused by the active start signal. Consult the iC7 Series Frequency Converters Installation Safety Guide for safety information on unintended start.



NOTE: Running AMA for most motors takes a few seconds, but for synchronous reluctance motors of 11 kW or larger, it takes approximately 23 minutes.

3. Configure the advanced motor data if AMA is not performed. Setting these parameters is recommended for optimal motor control performance.

Table 19: Asynchronous Induction Motors

Index	Parameter name	Parameter setting	Parameter number
4.2.3.1	Stator Resistance Rs	Result of AMA or as on motor data sheet.	408
4.2.3.2	Rotor Resistance Rr	Result of AMA or as on motor data sheet.	409
4.2.3.3	Iron Loss Resistance Rfe	Result of AMA or as on motor data sheet.	413
4.2.3.4	Stator Leakage Reactance Xls	Result of AMA or as on motor data sheet.	440
4.2.3.5	Rotor Leakage Resistance Xlr	Result of AMA or as on motor data sheet.	441
4.2.3.6	Magnetizing Reactance Xm	Result of AMA or as on motor data sheet.	442

Table 20: Permanent Magnet Motors and Synchronous Reluctance Motors

Index	Parameter name	Parameter setting	Parameter number
4.2.4.2	Stator Resistance Rs	Result of AMA or as on motor product label.	408
4.2.4.3	d-axis Inductance Ld	Result of AMA or as on motor product label.	417
4.2.4.4	d-axis Inductance LdSat	Result of AMA or as on motor product label.	418
4.2.4.5	Ld Saturation Point	Result of AMA or as on motor product label.	426
4.2.4.6	q-axis Inductance Lq	Result of AMA or as on motor product label.	427
4.2.4.7	q-axis Inductance LqSat	Result of AMA or as on motor product label.	422
4.2.4.8	Lq Saturation Point	Result of AMA or as on motor product label.	424
4.2.4.1	Back EMF	Only for Permanent Magnet Motors. As stated on motor data sheet, as specified at 1000 RPM.	415


NOTE:

For PM motors, once an AMA has been executed, the drive tries to calculate the back EMF constant for the motor. To improve motor control, it is advisable to replace the calculated value from the AMA with the value from the motor name plate or data sheet.

The back EMF constant must be typed in as line-line RMS voltage at 1000 RPM.

If the value is not available for the motor speed of 1000 RPM, calculate the correct value. For example, if the back EMF is 320 V at 1800 RPM, it can be calculated at 1000 RPM:

$$\text{Back EMF} = (\text{Voltage/RPM}) \times 1000 = (320/1800) \times 1000 = 178$$

It is also possible to measure the back EMF constant with the drive by operating the motor faster than 15% of the nominal speed and then applying a coast signal. The value can then be read out in parameter **4.1.29 Back EMF Measured Coast**. The measured value can then be manually transferred to parameter **4.2.4.1 Back EMF**.

4. Configure motor control.

Index	Parameter name	Parameter setting	Parameter number
4.3.1.1	Motor Control Principle	FVC+ Control	2503
4.3.3.1	Continuous Rs Estimation	Enabled	428

To configure FVC+ control to a synchronous reluctance motor, additional parameters must be set. Setting **5.8.7.2 Estimated Speed Filter Tc** and **5.8.2.1.2 Speed Controller Kp** FVC+ stabilize the control, and setting **5.8.2.2.1 Virtual Friction Gain** dampens the speed response.

Index	Parameter name	Parameter setting	Parameter number
4.3.3.5	Low-speed Mode	Low speed minimum current	2816
4.3.3.11	Minimum Current Speed Threshold	17700 RPM	2838
5.8.7.2	Estimated Speed Filter Tc	30 ms	4545
5.8.2.1.2	Speed Controller Kp FVC+	2.00 %/Hz	4020
5.8.2.2.1	Virtual Friction Gain	5.0	4549



NOTE: For motor control principles VVC+ and U/f, the following applies:

- Configure compensations for slip and different application conditions in parameter group **4.3.4 VVC+ & U/f Settings**.
- Enable and configure Automatic Energy Optimization (AEO) in parameter group **5.3.3 Torque & AEO**.
- For U/f, define the voltage and frequency points in parameter group **4.3.2 U/f Settings** as required for the application.

5. Configure motor thermal protection.

The Electronic Thermal Relay (ETR) function protects the motor from thermal overload without connecting an external device, by estimating the motor temperature based on present load and time. The ETR function meets the relevant requirements of UL 61800-5-1, including the Thermal Memory Retention requirement, and ensures a class 20 protection level. ETR can be configured and the motor thermal load can be viewed using the following parameters:

Index	Parameter name	Parameter setting	Parameter number
4.5.4	ETR Overtemperature Response	Fault, ramp to coast	2825
4.1.16	Motor Thermal Load (ETR)	Varies (Readout)	2951

The fault **0x7120-4177 Motor Thermal Overload** is issued when the motor thermal load has reached 100%.

7.4 Configuring Speed Control

This section describes the basic configuration for speed control in open loop.

The following procedure describes the additional steps to control the speed according to the following wiring diagram.

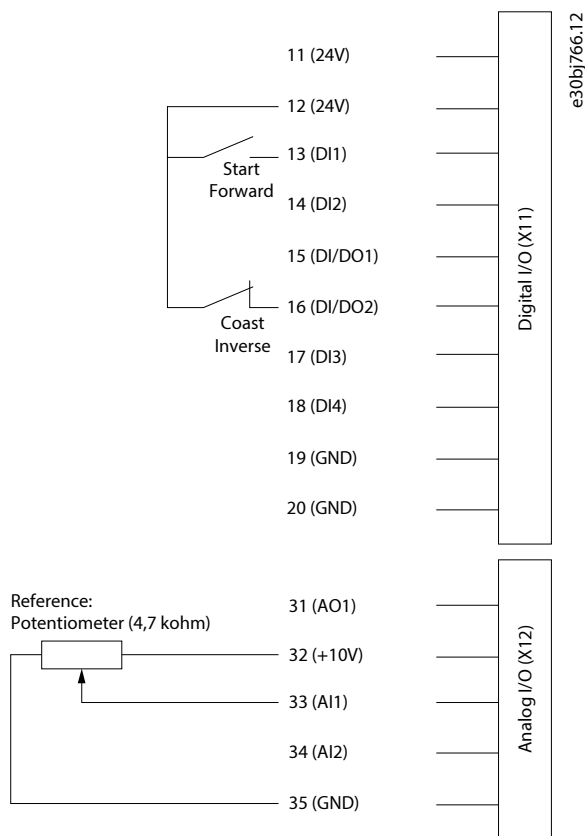


Figure 85: Wiring Diagram Example - Speed Control with Basic I/O

1. Perform the steps in [7.2 Basic Setup of a Drive](#).
2. Perform the steps in [7.3 Configuring the Motor, Motor Control, and Motor Thermal Protection](#).
3. Configure the operation mode for speed control.

Index	Parameter name	Example setting	Parameter number
5.4.2.16	Operation Mode	Speed control	2500
4.3.1.5	Motor Feedback Mode	Open loop	2502

4. Configure the type of speed reference used for the Advanced Control Place.

Index	Parameter name	Example setting	Parameter number
5.5.6.2.1	Adv. Speed Reference	Fieldbus reference, Reference 1 input	1915
5.5.6.2.2	Adv. Speed Reference Logic	Sum	1916

5. Configure speed limit settings.

Index	Parameter name	Example setting	Parameter number
5.8.3.1	Positive Speed Limit	1500 RPM	1729
5.8.3.2	Negative Speed Limit	-1500 RPM	1728
5.8.3.3	Minimum Speed Limit	0 RPM	1722

6. Configure the ramp.

Index	Parameter name	Example setting	Parameter number
5.8.6.1.1	Ramp Selector	Ramp 1	1100
5.8.6.2.1	Ramp 1 Type	Linear ramp	1125
5.8.6.2.2	Ramp 1 Accel. Time	5 s.	1101
5.8.6.2.3	Ramp 1 Decel. Time	5 s.	1105

7. Configure the reference and input settings according to the selected reference type.

Table 21: Reference Settings

Index	Parameter name	Example setting	Parameter number
5.8.4.1	Speed Reference 1 Input	Basic I/O T33	501
5.8.4.3	Speed Reference 1 Maximum	1500 RPM	1724
5.8.4.4	Speed Reference 1 Minimum	0 RPM	1725

Table 22: Basic I/O Settings

Index	Parameter name	Example setting	Parameter number
9.5.2.1	T33 Terminal Mode	Analog input	2020
9.5.2.2	T33 Terminal Type	Voltage	2273
9.5.2.3	T33 Minimum Value	0 V	2272
9.5.2.4	T33 Maximum Value	10 V	2271

8. Optional: Configure the settings for the Auto Tuning of the speed controller.

For achieving optimal motor control performance, perform an Inertia Estimation or, if the inertia is known, enter the inertia manually with parameter **5.3.2.3 System Inertia**.

Also perform an Auto Tuning of the speed controller settings. Auto tuning requires an inertia estimation value. Besides the settings already described, adjust the following:

Index	Parameter name	Example setting	Parameter number
5.8.11.1	Speed Controller Auto Tuning	Enabled	4546
5.3.2.1	Inertia Estimation Mode	Without load profile	668



NOTE: The recommended setting for parameter **5.3.2.1 Inertia Estimation Mode** depends on the torque characteristic configured with parameter **5.3.3.1 Torque Characteristic**. Select **Without load profile** if there is a constant torque load, and **With profile** for a variable torque load.

9. To start the tuning process, apply a start signal to terminal 13 of the Basic I/O.

7.5 Configuring Torque Control

While the drive is in torque control, the motor speed is monitored but not controlled. Therefore, motor speed can reach the speed limits, when the load, application, or upper system are not within the speed limits. For this reason, it is important to set the limits of the output frequency as described in [7.4 Configuring Speed Control](#). Since speed ramps can also be used as limiting factor, check the ramp settings in step 6 of [7.4 Configuring Speed Control](#). Torque control is only available with the motor control principle FVC+.

The procedure is described according to the following wiring diagram.

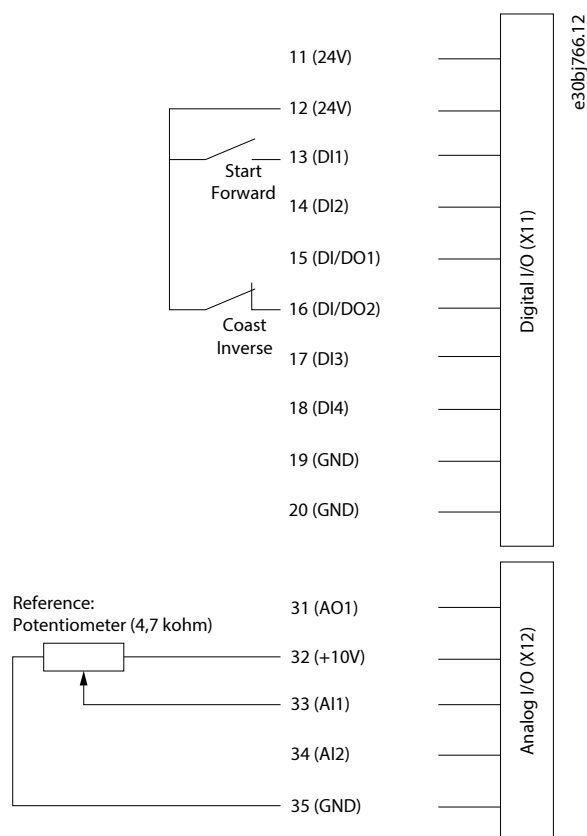


Figure 86: Wiring Diagram Example - Torque Control with Basic I/O

1. Perform the steps in [7.2 Basic Setup of a Drive](#).
2. Perform the steps in [7.3 Configuring the Motor, Motor Control, and Motor Thermal Protection](#).
3. Configure the operation mode for torque control.

Index	Parameter name	Example setting	Parameter number
5.4.2.16	Operation Mode	Torque control	2500

4. Configure the type of torque reference used for the Advanced Control Place.

Index	Parameter name	Example setting	Parameter number
5.5.6.2.4	Adv. Torque Reference	Fieldbus reference, Reference 1 input	1929
5.5.6.2.5	Adv. Torque Reference Logic	Sum	1919

5. Configure the torque limit settings. The torque limits are active in all operation modes.

- For simple torque limit settings regardless of what quadrant is used, set the overall maximum allowed torque.

Index	Parameter name	Parameter number
5.9.2.1	Maximum Torque Limit	1823

- For more advanced torque limits, set each quadrant individually with the following parameters.



NOTE: If 4 quadrant torque adjustments are needed, the maximum torque limit parameter must be set to the maximum value.

Index	Parameter name	Example setting	Parameter number
5.9.2.2	Positive Torque Limit	150%	1810
5.9.2.3	Negative Torque Limit	-150%	1811
5.9.2.4	Motoring Torque Limit	100%	1321
5.9.2.5	Regenerative Torque Limit	100%	1323
5.9.2.6	Speed Limit Mode Torque Ctrl.	Pos./Neg. speed limit	2332

See more information about flexible limit modes in 6.6.9.3 Limits (Menu Index 5.9.2).

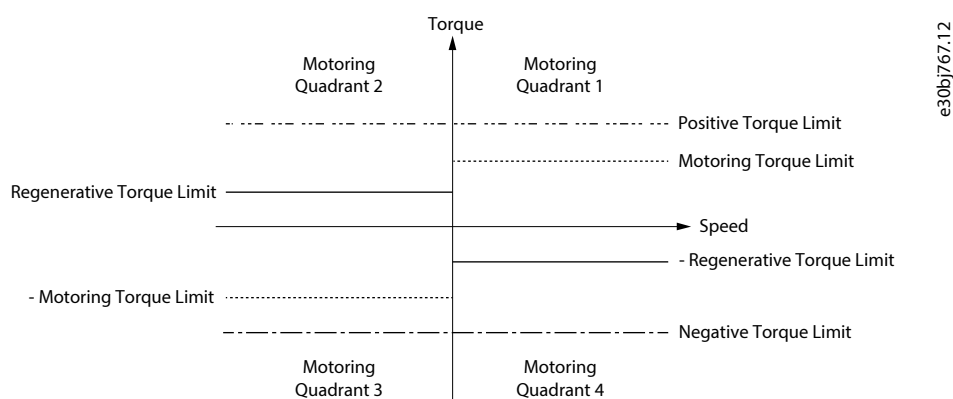


Figure 87: Torque Control Limits

- Configure the reference settings and terminals used for the reference signal.

Table 23: Reference Settings

Index	Parameter name	Example setting	Parameter number
5.9.3.1	Torque Reference 1 Input	Basic I/O T33	4534
5.9.3.3	Torque Reference 1 Maximum	100%	4530
5.9.3.4	Torque Reference 1 Minimum	0%	4531
5.9.3.14	Torque Reference Ramp Time	10 s.	2330

Table 24: Basic I/O Settings

Index	Parameter name	Example setting	Parameter number
9.5.2.1	T33 Terminal Mode	Analog input	2020
9.5.2.2	T33 Terminal Type	Voltage	2273
9.5.2.3	T33 Minimum Value	0 V	2272
9.5.2.4	T33 Maximum Value	10 V	2271

7.6 Configuration Examples for Motion Control

iC7-Automation with the Motion application offers extensive motion functionality, enabling the use of iC7-Automation in many applications requiring position control. The following application examples present the functionalities and show the required parameter settings and connections.

The basic configuration instructions for optimizing the drive for the motor and tuning speed PI and position PID are not included. The application examples show how to configure the motion features, which are independent of the selected motor control mode.

Instructions for configuring the drive for closed-loop control with feedback via a Basic I/O or Encoder/Resolver option are also not included. See the relevant documentation for more information.

The control signals can be provided by digital I/O, or any of the supported fieldbus protocols.

The following are the recommended commissioning steps:

1. Configure the motor (motor type/data and AMA)
2. Configure the feedback (if operating in closed loop)
3. Tune the speed PI and position PID, if needed (the default settings are fine for many applications)
4. Scale the position units, scale the master for synchronizing (gear ratio)
5. Configure homing, if needed (if absolute positioning in sensorless mode or a closed loop with an incremental encoder is needed)
6. Configure control signals and references

7.6.1 Absolute Positioning on Linear Axis with Homing On Sensor and Hardware End Limits

This example shows a configuration for absolute positioning on a linear axis with 2 different control methods:

- I/O control, where position targets and speed reference is set by preset references
- Fieldbus control using the iC Motion profile, including control word and speed/position reference

The configuration includes the following support features:

- The actual position after powering up is defined by homing on a physical sensor that is placed at position 150 mm.
- Position values are scaled to millimeters. The application is moving 37 mm per motor revolution.
- Position limits are defined with warnings if the target is outside the allowed position range of 0–500 mm.
- There are hardware end limits that issue a fault to protect the mechanics.

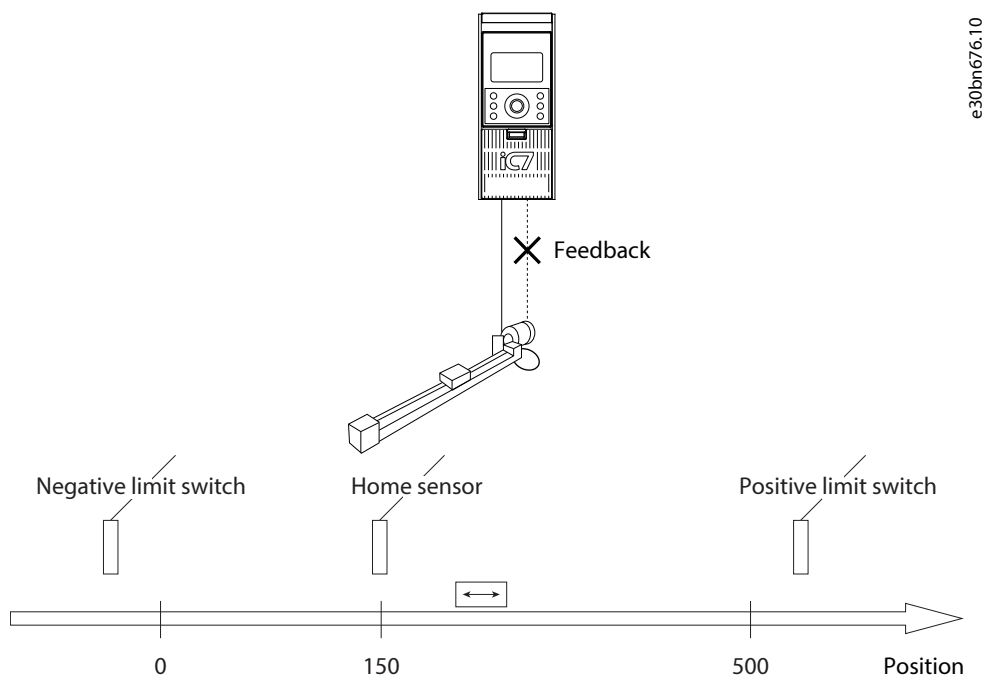


Figure 88: Absolute Positioning on Linear Axis with Homing On Sensor and Hardware End Limits

Basic configuration (common for I/O and fieldbus control)

Table 25: Basic configuration

Parameter	Setting	Description
5.4.2.16 Operation Mode	[3] Position Control	Enable position control.
5.13.2.1 Position Feedback Source	[0] Inherit from motor feedback mode	Position feedback comes from motor control, can be sensorless or a physical feedback device. Alternatively select a dedicated position feedback device.
5.13.4.4 Position Unit Numerator	37	Define the distance of movement per number of motor revolutions.
5.13.4.5 Position Unit Denominator	1	
5.13.4.6 Position Unit	[2] mm	Millimeters used as the unit for all position parameters in the control panel and MyDrive® Insight.
5.13.5.4 Min. Position Limit	0	Define the allowed range of movement.
5.13.5.5 Max. Position Limit	500	
5.13.5.6 Position Limit Response	[1] Warning	Position commands with a target outside the allowed range are rejected, and a warning is issued.
5.13.5.7 Negative Limit Switch Input	[10118] Basic I/O T18 Digital Input	Connect the negative hardware limit switch to terminal 18.
5.13.5.8 Positive Limit Switch Input	[10117] Basic I/O T17 Digital Input	Connect the positive hardware limit switch to terminal 17.
5.13.5.9 Limit Switch Response	[7] Fault	Hitting one of the limit switches triggers a fault.
5.17.2.2 Home Sensor Input	[10116] Basic I/O T16 Digital Input	Connect the home sensor to terminal 16.

Table 25: Basic configuration - (continued)

Parameter	Setting	Description
5.17.2.3 Home Mode	[0] Home on Switch (Rising Edge)	
5.17.2.4 Home Search Direction	[1] Negative Direction	
5.17.2.5 Home Position	150	
5.17.2.6 Home Speed	100	
5.8.6.2.2 Ramp 1 Accel. Time	2 s	Ramp times used for the positioning speed profile.
5.8.6.2.3 Ramp 1 Decel. Time	2 s	

Additional configuration for preset references and I/O control

Table 26: Configuring I/O Control

Parameter	Setting	Description
5.5.2.1 Control Place Selection	[3] I/O Control	Control signals by digital inputs.
5.5.5.1 Start Input	[10113] Basic I/O T13 Digital Input	Use input terminal 13 as start. The start signal magnetizes the motor and starts movement towards the selected target.
5.5.5.10 I/O Speed Reference Source	[5] Preset Reference	Speed reference is set by parameter 5.8.4.8 Preset Speed 1 .
5.5.5.13 I/O Position Reference Source	[5] Preset Reference	Position reference is set by the selected preset position reference.
5.8.4.8 Preset Speed 1	[Speed in RPM]	Set the required positioning speed.
5.14.2.1 Enable Reference Input	[1] True	New position references, speed references, and ramps are used immediately and executed when the drive is started.
5.14.1.3 Positioning Target Reached Output	[10102] Basic I/O Relay T2	Select relay 1 to signal that the target position is reached within the window around the position reference defined by parameter 5.14.2.18 On-target Window .
5.14.2.10 Preset Position Selector	[0] Bit Selection	The preset position reference is selected by selector bit.
5.14.2.11 Preset Selector Bit 0 Input	[10114] Basic I/O T14 Digital Input	Use terminal 14 to select between preset position references 1 and 2.
5.14.2.2 Preset Position Ref. 1	50	Set the desired positioning targets.
5.14.2.3 Preset Position Ref. 2	425	
5.17.1.3 Home Done Output	[10105] Basic I/O Relay T5	Select relay 2 to signal that the selected home function has been completed.
5.17.2.1 Home Enable Input	[10115] Basic I/O T15 Digital Input	Use terminal 15 to execute the selected home function. The input is level-triggered, meaning that the home procedure is interrupted if the input is set to low.

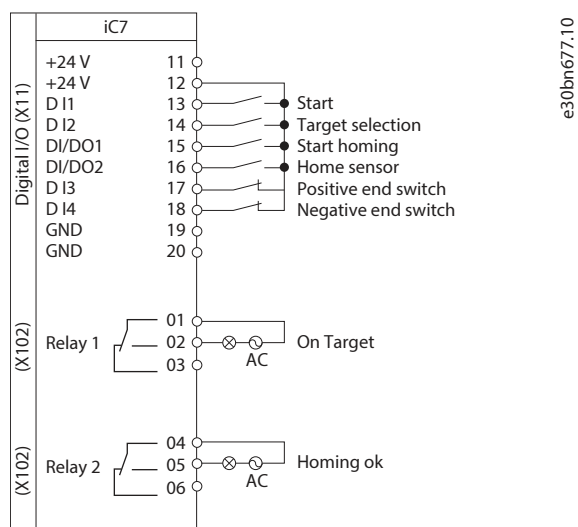


Figure 89: I/O Control Connection Diagram

Additional configuration for fieldbus control using the iC motion profile

Table 27: Configuring Fieldbus Control

Parameter	Setting	Description
5.5.2.1 Control Place Selection	[2] Fieldbus Control	Control commands and references via fieldbus.

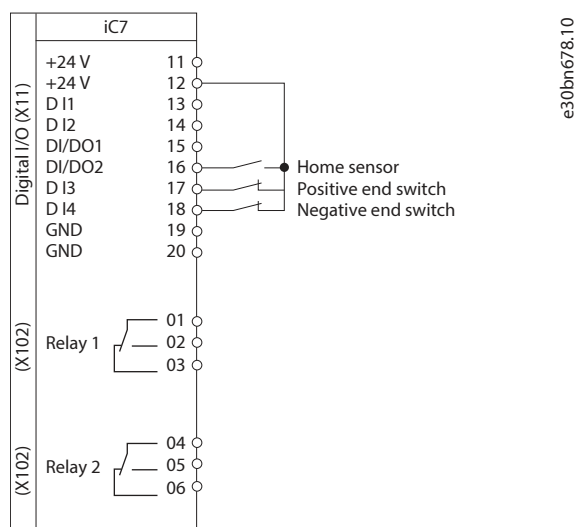


Figure 90: Fieldbus Control Connection Diagram

Table 28: iC Motion Profile Data Layout

	Word 1 (16 bits)	Word 2 (16 bits)	Words 3 and 4 (32 bits)
Input to drive	Control word	Speed reference	Position reference
Output from drive	Status word	Actual speed	Actual position

Table 29: Control Word Bits Used

Bit number	Function	Description
3	Coast	0: The motor is coasted 1: Operation is enabled
5	Enable Reference	0: No function 1: Enable current speed and position reference
6	Start	0: Ramp down 1: Start
10	Data Valid	0: Ignore process data (control word and references) 1: Use current process data
11	Home Enable	0: No function/abort ongoing home function 1: Execute the selected home function

Table 30: Status Word Bits Used

Bit number	Function	Description
2	No Coast	0: Motor is coasted 1: Operation is enabled
4	Home Done	0: No home function completed 1: Selected home function completed
12	Target Position Reached	0: Target position not reached 1: Target position reached within the window around the position reference defined by parameter 5.14.2.19 On-target Window

7.6.2 Relative Positioning of Rotary Axis with Homing on the Fly

This example shows a configuration with an indexing table with 8 stations, relative positioning 45°, and sensorless control of the induction motor with a gearbox ratio of 6.14:1. Home on switch (90°) is used to get the correct starting position and the homing on the fly function is used to avoid position drifting while running due to motor slip. Position values are scaled to degrees.

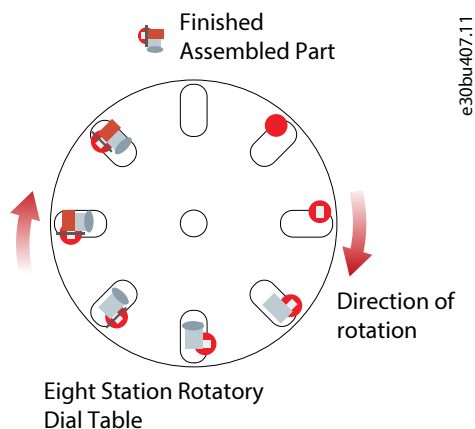


Figure 91: Relative Positioning of Rotary Axis with Homing on the Fly

Basic configuration (common for I/O and fieldbus control)

Table 31: Basic configuration

Parameter	Setting	Description
5.4.2.16 Operation Mode	[3] Position Control	Enable position control.
4.3.1.5 Motor Feedback Mode	[0] Open Loop	Sensorless motor and position control.
5.13.2.1 Position Feedback Source	[0] Inherit from motor feedback mode	
5.13.4.1 Axis Mode	[1] Rotary Axis	Rotary axis, the actual position counting is between the minimum and maximum positions (0° – 360°).
5.13.4.4 Position Unit Numerator	2520	Define the distance of movement per motor revolution. The gear-box is really 43/7 to 1 (6.14 is a rounded value causing additional position drift over time) and there is 360° per revolution, so the numerator is 360*7 and the denominator is 43.
5.13.4.5 Position Unit Denominator	43	
5.13.4.6 Position Unit	[4] °	° used as the unit for all position parameters in the control panel and MyDrive® Insight.
5.13.5.4 Min. Position Limit	0°	Define the allowed range of movement.
5.13.5.5 Max. Position Limit	360°	
5.14.2.14 Relative Positioning Input	[1] True	Relative positioning permanently selected. If selecting between relative and absolute positioning is required, this setting can also be linked to a digital input/control word bit.
5.17.2.2 Home Sensor Input	[10116] Basic I/O T16 Digital Input	Connect the home sensor to terminal 16.
5.17.2.3 Home Mode	[0] Home on Switch (Rising Edge)	
5.17.2.4 Home Search Direction	[0] Positive Direction	
5.17.2.5 Home Position	90°	
5.17.2.6 Home Speed	100	
5.17.2.15 Homing On The Fly	[10] Every time	
5.8.6.2.2 Ramp 1 Accel. Time	2 s	Ramp times used for the positioning speed profile.
5.8.6.2.3 Ramp 1 Decel. Time	2 s	

Additional configuration for preset references and I/O control

Table 32: Configuring I/O Control

Parameter	Setting	Description
5.5.2.1 Control Place Selection	[3] I/O Control	Control signals by digital inputs.
5.5.5.1 Start Input	[10113] Basic I/O T13 Digital Input	Use input terminal 13 as start. The start signal magnetizes the motor and enables movement that is triggered by Enable Reference .
5.5.5.10 I/O Speed Reference Source	[5] Preset Reference	Speed reference is set by parameter 5.8.4.8 Preset Speed 1 .
5.5.5.13 I/O Position Reference Source	[5] Preset Reference	Position reference is set by the selected preset position reference.
5.8.4.8 Preset Speed 1	[Speed in RPM]	Set the required positioning speed.

Table 32: Configuring I/O Control - (continued)

Parameter	Setting	Description
5.14.1.3 Positioning Target Reached Output	[10102] Basic I/O Relay T2	Select relay 1 to signal that the target position is reached within the window around the position reference defined by parameter 5.14.2.18 On-target Window .
5.14.2.1 Enable Reference Input	[10114] Basic I/O T14 Digital Input	A positive edge triggers a movement with the distance of Position Reference .
5.14.2.10 Preset Position Selector	[1] Preset 1	Preset position reference 1 is selected.
5.14.2.2 Preset Position Ref. 1	45°	Set the desired positioning targets.
5.17.1.3 Home Done Output	[10105] Basic I/O Relay T5	Select relay 2 to signal that the selected home function has been completed.
5.17.2.1 Home Enable Input	[10115] Basic I/O T15 Digital Input	Use terminal 15 to execute the selected home function. The input is level-triggered, meaning that the home procedure is interrupted if the input is set to low.

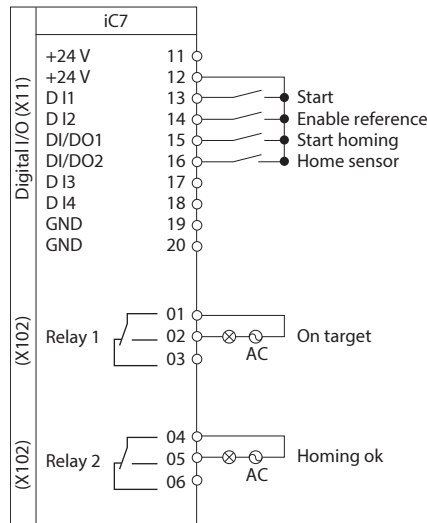


Figure 92: I/O Control Connection Diagram

Additional configuration for fieldbus control using the iC motion profile

Table 33: Configuring Fieldbus Control

Parameter	Setting	Description
5.5.2.1 Control Place Selection	[2] Fieldbus Control	Control commands and references via fieldbus.

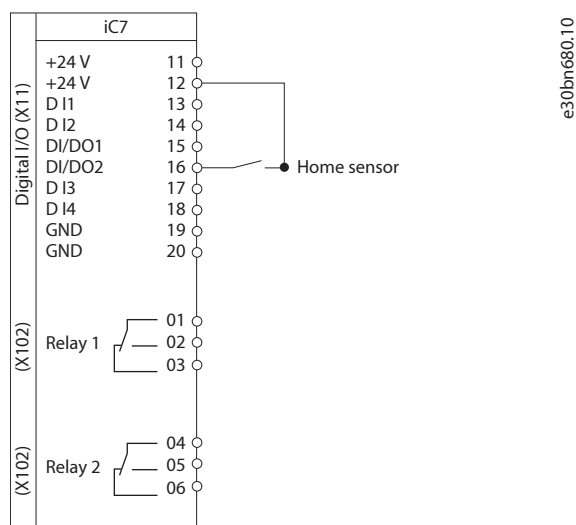


Figure 93: Fieldbus Control Connection Diagram

Table 34: iC Motion Profile Data Layout

	Word 1 (16 bits)	Word 2 (16 bits)	Words 3 and 4 (32 bits)
Input to drive	Control word	Speed reference	Position reference
Output from drive	Status word	Actual speed	Actual position

Table 35: Control Word Bits Used

Bit number	Function	Description
3	Coast	0: The motor is coasted 1: Operation is enabled
5	Enable Reference	0→1: Trigger movement with the distance of Position Reference .
6	Start	0: Ramp down 1: Start
10	Data Valid	0: Ignore process data (control word and references) 1: Use current process data
11	Home Enable	0: No function/abort ongoing home function 1: Execute the selected home function

Table 36: Status Word Bits Used

Bit number	Function	Description
2	No Coast	0: Motor is coasted 1: Operation is enabled
4	Home Done	0: No home function completed 1: Selected home function completed
12	Target Position Reached	0: Target position not reached 1: Target position reached within the window around the position reference defined by parameter 5.14.2.19 On-target Window

7.6.3 Touch Probe Positioning in Speed Control

This example shows a configuration for a speed-controlled roller conveyor where pallets must stop in a specific position ready to be picked up. As the pallet starting position is random, the positioning is based on detecting the pallet by the touch probe sensor. The final target position is then determined from the position of the touch probe sensor and the distance between the touch probe sensor and the pickup position.

A limit switch is used to prevent moving the pallet beyond the end of the conveyor in case the touch probe sensor is missing or fails.

Motor and position control can be sensorless or with feedback. The configuration of the features in this example is independent of the control mode.

The positioning unit is millimeters, and the pallet is moved 29.3 mm per motor revolution; position scaling is determined from the drive train and the roller diameter.

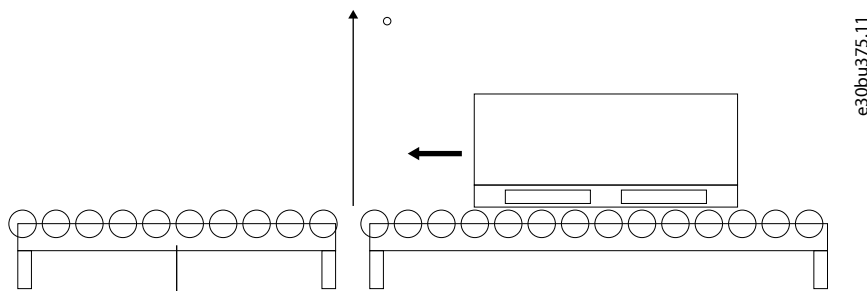


Figure 94: Touch Probe Positioning in Speed Control

Basic configuration (common for I/O and fieldbus control)

Table 37: Basic configuration

Parameter	Setting	Description
5.4.2.16 Operation Mode	[0] Speed Control	Enable speed control.
5.13.2.1 Position Feedback Source	[0] Inherit from motor feedback mode	Position feedback comes from motor control, can be sensorless or a physical feedback device. Alternatively select a dedicated position feedback device.
5.13.4.4 Position Unit Numerator	293	Define the distance of movement per motor revolution. The values must be integers, so the numerator is $29,3 * 10 = 293$ and the denominator is 10.
5.13.4.5 Position Unit Denominator	10	
5.13.4.6 Position Unit	[2] mm	Millimeters are used as the unit for all position parameters in the control panel and MyDrive® Insight.
5.18.1.2.1 Touch Probe 1 Input	[10114] Basic I/O T14 Digital Input	Connect the touch probe sensor to terminal 14.
5.18.1.2.2 Touch Probe 1 Enable Input	[1] True	Enable the touch probe input.
5.8.6.2.2 Ramp 1 Accel. Time	2 s	Ramp times used for the positioning speed profile.
5.8.6.2.3 Ramp 1 Decel. Time	2 s	

Additional configuration for preset references and I/O control

Table 38: Configuring I/O Control

Parameter	Setting	Description
5.5.2.1 Control Place Selection	[3] I/O Control	Control signals by digital inputs.
5.5.5.1 Start Input	[10113] Basic I/O T13 Digital Input	Use input terminal 13 as start.
5.5.5.10 I/O Speed Reference Source	[5] Preset Reference	Speed reference is set by parameter 5.8.4.8 Preset Speed 1 .
5.8.4.8 Preset Speed 1	[Speed in RPM]	Set the required speed for both speed mode and positioning.
5.14.1.3 Positioning Target Reached Output	[10102] Basic I/O Relay T2	Select relay 1 to signal that the target position is reached within the window around the position reference defined by parameter 5.14.2.18 On-target Window .
5.14.2.16 Touch Probe Positioning Enable Input	[10115] Basic I/O T15 Digital Input	Touch Probe detection is enabled and disabled by digital input 15. If permanent touch probe detection is required, set this parameter to [1] True.
5.14.2.17 Touch Probe Position Ref.	[Distance in mm]	Set the distance between the touch sensor and the required stop position.

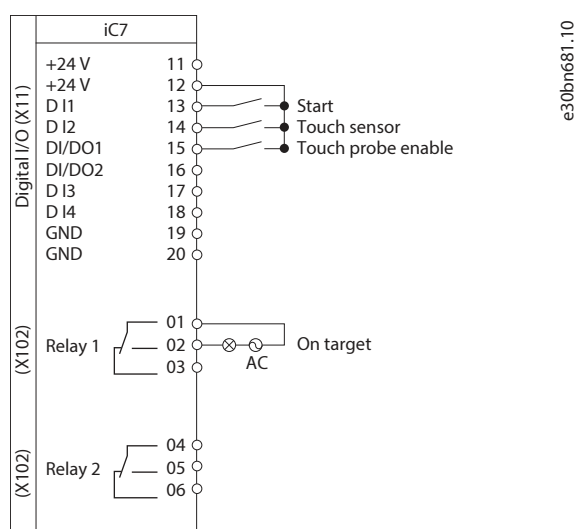


Figure 95: I/O Control Connection Diagram

Additional configuration for fieldbus control using the iC motion profile

Table 39: Configuring Fieldbus Control

Parameter	Setting	Description
5.5.2.1 Control Place Selection	[2] Fieldbus Control	Control commands and references via fieldbus.
5.14.2.16 Touch Probe Positioning Enable Input	[6412]CTW1 bit 12	Touch Probe detection is enabled and disabled by control word bit 12. If permanent touch probe detection is required, set this parameter to [1] True.

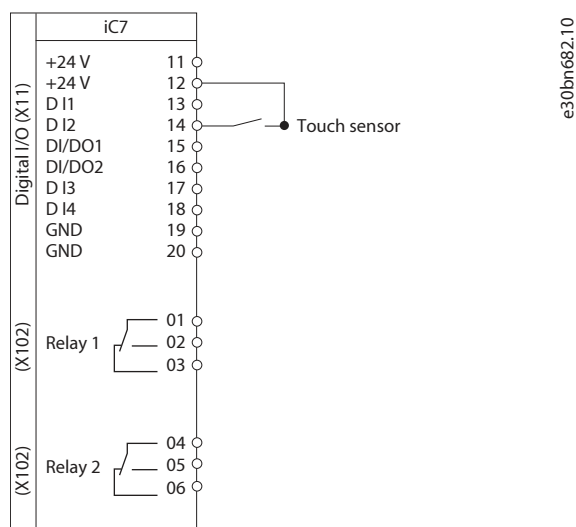


Figure 96: Fieldbus Control Connection Diagram

Table 40: iC Motion Profile Data Layout

	Word 1 (16 bits)	Word 2 (16 bits)	Words 3 and 4 (32 bits)
Input to drive	Control word	Speed reference	Not used
Output from drive	Status word	Actual speed	Actual position

Table 41: Control Word Bits Used

Bit number	Function	Description
3	Coast	0: The motor is coasted 1: Operation is enabled
5	Enable Reference	0→1: Trigger movement with the distance of Position Reference .
6	Start	0: Ramp down 1: Start
10	Data Valid	0: Ignore process data (control word and references) 1: Use current process data
12	Enable Touch Probe	0: Disable touch probe detection 1: Enable touch probe detection

Table 42: Status Word Bits Used

Bit number	Function	Description
2	No Coast	0: Motor is coasted 1: Operation is enabled
12	Target Position Reached	0: Target position not reached 1: Target position reached within the window around the position reference defined by parameter 5.14.2.19 On-target Window

7.6.4 Touch Probe Positioning in Position Control

This example shows a configuration for the vertical axis of a palletizer, where the touch probe is used to detect the existing top of the stack. The basic movement is positioning with the lowest allowed position as the target. This limits the movement in case no touch probe is detected.

Operating cycle:

1. Homing
 2. Go to upper position
 3. Touch probe positioning
 4. Repeat 2 and 3
- 2 preset position references: upper position = 100, lower position = 2300
 - Position limits with a warning that is triggered if the target is outside the allowed position range of 0–2500mm.
 - Hardware end limits with a fault to protect mechanics.
 - Homing on negative limit switch (top).

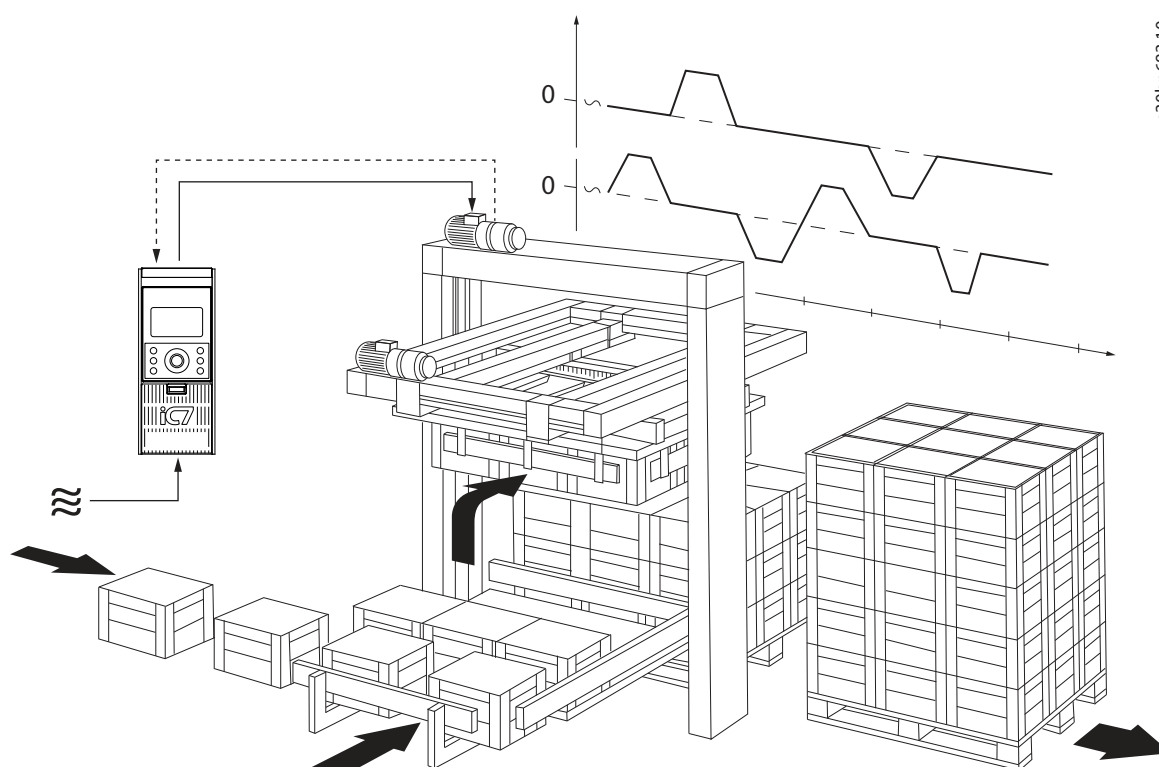


Figure 97: Touch Probe Positioning in Position Control

Basic configuration (common for I/O and fieldbus control)

Table 43: Basic configuration

Parameter	Setting	Description
5.4.2.16 Operation Mode	[3] Position Control	Enable position control.
5.8.6.2.2 Ramp 1 Accel. Time	2 s	Ramp times used for the positioning speed profile.
5.8.6.2.3 Ramp 1 Decel. Time	2 s	
5.13.2.1 Position Feedback Source	[0] Inherit from motor feedback mode	Position feedback comes from motor control, can be sensorless or a physical feedback device. Alternatively select a dedicated position feedback device.

Table 43: Basic configuration - (continued)

Parameter	Setting	Description
5.13.4.4 Position Unit Numerator	37	Define the distance of movement per motor revolution.
5.13.4.5 Position Unit Denominator	1	
5.13.4.6 Position Unit	[2] mm	Millimeters are used as the unit for all position parameters in the control panel and MyDrive® Insight.
5.13.5.4 Min. Position Limit	0	Define the allowed range of movement
5.13.5.5 Max. Position Limit	2500	
5.13.5.6 Position Limit Response	[1] Warning	Position commands with a target outside the allowed range are rejected and a warning is issued.
5.13.5.7 Negative Limit Switch Input	[10118] Basic I/O T18 Digital Input	Connect the negative hardware limit switch to terminal 18.
5.13.5.8 Positive Limit Switch Input	[10117] Basic I/O T17 Digital Input	Connect the positive hardware limit switch to terminal 17.
5.13.5.9 Limit Switch Response	[7] Fault	Hitting one of the limit switches triggers a fault.
5.17.2.2 Home Sensor Input	[10118] Basic I/O T18 Digital Input	Use the negative hardware end limit on terminal 18 as the home sensor.
5.17.2.3 Home Mode	[0] Home on Switch (Rising Edge)	
5.17.2.4 Home Search Direction	[1] Negative Direction	
5.17.2.5 Home Position	0	
5.17.2.6 Home Speed	100	
5.18.1.2.1 Touch Probe 1 Input	[10114] Basic I/O T14 Digital Input	Connect the touch probe sensor to terminal 14.
5.18.1.2.2 Touch Probe 1 Enable Input	[1] True	Enable the touch probe input.

Additional configuration for preset references and I/O control

Table 44: Configuring I/O Control

Parameter	Setting	Description
5.5.2.1 Control Place Selection	[3] I/O Control	Control signals by digital inputs.
5.5.5.1 Start Input	[10113] Basic I/O T13 Digital Input	Use input terminal 13 as start. The signal magnetizes the motor and starts movement towards the selected target.
5.5.5.10 I/O Speed Reference Source	[5] Preset Reference	Speed reference is set by parameter 5.8.4.8 Preset Speed 1 .
5.5.5.13 I/O Position Reference Source	[5] Preset Reference	Position reference is set by the selected preset position reference
5.8.4.8 Preset Speed 1	[Speed in RPM]	Set the required positioning speed.
5.14.2.1 Enable Reference Input	[1] True	New position references, speed references, and ramps are used immediately and executed when the drive is started.

Table 44: Configuring I/O Control - (continued)

Parameter	Setting	Description
5.14.1.3 Positioning Target Reached Output	[10102] Basic I/O Relay T2	Select relay 1 to signal that the target position is reached within the window around the position reference defined by parameter 5.14.2.18 On-target Window .
5.14.2.2 Preset Position Ref. 1	100	Set the desired positioning targets.
5.14.2.3 Preset Position Ref. 2	2300	
5.14.2.10 Preset Position Selector	[0] Bit Selection	The preset position reference is selected by the selector bit.
5.14.2.11 Preset Selector Bit 0 Input	[10115] Basic I/O T15 Digital Input	2 functions linked to terminal 15: False = Select position reference 1 and no touch probe positioning. True = Select position reference 2 and enable touch probe positioning.
5.14.2.16 Touch Probe Positioning Enable Input	[10115] Basic I/O T15 Digital Input	
5.17.1.3 Home Done Output	[10105] Basic I/O Relay T5	Select relay 2 to signal that the selected home function has been completed.
5.17.2.1 Home Enable Input	[10116] Basic I/O T16 Digital Input	Use terminal 16 to execute the selected home function. The input is level-triggered, meaning that the home procedure is interrupted if the input is set to low.

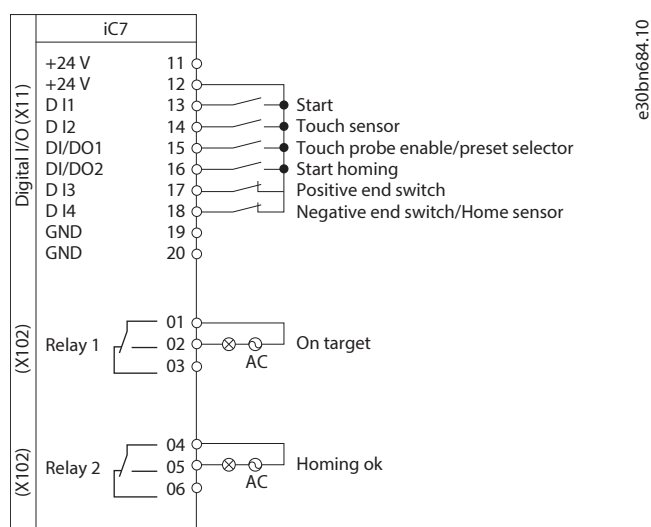


Figure 98: I/O Control Connection Diagram

Additional configuration for fieldbus control using the iC motion profile

Table 45: Configuring Fieldbus Control

Parameter	Setting	Description
5.5.2.1 Control Place Selection	[2] Fieldbus Control	Control commands and references via fieldbus.
5.14.2.16 Touch Probe Positioning Enable Input	[6412] CTW1 bit 12	Touch Probe detection is enabled and disabled by control word bit 12. If permanent touch probe detection is required, set this parameter to [1] True.

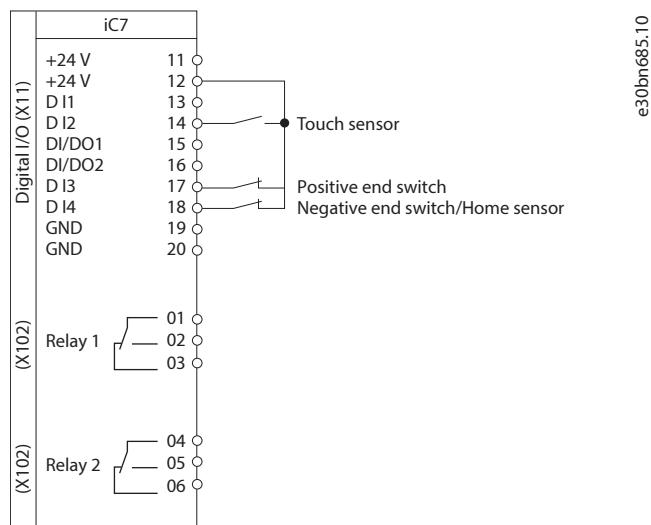


Figure 99: Fieldbus Control Connection Diagram

Table 46: iC Motion Profile Data Layout

	Word 1 (16 bits)	Word 2 (16 bits)	Words 3 and 4 (32 bits)
Input to drive	Control word	Speed reference	Not used
Output from drive	Status word	Actual speed	Actual position

Additional process data as input to the drive: Touch Probe Position Reference (32bit).

Table 47: Control Word Bits Used

Bit number	Function	Description
3	Coast	0: The motor is coasted 1: Operation is enabled
5	Enable Reference	0→1: Trigger movement with the distance of Position Reference .
6	Start	0: Ramp down 1: Start
10	Data Valid	0: Ignore process data (control word and references) 1: Use current process data
11	Home Enable	0: No function/abort the ongoing home function 1: Execute the selected home function
12	Enable Touch Probe	0: Disable touch probe detection 1: Enable touch probe detection

Table 48: Status Word Bits Used

Bit number	Function	Description
2	No Coast	0: Motor is coasted 1: Operation is enabled
12	Target Position Reached	0: Target position not reached 1: Target position reached within the window around the position reference defined by parameter 5.14.2.19 On-target Window

7.6.5 Synchronizing with External Master

This example shows a configuration where the vertical conveyor must be synchronized to the horizontal conveyor for the transfer of boxes. A master signal comes from an HTL encoder on the horizontal conveyor. The vertical conveyor is driven by a PM motor in sensorless control. The gear ratio is determined from the physical set-up: Slot lengths are different, so the follower must make 1 rotation when the master makes 1.3 rotations. The follower position must be aligned with the master position before starting synchronization. Aligning can be done manually or by homing both the master and follower, but it is not covered in this example.

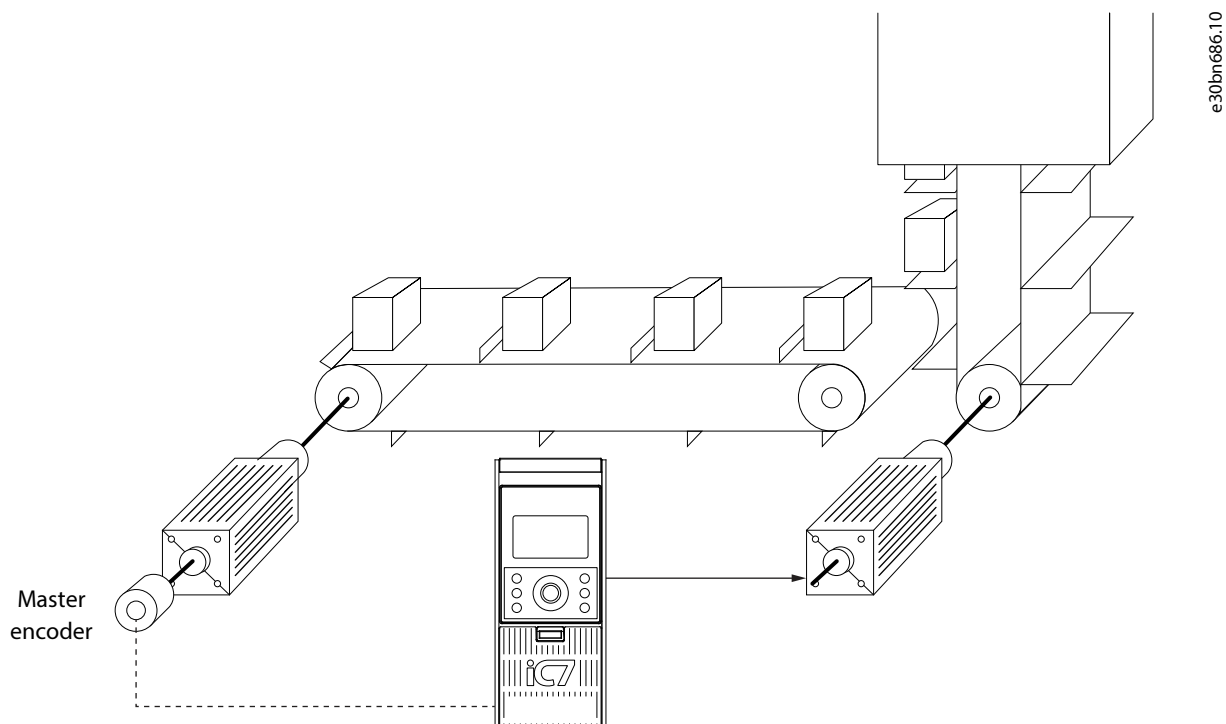


Figure 100: Synchronizing with External Master

Basic configuration (common for I/O and fieldbus control)

Table 49: Basic configuration

Parameter	Setting	Description
5.4.2.16 Operation Mode	[4] Gear Control	Enable synchronizing control.
5.13.2.1 Position Feedback Source	[0] Inherit from motor feedback mode	Position feedback comes from motor control, can be sensorless or a physical feedback device. Alternatively select a dedicated position feedback device. Physical feedback requires the Encoder/Resolver option.
5.15.2.2 Synchronization Window		The In Sync signal is set when the master-follower position deviation has been within the Synchronization Window for the time set by Synchronization Window Delay .
5.15.2.3 Synchronization Window Delay		
5.15.3.1 Sync Mode & Start Behavior	[0] Relative Sync at Start	The follower is locked to the master when both Start and Start Synchronizing are true.
5.15.3.2 Gear Ratio Numerator	13	The gear ratio is set as a fraction to avoid rounding errors. The factors must be set as integers. These settings give a ratio of 13 to 10.
5.15.3.3 Gear Ratio Denominator	10	
5.16.2.1 Master Source Selection	[5] Basic I/O Feedback	Select the 24 V encoder connected to the basic I/O as master.

Table 49: Basic configuration - (continued)

Parameter	Setting	Description
9.4.6.1 T17 Terminal Mode	[8] Encoder A Input	Use terminals 17 and 18 as encoder inputs.
9.4.7.1 T18 Terminal Mode	[9] Encoder B Input	
9.4.8.1 Encoder Resolution		Set the resolution of the encoder on terminals 17 and 18.

Additional configuration for preset references and I/O control

Table 50: Configuring I/O Control

Parameter	Setting	Description
5.5.2.1 Control Place Selection	[3] I/O Control	Control signals by digital inputs.
5.5.5.1 Start Input	[10113] Basic I/O T13 Digital Input	Use input terminal 13 as start. The signal magnetizes the motor and locks on to the master if Start Synchronizing is true.
5.15.1.3 Synchronizing In Sync Output	[10102] Basic I/O Relay T2	Synchronizing error < the In Sync window
5.15.2.1 Start Synchronizing Input	[10114] Basic I/O T14 Digital Input	Locks the follower position to the master position if Start is true.

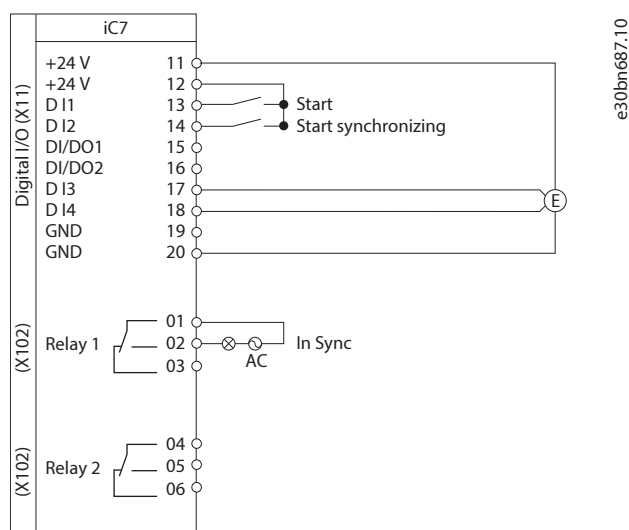


Figure 101: I/O Control Connection Diagram

Additional configuration for fieldbus control using the iC motion profile

Table 51: Configuring Fieldbus Control

Parameter	Setting	Description
5.5.2.1 Control Place Selection	[2] Fieldbus Control	Control commands and references via fieldbus.

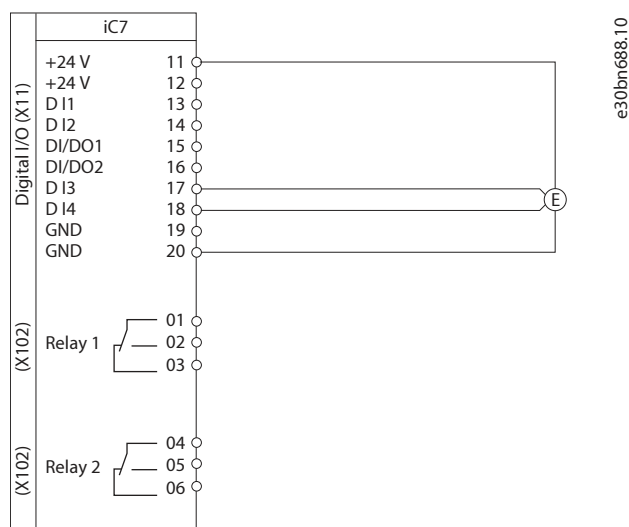


Figure 102: Fieldbus Control Connection Diagram

Table 52: iC Motion Profile Data Layout

	Word 1 (16 bits)	Word 2 (16 bits)	Words 3 and 4 (32 bits)
Input to drive	Control word	Speed reference	Not used
Output from drive	Status word	Actual speed	Actual position

Table 53: Control Word Bits Used

Bit number	Function	Description
3	Coast	0: The motor is coasted 1: Operation is enabled
4	Start Synchronizing	0: Ramp down to standstill 1: Lock on to master
6	Start	0: Ramp down 1: Start
10	Data Valid	0: Ignore process data (control word and references) 1: Use current process data

Table 54: Status Word Bits Used

Bit number	Function	Description
2	No Coast	0: Motor is coasted 1: Operation is enabled
5	in Sync	0: Synchronizing error > the window around the position reference defined by parameter 5.15.2.2 Synchronization Window 1: Synchronizing error < the window around the position reference defined by parameter 5.15.2.2 Synchronization Window

7.6.6 Synchronizing with Virtual Master

This example shows a configuration for a platform lift with 4 identical screw actuators/motors. The 4 motors are synchronized in position to a virtual master hosted by one of the drives. The speed of the virtual master is set by an analog signal of 0–10 V. All 4 drives have an Encoder/Resolver option, and the encoder simulation output of the drive hosting the virtual master is distributing the master signal (TTL) to the other 3 drives. The 4 actuators must be aligned before synchronization is started. The aligning could be done by using the homing function of the drives, for example, but that is not included in this example.

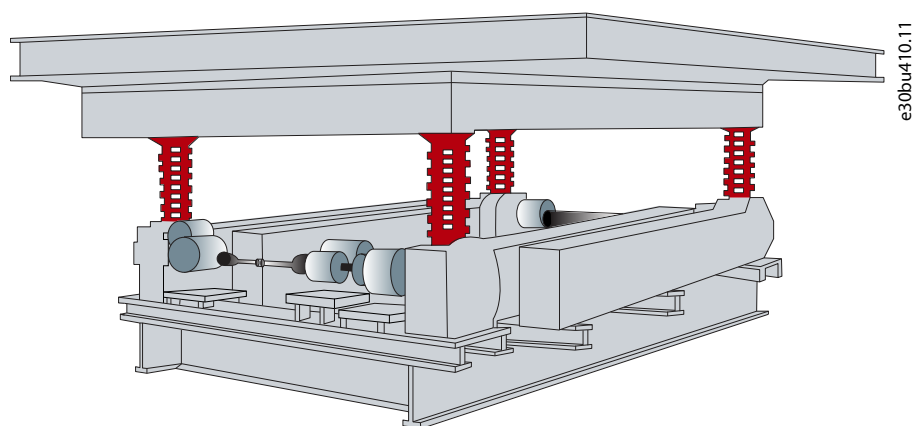


Figure 103: Synchronizing with Virtual Master

Basic configuration (common for I/O and fieldbus control)

Table 55: Basic configuration

Parameter	Setting	Description
5.4.2.16 Operation Mode	[4] Gear Control	Enable synchronizing control.
5.13.2.1 Position Feedback Source	[0] Inherit from motor feedback mode	Position feedback comes from motor control, can be sensorless or a physical feedback device. Alternatively select a dedicated position feedback device. Physical feedback requires the Encoder/Resolver option.
5.15.2.2 Synchronization Window		The <i>In Sync</i> signal is set when the master-follower position deviation has been within the <i>Synchronization Window</i> for the time set by <i>Synchronization Window Delay</i> .
5.15.2.3 Synchronization Window Delay		
5.15.3.1 Sync Mode & Start Behavior	[0] Relative Sync at Start	The follower is locked to the master when both <i>Start</i> and <i>Start Synchronizing</i> are true.
5.15.3.2 Gear Ratio Numerator	1	The gear ratio is set as a fraction to avoid rounding errors. The factors must be set as integers. These settings give a ratio of 1 to 1.
5.15.3.3 Gear Ratio Denominator	1	
Only the drives that do not host the virtual master:		
5.16.2.1 Master Source Selection	[2] Feedback Device 1	Select the Encoder/Resolver option Feedback Device 1 as the master source.

Table 55: Basic configuration - (continued)

Parameter	Setting	Description
9.4.3 Interface Configuration for Device 1	[1] 2 Track Incremental A, B	For the master signal coming from the drive hosting the virtual master, configure device 1 on the Encoder/Resolver option as an incremental input with 1024 pulses per revolution.
9.5.1 Resolution for Device 1	1024	
Only the drive hosting the virtual master:		
5.16.2.1 Master Source Selection	[4] Virtual Master	Select Virtual Master as the master source.
9.4.6 Interface Configuration for Device 2	[6] Virtual Out	For sharing the virtual master position with the followers, configure device 2 on the Encoder/Resolver option as an incremental output with 1024 pulses per revolution.
9.5.3 Resolution for Device 2	1024	
5.16.2.4 Virtual Output Source Selection	[3] Virtual Master	

Additional configuration for preset references and I/O control

Table 56: Configuring I/O Control

Parameter	Setting	Description
5.5.2.1 Control Place Selection	[3] I/O Control	Control signals by digital inputs.
5.5.5.1 Start Input	[10113] Basic I/O T13 Digital Input	Use input terminal 13 as start. The signal magnetizes the motor and locks on to the master if Start Synchronizing is true.
5.15.1.3 Synchronizing In Sync Output	[10102] Basic I/O Relay T2	Use relay 1 to indicate that the follower is in sync with the master: synchronizing error < the In Sync window.
5.15.2.1 Start Synchronizing Input	[10114] Basic I/O T14 Digital Input	Use digital input 14 to lock the follower position to the master position if Start is true.
Only the drive hosting the virtual master:		
5.16.2.5 Virtual Master Start Input	[10115] Basic I/O T15 Digital Input	Use digital input 15 to start the virtual master.
5.8.4.1 Speed Reference 1 Input	[10133] Basic I/O T33 Analog Input	Analog input 33 as speed reference for the virtual master.
5.16.2.6 Virtual Master Speed Reference Source	[3] Reference 1 input	

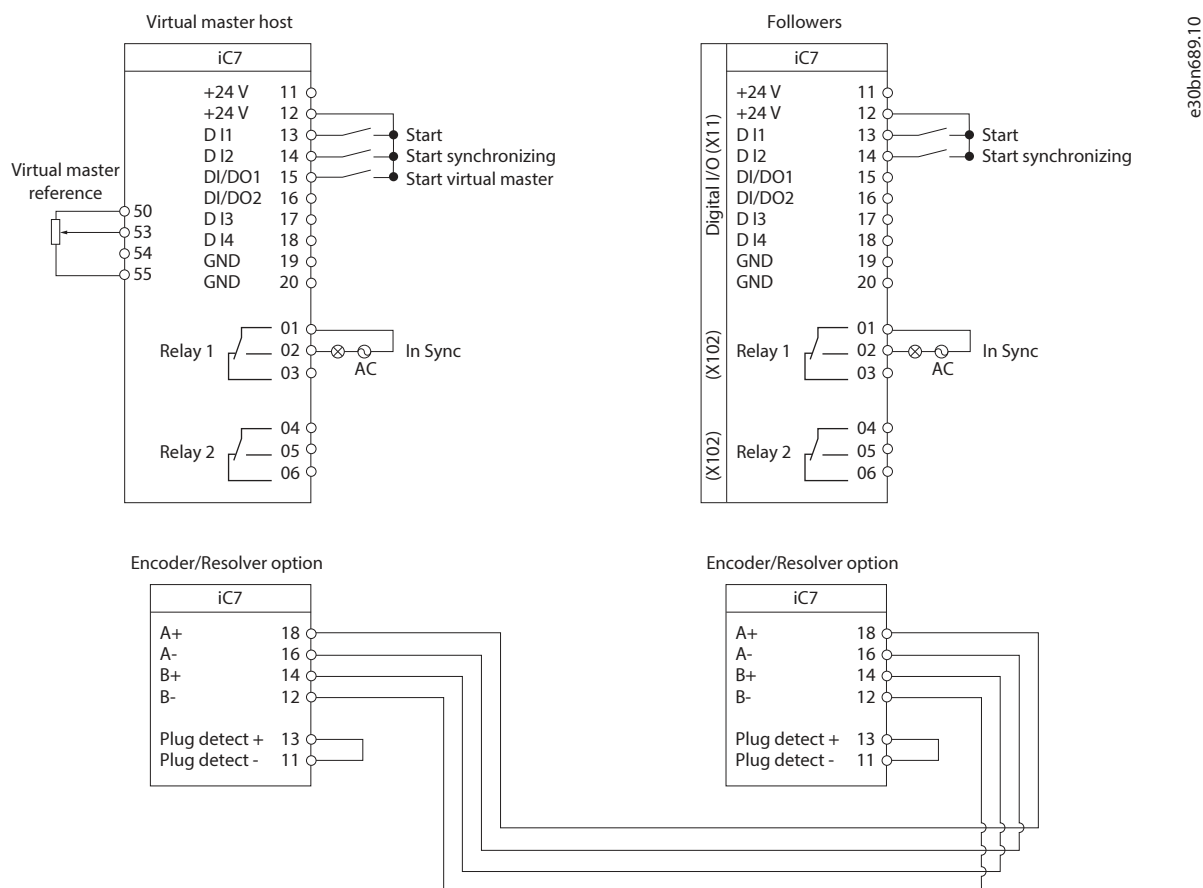


Figure 104: I/O Control Connection Diagram

Additional configuration for fieldbus control using the iC motion profile

Table 57: Configuring Fieldbus Control

Parameter	Setting	Description
5.5.2.1 Control Place Selection	[2] Fieldbus Control	Control commands and references via fieldbus.
Only the drive hosting the virtual master:		
5.16.2.5 Virtual Master Start Input	[6412] CTW1 bit 12	Use bit 12 of the control word to start the virtual master.
5.16.2.6 Virtual Master Speed Reference Source	[2] Fieldbus reference	Use the fieldbus speed reference as reference for the virtual master.

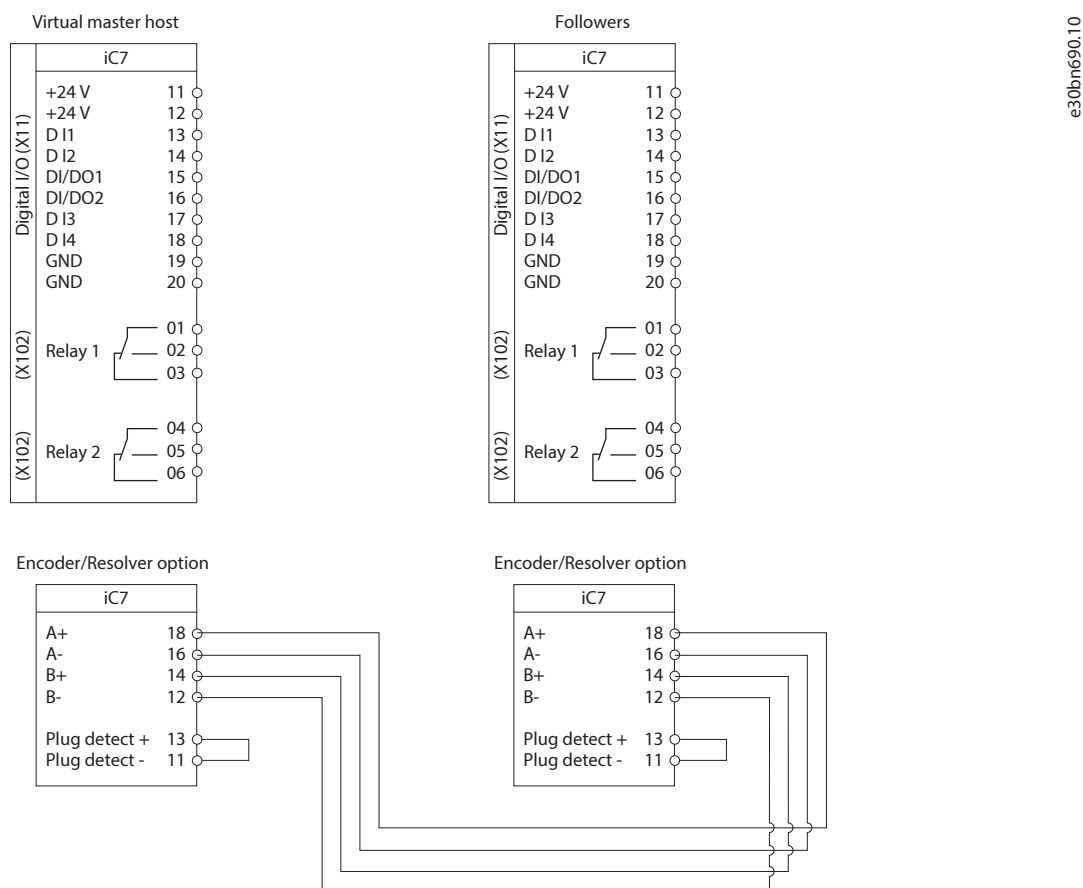


Figure 105: Fieldbus Control Connection Diagram

Table 58: iC Motion Profile Data Layout

	Word 1 (16 bits)	Word 2 (16 bits)	Words 3 and 4 (32 bits)
Input to drive	Control word	Speed reference	Not used
Output from drive	Status word	Actual speed	Actual position

Table 59: Control Word Bits Used

Bit number	Function	Description
3	Coast	0: The motor is coasted 1: Operation is enabled
4	Start Synchronizing	0: Ramp down to standstill 1: Lock on to master
6	Start	0: Ramp down 1: Start
10	Data Valid	0: Ignore process data (control word and references) 1: Use current process data
12	Start Virtual Master	0: Ramp stop virtual master 1: Start virtual master

Table 60: Status Word Bits Used

Bit number	Function	Description
2	No Coast	0: Motor is coasted 1: Operation is enabled
5	in Sync	0: Synchronizing error > the window around the position reference defined by parameter 5.15.2.2 Synchronization Window 1: Synchronizing error < the window around the position reference defined by parameter 5.15.2.2 Synchronization Window

7.6.7 Synchronizing with Marker Correction

This example shows a configuration where every product on the upper conveyor must be aligned with a box on the lower conveyor. Products and boxes are not fixed to the conveyors, so it is not sufficient to synchronize the position of the 2 conveyors. To enable alignment of product and box, the position of each product and box is detected by a sensor providing marker signals which are used to automatically adjust the offset of the follower drive that controls the upper conveyor. The follower drive is thus synchronizing and doing marker correction to align product with box based on an encoder signal from the lower, master conveyor and the 2 marker signals.

The master signal comes from the HTL encoder on the lower conveyor, the upper conveyor is running sensorless control. The gear ratio is 1:1 as the 2 conveyors are identical.

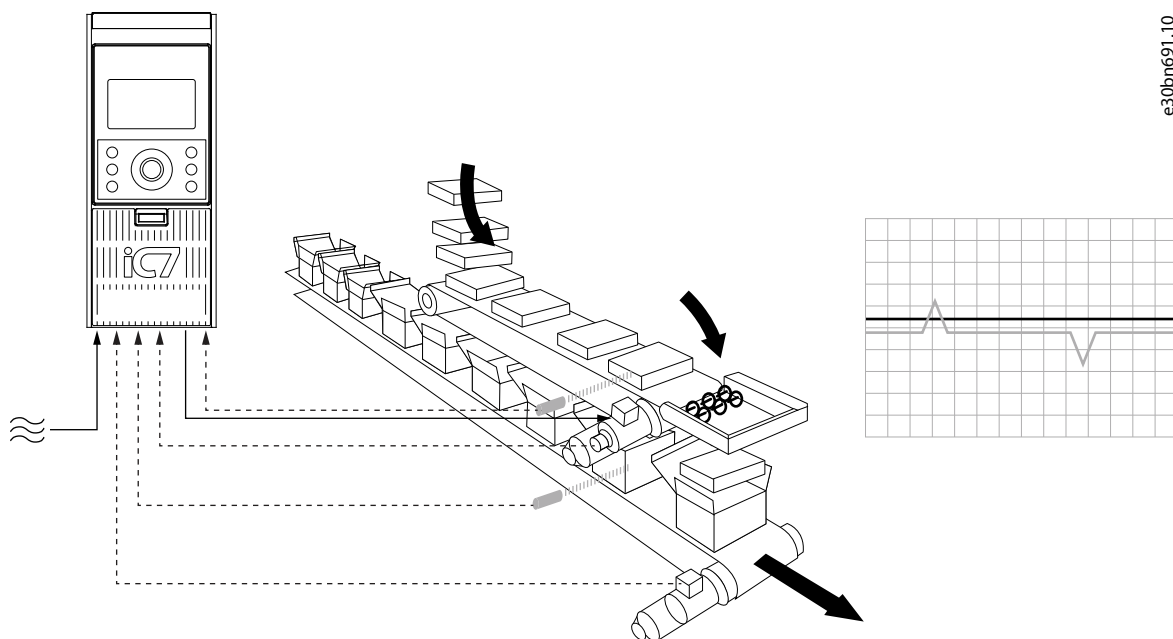


Figure 106: Synchronizing with Marker Correction

Basic configuration (common for I/O and fieldbus control)

Table 61: Basic configuration

Parameter	Setting	Description
5.4.2.16 Operation Mode	[4] Gear Control	Enable synchronizing control.
5.13.2.1 Position Feedback Source	[0] Inherit from motor feedback mode	Position feedback comes from motor control, can be sensorless or a physical feedback device. Alternatively select a dedicated position feedback device. Physical feedback requires the Encoder/Resolver option.

Table 61: Basic configuration - (continued)

Parameter	Setting	Description
5.15.2.2 Synchronization Window		The In Sync signal is set when the master-follower position deviation has been within the Synchronization Window for the time set by Synchronization Window Delay .
5.15.2.3 Synchronization Window Delay		
5.15.3.1 Sync Mode & Start Behavior	[5] Marker Slow Down	The follower is locked to the master when both Start and Start Synchronizing are true, and the first marker correction is done by slowing down the follower waiting for the next box.
5.15.3.2 Gear Ratio Numerator	1	The gear ratio is set as a fraction to avoid rounding errors. The factors must be set as integers. The gear ratio is 1:1 as the 2 conveyors are identical.
5.15.3.3 Gear Ratio Denominator	1	
5.15.4.1 Master Marker Selection	[0] Touch Probe 1	Select touch probe 1 as the master marker.
5.18.1.2.1 Touch Probe 1 Input	[10115] Basic I/O T15 Digital Input	Use terminal 15 as touch probe 1, that is, the master marker.
5.18.1.2.2 Touch Probe 1 Enable Input	[1] True	Enable touch probe 1
5.15.4.2 Follower Marker Selection	[1] Touch Probe 2	Select touch probe 2 as the follower marker.
5.18.2.2.1 Touch Probe 2 Input	[10116] Basic I/O T16 Digital Input	Use terminal 16 as touch probe 2, that is, the follower marker.
5.18.2.2.2 Touch Probe 2 Enable Input	[1] True	Enable touch probe 2
5.16.2.1 Master Source Selection	[5] Basic I/O Feedback	Select the 24 V encoder connected to basic I/O as the master.
9.4.6.1 T17 Terminal Mode	[8] Encoder A Input	Use terminals 17 and 18 as encoder inputs.
9.4.7.1 T18 Terminal Mode	[9] Encoder B Input	
9.4.8.1 Encoder Resolution		Set the resolution of the encoder on terminals 17 and 18.

Additional configuration for preset references and I/O control

Table 62: Configuring I/O Control

Parameter	Setting	Description
5.5.2.1 Control Place Selection	[3] I/O Control	Control signals by digital inputs.
5.5.5.1 Start Input	[10113] Basic I/O T13 Digital Input	Use input terminal 13 as start. The signal magnetizes the motor and locks on to the master if Start Synchronizing is true.
5.15.1.3 Synchronizing In Sync Output	[10102] Basic I/O Relay T2	Synchronizing error < the In Sync window.
5.15.2.1 Start Synchronizing Input	[10114] Basic I/O T14 Digital Input	Lock the follower position to the master position if Start is true.

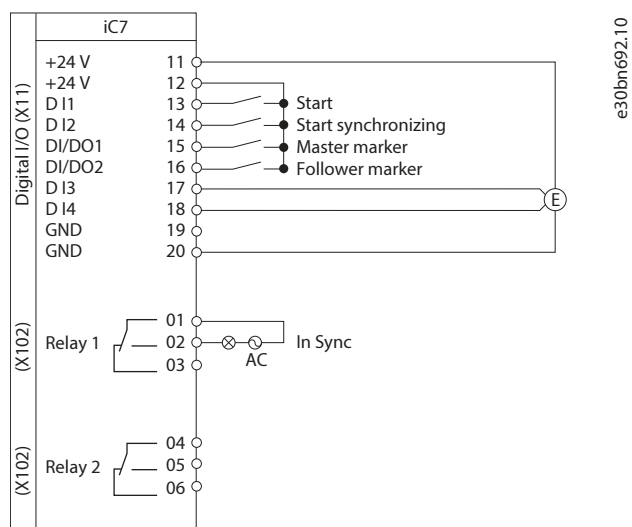


Figure 107: I/O Control Connection Diagram

Additional configuration for fieldbus control using the iC motion profile

Table 63: Configuring Fieldbus Control

Parameter	Setting	Description
5.5.2.1 Control Place Selection	[2] Fieldbus Control	Control commands and references via fieldbus.

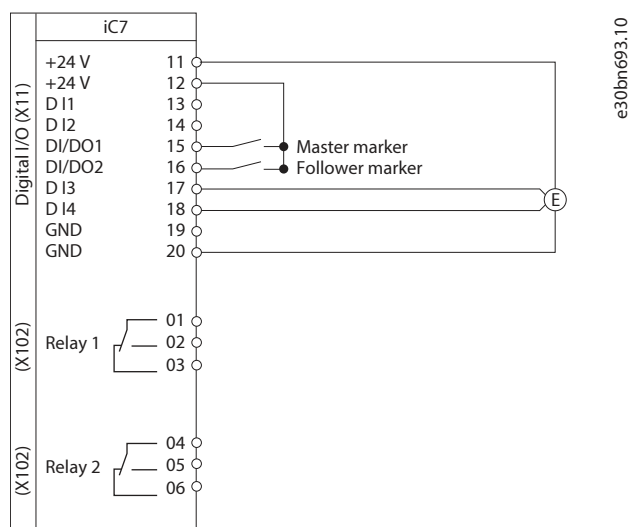


Figure 108: Fieldbus Control Connection Diagram

Table 64: iC Motion Profile Data Layout

	Word 1 (16 bits)	Word 2 (16 bits)	Words 3 and 4 (32 bits)
Input to drive	Control word	Speed reference	Not used
Output from drive	Status word	Actual speed	Actual position

Table 65: Control Word Bits Used

Bit number	Function	Description
3	Coast	0: The motor is coasted 1: Operation is enabled
4	Start Synchronizing	0: Ramp down to standstill 1: Lock on to master
6	Start	0: Ramp down 1: Start
10	Data Valid	0: Ignore process data (control word and references) 1: Use current process data

Table 66: Status Word Bits Used

Bit number	Function	Description
2	No Coast	0: Motor is coasted 1: Operation is enabled
5	in Sync	0: Synchronizing error > the window around the position reference defined by parameter 5.15.2.2 Synchronization Window 1: Synchronizing error < the window around the position reference defined by parameter 5.15.2.2 Synchronization Window

8 Parameters

8.1 Application Software Structure and Overview

8.1.1 Understanding Parameter Structure Principles

The basic design principle of the parameter structure and the related hierarchy in the application software refers to a typical motor drive system with an iC7 drive.

A similar parameter structure is reused across all products within the iC7 series. This means that some of the parameter groups or dedicated parameters may not be visible for all applications. Therefore, the indexes of parameters may not be sequential. This design principle is followed to maintain consistency across all the different application software in the iC7 series. The application software is designed in this manner to have the same look and feel across different iC7 series products, and to enable easier and faster troubleshooting. The presentation here is of the general principle, and does not necessarily reflect all features of the drive.

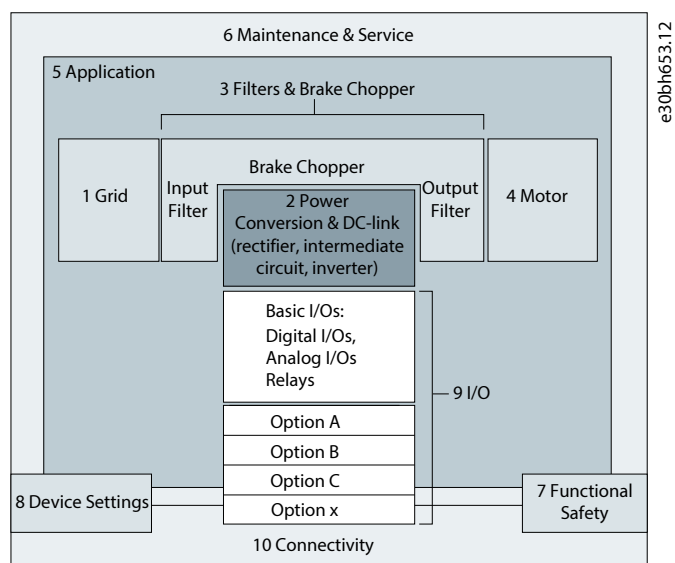


Figure 109: Application Software Parameter Structure Overview

8.1.2 Parameter Groups, Related Content, and Settings

The detailed structure and hierarchy within the parameter groups can vary, depending on the purpose of the parameter group and the total number of parameters. However, the design principle of the structure is to keep the overall sequence while commissioning or setting up the drive within a logical structure. One example is that the **Status** parameter group is embedded into each main group (if applicable) to provide quick and easy access to view real time status information of relevant data of parameters within this group.

- All generic settings such as Grid, Power Conversion and DC-link, Filters & Brake Chopper, and Motor are accessed via parameter groups **1–4**.
- Most of the application-specific parameters are accessed via parameter group **5 Application**.
- Features and functions such as Maintenance & Service, Functional Safety, and Customization are in parameter groups **6, 7, and 8**.
- The basic setup for external control signals and communication interfaces is done in parameter groups **9 and 10**.
- Features and related parameters are grouped in individual parameter groups. Each feature has a parameter group of its own.
- Status information for each parameter group is available separately for easy access.

The following table provides information about the parameter groups.

Table 67: Parameter Group Description

Index	Parameter group name	Description
1	Grid	Contains parameters for the configuring, monitoring, and controlling the energy source of the drive system. Typically, the energy source is the grid. The menu also lets the user configure grid protection settings and view the condition of the grid.
2	Power Conversion & DC Link	Contains parameters to configure, monitor, and control the power conversion of the drive. The menu lets the user configure protection settings of the power unit and settings for the rectifier, DC link, and inverter.
3	Filters & Brake Chopper	Contains parameters to configure, monitor, and control the input filters, output filters, brake chopper, and brake resistors.
4	Motor	Contains parameters to configure motor, motor control, and motor protection.
5	Application	Contains parameters for application-specific features such as position control, speed control, torque control, mechanical brake control and many more.
6	Maintenance & Service	Contains parameters exclusively related to status, events, and service features such as condition-based monitoring.
7	Functional Safety	Contains non-safety-related parameters for configuring Safe Torque Off, as well as other safety features.
8	Customization	Contains parameters to customize and adapt the behavior of the drive and user interface design.
9	I/O	Contains hardware-related parameters to configure digital or analog I/O's.
10	Connectivity	Parameters to configure the built-in and optional communication of the drive system.

8.2 Parameter Descriptions

8.2.1 Reading the Parameter Table

The application guide includes parameter overview tables. The following descriptions explain how to read the parameters.

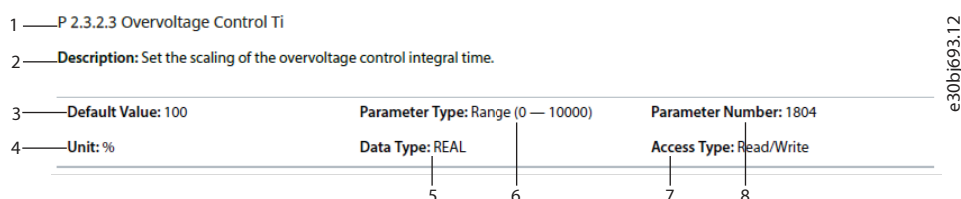


Figure 110: Reading the Parameter Table

1	The parameter index and name. Parameter indices start with a P. Screen indices start with an S.	2	The parameter help text which is visible in the control panel and MyDrive® Insight.
3	The default setting from the factory. If the parameter is a status readout parameter, the default is NA.	4	The unit of the parameter.
5	The data type of the parameter. See 8.2.2 Understanding Data Types .	6	The type of parameter. Parameters have either defined ranges of values or selections. See 8.2.3 Understanding Parameter Types .
7	The access type of the parameter. See 8.2.4 Understanding Access Types .	8	The unique parameter number, which is relevant for PLC programming.

8.2.2 Understanding Data Types

The following table is an overview of the data types used in the iC7 application software.

Table 68: Overview of data types

Data type	Description	Size (Bits)	Range
BOOL	Boolean	1	0–1
INT	Integer	16	-32 768 ... 32 767
DINT	Double integer	32	-2 147 483 648 ... 2 147 483 647
USINT	Unsigned short integer	8	0–255
UINT	Unsigned integer	16	0–65 535
UDINT	Unsigned double integer	32	0–4 294 967 295
REAL	Real numbers	32	-3.402823466 E+38 (approximately 7 digits) ... -1.175494351 E-38 (approximately 7 digits) and +1.175494351 E-38 (approximately 7 digits) ... +3.402823466 E+38 (approximately 7 digits)
WORD	Bit string of length 16	16	0–65 535 (16#00–16#FFFF)
STRING	Sequence of characters	N/A	1 byte per character
ULINT	Unsigned long integer	64	0–18 446 744 073 709 551 615
DATE_AND_TIME	Date and time information	64	N/A

8.2.3 Understanding Parameter Types

The following table lists the different types of parameters.

Table 69: Parameter Types and Descriptions

Parameter Type	Description
Selection	The parameter provides of a list of value selections. For some parameters, the contents of the list depend on the hardware configuration. In such cases, the selections cannot be shown in the application guide.
Range (0–255)	The value of the parameter is within the specified range. In this example, the parameter can have any value between 0 and 255.
Range (*–*)	The value of the parameter can be set within the full range of the data type REAL. See 8.2.2 Understanding Data Types .

Table 69: Parameter Types and Descriptions - (continued)

Parameter Type	Description
Range (0–*)	The value of the parameter can be set within the upper range of the data type REAL. See 8.2.2 Understanding Data Types .
Range (Unit dependent)	The range depends on the selected unit, and is visible in MyDrive Insight and the control panel.

8.2.4 Understanding Access Types

The following table lists the different parameter access types.

Table 70: Parameter Types and Descriptions

Access Type	Description
Read/Write	The parameter information can be read or changed.
Read only	The parameter information can only be read.
Read/Conditional Write	The parameter information can be read and changed. The parameter settings cannot be modified when the drive is running. The drive must be coasted to modify parameter values.

8.2.5 I/O Addressing

The selection numbers for the input/output parameter selection lists consist of the slot number and the terminal number. Basic I/O is in slot 101. For additional I/O options, the slot number is 20X where X depends on the physical placing of the option board in the drive. For details, see the *iC7 Functional Extensions Operating Guide*.

For example, the selection for Basic I/O T13 Digital Input is 10113 (Slot number 101 - Terminal number 13).

The following table shows the selection numbers for all Basic I/O terminals:

Table 71: Basic I/O Selections

Selection	Number
Basic I/O T13 Digital Input	10113
Basic I/O T14 Digital Input	10114
Basic I/O T15 Digital Input	10115
Basic I/O T16 Digital Input	10116
Basic I/O T17 Digital Input	10117
Basic I/O T18 Digital Input	10118
Basic I/O Relay T2	10102
Basic I/O Relay T5	10105
Basic I/O T15 Digital Output	10115
Basic I/O T16 Digital Output	10116
Basic I/O T13 Pulse Input	10113
Basic I/O T14 Pulse Input	10114
Basic I/O T15 Pulse Input	10115
Basic I/O T16 Pulse Input	10116
Basic I/O T17 Pulse Input	10117
Basic I/O T18 Pulse Input	10118
Basic I/O T33 Analog Input	10133

Table 71: Basic I/O Selections - (continued)

Selection	Number
Basic I/O T34 Analog Input	10134
Basic I/O T15 Pulse Output	10115
Basic I/O T16 Pulse Output	10116
Basic I/O T31 Analog Output	10131

The following table shows the selection numbers for the Relay Option OC7R0:

Table 72: Relay Selections

Selection	Number
[20X] Relay T2	20X02
[20X] Relay T5	20X05
[20X] Relay T8	20X08

The following table shows the selection number for the General Purpose I/O OC7C0 option:

Table 73: General Purpose I/O Selections

Selection	Number
[20X] General Purpose I/O T11 Digital Input	20X11
[20X] General Purpose I/O T12 Digital Input	20X12
[20X] General Purpose I/O T13 Digital Input	20X13
[20X] General Purpose I/O T7 Digital Output	20X07
[20X] General Purpose I/O T8 Digital Output	20X08
[20X] General Purpose I/O T2 Analog Input	20X02
[20X] General Purpose I/O T3 Analog Input	20X03
[20X] General Purpose I/O T11 Pulse Input	20X11
[20X] General Purpose I/O T12 Pulse Input	20X12
[20X] General Purpose I/O T13 Pulse Input	20X13
[20X] General Purpose I/O T4 Analog Output	20X04
[20X] General Purpose I/O T7 Pulse Output	20X07
[20X] General Purpose I/O T8 Pulse Output	20X08

The following table shows the selection numbers for Temperature Measurement OC7T0 option:

Table 74: Temperature Measurement Selections

Selection	Number
[20X] Temp. Meas. T4	20X04
[20X] Temp. Meas. T8	20X08
[20X] Temp. Meas. T12	20X12
[20X] Temp. Meas. T16	20X16
[20X] Temp. Meas. T20	20X20

The following table shows the selection numbers for Digital 230 V AC Input OC7D0 option:

Table 75: Digital 230 V AC Input Selections

Selection	Number
[20X] Digital 230 V AC T1 Digital Input	20X01
[20X] Digital 230 V AC T2 Digital Input	20X02
[20X] Digital 230 V AC T3 Digital Input	20X03
[20X] Digital 230 V AC T4 Digital Input	20X04
[20X] Digital 230 V AC T5 Digital Input	20X05

The following table shows the selection numbers for fieldbus control and status word bits:

Table 76: Control and Status Word Selections

Selection	Number
CTW1 Bit 12	6412
CTW1 Bit 13	6413
CTW1 Bit 14	6414
CTW1 Bit 15	6415
CTW2 Bit 0	6501
CTW2 Bit 1	6502
CTW2 Bit 2	6503
CTW2 Bit 3	6504
CTW2 Bit 4	6505
CTW2 Bit 5	6506
CTW2 Bit 6	6507
CTW2 Bit 7	6508
CTW2 Bit 8	6509
CTW2 Bit 9	6510
CTW2 Bit 10	6511
CTW2 Bit 11	6512
CTW2 Bit 12	6513
CTW2 Bit 13	6514
CTW2 Bit 14	6515
CTW2 Bit 15	6516
STW1 bit 14	6614
STW1 bit 15	6615
STW2 bit 0	6701
STW2 bit 1	6701
STW2 bit 2	6701
STW2 bit 3	6701

Table 76: Control and Status Word Selections - (continued)

Selection	Number
STW2 bit 4	6701
STW2 bit 5	6701
STW2 bit 6	6701
STW2 bit 7	6701
STW2 bit 8	6701
STW2 bit 9	6701
STW2 bit 10	6701
STW2 bit 11	6701
STW2 bit 12	6701
STW2 bit 13	6701
STW2 bit 14	6701
STW2 bit 15	6701

The following table shows the selection numbers for Logic virtual digital I/Os:

Table 77: Logic Virtual Digital I/O Selections

Selection	Number
Logic Digital I/O 1	8101
Logic Digital I/O 2	8102
Logic Digital I/O 3	8103
Logic Digital I/O 4	8104

8.3 Group 1 Grid

8.3.1 Grid Overview

This parameter group contains parameters for configuring and monitoring the energy source of the drive system. Typically, the energy source is the grid. The menu also lets the user configure grid protection settings and view the condition of the grid.

8.3.2 Group 1.1 Grid Status

P 1.1.1 Grid Frequency

Shows the actual grid frequency.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	9041	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 1.1.2 Line-To-Line Voltage (RMS)

Shows the average line-to-line voltage (RMS).

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — *)
Parameter Number:	9040	Unit:	V

Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only
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P 1.1.3 L1-L2 Line Voltage (RMS)

Shows the L1-L2 line voltage (RMS).

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — *)
Parameter Number:	9048	Unit:	V
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 1.1.4 L2-L3 Line Voltage (RMS)

Shows the L2-L3 line voltage (RMS).

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — *)
Parameter Number:	9049	Unit:	V
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 1.1.5 L3-L1 Line Voltage (RMS)

Shows the L3-L1 line voltage (RMS).

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — *)
Parameter Number:	9050	Unit:	V
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 1.1.6 Grid Voltage Imbalance

Shows the grid voltage imbalance in %. A value greater than 3% may indicate grid problems.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 100)
Parameter Number:	9047	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 1.1.7 Total Harmonic Distortion Voltage (THDv)

Shows the total harmonic distortion of the grid voltage (THDv) in %.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 100)
Parameter Number:	9046	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 1.1.12 Grid Active Power

Shows the active power at the point of grid connection.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	9064	Unit:	kW
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

8.3.3 Group 1.2 Grid Settings

P 1.2.1 Grid Type

Select the grid type of the supply system. If set to "As grid type", the selection affects the setting of "1.2.2 RFI filter" and "2.2.1.7 HF DC-link Filter Mode".

Default Value:	0 (TN)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2942	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	TN	Drive connected to a TN grid.
1	TT	Drive connected to a TT grid.
2	IT	Drive connected to a IT grid.
3	HRG	Drive connected to a High Resistance Grid (HRG).
4	Grounded Delta	Drive is connected to a grounded delta grid.

P 1.2.2 RFI Filter Mode

Select the Radio Frequency Interference (RFI) filter mode.

Default Value:	*	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2943	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Filter inactive	The filter is inactive.
1	Filter active	The filter is active.
2	Filter matches grid type selection	The filter is set according to the selected grid type.

8.3.4 Group 1.3 Grid Protection

P 1.3.1 Invalid Frequency Response

Select the response after detecting an invalid grid frequency.

Default Value:	1 (Fault)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2337	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
1	Fault	The drive issues a fault and stops.
2	Automatically derate	The drive continues operation with derated performance.

P 1.3.2 Missing Grid Phase Response

Select the response after detecting a missing grid phase.

Default Value:	1 (Fault)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2338	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UDINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
1	Fault	The drive issues a fault and stops.
2	Automatically derate	The drive continues operation with derated performance.
3	Warning	The drive issues a warning.

P 1.3.3 Undervoltage Protection

Enables the undervoltage protection. The drive trips when the grid voltage is 20% below the selected voltage class level. The voltage class is defined with parameter "2.2.1.1 Unit Voltage Class".

Default Value:	1 (Enabled)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2344	Unit:	–
Data Type:	BOOL	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Disabled	Disables the function.
1	Enabled	Enables the function.

P 1.3.9 Grid Voltage Imbalance Response

Select the mode of grid imbalance protection.

Default Value:	1 (Fault or Warning)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	9056	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Off	Disables the protection.
1	Fault or Warning	Issues a warning or fault if a grid voltage imbalance is detected.
2	Automatically derate	The drive continues operation with derated performance.

P 1.3.10 Grid Spike Response

Select the response to grid voltage spike monitoring. If large spikes occur, the response protects the drive.

Default Value:	3 (Warning)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2342	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
3	Warning	The drive issues a warning.
9	Fault, ramp to coast	Issues a fault, ramps down, and coast.

8.4 Group 2 Power Conversion & DC Link

8.4.1 Power Conversion & DC-Link Overview

This parameter group contains parameters for configuring, monitoring, and controlling the power conversion of the drive. The group lets the user configure protection settings of the power unit and settings for the rectifier, DC link, and inverter.

8.4.2 Group 2.1 Power Conversion & DC Link Status

P 2.1.1 Unit Nominal Voltage

Shows the nominal voltage setting as a result of the setting of parameter "2.2.1.1 Unit Voltage Class".

Default Value:	400	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — *)
Parameter Number:	2830	Unit:	V
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 2.1.2 Unit Nominal Current

Shows the nominal current of the unit.

Default Value:	23	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — *)
Parameter Number:	2831	Unit:	A
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 2.1.3 DC-link Voltage

Shows the actual DC-link voltage.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — *)
Parameter Number:	9044	Unit:	V
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 2.1.7 DC-link Power

Shows the actual DC-link power.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	5117	Unit:	kW

Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only
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P 2.1.14 Actual Relative Output Current Limit

Shows the actual output current limit relative to the nominal motor current.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 300)
Parameter Number:	2700	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 2.1.15 Heat Sink Temperature

Shows the temperature of the power unit heat sink.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-50 — 200)
Parameter Number:	2950	Unit:	°C
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 2.1.16 Main Fan Speed

Shows the speed of the main cooling fan.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 32767)
Parameter Number:	2931	Unit:	rpm
Data Type:	INT	Access Type:	Read Only

P 2.1.17 Internal Fan Speed

Shows the speed of the internal cooling fan.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 32767)
Parameter Number:	2926	Unit:	rpm
Data Type:	INT	Access Type:	Read Only

P 2.1.18 Power Capacity

Shows the power capacity of the drive as a percentage. The value is derived from the number of active power units compared to the nominal power unit count of the drive.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 100)
Parameter Number:	2836	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 2.1.19 Heat Sink Temperature Output

Select the output indicating if the heat sink temperature is within the specified range.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
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Parameter Number:	2312	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 2.1.20 Drive DC-link Voltage Output

Select the output indicating if the DC-link voltage is within the specified range.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2311	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 2.1.21 Drive Thermal Load

Shows the estimated thermal load of the inverter.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 100)
Parameter Number:	6547	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

8.4.3 Group 2.2 Power Unit Settings

8.4.3.1 Group 2.2.1 General Settings

P 2.2.1.1 Unit Voltage Class

Select the unit voltage class to optimize the performance of the drive.

Default Value:	*	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2832	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
1	Low-voltage range	Class 1 - Low-voltage range.
2	Mid-voltage range	Class 2 - Mid-voltage range.
3	High-voltage range	Class 3 - High-voltage range.

This parameter specifies a focused voltage range within the input voltage rating of the power unit, for optimized drive control. Each power unit is rated for a wide input voltage range within which the drive can operate. This parameter is used to specify a narrower range within the wide range of input voltage, to determine optimized values for the nominal voltage and current of the power unit. The following table describes the selections available for the parameter.

Table 78: Selection Descriptions

Selection Name	Selection Description
Low Voltage Range	Unit nominal voltage and current are configured according to the lowest voltage of the power unit's voltage range. For example: In 380–500 V (3N05) rated units, the range is 380–440 V AC.
Medium Voltage Range	Unit nominal voltage and current are configured according to the medium voltage level of the power unit's voltage range. For example: In 380–500 V (3N05) rated units, the range is 441–480 V AC.
High Voltage Range	Unit nominal voltage and current are configured according to the highest voltage level of the power unit's voltage range. For example: In 380–500 V (3N05) rated units, the range is 481–500 V AC.

P 2.2.1.2 Overload Mode

Select the overload mode.

Default Value:	*	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2833	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Automatic	Combination of high and low overload. Drive will start at high overload, but switches to low overload for a period at too high load.
1	Low overload (LO)	Low overload (LO) operation. Provides overload current up to 110%.
2	High overload (HO1)	High overload (HO1) operation. Provides higher overload current up to 160% for acceleration.
3	High overload increased duty (HO2)	High overload with increased duty (HO2) operation. Provides higher overload current with shorter cycle times.

When configuring a drive, it is important to know the load characteristic and load cycle of the application, so that it is possible to get the most out of the drive. The available output current depends on the application load profile. In addition, derating of the output current may be needed, for example, if operational temperature is increased, or the drive is installed in an altitude above 1000 m (3300 ft).

iC7-Automation drives support 4 different overload modes:

- Low overload (LO): 110% load for a minimum of 1 minute every 10 minutes.
- High overload (HO1): Up to 160% load for 1 minute every 10 minutes, with a breakaway torque of up to 200%.
- High overload with increased duty (HO2): In drive parameters, this mode is called High overload (HO2). Up to 160% load for 1 minute every 5 minutes and with a breakaway torque of up to 200% in the start of the process.

- Automatic: In this mode, the drive automatically switches between LO and HO1 depending on the load conditions.

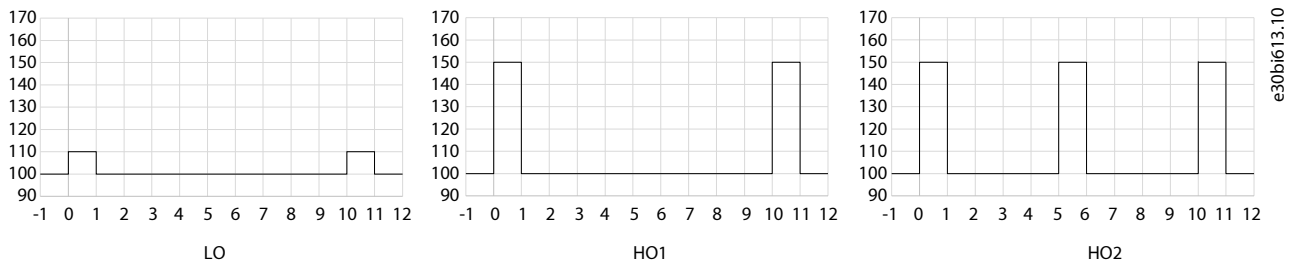


Figure 111: Overload Modes

Table 79: Selection Descriptions

Selection Name	Selection Description
Automatic Mode	Automatically switches between the modes Low Overload (LO) and High Overload (HO1).
Low Overload Mode (LO)	For applications running at a non-varying or slowly varying load, where a limited overload capability is required. This mode is typically used in applications with a variable torque load. The low overload profile allows the drive to run at 110% load for a minimum of 1 minute every 10 minutes. Typical applications where the low overload profile is used are: - Fans - Centrifugal pumps - Blowers and aerators - Screw compressors
High Overload Mode (HO1)	For applications which require higher short-term overload and constant torque operations. Typical applications work with continuous motion. With high overload mode HO1, the drive can run with a load of up to 160% for 1 minute every 10 minutes, with a breakaway torque of up to 200%, depending on size. Typical applications where high overload HO1 is used are: - Conveyors - Centrifuges - Decanters - Piston compressors - Piston pumps - Mixers - Stirrers - Escalators - Extruders (continuous running)
High Overload Mode (HO2)	Used when the application has intermittent or continuous periodic duty. The resulting cyclic load requires more considerations on the use of the drive to ensure necessary performance and lifetime. Increased short-term starting torque is often also required. To benefit from the increased dynamic performance and not compromising lifetime, the output current is downrated by one motor size compared to HO1. With the high overload profile with increased duty, the drive can run with up to 160% load for 1 minute every 5 minutes, with a breakaway torque of up to 200%, depending on the current rating. Typical applications where the high overload profile with increased duty is used are: - Extruders - Continuously accelerating conveyors - Lifts and hoists - Cranes - Positioning applications - Dosing pumps

P 2.2.1.3 Relative Output Current Limit

Set the output current limit relative to the motor nominal current from the nameplate.

Default Value:	150	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 999)
Parameter Number:	1325	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 2.2.1.5 Supply Mode

Select the supply mode.

Default Value:	0 (AC)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	1328	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	AC	Drive is supplied from AC grid.
1	DC	Drive is supplied from DC terminals.

P 2.2.1.6 Power Unit Enable Mask

Select which of the commissioned power units are enabled. The value is given bitwise per each unit. Bit 0 corresponds to the first port in the star coupler board, bit 15 to the 16th port, and so on.

Default Value:	65535	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	2835	Unit:	–
Data Type:	WORD	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

P 2.2.1.7 HF DC-link Filter Mode

Select the mode of the high-frequency filter in the DC link.

Default Value:	*	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2944	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Filter inactive	The filter is inactive.
1	Filter active	The filter is active.
2	Filter matches grid type selection	The filter is set according to the selected grid type.

P 2.2.1.8 Relative Power Limit Motor

Set the power limit in motor mode in % of nominal motor power.

Default Value:	300	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 1000)
Parameter Number:	1814	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 2.2.1.9 Relative Power Limit Generator

Set the power limit in generator mode in % of nominal motor power.

Default Value:	300	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 1000)
Parameter Number:	1815	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 2.2.1.12 Output Current Limit Scale Input

Select the input for scaling the output current limit between 0% and 100% of the defined current limit. Off equals 100%.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	1322	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 2.2.1.13 Output Current Limit Response

Select the response for running at the current limit after the time delay set.

Default Value:	0 (No response)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2359	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	No response	The event is ignored.
1	Info	The event is logged in the event log.
10	Fault	The drive issues a fault and coasts the motor.

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 2.2.1.14 Output Current Limit Delay

Set the delay before the selected response is triggered after the drive has reached the current limit.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 65000)
Parameter Number:	2360	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 2.2.1.15 Power Limit Motor Response

Select the response for running at the power limit after the time delay set.

Default Value:	0 (No response)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2366	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	No response	The event is ignored.
1	Info	The event is logged in the event log.
10	Fault	The drive issues a fault and coasts the motor.

P 2.2.1.16 Power Limit Motor Delay

Set the delay before the selected response is triggered after the drive has reached the power limit.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 65000)
Parameter Number:	2364	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 2.2.1.17 Power Limit Generator Response

Select the response for running at the power limit after the time delay set.

Default Value:	0 (No response)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2367	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	No response	The event is ignored.
1	Info	The event is logged in the event log.
10	Fault	The drive issues a fault and coasts the motor.

P 2.2.1.18 Power Limit Generator Delay

Set the delay before the selected response is triggered after the drive has reached the power limit.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 65000)
Parameter Number:	2365	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.4.3.2 Group 2.2.2 Cooling Fan Control

P 2.2.2.1 Main Fan Minimum Speed

Set the minimum speed of the main cooling fan.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 100)
Parameter Number:	2932	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 2.2.2.2 Internal Fan Minimum Speed

Set the minimum speed of the internal cooling fan.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 100)
Parameter Number:	2928	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 2.2.2.3 Main Fan Fail Response

Select the drive response to a main fan fail.

Default Value:	3 (Warning)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2939	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
3	Warning	The drive issues a warning.
10	Fault	The drive issues a fault and coasts the motor.

P 2.2.2.4 Internal Fan Fail Response

Select the drive response to an internal fan fail.

Default Value:	3 (Warning)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2940	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
3	Warning	The drive issues a warning.
10	Fault	The drive issues a fault and coasts the motor.

P 2.2.2.5 Main Fan Operating Mode

Select the main fan operating mode.

Default Value:	0 (Standard Operation)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2949	Unit:	–

Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write
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The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Standard Operation	
1	Reduced Acoustics	
2	Cooler Operation	

8.4.4 Group 2.3 Protection

8.4.4.1 Group 2.3.1 Settings

P 2.3.1.1 Retry after Fault

Enables retry functionality (ride-through) after fault.

Default Value:	1 (Enabled)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2927	Unit:	–
Data Type:	BOOL	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Disabled	Disables the function.
1	Enabled	Enables the function.

This parameter enables the retry functionality (fault ride-through) after 1 of the common power conversion protections has activated. The number of retries or the retrying window depends on the power unit type and rating. The protections that can utilize retry are:

- Output current ground leakage fault
- Output overcurrent faults
- DC-link overvoltage and undervoltage faults
- Brake resistor or switching element short circuit faults

P 2.3.1.2 Smart Derate Mode

Select the level of derating if the nominal operational limits of the drive have been exceeded.

Default Value:	0 (Maximum derating)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2345	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Maximum derating	Drive derates as much as possible.
1	Minimum derating	Drive derates as little as possible.

This parameter selects a level for the derating of the switching frequency whenever it is needed. The drive features multiple protection functions that can derate the switching frequency of the drive, to avoid operating conditions that are harmful for the drive. This parameter can be used to influence the degree of derating. Following are the descriptions of the selections for this parameter:

Table 80: Selection Descriptions

Selection Name	Selection Description
Maximum Derating Mode	When switching frequency derating is applied, the drive reduces the switching frequency to the maximum. This depends on the application scenario.
Minimum Derating Mode	When switching frequency derating is applied, the drive reduces the switching frequency to the minimum. This depends on the application scenario.

P 2.3.1.3 DC-link Voltage Ripple Response

Select the mode of excessive DC-link voltage ripple protection.

Default Value:	1 (Fault)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2929	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UDINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Disabled	Disables the protection.
1	Fault	The drive issues a fault if excessive DC-link voltage ripple is detected.

This parameter selects a response for excessive DC-link voltage ripple protection. Excessive voltage ripples are detected when the peak-to-peak amplitude of the DC voltage exceeds the internal limit of the drive for a long period. Both the limit and time depend on the power unit type and rating. Following are the selection descriptions for the parameter:

Table 81: Selection Descriptions

Selection Name	Selection Description
Disabled	No action is undertaken when excessive rippling is detected.
Trip	After detecting excessive ripples for a long period, the drive issues a fault and performs stop modulation.

P 2.3.1.4 DC-link Imbalance Response

Select a response to an imbalance across the DC-link capacitors' voltage.

Default Value:	10 (Fault)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2346	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
3	Warning	The drive issues a warning.
10	Fault	The drive issues a fault and coasts the motor.

P 2.3.1.5 Rectifier Thermal Overload Response

Select the mode of rectifier thermal overload protection.

Default Value:	1 (Fault)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2340	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
1	Fault	The drive issues a fault and stops.
2	Automatically derate	The drive continues operation with derated performance.

This parameter selects a response to the reaction of the drive for rectifier thermal overload protection. Rectifier thermal overload is detected when the drive operates for a long period at a specified rectifier current level. Specific current levels and trip times depend on the power unit type and rating. Following are the descriptions for the selections available for the parameter:

Table 82: Selection Descriptions

Selection Name	Selection Description
Trip	The drive issues a fault and stops modulation.
Automatically derate	The drive derates the rectifier current (DC-link current) to mitigate the cause of rectifier thermal overload. When the drive exits from the overload operation window, derating is stopped.

P 2.3.1.6 Inverter Thermal Overload Response

Select the mode of inverter thermal overload protection.

Default Value:	1 (Fault)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2341	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
1	Fault	The drive issues a fault and stops.
2	Automatically derate	The drive continues operation with derated performance.

This parameter selects a response to the reaction of the drive for Inverter Thermal Overload protection. Inverter thermal overload is detected when the drive operates for a long period at a specified output current level. Specific current levels and trip times depend on the power unit type and rating. Following are the descriptions for the selections available for the parameter:

Table 83: Selection Descriptions

Selection Name	Selection Description
Trip	The drive issues a fault and stops modulation.
Automatically derate	The drive derates the rectifier current (DC-link current) to mitigate the cause of rectifier thermal overload. When the drive exits from the overload operation window, derating is stopped.

P 2.3.1.7 Ground Fault 0 Response

Select a response if a high-impedance ground fault occurs.

Default Value:	9 (Fault, ramp to coast)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2347	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	No response	The event is ignored.
9	Fault, ramp to coast	Issues a fault, ramps down, and coast.

P 2.3.1.8 Constant Loss Controller

Enables the constant-loss controller. The function maintains a constant temperature in the drive at low-load conditions.

Default Value:	False	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2355	Unit:	–
Data Type:	BOOL	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Disabled	Disables the function.
1	Enabled	Enables the function.

8.4.4.2 Group 2.3.2 Overvoltage Protection

P 2.3.2.1 Overvoltage Control

Enables the DC-link overvoltage controller. It is recommended to disable the overvoltage controller if brake is enabled, or the unit is supplied with a regulated DC.

Default Value:	1 (Enabled)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	1802	Unit:	–
Data Type:	BOOL	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Disabled	Disables the function.
1	Enabled	Enables the function.

Table 84: Selection Descriptions

Selection name	Selection description
Disable	- The overvoltage controller does not affect motor speed in any manner. - DC-link voltage is controlled with a brake chopper.  NOTE: A DC-link overvoltage fault is usually triggered when the DC-link voltage exceeds acceptable levels.
Enable	When the DC-link voltage level exceeds the overvoltage level, motor speed or deceleration is limited by the controller.

P 2.3.2.2 Overvoltage Control Kp

Set the scaling of the overvoltage control proportional gain.

Default Value:	100	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	1803	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 2.3.2.3 Overvoltage Control Ti

Set the scaling of the overvoltage control integral time.

Default Value:	100	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	1804	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 2.3.2.4 Overvoltage Control Td

Set the scaling of the overvoltage control derivation time.

Default Value:	100	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	1805	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 2.3.2.5 Overvoltage Control Upper Limit

Set the upper limit for the overvoltage control. However, the voltage can be limited further due to internal derating.

Default Value:	796.5	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	1816	Unit:	V
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.4.4.3 Group 2.3.3 Power Loss

P 2.3.3.3 Power Loss Response

Select the response to an insufficient supply voltage.

Default Value:	1 (Undervoltage control)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	1818	Unit:	—
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	None	The function is disabled.
1	Undervoltage control	Drive utilizes the kinetic energy in the system to maintain operation as long as possible.
2	Controlled ramp down	Drive utilizes the kinetic energy in the system to perform a controlled ramp down.
3	Coast	Drive coasts the motor.

This parameter sets the reaction of the drive when the drive has insufficient supply voltage (DC-link voltage). Insufficient voltage is detected when the actual voltage falls below the undervoltage limit.

Table 85: Selection Descriptions

Selection name	Selection description
None	During a power loss scenario, the drive takes no action. The undervoltage controlled is disabled.
Undervoltage control	- When the voltage falls below the undervoltage level, the undervoltage controller is activated. - The controller decelerates the motor speed to regenerate energy to DC-link. - Use this selection for system module drives.
Controlled Ramp Down	When the voltage falls below the undervoltage level, the drive stops by ramping the motor speed to zero before stopping modulation.
Coast	When the voltage falls below the undervoltage level, the drive immediately stops modulating.

P 2.3.3.4 Power Recovery Response

Select the action to take when supply voltage returns after a power loss.

Default Value:	0 (Ramp to reference)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	1819	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Ramp to reference	Drive ramps to reference.
1	Ramp fast to reference	Drive ramps as fast as possible to reference.
2	Ramp to zero	Drive ramps down and coasts.
3	Flystart and ramp to reference	Drive executes a flystart and ramps to reference. This setting is only active if Power Loss Response is set to coast.

Sets the reaction of the drive when the supply voltage (DC-link voltage) returns after a power loss event. The reaction occurs when the actual voltage returns and exceeds the undervoltage limit.

Table 86: Selection Descriptions

Selection name	Selection description
Ramp to Reference	This is the recommended selection for a system drive. The drive ramps from the actual speed to the reference.
Ramp Fast to Reference	The drive bypasses ramping and operates directly with the reference.  NOTE: This selection is only available with the flux motor control principle.

P 2.3.3.5 Undervoltage Control Kp

Set the scaling of the undervoltage control proportional gain.

Default Value:	100	Parameter Type:	Range (0.001 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	1806	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 2.3.3.6 Undervoltage Control Ti

Set the scaling of the undervoltage control integral time.

Default Value:	100	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	1807	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 2.3.3.7 Undervoltage Control Td

Set the scaling of the undervoltage control derivation time.

Default Value:	100	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	1808	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 2.3.3.8 Undervoltage Control Activation Level

Set the level at which undervoltage control is activated.

Default Value:	100	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	1817	Unit:	V
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 2.3.3.12 Deceleration Time Power Loss

Set the deceleration time from nominal speed to 0 when in power-loss mode.

Default Value:	0.5	Parameter Type:	Range (0.02 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	1139	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.4.5 Group 2.4 Modulation

P 2.4.1 Max. Switching Frequency

Set the maximum switching frequency.

Default Value:	16.00	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	2924	Unit:	kHz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 2.4.2 Min. Switching Frequency

Set the minimum switching frequency.

Default Value:	1.00	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	2925	Unit:	kHz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 2.4.3 Switching Frequency

Set the switching frequency.

Default Value:	1.00	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	2920	Unit:	kHz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 2.4.4 Control Frequency Request

Set the requested control frequency. A constant control frequency is enabled by setting this value. If set to 0.0, constant control frequency is disabled.

Default Value:	4.00	Parameter Type:	Range (0.00 — *)
Parameter Number:	2921	Unit:	kHz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

P 2.4.6 Overmodulation

Enables the modulation index to exceed 1.0.

Default Value:	1 (Enabled)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	5094	Unit:	–
Data Type:	BOOL	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Disabled	Disables the function.
1	Enabled	Enables the function.

8.5 Group 3 Filters & Brake Chopper

8.5.1 Filters Overview

This parameter group contains parameters for configuring, monitoring, and controlling the input filters and output filters.

8.5.2 Group 3.1 Filters & Brake Chopper Status

P 3.1.1 Brake Power

Shows the power dissipated in the brake resistor.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0.00 — *)
Parameter Number:	2933	Unit:	kW
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 3.1.2 Average Brake Power

Shows the average power dissipated in the brake resistor, calculated over 120 s.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0.00 — *)
Parameter Number:	2934	Unit:	kW
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 3.1.3 AHF Capacitor Connected

Shows if the advanced harmonic filter (AHF) capacitor is connected.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	5410	Unit:	–
Data Type:	BOOL	Access Type:	Read Only

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	False	Fixed value - False.
1	True	Fixed value - True.

8.5.3 Group 3.2 Brake Chopper

P 3.2.1 Brake Chopper

Select the brake chopper operation mode. If enabled, the OVC controller is no longer active.

Default Value:	0 (Disabled)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2935	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Disabled	
1	Enabled in Run and Coast	Enables the brake chopper both while running and at coast.
2	Enabled in run only	Enables the brake chopper while running.

P 3.2.2 Brake Chopper Voltage Reduce

Lower the activation level of the brake chopper. If set to 0, the value will be the highest one possible for the drive.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 50)
Parameter Number:	2938	Unit:	V
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.5.4 Group 3.3 Brake Resistor

P 3.3.1 Brake Resistor Test

Enables the brake resistor test. The drive conducts a test of brake resistor presence while the drive is coasted. Starting of the drive is prohibited until the test is completed.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	430	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Off	
1	Enable brake chopper test run	Executes a test of the brake chopper and brake resistor to check if they are operational.

P 3.3.2 Brake Resistor Resistance

Set the resistance value of the brake resistor.

Default Value:	5	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	2936	Unit:	Ω
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

P 3.3.3 Brake Resistor Power Limit

Set the power limit for resistor braking.

Default Value:	1	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — *)
Parameter Number:	2937	Unit:	kW
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

The parameter must be configured to set the expected average power dissipated in the brake resistor over a period of 120 s. To calculate the brake resistor power limit, use the following formula.

$$P_{br,avg}(W) = \frac{U_{br}^2 \times t_{br}(s)}{R_{br}(\Omega) \times T_{br}(s)}$$

The following elements are used in the formula:

- $P_{br,avg}$ is the average power dissipated in the brake resistor.
- R_{br} is the resistance of the brake resistor.
- t_{br} is the active braking time within 120 s. (T_{br}).
- U_{br} is the DC link when the brake chopper is active. The correct value depends on the selection of parameter **2.2.1 Unit Voltage Class** using the following table.

Table 87: Power rating and voltage class setting

Voltage range	Unit voltage class 380–500 V AC (3N05)
Low voltage range	705
Medium voltage range	770
High voltage range (low brake level)	780
High voltage range (high brake level)	800

8.5.5 Group 3.4 Advanced Harmonic Filter

P 3.4.1 Advanced Harmonic Filter

Select if the Advanced Harmonic Filter is connected to the drive.

Default Value:	False	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	3410	Unit:	–
Data Type:	BOOL	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Disabled	Disables the function.
1	Enabled	Enables the function.

P 3.4.2 Capacitor Disconnect Output

Select the output terminal for disconnecting the capacitor.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	3412	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 3.4.3 Thermal Switch Response

Select which function is activated if the thermal input indicates too high a temperature.

Default Value:	1 (Fault, ramp to coast)	Parameter Type:	Selection
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Parameter Number:	3413	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
1	Fault, ramp to coast	Issues a fault, ramps down, and coast.
2	Derate	The drive issues a fault, continues operation, and derates to protect the filter.

P 3.4.4 Thermal Switch Input

Select the digital input terminal for the thermal switch.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	3414	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 3.4.5 Power Stabilizer Gain

Set the controller gain for power stabilization. The power stabilizer dampens possible resonance with the grid. If set to -1 the value is selected automatically, if set to 0 the controller is disabled.

Default Value:	-1	Parameter Type:	Range (-1 — 500)
Parameter Number:	3415	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 3.4.6 Power Stabilizer Bandwidth

Set the controller bandwidth for power stabilization.

Default Value:	100	Parameter Type:	Range (1 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	3416	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.5.6 Group 3.5 Output Filter

P 3.5.1 Output Filter Type

Select the output filter type.

Default Value:	0 (None)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	5501	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	None	No output filter connected.
1	Sine-wave Filter	When using a sine-wave filter, the maximum output current of the drive might be reduced to protect the filter and drive. Check and correct the values for filter capacitance and inductance.

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 3.5.2 Filter Capacitance

Set the capacitance of the output filter.

Default Value:	*	Parameter Type:	Range (0.00 — 1000000.00)
Parameter Number:	5502	Unit:	μF
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

Set the Cy (capacitance) value of the output filter. See the filter product label for the capacitance value. The value is the equivalent star-connected capacitance of the filter. When the filters are installed in parallel, enter the combined capacitance value of the paralleled filter. The value is the equivalent star-connected capacitance (Cy) of the filter multiplied by the number of installed paralleled filters.

P 3.5.3 Filter Inductance

Set the inductance of the output filter.

Default Value:	*	Parameter Type:	Range (0.00 — 1000.00)
Parameter Number:	5503	Unit:	mH
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

Set the inductance of the output filter. See the product label of the filter for the value of inductance. When filters are installed in parallel, enter the combined inductance value of the installed paralleled filters. The inductance value in the parameter is the inductance value of the filter divided by the number of paralleled filters.

P 3.5.4 Filter Series Resistance

Set the equivalent resistance for the inductance of the output filter as per filter nameplate.

Default Value:	*	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 1000000)
Parameter Number:	5499	Unit:	Ω
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

8.6 Group 4 Motor

8.6.1 Motor Overview

This parameter group contains parameters for configuring the motor, motor control, and motor protection.

8.6.2 Group 4.1 Motor Status

P 4.1.1 Motor Current

Shows the actual motor current.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — *)
Parameter Number:	9000	Unit:	A
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 4.1.2 Relative Motor Current

Shows the actual motor current in % of the nominal motor current.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 200)
Parameter Number:	9001	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 4.1.3 U-phase RMS Current

Shows the U-phase RMS current.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — *)
Parameter Number:	9020	Unit:	A
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 4.1.4 V-phase RMS Current

Shows the V-phase RMS current.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — *)
Parameter Number:	9021	Unit:	A
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 4.1.5 W-phase RMS Current

Shows the W-phase RMS current.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — *)
Parameter Number:	9022	Unit:	A
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 4.1.6 Motor Voltage

Shows the actual motor voltage.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — *)
Parameter Number:	9005	Unit:	V
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 4.1.7 Relative Motor Voltage

Shows the actual motor voltage in % of the nominal motor voltage.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 200)
Parameter Number:	9006	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 4.1.11 Motor Torque

Shows the actual motor torque.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-10000000 — 10000000)
Parameter Number:	9009	Unit:	Nm
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 4.1.12 Relative Motor Torque

Shows the motor torque in % of the nominal motor torque.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	1708	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 4.1.13 Motor Shaft Power

Shows the actual power at the motor shaft.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	9008	Unit:	kW
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 4.1.14 Relative Motor Shaft Power

Shows the actual motor shaft power in % of the nominal motor shaft power.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-300 — 300)
Parameter Number:	1707	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 4.1.15 Motor Electrical Power

Shows the actual motor power.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	9043	Unit:	kW
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 4.1.16 Motor Thermal Load (ETR)

Shows the estimated thermal load of the motor calculated by the ETR function.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 100)
Parameter Number:	2951	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 4.1.17 Motor Current Output

Select an output for the motor current signal. The scale of the signal is 0–100% of the nominal current.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
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Parameter Number:	2302	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 4.1.18 Motor Voltage Output

Select an output for the motor voltage signal. The scale of the signal is 0–100% of the nominal voltage.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2303	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 4.1.19 Absolute Motor Torque Output

Select an output for the motor torque signal. The scale of the signal is 0–100% of the absolute value of the nominal torque.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2306	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 4.1.20 Extended Motor Torque Output

Select an output for the motor torque signal. The scale of the signal is -200...200% of the nominal torque.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2310	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 4.1.21 Absolute Motor Speed Output

Select an output for the motor speed signal. The scale of the signal is 0–100% of the absolute value of the nominal speed.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2301	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 4.1.22 Extended Motor Speed Output

Select an output for the motor speed signal. The scale of the signal is -200...200% of the nominal speed.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2309	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 4.1.23 Motor Power Output

Select an output for the motor power signal. The scale of the signal is 0–100% of the nominal power.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2305	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 4.1.24 AMA Progress

Shows the progress of the Automatic Motor Adaptation (AMA).

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 100)
Parameter Number:	429	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 4.1.26 Motor Temperature

Shows the actual temperature of the motor.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-300 — 300)
Parameter Number:	1630	Unit:	°C
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 4.1.28 Rs Measured

When a Rs measurement is stored for use after drive power recycle, the value is shown here; otherwise it is zero.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 100000)
Parameter Number:	433	Unit:	Ω
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 4.1.29 Back EMF Measured Coast

Shows the measured back EMF constant of PM motors. The voltage is measured right after a coast signal has been applied. The value is given as line-line RMS at 1000 RPM. To make use of this measurement, the motor must run above 15 % of the motor nominal speed when the coast signal is applied. This measurement does not work for motors that cannot spin freely after coast.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 100000)
Parameter Number:	1631	Unit:	V
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

8.6.3 Group 4.2 Motor Data

8.6.3.1 Group 4.2.1 General Settings

P 4.2.1.1 Motor Type

Select the motor type.

Default Value:	0 (Induction Motor)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	407	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Induction Motor	Asynchronous Induction Motor.
1	Permanent Magnet Motor	Permanent Magnet Synchronous Motor.
2	Sync. Reluctance Motor	Synchronous reluctance motor.



NOTE: If the motor type is a PM-assisted synchronous reluctance motor, select **[1] Permanent Magnet Motor**.

P 4.2.1.2 Number of Pole Pairs

Set the number of pole pairs. For example, a 4-pole motor is set as 2 pole pairs.

Default Value:	2	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 65535)
Parameter Number:	406	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

The synchronous speed of a motor can be calculated when the supply frequency and number of pole pairs are known. The formula to calculate the synchronous speed of the motor (n_s) with supply frequency (f) and number of pole pairs (p) is as follows:

$$n_s = \frac{60 \times f}{p} \text{ [RPM]}$$

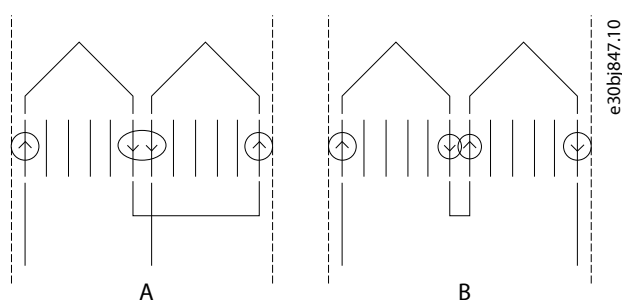


Figure 112: Two Inductors in 1 Phase Connected in Series to A) 2 Poles B) 4 Poles

While the frequency is determined by the grid or the drive, the number of poles is determined by the way the stator inductors are connected. Pole pairs (p) or pole number and synchronous motor speed lists the number of poles corresponding to synchronous speed (n0) at 50 Hz and 60 Hz supply.

Table 88: Number of Pole Pairs (p) and Nominal Speed (~nn) for Motors @ 50 Hz and 60 Hz

Number of pole pairs (p)	~nn @ 50 Hz	~nn @ 60 Hz
1	2700–2880	3250–3460
2	1350–1450	1625–1730
3	700–960	840–1153

Table 89: Pole Pairs (p) or Pole Number and Synchronous Motor Speed

Number of pole pairs (p)	1	2	3	4	6
Number of poles	2	4	6	8	12
50 Hz supply	3000	1500	1000	750	500
60 Hz supply	3600	1800	1200	900	600

The dependency of the motor's synchronous speed n_s in RPM of the frequency f of the power supply in Hz (parameter **1.1.1 Grid Frequency**) and the number of pole pairs in parameter **4.2.1.2 Number of Pole Pairs** is provided by the earlier formula.

For example, for a motor with 2 pole pairs (4 poles) and a frequency of the power supply of 50 Hz, the synchronous speed of the motor is:

$$n_s = \frac{60 \times f}{p} [\text{RPM}] = 1500 \text{ RPM}$$

P 4.2.1.3 AMA Mode

Select the Automatic Motor Adaptation (AMA) mode. If motor type was set to induction motor, the results of the measurement can be seen under the menu Induction Motor. If motor type was set to either permanent magnet motor or synchronous reluctance motor, the result can be seen under the menu Synchronous Motor.

Default Value:	0 (Off)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	420	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Off	AMA is disabled for normal operation.
3	Motor Data	The next start command initiates measurement of the motor data.
4	Reduced Motor Data (Rs)	The next start command initiates a measurement of the motor stator resistance - Rs. This method also works if a sine-wave filter is connected between the motor and drive.

Automatic Motor Adaptation (AMA) is an automated test procedure providing an optimization of the motor parameters for improved shaft performance. The measurement is performed based on the motor product label data in parameter group **4.2.2 Motor Nameplate Data**. The motor-type-specific parameters in parameter group **4.2.3 Induction Motor** or parameter group **4.2.4 Permanent Magnet Motor** are recalculated and used to fine-tune the motor control algorithm. Running the AMA procedure also maximizes the automatic energy optimization (AEO) feature of the drive. AMA also allows the automatic detection of the motor type based on the product label data.

- The AMA must be run on a cold motor. Running the AMA multiple times also increases the motor temperature.
- The AMA must be conducted with the motor at standstill.
- Avoid generating external torque during AMA.
- The **Motor Data** mode (selection 3) cannot be run with a sine-wave filter connected. The **Reduced Motor Data (Rs)** mode (selection 4) can be run with a sine-filter connected.
- Uncoupling the load from the motor is not needed.
- The duration of the AMA depends on the power rating of the motor.
- Changing the product label data in parameter group **4.2.2 Motor Nameplate Data** also modifies the data in the parameter group **4.2.3 Induction Motor** or **4.2.4 Permanent Magnet Motor**.



NOTE: The parameter automatically switches back to Off after the AMA has been performed.

P 4.2.1.4 Rs Measurement at start

Determine when a Rs measurement is performed.

Default Value:	0 (Off)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	432	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Off	Select this setting to disable Rs measurement. To reset the triggering, this setting must be selected in between the other methods.
1	First start after power on	Select performing a Rs measurement at the first start after the drive is powered on.
2	Every start	A Rs measurement is performed before every start.
3	First start with store	Enable performing a Rs measurement at the first start. The measurement is stored.

Use Rs measurement at start to measure the resistance of the stator (Rs) before motor start, for induction and permanent magnet motors running FVC+. For induction motors, the rotor resistance (Rr) is also provided.

Accurate motor parameters are important for optimum motor performance, and measuring resistances before starting the motor can help compensate for variation caused by changes in motor operating temperature.

It is important that the shaft is not rotating when the measurement is made. If it cannot be guaranteed, use DC hold to stop the shaft before start.

P 4.2.1.5 Motor Cable Length

Set the motor cable length.

Default Value:	100	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	425	Unit:	m
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

In some products, depending on the EMC configuration, this parameter may adjust the allowable switching frequency automatically to achieve optimum performance of the drive system.

Depending on whether metric or imperial units are in use, give the value for the parameter in either meters (m) or feet (ft). The value range is different with the different units.

P 4.2.1.6 Output Phase Sequence

Set the output phase sequence. This function virtually swaps the output phases, which can be used to change the direction of motor rotation without having to physically rewire motor cables.

Default Value:	0 (UVW)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	431	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	UVW	Select the normal phase sequence.
1	WVU	Select the reverse phase sequence.

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

8.6.3.2 Group 4.2.2 Motor Nameplate Data

These parameters allow the setting of motor nameplate data.

Often, permanent magnet motors have torque but not power given on the motor nameplate. For those motors, set the speed and torque product label settings, then the system calculates the power value. The system also calculates the torque value for asynchronous motors, when the power and speed values are set.

When a higher priority parameter is set, the value of the lower priority parameter is calculated by the system. The parameters have the following priority order:

1. Nominal Power
2. Nominal Speed
3. Nominal Torque

To calculate the nominal torque of the motor, first set nominal power and then nominal speed.

To calculate nominal power of the motor, first set nominal speed and then nominal torque.

P 4.2.2.1 Nominal Power

Set the nominal motor shaft power.

Default Value:	5.50	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	405	Unit:	kW
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

P 4.2.2.2 Nominal Current

Set the nominal motor current.

Default Value:	11.5	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	400	Unit:	A
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

P 4.2.2.3 Nominal Speed

Set the nominal motor shaft speed.

Default Value:	1450	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 100000)
Parameter Number:	402	Unit:	rpm
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

P 4.2.2.4 Nominal Frequency

Set the nominal motor frequency.

Default Value:	50	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 2000)
Parameter Number:	403	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

P 4.2.2.5 Nominal Voltage

Set the nominal motor voltage.

Default Value:	400	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	401	Unit:	V
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

P 4.2.2.6 Nominal Torque

Set the nominal torque from the nameplate of the motor.

Default Value:	52521.13	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	9951	Unit:	NomTorqueSI
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

8.6.3.3 Group 4.2.3 Induction Motor

P 4.2.3.1 Stator Resistance Rs

Set the motor stator resistance. Overwritten by AMA.

Default Value:	1.21	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 1000000)
Parameter Number:	408	Unit:	Ω
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

P 4.2.3.2 Rotor Resistance Rr

Set the motor rotor resistance. Overwritten by AMA.

Default Value:	0.79	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 1000000)
Parameter Number:	409	Unit:	Ω
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

Use any of the following methods for setting Rr:

- Run an AMA on a cold motor. The drive measures the value from the motor. All compensations are reset to 100%.
- Enter the Rr value manually. Obtain the value from the motor supplier.
- Use the Rr default setting. The drive establishes the setting based on the motor nameplate data.

P 4.2.3.3 Iron Loss Resistance Rfe

Set the motor iron-loss equivalent resistance.

Default Value:	874	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 11000000000)
Parameter Number:	413	Unit:	Ω
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

The RFe value cannot be found by performing an AMA. The RFe value is especially important in torque control applications. If RFe is unknown, make sure to keep the default setting of the parameter.

P 4.2.3.4 Stator Leakage Reactance Xls

Set the motor stator leakage reactance. Overwritten by AMA.

Default Value:	0.03	Parameter Type:	Range (0.00 — 62.83)
Parameter Number:	440	Unit:	Ω
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

Use any of the following methods for setting Xls:

- Run an AMA on a cold motor. The drive measures the value from the motor.
- Enter the Xls value manually. Obtain the value from the motor supplier.
- Use the Xls default setting. The drive establishes the setting based on the motor nameplate data.

P 4.2.3.5 Rotor Leakage Reactance Xlr

Set the motor rotor leakage reactance. Overwritten by AMA.

Default Value:	0.03	Parameter Type:	Range (0.00 — 62.83)
Parameter Number:	441	Unit:	Ω
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

Use any of the following methods to set Xlr:

- Run an AMA on a cold motor. The drive measures the value from the motor.

- Enter the Xlr value manually. Obtain the value from the motor supplier.
- Use the Xlr default setting. The drive establishes the setting based on the motor nameplate data.

P 4.2.3.6 Magnetizing Reactance Xm

Set the motor magnetizing reactance. Overwritten by AMA.

Default Value:	0.94	Parameter Type:	Range (0.00 — 62.83)
Parameter Number:	442	Unit:	Ω
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

8.6.3.4 Group 4.2.4 Synchronous Motor

P 4.2.4.1 Back EMF

Set the stator nominal induced voltage (back-EMF voltage) when running at 1000 RPM (line-to-line RMS). Overwritten by AMA.

Default Value:	190	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	415	Unit:	V
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

P 4.2.4.2 Stator Resistance Rs

Set the motor stator resistance. Overwritten by AMA.

Default Value:	1.21	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 1000000)
Parameter Number:	408	Unit:	Ω
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

P 4.2.4.3 d-axis Inductance Ld

Set the motor non-saturated d-axis inductance. Overwritten by AMA.

Default Value:	23.00	Parameter Type:	Range (0.00 — 1000.00)
Parameter Number:	417	Unit:	mH
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

P 4.2.4.4 d-axis Inductance Ld-Sat

Set the motor saturated d-axis inductance. Overwritten by AMA.

Default Value:	23.00	Parameter Type:	Range (0.00 — 1000.00)
Parameter Number:	418	Unit:	mH
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

P 4.2.4.5 Ld Saturation Point

Set the point (in % of nominal motor current) at which the Ld inductance saturates (average of non-saturated and saturated). Overwritten by AMA.

Default Value:	100	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 300)
Parameter Number:	426	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

P 4.2.4.6 q-axis Inductance Lq

Set the motor non-saturated q-axis inductance. Overwritten by AMA.

Default Value:	85.00	Parameter Type:	Range (0.00 — 1000.00)
Parameter Number:	427	Unit:	mH
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

P 4.2.4.7 q-axis Inductance Lq-Sat

Set the motor saturated q-axis inductance. Overwritten by AMA.

Default Value:	85.00	Parameter Type:	Range (0.00 — 1000.00)
Parameter Number:	422	Unit:	mH
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

P 4.2.4.8 Lq Saturation Point

Set the point (in % of nominal motor current) at which the Lq inductance saturates (average of non-saturated and saturated). Overwritten by AMA.

Default Value:	100	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 300)
Parameter Number:	424	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

8.6.4 Group 4.3 Motor Control

8.6.4.1 Compatibility of Motor Control Features for FVC+ and VVC+ Control in Motion

The following table outlines the compatibility of motor types and motor control related features with motor control principles.

Table 90: Motor Control Features and Motor Types

Motor type/Feature		Induction motors		Permanent magnet motors		Synchronous reluctance motors	
		FVC+	VVC+	FVC+	VVC+	FVC+	VVC+
Motor type	Induction motor (IM)	X	X	-	-	-	-
	Surface permanent magnet motor (SPM)	-	-	X	X	-	-
	Interior permanent magnet motor (IPM)	-	-	X	X	-	-
	Synchronous reluctance motor (SRM)	-	-	-	-	X	-

Table 90: Motor Control Features and Motor Types - (continued)

Motor type/Feature		Induction motors		Permanent magnet motors		Synchronous reluctance motors	
		FVC+	VVC+	FVC+	VVC+	FVC+	VVC+
Speed feed-back	Open loop	X	X	X	X	X	-
	Closed loop (with Encoder Resolver)	X	X	X	-	X	-
Reference handling	Speed control	X	X	X	X	X	-
	Torque control	X	-	X	-	X	-
	Position control	X	X	X	X	X	-
	Linear ramp	X	X	X	X	X	-
	S-ramp	X	X	X	X	X	-
	Load drooping	X	X	X	X	X	-
	Windowing in torque control	X	-	X	-	X	-
Limit handling	Speed limit	X	X	X	X	X	-
	Torque limit	X	X	X	X	X	-
	Position limit	X	X	X	X	X	-
	Current limit	X	X	X	X	X	-
	Power limit	X	X	X	X	X	-
	Overvoltage control	X	X	X	X	X	-
	Undervoltage control	X	X	X	X	X	-

Table 90: Motor Control Features and Motor Types - (continued)

Motor type/Feature		Induction motors		Permanent magnet motors		Synchronous reluctance motors	
		FVC+	VVC+	FVC+	VVC+	FVC+	VVC+
Auxiliary functions	Flying start	X	X	X	X	-	-
	Automatic energy optimization (AEO)	X	X	X	X	X	-
	Power loss action	X	X	X	X	X	-
	AC brake (Flux brake)	X	X	-	-	X	-
	Start magnetization	X	X	-	-	-	-
	DC brake	X	X	X	X	X	-
	DC-injection in stop	X	X	X	X	X	-
	Stop state magnetization	X	X	-	-	-	-
	Initial position detection	-	-	X	X	X	-
	Rotor parking	-	-	X	X	X	-
Commissioning functions	AMA standstill	X	X	X	X	X	-
	Inertia measurement	X	-	X	-	X	-
	Speed control auto-tuning	X	-	X	-	X	-
Filters	Sine-wave filter	X	X	-	X	-	-
	Advanced harmonic filter	X	X	X	X	X	-
Process functionality and protections	Mechanical brake control in closed loop	X	-	X	-	X	-
	Missing motor phase	X	X	X	X	X	-
	Motor thermal protection	X	X	X	X	X	-
	Electronic thermal relay (ETR)	X	X	X	X	X	-

8.6.4.2 Group 4.3.1 General Settings

P 4.3.1.1 Motor Control Principle

Select the motor control principle.

Default Value:	1 (VVC+ Control)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2503	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	U/f Control	Selects U/f control as motor control.
1	VVC+ Control	Selects Voltage Vector Control (VVC+) as motor control.
2	FVC+ Control	Selects Flux Vector Control (FVC+) as motor control.

P 4.3.1.2 Breakaway Current Boost

Enables the breakaway current boost, which temporarily allows a higher starting current.

Default Value:	False	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2930	Unit:	–
Data Type:	BOOL	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Disabled	Disables the function.
1	Enabled	Enables the function.

P 4.3.1.5 Motor Feedback Mode

Select the feedback mode.

Default Value:	0 (Open loop)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2502	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Open loop	The motor is operated without feedback. The motor control estimates the actual speed.
1	Closed loop with Feedback Device 1	The motor is operated with feedback, providing speed and position feedback for motor control from feedback device 1.
2	Closed loop with Feedback Device 2	The motor is operated with feedback, providing speed and position feedback for motor control from feedback device 2.
3	Closed loop with Basic I/O Feedback	The motor is operated with feedback, providing speed and position feedback for motor control from basic I/O feedback.

P 4.3.1.6 Motor Feedback Test Mode

Select the motor feedback test mode.

Default Value:	0 (Off)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	421	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Off	Motor feedback test is not enabled.
1	Enable Motor Feedback Test	The next start command initiates a test of the motor feedback signal.

P 4.3.1.9 Maximum Motor Voltage

Set the maximum output voltage applied to the motor. This can be used to avoid a field-weakening operation when running at speeds above the nominal motor speed, when the drive is supplied with a voltage higher than the nominal motor voltage.

Default Value:	400	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 1000)
Parameter Number:	5433	Unit:	V
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 4.3.1.10 Motor Voltage Limitation Mode

Motor voltage limitation mode selection. The limitation is performed based on the DC-link voltage.

Default Value:	0 (Average DC-link voltage)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	4620	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Average DC-link voltage	Motor voltage is limited based on the average DC-link voltage.
1	Minimum DC-link voltage	Motor voltage is limited based on the minimum DC-link voltage.

8.6.4.3 Running a Motor Feedback Test

The Motor Feedback Test optimizes closed-loop motor operation. During the test, the motor is rotated in open loop and feedback data is gathered. The feedback data is then utilized in closed-loop operation.

The Motor Feedback Test is executed during commissioning.

1. Set parameter **4.3.1.6 Motor Feedback Test Mode** to **Enable Motor Feedback Test**.

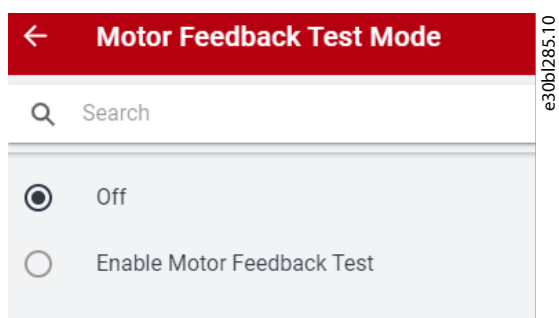


Figure 113: Motor Feedback Test Mode in MyDrive® Insight

➡ The warning **Feedback Test Active (5600)** is issued, and normal start is suppressed until the test is executed.

2. Give the start command.

➡ The motor accelerates to 60 RPM and runs for 1 s. The test samples the feedback signal. The motor stops after 1 s and the drive reports the test result. Parameter **4.3.1.6 Motor Feedback Test Mode** is set to **Off**.

➡ The outcome of the test can be:

- Success: The drive issues **Info 5601: Feedback Test Successful** and a pop-up dialog with the same message.
- Feedback signal was negative running whereas motor was positive: The drive issues **Fault 5604: Motor Feedback Inversed**.
- Feedback signal was 0 or very low: The drive issues **Fault 5605: No Motor Feedback**.
- Feedback signal was faster than expected: The drive issues **Fault 5603: Feedback Resolution/Poles Low**.
- Feedback signal was slower than expected: The drive issues **Fault 5602: Feedback Resolution/Poles High**.
- Feedback signal was inconsistent: Drive issues **Fault 5606: Feedback Unstable**.

8.6.4.4 Group 4.3.2 U/f Settings

The parameters are used to set the U/f motor control curve manually. Make sure that the parameter **Motor Control Principle** is set to **U/f**.

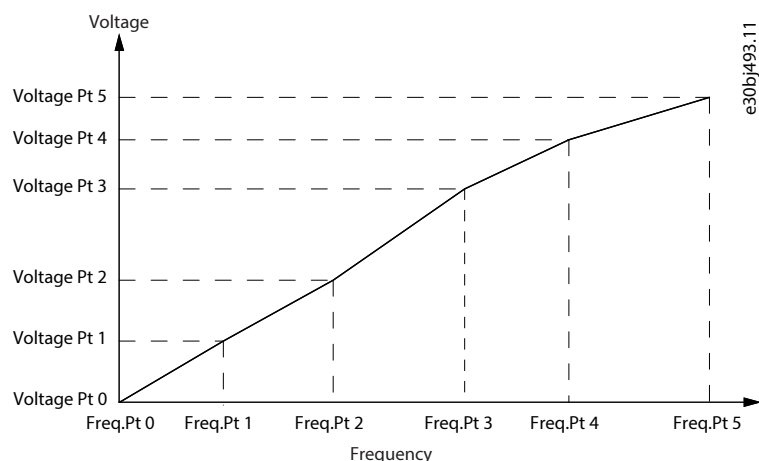


Figure 114: U/f Settings

P 4.3.2.1 Voltage Point 0

Set the U/f curve voltage point 0.

Default Value:	8	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — *)
Parameter Number:	2600	Unit:	V

Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write
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P 4.3.2.2 Voltage Point 1

Set the U/f curve voltage point 1.

Default Value:	80	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — *)
Parameter Number:	2601	Unit:	V
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 4.3.2.3 Voltage Point 2

Set the U/f curve voltage point 2.

Default Value:	160	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — *)
Parameter Number:	2602	Unit:	V
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 4.3.2.4 Voltage Point 3

Set the U/f curve voltage point 3.

Default Value:	240	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — *)
Parameter Number:	2603	Unit:	V
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 4.3.2.5 Voltage Point 4

Set the U/f curve voltage point 4.

Default Value:	320	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — *)
Parameter Number:	2604	Unit:	V
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 4.3.2.6 Voltage Point 5

Set the U/f curve voltage point 5.

Default Value:	400	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — *)
Parameter Number:	2605	Unit:	V
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 4.3.2.7 Frequency Point 0

Set the U/f curve frequency point 0.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 2000)
Parameter Number:	2610	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 4.3.2.8 Frequency Point 1

Set the U/f curve frequency point 1.

Default Value:	10	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 2000)
Parameter Number:	2611	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 4.3.2.9 Frequency Point 2

Set the U/f curve frequency point 2.

Default Value:	20	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 2000)
Parameter Number:	2612	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 4.3.2.10 Frequency Point 3

Set the U/f curve frequency point 3.

Default Value:	30	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 2000)
Parameter Number:	2613	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 4.3.2.11 Frequency Point 4

Set the U/f curve frequency point 4.

Default Value:	40	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 2000)
Parameter Number:	2614	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 4.3.2.12 Frequency Point 5

Set the U/f curve frequency point 5.

Default Value:	50	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 2000)
Parameter Number:	2615	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.6.4.5 Group 4.3.3 FVC+ Settings

P 4.3.3.1 Continuous Rs Estimation

Enables Rs estimation while running, to compensate for changing operating conditions.

Default Value:	1 (Enabled)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	428	Unit:	–
Data Type:	BOOL	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Disabled	Disables the function.
1	Enabled	Enables the function.

P 4.3.3.2 Current Controller Kp

Set the scaling of the current controller nominal proportional gain.

Default Value:	100	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 100000)
Parameter Number:	8021	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 4.3.3.3 Current Controller Ti

Set the scaling of the current controller nominal integral time.

Default Value:	100	Parameter Type:	Range (0.1 — 100000)
Parameter Number:	8022	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 4.3.3.5 Low-speed Mode

Select the motor control mode used at low speeds.

Default Value:	0 (Selected motor control)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2816	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Selected motor control	Uses the selected motor control at low speed.
1	Forced current mode (I/f Control)	Selects robust I/f current control at low speed.
2	HF injection	Adds HF injection to improve speed estimation performance at low speed.
3	Low speed minimum current	Ensures a minimum current in FVC+ speed mode at low speed.
4	Saliency Tracking	Adds saliency tracking at low speed.

P 4.3.3.6 I/f Control Current Reference

Set the I/f control current reference in % of nominal motor current.

Default Value:	100	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 500)
Parameter Number:	2817	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 4.3.3.7 I/f Control Speed Threshold

Set the speed below which the I/f control is used.

Default Value:	10	Parameter Type:	Range (1 — *)
Parameter Number:	2818	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 4.3.3.8 I/f Control Slip Compensation

Set the slip compensation in % of the nominal motor slip. This is only active in forced current mode (I/f Control).

Default Value:	100	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 1000)
Parameter Number:	2885	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 4.3.3.9 Low Speed Minimum Current

Set the low-speed minimum current reference in % of nominal motor current.

Default Value:	50	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 100)
Parameter Number:	2837	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 4.3.3.11 Minimum Current Speed Threshold

Set the speed below which the minimum current control is used.

Default Value:	10	Parameter Type:	Range (1 — *)
Parameter Number:	2838	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 4.3.3.12 Relative HF Injection Voltage Gain

Set the voltage gain for HF injection relative to the recommended voltage.

Default Value:	100	Parameter Type:	Range (5 — 2000)
Parameter Number:	2821	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 4.3.3.13 Relative HF Inject Bandwidth

Set the bandwidth for HF injection relative to the recommended bandwidth.

Default Value:	100	Parameter Type:	Range (1 — 1000)
Parameter Number:	2826	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 4.3.3.14 HF Injection Angle Comp. Gain

Set the HF injection angle error compensation gain in degrees per nominal load torque.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (-35 — 35)
Parameter Number:	2822	Unit:	°
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 4.3.3.15 HF Injection Angle Comp. Offset

Set the HF injection angle error compensation offset in degrees.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (-25 — 25)
Parameter Number:	2824	Unit:	°
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 4.3.3.16 HF Injection Frequency

Set the HF injection frequency. Setting 0 is equal to automatic setting of injection frequency.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — *)
Parameter Number:	2823	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 4.3.3.18 IdIq Reference Ratio

Set the synchronous motor Id/Iq current reference ratio in %. It is used instead of the default MTPA, if it is set to be different from 0.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (-100 — 100)
Parameter Number:	1219	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 4.3.3.19 Encoder Slip Adjustment

Enables the encoder slip correction function for permanent magnet motors in closed loop FVC+ control.

Default Value:	False	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	4602	Unit:	–
Data Type:	BOOL	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Disabled	Disables the function.
1	Enabled	Enables the function.

P 4.3.3.20 Torque Estimation Bandwidth

Set scaling factor for torque estimation correction bandwidth. 100% = default tuning, 0% = disable. Applies only to permanent magnet motors.

Default Value:	100	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 1000)
Parameter Number:	4612	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 4.3.3.21 Stall Prevention

Enables the stall prevention function that activates when the motor is operated in the field weakening area.

Default Value:	False	Parameter Type:	Selection
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Parameter Number:	4625	Unit:	–
Data Type:	BOOL	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Disabled	Disables the function.
1	Enabled	Enables the function.

P 4.3.3.22 Stall Prevention Adjustment Gain

Set the stall prevention adjustment gain. The stall prevention adjustment gain improves stability and avoids stalling when operating at high speed.

Default Value:	100	Parameter Type:	Range (50 — 150)
Parameter Number:	4626	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 4.3.3.23 Motor Voltage Reserve FVC+

Set the voltage reserve for FVC+ control. To ensure stable motor control, the maximum motor voltage must be lower than the available DC-link voltage by this margin. Adjusting this value can improve shaft performance for applications running in field weakening mode. Modify the value with caution, as it can affect stability.

Default Value:	5	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 100)
Parameter Number:	4629	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.6.4.6 High Frequency Voltage Injection

For salient-pole synchronous motors under FVC+, High Frequency Voltage Injection (HFVI) is an encoder/resolver alternative for rotor position detection at low speeds. If the motor has sufficient saliency (typically larger than 1.1), HFVI allows applications to run open loop with performance like closed loop.

In a salient-pole motor, the magnetic material of the rotor is not rotationally symmetric, as opposed to a non-salient pole motor where it is. That means that the magnetic path through different diameters of the rotor varies. This variation results in different values of Lq and Ld inductances, which can be used to determine the orientation of the rotor. The saliency ratio (SR) is the ratio between Lq and Ld.

HFVI parameters

The setup parameters are all located under **4.3.3 FVC+ Settings**. HFVI is enabled by setting **4.3.3.5 Low-speed Mode** (1 in the following picture) to **HF injection**.

①	4.3.3.4	Low Speed Mode	Normal Motor Control	Normal Motor Control	0	3	
	4.3.3.5	I/f Control Current %	100	100	0	500	%
	4.3.3.6	I/f Control Threshold Speed	10	300	1	50	rpm
	4.3.3.7	Low Speed Minimum Current	50	50	0	100	%
	4.3.3.8	Minimum Current Threshold Speed	10	10	1	50	Hz
	4.3.3.9	Motor Feedback Mode	Open Loop	Open Loop	0	1	
②	4.3.3.10	HF Inject Voltage Gain %	100	100	5	2000	%
③	4.3.3.11	HF Inject Bandwidth %	100	100	1	1000	%
④	4.3.3.12	HF Inject Angle Comp Gain	0	0	-35	35	°
⑤	4.3.3.13	HF Inject Angle Comp Offset	0	0	-25	25	°
⑥	4.3.3.14	HF Inject Frequency	0	0	0	3.4028234663852886e+38	Hz
⑦	4.3.3.15	Id/q Reference Ratio Pct	0	0	-100	100	%

Figure 115: HFVI parameters

The basic settings are done with the following 3 parameters:

- **4.3.3.10 HF Inject Voltage Gain % (2):** Set the magnitude of the injected voltage as a percentage of the recommended injected voltage.
- **4.3.3.11 HF Inject Bandwidth % (3):** Set the bandwidth of the position estimation as a percentage of the recommended bandwidth.
- **4.3.3.14 HF Inject Frequency (6):** This is an optional parameter to force the injection frequency to a specific value. If set to 0, the recommended injection frequency is used.

The recommended injected voltage and frequency are calculated based on motor data.

To ensure sufficient saliency levels under all load conditions, more advanced settings can be set with these 3 parameters:

- **4.3.3.12 HF Inject Angle Comp Gain (4):** Load-dependent offset to the estimated rotor angle.
- **4.3.3.13 HF Inject Angle Comp Offset (5):** Offset to the estimated rotor angle.
- **4.3.3.15 Idlq Reference Ratio Pct (7):** Disables the existing magnetization current controlling scheme, like MTPA, and introduces a magnetization current as a percentage of the torque current. This parameter can be used to force the motor to run with elevated magnetization current levels, if it is required to ensure sufficient saliency levels.

These 3 parameters require detailed information about the motor flux at various operating conditions.

8.6.4.7 Commissioning HFVI

A typical HFVI commissioning workflow is:

1. Set **4.3.1.1 Motor Control Principle** to **FVC+**.
2. Enter the product label data to **4.2.4 Permanent Magnet Motor** and set **4.2.1.1 Motor Type**.
3. Run full AMA: Set **4.2.1.3 AMA Mode** to **Motor Data** and start the drive.
4. Enable HFVI by setting **4.3.3.5 Low-speed Mode** to **HF injection**.

While HFVI is enabled, the saliency ratio is validated.

Table 91: Saliency ratios

Saliency ratio (Lq/Ld)	Drive response
SR ≤ 1.1	Motor start prevented.
1.1 < SR < 1.5	Warning issued in the event log. Tracking capabilities are possibly reduced.

8.6.4.8 Group 4.3.4 VVC+ & U/f Settings

P 4.3.4.1 Slip Compensation

Set the slip compensation in % of nominal motor slip.

Default Value:	100	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 1000)
Parameter Number:	2804	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 4.3.4.2 Slip Compensation Tc

Set the slip compensation time constant.

Default Value:	50.00	Parameter Type:	Range (0.00 — 100000.00)
Parameter Number:	2805	Unit:	ms
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 4.3.4.3 High-speed Load Comp.

Set the high-speed load compensation in % of the motor voltage drop.

Default Value:	100	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 1000)
Parameter Number:	2803	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

The parameters **4.3.4.3 High-speed Load Comp.** and **4.3.4.4 Low Speed Load Comp.** are used to set the % value to compensate voltage in relation to load when the motor is running at high/low speed, and obtain the optimum U/f characteristics. The motor size determines the frequency range within which the parameters are active, as shown in the illustration.

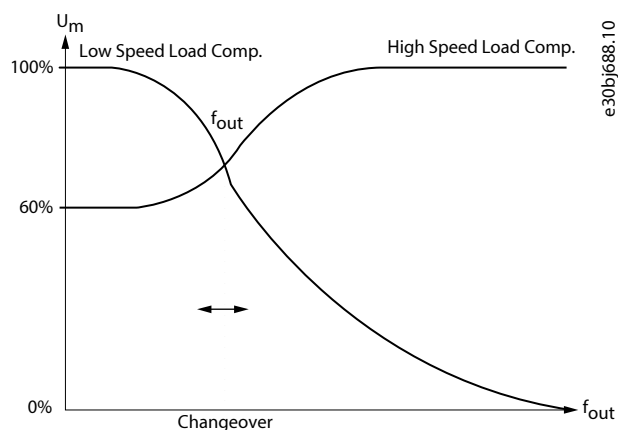


Figure 116: Changeover from Low Speed Load Compensation to High Speed Load Compensation

P 4.3.4.4 Low-speed Load Comp.

Set the low-speed load compensation in % of the motor voltage drop.

Default Value:	100	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 1000)
Parameter Number:	2802	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 4.3.4.5 Res. Damp. Gain

Set the resonance damping gain in % of nominal slip for induction motors, and 0.1 times the nominal frequency for permanent magnet motors.

Default Value:	100	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 50000)
Parameter Number:	2806	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 4.3.4.6 Res. Damp. High Pass Tc

Set the resonance damping high-pass time constant.

Default Value:	50.00	Parameter Type:	Range (0.00 — 100000.00)
Parameter Number:	2807	Unit:	ms
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 4.3.4.7 Res. Damp Low Pass Tc

Set the resonance damping low-pass time constant.

Default Value:	1.00	Parameter Type:	Range (0.00 — 100000.00)
Parameter Number:	2808	Unit:	ms
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 4.3.4.9 Res. Damp. High Pass Tc (SM)

Set time constant of resonance damping for VVC+ control of synchronous motors (SM).

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 1)
Parameter Number:	2819	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 4.3.4.10 Motor Model Tc (SM)

Set the time constant of the internal model used for VVC+ control of synchronous motors (SM). A lower value improves the dynamic control performance. A higher value improves the noise reduction.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 1)
Parameter Number:	2820	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 4.3.4.11 Low Speed Minimum Current

Set the low-speed minimum current reference in % of nominal motor current.

Default Value:	50	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 100)
Parameter Number:	2837	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 4.3.4.12 Nominal Magnetization Speed

Set the minimum speed for nominal motor magnetization. Used by constant torque (CT).

Default Value:	0.5	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 1000)
Parameter Number:	2844	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 4.3.4.13 Zero Speed Magnetization

Set the % of motor magnetization at 0 speed used by constant torque (CT). The selection of a low value reduces energy loss in the motor, but also reduces load capacity.

Default Value:	100	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 1000)
Parameter Number:	2845	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 4.3.4.14 Current Limiter Kp

Set the proportional gain of the current limit controller.

Default Value:	100	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 500)
Parameter Number:	3193	Unit:	%

Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write
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P 4.3.4.15 Current Limiter Ti

Set the integration time of the current limit controller. The value is scaled to % of the nominal setting.

Default Value:	100	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 500)
Parameter Number:	3194	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 4.3.4.16 Motor Voltage Reserve

Reduces the maximum output voltage to the motor in VVC+ and U/F control modes. This setting is only active at operating speeds where the drive is already supplying the full motor voltage. Normally, the drive operates with the maximum available voltage at high speeds. However, this can in rare cases cause motor instability or high current ripple. In such cases increasing this value can improve stability.

Default Value:	0	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 100)
Parameter Number:	3203	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.6.5 Group 4.5 Protection

P 4.5.1 Missing Phase Start-up Detection

Enables detection of missing motor phase at start-up.

Default Value:	0 (Disabled)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	6070	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Disabled	Disables the function.
1	Enabled	Enables the function.

P 4.5.2 Missing Motor Phase Response

Select the response to a missing motor phase.

Default Value:	1 (Fault)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2348	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	No response	The event is ignored.
2	Warning	The drive issues a warning.
1	Fault	The drive issues a fault and coasts the motor.

P 4.5.3 Disconnected Motor Response

Select the response to a disconnected motor.

Default Value:	0 (No response)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2349	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	No response	The event is ignored.
2	Warning	The drive issues a warning.
1	Fault	The drive issues a fault and coasts the motor.
3	Motor Check	The drive checks if the motor is reconnected and resumes operation.

P 4.5.4 ETR Overtemperature Response

Select the response to motor overtemperature indicated by the electronic thermal relay (ETR).

Default Value:	0 (No response)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2825	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	No response	The event is ignored.
1	Info	The event is logged in the event log.
3	Warning	The drive issues a warning.
9	Fault, ramp to coast	Issues a fault, ramps down, and coast.
10	Fault	The drive issues a fault and coasts the motor.

P 4.5.5 Motor Thermistor Input

Select an input for the motor thermistor feedback.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2839	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 4.5.6 Motor Thermistor Response

Select the response to a motor thermistor event.

Default Value:	9 (Fault, ramp to coast)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2846	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
3	Warning	The drive issues a warning.
9	Fault, ramp to coast	Issues a fault, ramps down, and coast.
10	Fault	The drive issues a fault and coasts the motor.

P 4.5.7 Motor Temperature Input

Select the input for the motor temperature sensor.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2847	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 4.5.8 Motor Temperature Warning Level

Set the temperature level for issuing a warning.

Default Value:	120	Parameter Type:	Range (-300 — 300)
Parameter Number:	2848	Unit:	°C
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 4.5.9 Motor Temperature Fault Level

Set the temperature level for issuing a fault. The response is ramp down and coast.

Default Value:	150	Parameter Type:	Range (-300 — 300)
Parameter Number:	2919	Unit:	°C
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 4.5.10 Motor Sync Loss

Select the drive response if the synchronization between motor and drive is lost. This is only relevant when using a permanent magnet or synchronous reluctance motor.

Default Value:	3 (Warning)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2922	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Disable	Synchronization loss detection is disabled.
1	Fault	The drive issues a fault if this event happens.
3	Warning	The drive will issue a warning if this event happens.

P 4.5.11 Motor Check Retry Time

Set the time for the motor check retry. Used in combination with Motor Check as Disconnected Motor response. If the retry check fails, a Disconnected Motor event is given. When set to zero, it keeps checking for a connected motor at regular time intervals.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 5)
Parameter Number:	2350	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 4.5.12 Demagnetization Protection

Set the maximum allowed motor current. At this level the drive will disable the inverter to protect the motor. This limit can be used to protect PM motors from demagnetization caused by too high peak currents. The value is given in percentage of motor nominal current. If set to 0, the function is disabled.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — *)
Parameter Number:	2368	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.7 Group 5 Application

8.7.1 Application Overview

This parameter group contains parameters for application specific features such as position control, speed control, torque control, mechanical brake control, and many more.

8.7.2 Group 5.1 Application Status

P 5.1.1 Motor Ctrl. Status Word

Shows the motor control status word.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	1714	Unit:	–
Data Type:	WORD	Access Type:	Read Only

Table 92: Motor Ctrl. Status Word bit descriptions

Bit	Description
0	Ready
1	Run
2	Reverse
3	Fault
4	Reserved

Table 92: Motor Ctrl. Status Word bit descriptions - (continued)

Bit	Description
5	At reference
6	Zero speed
7	Protection mode active

P 5.1.2 Motor Ctrl. Ready Status Word

Shows the motor control ready status word. All status bits must be true before the drive is ready.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	1716	Unit:	–
Data Type:	WORD	Access Type:	Read Only

Table 93: Motor Ctrl. Ready Status Word bit descriptions

Bit	Description
0	Run Enable high.
1	No fault active.
2	DC-link pre-charging done.
3	DC Voltage within limits.
4	Power manager initialized.
5	Brake test not running.
6	System software is not blocking start.
7	Grid voltage within limits.
8	Temperature within limits.
9	Valid motor data.
10	Valid control configuration.

P 5.1.3 Motor Regulator Status Word

Shows the current state of the motor regulator status word. The status word indicates if a limit controller is active.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	1715	Unit:	–
Data Type:	WORD	Access Type:	Read Only

Table 94: Motor Regulator Status Word bit descriptions

Bit	Description
0	Current limit control active (motoring side).
1	Current limit control active (generator side).
2	Torque limit control active (motoring side).
3	Torque limit control active (generator side).
4	Overvoltage control active.

Table 94: Motor Regulator Status Word bit descriptions - (continued)

Bit	Description
5	Undervoltage control active.
6	Power limit control active (motoring side).
7	Power limit control active (generator side).
8	Speed limit control active.
9	AC-brake control active.

P 5.1.5 Fault Status Word 1

Shows the fault status word 1.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	6203	Unit:	–
Data Type:	DWORD	Access Type:	–

Table 95: Fault Status Word 1 bit descriptions

Bit	Description	Event number
0	Overcurrent	4384, 4373, 5170, 4368, 4369, 4375, 4377, 4380, 4097
1	Overvoltage	4164, 4162, 4144 4145
2	Undervoltage	4165, 4146
3	Unit temperature high	4117, 4118, 4119
4	Unit temperature low	4116
5	Control board overtemperature	4121, 4122, 4123, 4120
6	Input phase	4160, 4163
7	Output phase	4175, 4176
8	Ground fault	4379, 4352, 4353, 4354, 4355
9	Fan failure	4128, 4129, 4133, 4130
10	Fieldbus communication	5162, 4256, 4257, 4258, 4260, 4261, 4263, 4265, 4266, 4267, 4268, 4269, 4280, 4281, 4270, 4271, 4272, 4273, 4282, 4274, 4275, 4276, 4277, 4283, 4278, 4279
11	HMI connection	5141, 5142
12	Feedback connection	4418
13	Thermistor input	5157
14	Auxiliary device (temperature)	4200, 4201, 4203, 4202
15	External temperature measurement	5132, 5133, 5134, 5135, 5136, 5137, 5158

P 5.1.8 Warning Status Word 1

Shows the warning status word 1.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	6205	Unit:	–

Data Type: DWORD **Access Type:** –

Table 96: Warning Status Word 1 bit descriptions

Bit	Description	Event number
0	Overcurrent	4384, 4373, 5170, 4368, 4369, 4375, 4377, 4380, 4097
1	Overvoltage	4164, 4162, 4144 4145
2	Undervoltage	4165, 4146
3	Unit temperature high	4117, 4118, 4119
4	Unit temperature low	4116
5	Control board overtemperature	4121, 4122, 4123, 4120
6	Input phase	4160, 4163
7	Output phase	4175, 4176
8	Ground fault	4379, 4352, 4353, 4354, 4355
9	Fan failure	4128, 4129, 4133, 4130
10	Fieldbus communication	5162, 4256, 4257, 4258, 4260, 4261, 4263, 4265, 4266, 4267, 4268, 4269, 4280, 4281, 4270, 4271, 4272, 4273, 4282, 4274, 4275, 4276, 4277, 4283, 4278, 4279
11	HMI connection	5141, 5142
12	Feedback connection	4418
13	Thermistor input	5157
14	Auxiliary device (temperature)	4200, 4201, 4203, 4202
15	External temperature measurement	5132, 5133, 5134, 5135, 5136, 5137, 5158

P 5.1.13 Application Status Word

Shows the application-specific status word.

Default Value: NA **Parameter Type:** Range (* — *)
Parameter Number: 1608 **Unit:** –
Data Type: WORD **Access Type:** Read Only

Table 97: Application Status Word bit descriptions

Bit	Bit = False	Bit = True
0	Local Control	Remote Control
1	Jogging not Active	Jogging Active
2	Reserved	Reserved
3	-	Start Interlock
4	STO Not Active	STO Active
5	No Warning	Warning Active
6	No Fault	Fault Active
7	No Homing Attained	Homing Attained

Table 97: Application Status Word bit descriptions - (continued)

Bit	Bit = False	Bit = True
8	Not In Sync with Master	In Sync with Master
9	Position Error Present	No Position Error
10	No Target Reached for Position/Superimposed	Target Reached for Position/Superimposed
11	Reserved	Reserved
12	Reserved	Reserved
13	Normal Reference	Freeze Reference
14	Normal Reference	Reverse Reference
15	Speed Within Limits	Speed Limit Active

P 5.1.22 Motion Error Function Block Instance

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 4294967295)
Parameter Number:	1170	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UDINT	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.1.23 Motion Error Information

Shows the specific error information which was raised by a function block.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	1171	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read Only

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	No motion error	
1	No communication	
2	Fault active; Please reset	
3	Timeout Op mode change	
4	Internal error	
5	Command rejected	
6	Drive not started	
7	In stopping state	
8	In homing state	
9	Unknown drive state	
10	Executing non-abortable command	
11	Parameter out of range	
12	Local Control Active	
13	Invalid enumeration value	
14	Internal homing error	

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
15	Home mode not allowed in stopped	
16	Invalid Home Mode	
17	Homing error, ending in standstill	
18	Homing error, not in standstill	
19	Drive is not homed	
20	Executing continuous motion	
21	Executing discrete motion	
22	Executing synchronized motion	
23	Invalid Superimposed Mode	
24	Superimposed error	
25	Touchprobe timeout	
26	Not at zero speed	
256	Too many buffered commands	
512	Continuous update not applicable for buffered command	

P 5.1.34 Estimated Motor Temperature

Shows the calculated motor temperature based on the thermal model. This value is an estimate and depends on the correct configuration of the motor parameters.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-60 — 250)
Parameter Number:	1014	Unit:	°C
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

8.7.3 Group 5.2 Protection

8.7.3.1 Group 5.2.1 Cooling Monitor

P 5.2.1.1 Cooling Monitor Input

Select the input for the negated cooling monitor signal.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2400	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.2.1.2 Cooling Monitor Fault Delay

Set a delay before the cooling monitor issues a fault. Only valid if fault is selected.

Default Value:	3	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 100)
Parameter Number:	2401	Unit:	s

Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write
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P 5.2.1.3 Cooling Monitor Response

Select the response to a missing cooling monitor signal. The response is selected for both stopped and running states.

Default Value:	2 (Warning, Fault after Timeout while running)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2402	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Warning while running	The drive issues a warning if the drive is in running state.
1	Warning	Drive issues a warning immediately.
2	Warning, Fault after Timeout while running	Drive issues a warning immediately, and if the drive is running, the warning escalates into a fault after a timeout.
3	Warning and Fault after Timeout while running	When stopped, no response is given. When running, the drive issues a warning immediately. The warning escalates into a fault after a timeout.

8.7.3.2 Group 5.2.2 External Event

Events can be issued via an external signal with the parameters of the External Event parameter group. The event can be delayed with parameters [5.2.2.9 External Event 1 Delay](#) and [5.2.2.10 External Event 2 Delay](#).

P 5.2.2.1 External Event 1 Input

Select an input for the external event.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	4557	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.2.2.3 External Event 1 Response

Select the response to an external event.

Default Value:	9 (Fault, ramp to coast)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	4559	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	No response	The event is ignored.
1	Info	The event is logged in the event log.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
3	Warning	The drive issues a warning.
9	Fault, ramp to coast	Issues a fault, ramps down, and coast.
10	Fault	The drive issues a fault and coasts the motor.

P 5.2.2.4 External Event 2 Input

Select an input for the external event.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	4560	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.2.2.6 External Event 2 Response

Select the response to an external event.

Default Value:	9 (Fault, ramp to coast)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	4562	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	No response	The event is ignored.
1	Info	The event is logged in the event log.
3	Warning	The drive issues a warning.
9	Fault, ramp to coast	Issues a fault, ramps down, and coast.
10	Fault	The drive issues a fault and coasts the motor.

P 5.2.2.7 External Event Active Output

Select an output indicating an external event.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	5184	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.2.2.9 External Event 1 Delay

Set the time delay before external event 1 is raised.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 600)
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Parameter Number:	4592	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.2.2.10 External Event 2 Delay

Set the time delay before external event 2 is raised.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 600)
Parameter Number:	4593	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.7.3.3 Group 5.2.3 Measured Temp. Protection

8.7.3.3.1 Group 5.2.3.1 Measured Temp. Protection Status

P 5.2.3.1.1 Protection 1 Temp.

Shows the temperature measured for the temperature protection.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-300 — 300)
Parameter Number:	5200	Unit:	°C
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.2.3.1.2 Protection 2 Temp.

Shows the temperature measured for the temperature protection.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-300 — 300)
Parameter Number:	5201	Unit:	°C
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.2.3.1.3 Protection 3 Temp.

Shows the temperature measured for the temperature protection.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-300 — 300)
Parameter Number:	5202	Unit:	°C
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.2.3.1.4 Protection 4 Temp.

Shows the temperature measured for the temperature protection.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-300 — 300)
Parameter Number:	5203	Unit:	°C
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.2.3.1.5 Protection 5 Temp.

Shows the temperature measured for the temperature protection.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-300 — 300)
Parameter Number:	5204	Unit:	°C

Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only
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P 5.2.3.1.6 Protection 6 Temp.

Shows the temperature measured for the temperature protection.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-300 — 300)
Parameter Number:	5205	Unit:	°C
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

8.7.3.3.2 Group 5.2.3.2 Temp. 1 Protection

P 5.2.3.2.1 Temp. 1 Input

Select the temperature sensor input for the temperature protection.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	5206	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.2.3.2.2 Temp. 1 Limit 1

Set the temperature level for issuing a warning.

Default Value:	120	Parameter Type:	Range (-300 — 300)
Parameter Number:	5207	Unit:	°C
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.2.3.2.3 Temp. 1 Limit 2

Set the temperature level for issuing a protection response.

Default Value:	150	Parameter Type:	Range (-300 — 300)
Parameter Number:	5208	Unit:	°C
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.2.3.2.4 Temp. 1 Limit 2 Response

Select the response for exceeding the limit.

Default Value:	9 (Fault, ramp to coast)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	5209	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
3	Warning	The drive issues a warning.
9	Fault, ramp to coast	Issues a fault, ramps down, and coast.
10	Fault	The drive issues a fault and coasts the motor.

8.7.3.3.3 Group 5.2.3.3 Temp. 2 Protection

P 5.2.3.3.1 Temp. 2 Input

Select the temperature sensor input for the temperature protection.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	5210	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.2.3.3.2 Temp. 2 Limit 1

Set the temperature level for issuing a warning.

Default Value:	120	Parameter Type:	Range (-300 — 300)
Parameter Number:	5211	Unit:	°C
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.2.3.3.3 Temp. 2 Limit 2

Set the temperature level for issuing a protection response.

Default Value:	150	Parameter Type:	Range (-300 — 300)
Parameter Number:	5212	Unit:	°C
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.2.3.3.4 Temp. 2 Limit 2 Response

Select the response for exceeding the limit.

Default Value:	9 (Fault, ramp to coast)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	5213	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
3	Warning	The drive issues a warning.
9	Fault, ramp to coast	Issues a fault, ramps down, and coast.
10	Fault	The drive issues a fault and coasts the motor.

8.7.3.3.4 Group 5.2.3.4 Temp. 3 Protection

P 5.2.3.4.1 Temp. 3 Input

Select the temperature sensor input for the temperature protection.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	5214	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.2.3.4.2 Temp. 3 Limit 1

Set the temperature level for issuing a warning.

Default Value:	120	Parameter Type:	Range (-300 — 300)
Parameter Number:	5215	Unit:	°C
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.2.3.4.3 Temp. 3 Limit 2

Set the temperature level for issuing a protection response.

Default Value:	150	Parameter Type:	Range (-300 — 300)
Parameter Number:	5216	Unit:	°C
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.2.3.4.4 Temp. 3 Limit 2 Response

Select the response for exceeding the limit.

Default Value:	9 (Fault, ramp to coast)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	5217	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
3	Warning	The drive issues a warning.
9	Fault, ramp to coast	Issues a fault, ramps down, and coast.
10	Fault	The drive issues a fault and coasts the motor.

8.7.3.3.5 Group 5.2.3.5 Temp. 4 Protection

P 5.2.3.5.1 Temp. 4 Input

Select the temperature sensor input for the temperature protection.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	5218	Unit:	–

Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write
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Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.2.3.5.2 Temp. 4 Limit 1

Set the temperature level for issuing a warning.

Default Value:	120	Parameter Type:	Range (-300 — 300)
Parameter Number:	5219	Unit:	°C
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.2.3.5.3 Temp. 4 Limit 2

Set the temperature level for issuing a protection response.

Default Value:	150	Parameter Type:	Range (-300 — 300)
Parameter Number:	5220	Unit:	°C
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.2.3.5.4 Temp. 4 Limit 2 Response

Select the response for exceeding the limit.

Default Value:	9 (Fault, ramp to coast)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	5221	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
3	Warning	The drive issues a warning.
9	Fault, ramp to coast	Issues a fault, ramps down, and coast.
10	Fault	The drive issues a fault and coasts the motor.

8.7.3.3.6 Group 5.2.3.6 Temp. 5 Protection

P 5.2.3.6.1 Temp. 5 Input

Select the temperature sensor input for the temperature protection.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	5222	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.2.3.6.2 Temp. 5 Limit 1

Set the temperature level for issuing a warning.

Default Value:	120	Parameter Type:	Range (-300 — 300)
Parameter Number:	5223	Unit:	°C
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.2.3.6.3 Temp. 5 Limit 2

Set the temperature level for issuing a protection response.

Default Value:	150	Parameter Type:	Range (-300 — 300)
Parameter Number:	5224	Unit:	°C
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.2.3.6.4 Temp. 5 Limit 2 Response

Select the response for exceeding the limit.

Default Value:	9 (Fault, ramp to coast)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	5225	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
3	Warning	The drive issues a warning.
9	Fault, ramp to coast	Issues a fault, ramps down, and coast.
10	Fault	The drive issues a fault and coasts the motor.

8.7.3.3.7 Group 5.2.3.7 Temp. 6 Protection

P 5.2.3.7.1 Temp. 6 Input

Select the temperature sensor input for the temperature protection.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	5226	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.2.3.7.2 Temp. 6 Limit 1

Set the temperature level for issuing a warning.

Default Value:	120	Parameter Type:	Range (-300 — 300)
Parameter Number:	5227	Unit:	°C
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.2.3.7.3 Temp. 6 Limit 2

Set the temperature level for issuing a protection response.

Default Value:	150	Parameter Type:	Range (-300 — 300)
Parameter Number:	5228	Unit:	°C
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.2.3.7.4 Temp. 6 Limit 2 Response

Select the response for exceeding the limit.

Default Value:	9 (Fault, ramp to coast)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	5229	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
3	Warning	The drive issues a warning.
9	Fault, ramp to coast	Issues a fault, ramps down, and coast.
10	Fault	The drive issues a fault and coasts the motor.

8.7.3.4 Group 5.2.4 Motor Temperature Estimation

P 5.2.4.1 Motor Temperature Estimate

Enables the estimated motor temperature calculation. The temperature is calculated by the drive's thermal model based on motor current, speed, and the following parameters.

Default Value:	false	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	1015	Unit:	–
Data Type:	BOOL	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Disabled	Disables the function.
1	Enabled	Enables the function.

P 5.2.4.2 Motor Ambient Temperature

Set the ambient temperature at the installation location of the motor. This value is used for the motor thermal model calculation.

Default Value:	40	Parameter Type:	Range (-60 — 80)
Parameter Number:	1009	Unit:	°C
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.2.4.3 Motor Insulation Class

Set the insulation class of the motor. The insulation class determines the maximum permissible winding temperature of the motor.

Default Value:	4 (Class F)	Parameter Type:	Selection
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Parameter Number:	1010	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
1	Class A	The fault level is set according to the requirements for insulation class A, based on the configured ambient temperature.
2	Class B	The fault level is set according to the requirements for insulation class B, based on the configured ambient temperature.
3	Class E	The fault level is set according to the requirements for insulation class E, based on the configured ambient temperature.
4	Class F	The fault level is set according to the requirements for insulation class F, based on the configured ambient temperature.
5	Class H	The fault level is set according to the requirements for insulation class H, based on the configured ambient temperature.

P 5.2.4.4 Motor Duty Factor

Set the thermal duty factor of the motor. For example, if set to 130%, the motor reaches its nominal temperature at 130% of the rated motor current.

Default Value:	100	Parameter Type:	Range (5 — 200)
Parameter Number:	1011	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.2.4.5 Zero-Speed Cooling Factor

Set the motor cooling factor at zero speed (standstill). The default value corresponds to a motor without external forced cooling. If the motor is equipped with an external cooling fan, this value must be increased accordingly.

Default Value:	40	Parameter Type:	Range (1 — 150)
Parameter Number:	1012	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.2.4.6 Motor Thermal Time Constant

Set the motor thermal time constant. This value represents the time required for the motor temperature to reach approximately 63% of its final steady-state value following a step change in load.

Default Value:	40	Parameter Type:	Range (1 — 1000)
Parameter Number:	1013	Unit:	min
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.2.4.7 Estimated Motor Temperature Response

Set the drive response when the estimated motor temperature reaches the fault level. The fault level is determined by the configured motor insulation class.

Default Value:	0 (No response)	Parameter Type:	Selection
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Parameter Number:	1016	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	No response	The event is ignored.
1	Info	The event is logged in the event log.
3	Warning	The drive issues a warning.
9	Fault, ramp to coast	Issues a fault, ramps down, and coast.
10	Fault	The drive issues a fault and coasts the motor.

8.7.3.5 Group 5.2.6 Blocked Rotor Detection

Use the blocked rotor detection function to detect if the rotor is blocked by the application. This feature can protect the motor or application and identify if something is preventing the drive from ramping up the motor to the desired speed reference. If the motor is running in either torque or current limit for the set detection time, the blocked rotor function triggers an event. The function only is active in the speed range from 0 up to the set blocked rotor maximum speed.

P 5.2.6.1 Blocked Rotor Response

Select how the drive responds when detecting a blocked rotor.

Default Value:	0 (No response)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2370	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	No response	The event is ignored.
3	Warning	The drive issues a warning.
1	Fault	The drive issues a fault and coasts the motor.

P 5.2.6.2 Blocked Rotor Max. Speed

Set the maximum speed for checking for a blocked rotor.

Default Value:	10	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 100)
Parameter Number:	2371	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.2.6.3 Blocked Rotor Detection Time

Set the duration that the rotor can be blocked before a response is triggered.

Default Value:	0.5	Parameter Type:	Range (0.1 — 100)
Parameter Number:	2372	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.7.3.6 Group 5.2.7 Lost Load Detection

P 5.2.7.1 Lost-load Response

Select an action for the lost-load detection. The lost-load detection is active if the motor speed is above 15 Hz.

Default Value:	0 (No response)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	9072	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	No response	The event is ignored.
1	Info	The event is logged in the event log.
3	Warning	The drive issues a warning.
9	Fault, ramp to coast	Issues a fault, ramps down, and coast.
10	Fault	The drive issues a fault and coasts the motor.

P 5.2.7.2 Lost-load Detection Torque Level

Set the minimum allowed torque level in % of nominal motor torque. The lost-load detection can be activated below the set level.

Default Value:	10	Parameter Type:	Range (5 — 100)
Parameter Number:	9070	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.2.7.3 Lost-load Detection Delay

Set the minimum duration that the torque has to be below the detection limit before activating the lost-load exception.

Default Value:	10	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 600)
Parameter Number:	9071	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.7.3.7 Group 5.2.9 HMI Connection Loss

P 5.2.9.1 HMI Connection Loss Response

Select the response after connection is lost to the control panel or PC tool while they are in control. The response occurs after the timeout defined with 5.2.9.2 HMI Connection Loss Delay. If Fault is selected, then the control place switches to REM when HMI connection loss happens.

Default Value:	10 (Fault)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	5420	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	No response	The event is ignored.
1	Info	The event is logged in the event log.
3	Warning	Event will raise a warning and be added to event history log.
9	Fault, ramp to coast	Issues a fault, ramps down, and coast.
10	Fault	The drive issues a fault and coasts the motor.

P 5.2.9.2 HMI Connection Loss Delay

Set the delay before the selected response is triggered after the drive loses connection to control panel or PC tool.

Default Value:	5	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 120)
Parameter Number:	5421	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.7.3.8 Group 5.2.15 Live Zero

P 5.2.15.2 Live Zero Response

Select the drive response to a missing input signal (live zero).

Default Value:	3 (Warning)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	4555	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	No Action	The event is ignored.
1	Info	The event is logged in the event log.
3	Warning	The drive issues a warning.
10	Fault	The drive issues a fault.

8.7.3.9 Group 5.2.16 Feedback Handling

P 5.2.16.1 Failure Handling Response

Select the drive response to an encoder/resolver failure.

Default Value:	10 (Coast)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	4600	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
3	Switch to Open Loop and Continue	The drive switches to open loop operation and continues running.
9	Switch to Open Loop and Ramp to Stop	The drive switches to open loop operation and ramps down to stop.
10	Coast	The drive coasts the motor.

8.7.4 Group 5.3 Load

8.7.4.1 Group 5.3.1 Load Status

P 5.3.1.1 Inertia Estimation Status

Shows the status of the inertia estimation routine. 0 = Inactive, 1 = In progress, 2 = Completed successfully, 3 = Completed unsuccessfully.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	666	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read Only

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Inactive	
1	In progress	
2	Completed successfully	
3	Completed unsuccessfully	

8.7.4.2 Group 5.3.2 Inertia

P 5.3.2.1 Inertia Estimation Mode

Set the mode for the inertia estimation.

Default Value:	0 (Off)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	668	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Off	The feature is disabled.
1	Without load profile	The next start command initiates a test sequence - Without speed dependent load.
2	With load profile	The next start command initiates a test sequence - With speed dependent load.

P 5.3.2.2 Inertia Estimation Timeout

Set the time after which an event message is generated if inertia estimation cannot be finalized.

Default Value:	900	Parameter Type:	Range (120 — 1800)
Parameter Number:	669	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.3.2.3 System Inertia

Set the system inertia.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	667	Unit:	kgm ²
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.7.4.3 Group 5.3.3 Torque & AEO

P 5.3.3.1 Torque Characteristic

Select the torque characteristics matching the application needs.

Default Value:	0 (Constant torque (CT))	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2809	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Constant torque (CT)	Typically used for applications where high load is present in the full speed range.
1	Variable torque (VT)	Typically used with quadratic loads like fans and centrifugal pumps.
2	Automatic Energy Optimization (AEO)	Motor magnetization is adapted to the current load. This functionality optimizes energy efficiency, but reduces dynamics to torque changes.

P 5.3.3.2 AEO Minimum Speed

Set the speed above which Automatic Energy Optimization (AEO) is active.

Default Value:	10	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 2000)
Parameter Number:	2810	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.3.3.3 AEO Minimum Magnetization

Set the minimum magnetization current used by Automatic Energy Optimization (AEO).

Default Value:	40	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 100)
Parameter Number:	2811	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.3.3.4 Variable Torque Zero Speed Magnetization

Set the magnetization current level at 0 speed. Used in variable torque (VT) setting.

Default Value:	66	Parameter Type:	Range (40 — 90)
Parameter Number:	8020	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.7.5 Group 5.4 Operation Mode

8.7.5.1 Group 5.4.1 Operation Mode Status

P 5.4.1.1 Active Operation Mode

Shows the active operation mode.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	3460	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read Only

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Speed Control	The drive controls the motor torque.
1	Torque control	
3	Position Control	
4	Homing Mode	
5	Gear control	

8.7.5.2 Group 5.4.2 Settings

P 5.4.2.16 Operation Mode

Select the drive operation mode.

Default Value:	0 (Speed control)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2500	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Speed control	The drive controls the motor speed.
1	Torque control	The drive controls the motor torque.
3	Position control	
5	Gear control	

P 5.4.2.22 Alternative Operation Mode Input

Select the digital input terminal for activating the alternative operation mode.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
-----------------------	---	------------------------	-----------

Parameter Number:	3469	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.4.2.23 Alternative Operation Mode

Select the alternative operation mode. This mode is used if the alternative operation mode input is active.

Default Value:	0 (Speed control)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	3465	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Speed control	The drive controls the motor speed.
1	Torque control	The drive controls the motor torque.
3	Position control	
5	Gear control	

8.7.6 Group 5.5 Control Places

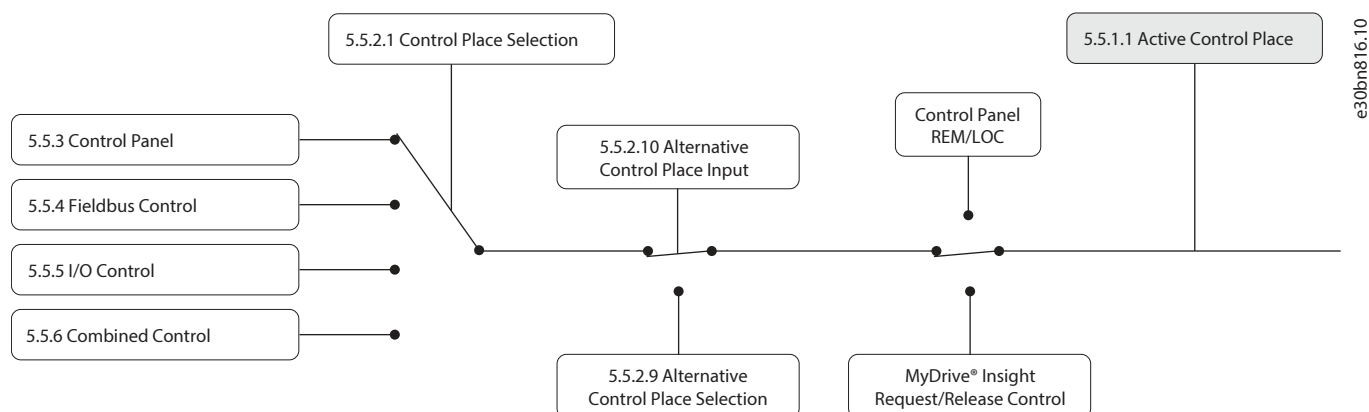
8.7.6.1 Control Places Overview

The parameters of parameter group **5.5 Control Places** are used to configure the source from where the drive receives its commands and references.

Drive commands and references can come from different sources, selected in 5 different control places:

- **PC control** - MyDrive® Insight.
- **Local control** - The control panel.
- **Fieldbus control** - Commands are sent in the control word, reference sources are configured in parameter group **5.5.4 Fieldbus Control**.
- **I/O control** - Commands and reference sources are configured in parameter group **5.5.5 I/O Control**. Commands are sent only through digital inputs.
- **Combined control** - Commands and reference sources are configured in parameter group **5.5.6 Combined Control**. Commands are sent through digital inputs and/or the fieldbus control word. Combined control allows the logical combination of 2 command sources.

The active control place is selected with parameter **5.5.2.1 Control Place Selection**. An alternative control place, selected with parameter **5.5.2.9 Alternative Control Place Selection**, can be activated by digital input or a fieldbus control word bit. The following illustration shows how control places function in the iC7 drive:



(The gray background of a parameter denotes a read-only parameter.)

Figure 117: Control Places

It is always possible to take control in the control panel (with the *REM/LOC* button) and MyDrive® Insight (by clicking *PC control*) regardless of the control place selection, and they both have same priority: the one activated last has the control. When local or PC control is released, control switches to the control place selected in parameter **5.5.2.1 Control Place Selection**.

Reference sources are selected for each operation mode separately. Operation mode can be selected with parameter **5.4.2.16 Operation Mode**. When multiple references are selected, they are summarized into 1 reference. See the description of the respective operation mode for further details.

8.7.6.2 Group 5.5.1 Control Places Status

P 5.5.1.1 Active Control Place

Shows the control place that is currently controlling the drive.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	113	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read Only

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	PC control	The drive is controlled by a software tool.
1	Local Control	The drive is controlled by a connected control panel.
2	Fieldbus control	The drive is controlled via a fieldbus.
3	I/O control	The drive is controlled via I/O.
4	Combined control	The drive is controlled via a combination of I/O and fieldbus.

P 5.5.1.2 Control Panel Active Output

Select an output terminal for indicating that the drive is controlled by a connected control panel.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	5178	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.5.1.3 Fieldbus Control Active Output

Select an output terminal for indicating that the drive is in fieldbus control.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	5197	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.5.1.4 I/O Control Active Output

Select an output terminal for indicating that the drive is in I/O control.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	5177	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.5.1.5 Combined Control Active Output

Select an output terminal for indicating that the drive is in combined control.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	4727	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

8.7.6.3 Group 5.5.2 Control Place Settings

P 5.5.2.1 Control Place Selection

Select the control place. The control places allows multiple definitions of basic commands and reference selections.

Default Value:	4 (Combined control)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	114	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
1	Local Control	The drive is controlled by a connected control panel.
2	Fieldbus control	The drive is controlled via a fieldbus.
3	I/O control	The drive is controlled via I/O.
4	Combined control	The drive is controlled via a combination of I/O and fieldbus.

P 5.5.2.7 Control Place Independent Reset

Enable faults to be reset from all sources - Fieldbus, I/O and Control Panel.

Default Value:	1 (Enabled)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	109	Unit:	–
Data Type:	BOOL	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Disabled	Disables the function.
1	Enabled	Enables the function.

P 5.5.2.9 Alternative Control Place Selection

Select the alternative control place. The alternative control place can be triggered via a digital input terminal.

Default Value:	4 (Combined control)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	115	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
1	Local Control	The drive is controlled by a connected control panel.
2	Fieldbus control	The drive is controlled via a fieldbus.
3	I/O control	The drive is controlled via I/O.
4	Combined control	The drive is controlled via a combination of I/O and fieldbus.

P 5.5.2.10 Alternative Control Place Input

Select the digital input terminal for activating the alternative control place.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	111	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

8.7.6.4 Group 5.5.3 Control Panel

P 5.5.3.1 Allow Control Panel Force Stop

Select whether the control panel stop button always stops the drive, regardless of the selected control place. Pressing the stop button also puts the control panel in control of the drive.

Default Value:	1 (Enabled)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	106	Unit:	–
Data Type:	BOOL	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Disabled	Disables the function.
1	Enabled	Enables the function.

P 5.5.3.2 Control Panel Mode

Select restrictions to local control by the control panel.

Default Value:	0 (Allow Control Panel)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	107	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Allow Control Panel	Local control from the control panel is enabled.
1	Deny Control Panel Start	Start from the control panel is disabled.
2	Deny Control Panel	Local control from the control panel is disabled.

P 5.5.3.3 Continue Operation in Control Panel

When enabled, drive will maintain its running state, when changing to local control.

Default Value:	1 (Enabled)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	108	Unit:	–
Data Type:	BOOL	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Disabled	Disables the function.
1	Enabled	Enables the function.

P 5.5.3.4 Control Panel Stop Button Action

Select the action of the stop button in the control panel. Selecting 'Stop, Hold to Coast' will stop and coast if the stop button is pressed for 2 s.

Default Value:	2 (Stop, Hold to Coast)	Parameter Type:	Selection
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Parameter Number:	110	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Stop	Push stop button to stop the motor.
1	Coast Stop	Push stop button to coast the motor.
2	Stop, Hold to Coast	Push stop button to stop. If pressed for 2 s, motor coasts.

P 5.5.3.10 Control Panel Speed Reference Source

Select the speed reference sources for when the drive is in local control. Select multiple sources to summarize them into 1 reference value.

Default Value:	2 (Fieldbus reference)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	1912	Unit:	–
Data Type:	WORD	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Bit Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
1	Control Panel reference	Use the reference from the control panel.
2	Fieldbus reference	Use reference from the fieldbus.
3	Reference 1 input	Use the reference from I/O reference 1.
4	Reference 2 input	Use the reference from I/O reference 2.
5	Preset reference	Use reference from the preset reference.
9	Logic Reference	Use reference from Logic.

Each bit represents a reference source, and the value represented by the selected bits is used when reading or writing the parameter by fieldbus. An example with Fieldbus Reference (bit 2), Preset Reference (bit 5) and Logic Reference (bit 9) selected: Bin 0000 0010 0010 0100 = Hex 224.

P 5.5.3.11 Control Panel Torque Reference Source

Select the torque reference sources for when the drive is in local control. Select multiple sources to summarize them into 1 reference value.

Default Value:	2 (Fieldbus reference)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	1925	Unit:	–
Data Type:	WORD	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Bit Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
1	Control Panel reference	Use the reference from the control panel.
2	Fieldbus reference	Use reference from the fieldbus.
3	Reference 1 input	Use the reference from I/O reference 1.

Bit Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
4	Reference 2 input	Use the reference from I/O reference 2.
5	Preset reference	Use reference from the preset reference.
9	Logic Reference	Use reference from Logic.

Each bit represents a reference source, and the value represented by the selected bits is used when reading or writing the parameter by fieldbus. An example with Fieldbus Reference (bit 2), Preset Reference (bit 5) and Logic Reference (bit 9) selected: Bin 0000 0010 0010 0100 = Hex 224.

P 5.5.3.13 Local Position Reference Source

Select the position reference sources for when the drive operates in local control. Select multiple sources to summarize them into 1 reference value.

Default Value:	2 (Fieldbus reference)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	1948	Unit:	–
Data Type:	WORD	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Bit Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
1	Control Panel reference	Use the reference from the control panel.
2	Fieldbus reference	Use reference from the fieldbus.
3	Reference 1 input	Use the reference from I/O reference 1.
4	Reference 2 input	Use the reference from I/O reference 2.
5	Preset reference	Use reference from the preset reference.
9	Logic Reference	Use reference from Logic.

Each bit represents a reference source, and the value represented by the selected bits is used when reading or writing the parameter by fieldbus. An example with Fieldbus Reference (bit 2), Preset Reference (bit 5) and Logic Reference (bit 9) selected: Bin 0000 0010 0010 0100 = Hex 224.

8.7.6.5 Group 5.5.4 Fieldbus control

P 5.5.4.1 Fieldbus Speed Reference Source

Select the speed reference sources for when the drive operates in fieldbus control. Select multiple sources to summarize them into 1 reference value.

Default Value:	548	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	1914	Unit:	–
Data Type:	WORD	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Bit Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
2	Fieldbus reference	Use reference from the fieldbus.
3	Reference 1 input	Use the reference from I/O reference 1.
4	Reference 2 input	Use the reference from I/O reference 2.

Bit Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
5	Preset reference	Use reference from the preset reference.
9	Logic Reference	Use reference from Logic.

Each bit represents a reference source, and the value represented by the selected bits is used when reading or writing the parameter by fieldbus. An example with Fieldbus Reference (bit 2), Preset Reference (bit 5) and Logic Reference (bit 9) selected: Bin 0000 0010 0010 0100 = Hex 224.

P 5.5.4.2 Fieldbus Torque Reference Source

Select the torque reference sources for when the drive operates in fieldbus control. Select multiple sources to summarize them into 1 reference value.

Default Value:	548	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	1928	Unit:	–
Data Type:	WORD	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Bit Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
2	Fieldbus reference	Use reference from the fieldbus.
3	Reference 1 input	Use the reference from I/O reference 1.
4	Reference 2 input	Use the reference from I/O reference 2.
5	Preset reference	Use reference from the preset reference.
9	Logic Reference	Use reference from Logic.

Each bit represents a reference source, and the value represented by the selected bits is used when reading or writing the parameter by fieldbus. An example with Fieldbus Reference (bit 2), Preset Reference (bit 5) and Logic Reference (bit 9) selected: Bin 0000 0010 0010 0100 = Hex 224.

P 5.5.4.4 Fieldbus Position Reference Source

Select the position reference sources for when the drive operates in fieldbus control. Select multiple sources to summarize them into 1 reference value.

Default Value:	548	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	1944	Unit:	–
Data Type:	WORD	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Bit Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
2	Fieldbus reference	Use reference from the fieldbus.
3	Reference 1 input	Use the reference from I/O reference 1.
4	Reference 2 input	Use the reference from I/O reference 2.
5	Preset reference	Use reference from the preset reference.
9	Logic Reference	Use reference from Logic.

Each bit represents a reference source, and the value represented by the selected bits is used when reading or writing the parameter by fieldbus. An example with Fieldbus Reference (bit 2), Preset Reference (bit 5) and Logic Reference (bit 9) selected: Bin 0000 0010 0010 0100 = Hex 224.

8.7.6.6 Group 5.5.5 I/O Control

P 5.5.5.1 Start Input

Select the digital input for the start command.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	200	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.5.5.2 Start Backward Input

Select the digital input for the start command in the backward direction.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	210	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.5.5.3 Stop Inverse Input

Select the digital input for the inverted stop command. Command is inverted to ensure stop in case of broken wire.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	201	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.5.5.4 Coast Inverse Input

Select the digital input for the inverted coast command. Command is inverted to ensure coast in case of broken wire.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	202	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.5.5.5 Reversing Input

Select the digital input for inverting the reference signal. The reverse command does not provide a start signal.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	204	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.5.5.6 Reset Input

Select the digital input for resetting faults.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	203	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.5.5.7 Start Signal Mode

Select the mode of the start signal. State High Start, will generate a start command as long as terminal is activated. Rising Edge Start, will generate a start command as long as terminal is activated, but if overruled by a deactivating command, like stop or coast, it requires a new rising flank to restart. High Pulse Start, will generate a start command on rising flank, that remains active until a deactivating command like stop or coast is given.

Default Value:	0 (State High Start)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	211	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	State High Start	Start command remains as long as input is true.
1	Rising Edge Start	Start command is set when input becomes true and remains latched until a stop command is given.
2	High Pulse Start	Start command is set when input becomes true and remains latched until stop command is given.

P 5.5.5.10 I/O Speed Reference Source

Select the speed reference sources for when the drive operates in I/O control. Select multiple sources to summarize them into 1 reference value.

Default Value:	552	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	1913	Unit:	–
Data Type:	WORD	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Bit Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
2	Fieldbus reference	Use reference from the fieldbus.
3	Reference 1 input	Use the reference from I/O reference 1.
4	Reference 2 input	Use the reference from I/O reference 2.
5	Preset reference	Use reference from the preset reference.
9	Logic Reference	Use reference from Logic.

Each bit represents a reference source, and the value represented by the selected bits is used when reading or writing the parameter by fieldbus. An example with Fieldbus Reference (bit 2), Preset Reference (bit 5) and Logic Reference (bit 9) selected: Bin 0000 0010 0010 0100 = Hex 224.

P 5.5.5.11 I/O Torque Reference Source

Select the torque reference sources for when the drive operates in I/O control. Select multiple sources to summarize them into 1 reference value.

Default Value:	552	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	1927	Unit:	–
Data Type:	WORD	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Bit Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
2	Fieldbus reference	Use reference from the fieldbus.
3	Reference 1 input	Use the reference from I/O reference 1.
4	Reference 2 input	Use the reference from I/O reference 2.
5	Preset reference	Use reference from the preset reference.
9	Logic Reference	Use reference from Logic.

Each bit represents a reference source, and the value represented by the selected bits is used when reading or writing the parameter by fieldbus. An example with Fieldbus Reference (bit 2), Preset Reference (bit 5) and Logic Reference (bit 9) selected: Bin 0000 0010 0010 0100 = Hex 224.

P 5.5.5.13 I/O Position Reference Source

Select the position reference sources for when the drive operates in I/O control. Define multiple entries for combining several sources into 1 reference value.

Default Value:	544	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	1947	Unit:	–
Data Type:	WORD	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Bit Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
2	Fieldbus reference	Use reference from the fieldbus.
3	Reference 1 input	Use the reference from I/O reference 1.
4	Reference 2 input	Use the reference from I/O reference 2.

Bit Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
5	Preset reference	Use reference from the preset reference.
9	Logic Reference	Use reference from Logic.

Each bit represents a reference source, and the value represented by the selected bits is used when reading or writing the parameter by fieldbus. An example with Fieldbus Reference (bit 2), Preset Reference (bit 5) and Logic Reference (bit 9) selected: Bin 0000 0010 0010 0100 = Hex 224.

8.7.6.7 Group 5.5.6 Combined control

P 5.5.6.1 Combined Start Input A

Select the inputs for starting in the forward direction when operating in combined control.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	4722	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.5.6.2 Combined Start Input B

Select the inputs for starting in the forward direction when operating in combined control.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	4742	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.5.6.3 Combined Start Logic

Select the combination logic for the start command of combined control.

Default Value:	3 (OR)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	1933	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
2	AND	Logically AND source 1 and 2.
3	OR	Logically OR source 1 and 2.

P 5.5.6.4 Combined Start Backward Input A

Select the inputs for starting in the backward direction when operating in combined control.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
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Parameter Number:	4725	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.5.6.5 Combined Start Backward Input B

Select the inputs for starting in the backward direction when operating in combined control.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	4745	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.5.6.6 Combined Start Backward Logic

Select the combination logic for the start-backward command of combined control.

Default Value:	3 (OR)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	1934	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
2	AND	Logically AND source 1 and 2.
3	OR	Logically OR source 1 and 2.

P 5.5.6.7 Combined Stop Inverse Input

Select the inputs for stopping when operating in combined control. False means the drive is stopped. Command is inverted to ensure stop in case of broken wire.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	4723	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.5.6.9 Combined Coast Inverse Input A

Select the inputs for coasting when operating in combined control. False means the drive is coasted. Command is inverted to ensure coast in case of broken wire.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	4724	Unit:	–

Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write
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Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.5.6.10 Combined Coast Inverse Input B

Select the inputs for coasting when operating in combined control. False means the drive is coasted. Command is inverted to ensure coast in case of broken wire.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	4744	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.5.6.11 Combined Reversing Input

Select the inputs for inverting the reference signal when operating in combined control. The reverse command does not provide a start signal.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	4730	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.5.6.13 Combined Reset Input A

Select the inputs for resetting faults when operating in combined control.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	4731	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.5.6.14 Combined Reset Input B

Select the inputs for resetting faults when operating in combined control.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	4751	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.5.6.15 Combined Start Mode

Select the mode of the start signal. State High Start, will generate a start command as long as terminal is activated. Rising Edge Start, will generate a start command as long as terminal is activated, but if overruled by a deactivating command, like stop or coast, it requires a new rising flank to restart. High Pulse Start, will generate a start command on rising flank, that remains active until a deactivating command like stop or coast is given.

Default Value:	0 (State High Start)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	4726	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	State High Start	Start command remains as long as input is true.
1	Rising Edge Start	Start command is set when input becomes true and remains latched until a stop command is given.
2	High Pulse Start	Start command is set when input becomes true and remains latched until stop command is given.

P 5.5.6.16 Fieldbus CTW Feature Bits

Enables non-control-place-dependent control word bits to be active in combined control place. In combined control place, commands like Start, Reset and Coast are always used from fieldbus control word. Feature specific bits, like Q-Stop, Jog and Preset selection, can optionally be disabled with this setting.

Default Value:	1 (Enabled)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	4627	Unit:	–
Data Type:	BOOL	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Disabled	Disables the function.
1	Enabled	Enables the function.

P 5.5.6.20 Cmb. Speed Reference Source

Select the speed reference sources for when the drive operates in combined control. Select multiple sources to summarize them into 1 reference value.

Default Value:	556	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	1915	Unit:	–
Data Type:	WORD	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Bit Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
2	Fieldbus reference	Use reference from the fieldbus.
3	Reference 1 input	Use the reference from I/O reference 1.
4	Reference 2 input	Use the reference from I/O reference 2.
5	Preset reference	Use reference from the preset reference.
9	Logic Reference	Use reference from Logic.

Each bit represents a reference source, and the value represented by the selected bits is used when reading or writing the parameter by fieldbus. An example with Fieldbus Reference (bit 2), Preset Reference (bit 5) and Logic Reference (bit 9) selected: Bin 0000 0010 0010 0100 = Hex 224.

P 5.5.6.21 Cmb. Torque Reference Source

Select the torque reference sources for when the drive operates in combined control. Select multiple sources to summarize them into 1 reference value.

Default Value:	556	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	1929	Unit:	–
Data Type:	WORD	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Bit Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
2	Fieldbus reference	Use reference from the fieldbus.
3	Reference 1 input	Use the reference from I/O reference 1.
4	Reference 2 input	Use the reference from I/O reference 2.
5	Preset reference	Use reference from the preset reference.
9	Logic Reference	Use reference from Logic.

Each bit represents a reference source, and the value represented by the selected bits is used when reading or writing the parameter by fieldbus. An example with Fieldbus Reference (bit 2), Preset Reference (bit 5) and Logic Reference (bit 9) selected: Bin 0000 0010 0010 0100 = Hex 224.

P 5.5.6.23 Cmb. Position Reference Source

Select the position reference sources for when the drive operates in combined control. Select multiple sources to summarize them into 1 reference value.

Default Value:	548	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	1976	Unit:	–
Data Type:	WORD	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Bit Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
2	Fieldbus reference	Use reference from the fieldbus.
3	Reference 1 input	Use the reference from I/O reference 1.
4	Reference 2 input	Use the reference from I/O reference 2.

Bit Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
5	Preset reference	Use reference from the preset reference.
9	Logic Reference	Use reference from Logic.

Each bit represents a reference source, and the value represented by the selected bits is used when reading or writing the parameter by fieldbus. An example with Fieldbus Reference (bit 2), Preset Reference (bit 5) and Logic Reference (bit 9) selected: Bin 0000 0010 0010 0100 = Hex 224.

8.7.7 Group 5.6 Start Settings

8.7.7.1 Start Settings Overview

The application software provides the possibility to configure a DC start before entering normal motor control, for purposes of motor pre-heating, pre-magnetization, DC holding, or a start delay.

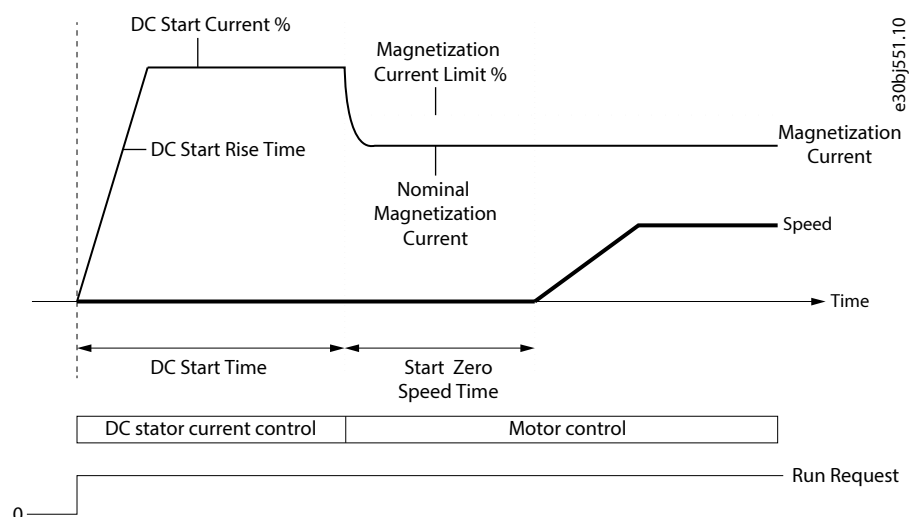


Figure 118: Induction Motor Start from Zero Speed with DC Start and Start Zero Speed Time > 0

DC start is configured using 3 parameters, **5.6.2.3 DC Start Current %**, **5.6.2.1 DC Start Time**, and **5.6.2.2 DC Start Rise Time**.

By default, DC start is disabled by setting parameter **5.6.2.1 DC Start Time** to 0. The following illustration shows an example of starting an induction at zero speed.

DC start is also used as a start delay by setting parameter **5.6.2.1 DC Start Time** to the desired delay time and **5.6.2.3 DC Start Current %** to 0.

DC start is only applied when starting at zero speed, or when parameter **5.6.1.2 Enable Flying Start** is set to 0 [Disable] and motor back-emf voltage is not detected.

Synchronous motor control start settings

DC start is also possible from zero speed with synchronous motor control.

The following illustration shows a zero-speed example with DC start and initial position handling as rotor angle detection. To set the initial position handling to rotor angle detection, set parameter **5.6.3.1 Sync. Motor Start Mode** to 0 [Rotor angle detection].

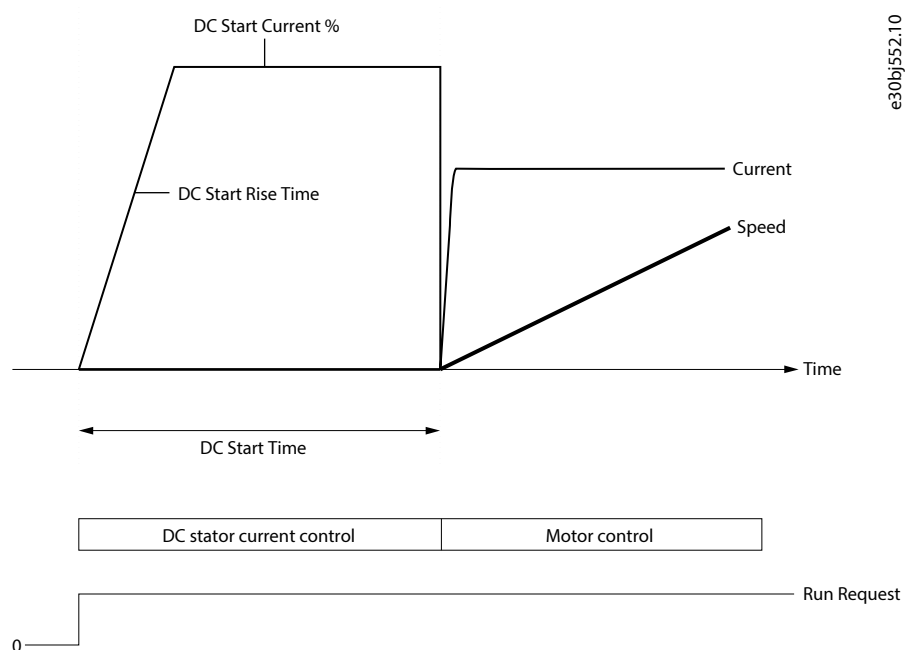


Figure 119: Synchronous Motor Start from Zero Speed with DC Start

As an alternative to rotor angle detection for a synchronous motor, it is possible to set the initial position handling as rotor angle parking by setting parameter **5.6.3.1 Sync. Motor Start Mode** to 1 [Rotor angle parking]. This option forces the motor shaft to move to a fixed position defined by the parameter **5.6.3.5 Sync. Motor Parking Angle Reference**, before ramp release.

Synchronous motor start from zero speed with DC-Start and parking is shown in the following illustration.

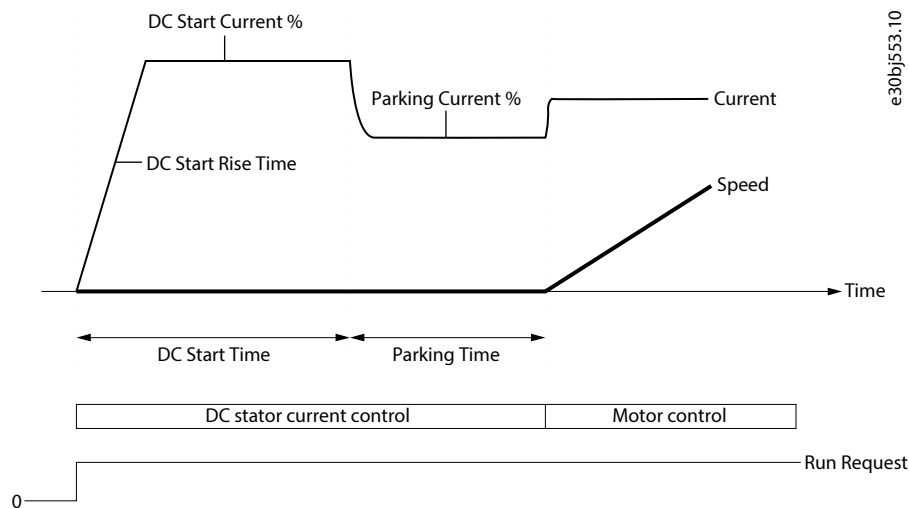


Figure 120: Synchronous Motor Start from Zero Speed with DC Start and Parking

8.7.7.2 Group 5.6.1 General Settings

P 5.6.1.1 Magnetization Time

Set a delay to magnetize the motor or synchronize parallel motors before starting ramping. Set to -1 for automatic calculation.

Default Value:	-1	Parameter Type:	Range (-1 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	2328	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.6.1.2 Flying Start

Enables a flying start. The drive will detect its current speed at the moment the start signal is given, and start to ramp towards the given reference.

Default Value:	False	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	4025	Unit:	–
Data Type:	BOOL	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Disabled	Disables the function.
1	Enabled	Enables the function.

P 5.6.1.5 Run Enable Input

Select an input enabling the drive to run.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	103	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

8.7.7.3 Group 5.6.2 DC Start

P 5.6.2.1 DC Start Time

Set the duration of the current injection during DC start.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	2264	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.6.2.2 DC Start Current Rise Time

Set the time to ramp the current from 0 to the specified injection level.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 100)
Parameter Number:	2265	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.6.2.3 DC Start Current

Set the DC current in % of nominal motor current. This current is injected during the DC start time.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 1000)
Parameter Number:	2263	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.7.7.4 Group 5.6.3 Synchronous Motor Start

P 5.6.3.1 Sync. Motor Start Mode

Set the synchronous motor initial position handling.

Default Value:	1 (Rotor angle detection)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2322	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Disabled	Drive will not try to obtain motor angle.
1	Rotor angle detection	The drive will force the motor to be at the angle set as motor parking angle.
2	Rotor angle parking	The drive will force the motor to be at the angle set as motor parking angle.

If a sine-wave filter is connected to the drive, select **Rotor Angle Parking**.

P 5.6.3.2 Sync. Motor Detection Current

Set the rotor angle detection gain in % of the nominal motor current.

Default Value:	150	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 200)
Parameter Number:	2323	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.6.3.3 Sync. Motor Parking Time

Set the duration of the rotor parking.

Default Value:	3	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	2324	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.6.3.4 Sync. Motor Parking Current

Set the rotor angle parking current in % of the nominal motor current.

Default Value:	100	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 1000)
Parameter Number:	2325	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.6.3.5 Sync. Motor Parking Angle

Set the electrical parking angle for the rotor.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 360)
Parameter Number:	2326	Unit:	°
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.6.3.6 Sync. Motor Parking Current Rise Time

Sets the ramp-up time of the current applied during the motor parking function. A longer time provides a smoother hold, reducing mechanical stress and audible noise at standstill.

Default Value:	0.2	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 100)
Parameter Number:	2327	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.7.8 Group 5.7 Stop Settings

8.7.8.1 Stop Settings Overview

DC braking

The application software enables configuration of DC braking for induction motor control.

By default, the DC brake is disabled and parameter **5.6.2.1 DC Start Time** is set to 0.

The following settings can be configured:

- Speed at which DC braking starts by setting the required speed with parameter **5.7.2.3 DC Brake Speed**.
- Percentage of the brake current to be applied to the motor with parameter **5.7.2.2 DC Brake Current**.
- Duration for which the DC brake is active for a DC-braking current injection with parameter **5.7.2.1 DC-Brake Time**.

The following illustration shows a DC-braking scenario.

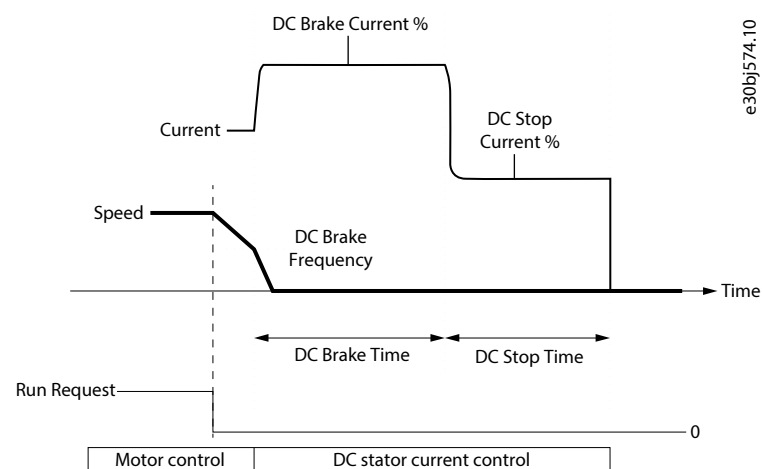


Figure 121: DC Braking and DC Stop

DC stop and stop delay

Besides the DC brake, the application software allows the configuring of DC stop, which can be used for DC hold or magnetization purposes. DC stop is configured with parameters **5.7.2.5 DC Stop Current %** and **5.7.2.4 DC Stop Time**. By default, DC stop is disabled and the parameter **5.7.2.4 DC Stop Time** is set to 0.

DC stop is always applied at zero speed and as the last activity before the drive begins to coast.

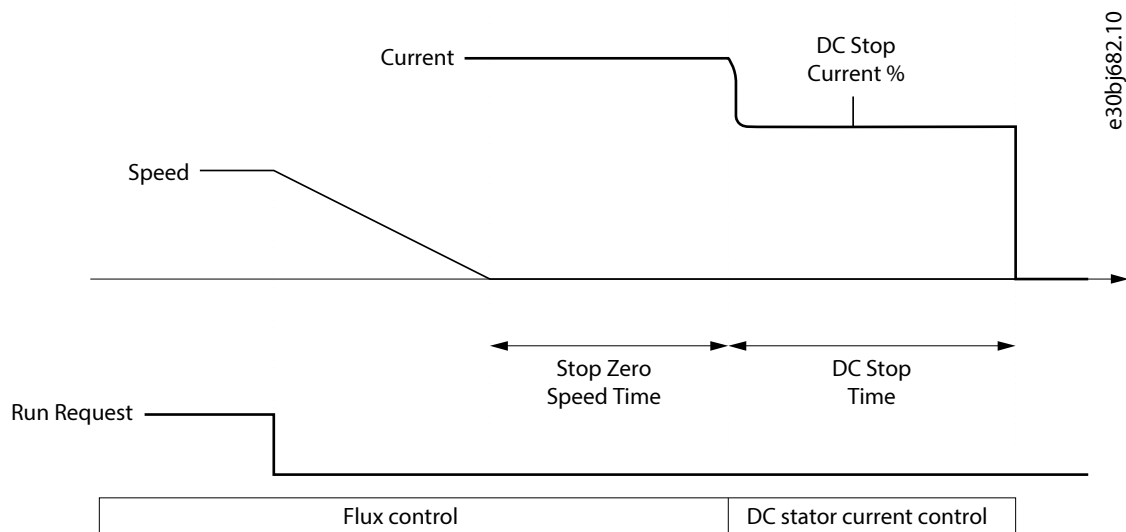


Figure 122: DC Stop and Stop Delay

When both parameters **5.7.1.1 Stop Zero Speed Time** and **5.7.2.4 DC Stop Time** are set to -1, then the parameter **5.7.1.1 Stop Zero Speed Time** has priority.

To introduce stop delay, use parameter **5.7.1.1 Stop Zero Speed Time**. By default, stop delay is disabled and parameter **5.7.1.1 Stop Zero Speed Time** is set to 0. The parameter defines the duration from reaching 0 speed to the time when the drive stops modulating or continues with DC stop. During the stop delay duration, the drive remains in run mode, modulates, and reacts to load changes.



NOTE: When the drive is configured for DC braking, the parameter **5.7.1.1 Stop Zero Speed Time** has no effect.

8.7.8.2 Group 5.7.1 Settings

P 5.7.1.1 Stop Zero Speed Time

Set the time that motor control stays active after reaching 0 speed. The value -1 means indefinitely.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (-1 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	2331	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.7.1.3 Torque Ramp Down Time

Set the time for ramping down the remaining torque after reaching standstill.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	2336	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.7.1.4 Zero-speed Detection Level

Set the speed that is considered standstill.

Default Value:	0.2	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 2)
Parameter Number:	2339	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.7.1.5 Zero-speed Detection Delay

Set the time that the speed must be below zero-speed detection level before standstill is detected.

Default Value:	0.02	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 2)
Parameter Number:	2356	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.7.8.3 Group 5.7.2 DC Injection

P 5.7.2.1 DC-brake Time

Set the duration for a DC braking current injection.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	2267	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.7.2.2 DC-brake Current

Set the DC braking current in % of nominal motor current.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 1000)
Parameter Number:	2266	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.7.2.3 DC-brake Speed

Set the speed below which DC braking is activated.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — *)
Parameter Number:	2268	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.7.2.4 DC Stop Time

Set the DC stopping injection duration. The value -1 means indefinitely.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (-1 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	2320	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.7.2.5 DC Stop Current

Set the DC stopping current in % of nominal motor current. Applied after the drive has reached standstill.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 1000)
Parameter Number:	2321	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.7.8.4 Group 5.7.3 Quick Stop

P 5.7.3.1 Quick Stop Inverse Input

Select an input terminal for activating the Quick Stop Inverse function.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	212	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.7.3.2 Quick Stop Ramp Time

Set the deceleration time for the quick stop ramp.

Default Value:	1	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	1129	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.7.3.8 Allow Quick Stop In All Control Places

Allow quick stop in all control places, including local control.

Default Value:	0 (Disabled)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	213	Unit:	–
Data Type:	BOOL	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Disabled	Disables the function.
1	Enabled	Enables the function.

8.7.8.5 Group 5.7.4 AC Brake

P 5.7.4.1 AC Brake

Enables the AC Brake.

Default Value:	False	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	4026	Unit:	–
Data Type:	BOOL	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Disabled	Disables the function.
1	Enabled	Enables the function.

P 5.7.4.2 AC-brake Voltage Control Kp

Set the scaling of the proportional gain of the AC-brake controller.

Default Value:	100	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 500)
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Parameter Number:	4027	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.7.4.3 AC-brake Voltage Control Ti

Set the scaling of the integral time of the AC-brake controller.

Default Value:	100	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 500)
Parameter Number:	4028	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.7.4.4 AC-brake Current

Set the maximum allowed motor current in % of nominal motor current when AC brake is enabled.

Default Value:	100	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 150)
Parameter Number:	4057	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.7.9 Group 5.8 Speed Control

8.7.9.1 Speed Control Overview

Parameter group **5.8 Speed Control** contains the settings and the readout values related to the speed controller.

The gray background of a parameter in the illustration denotes a read-only parameter.

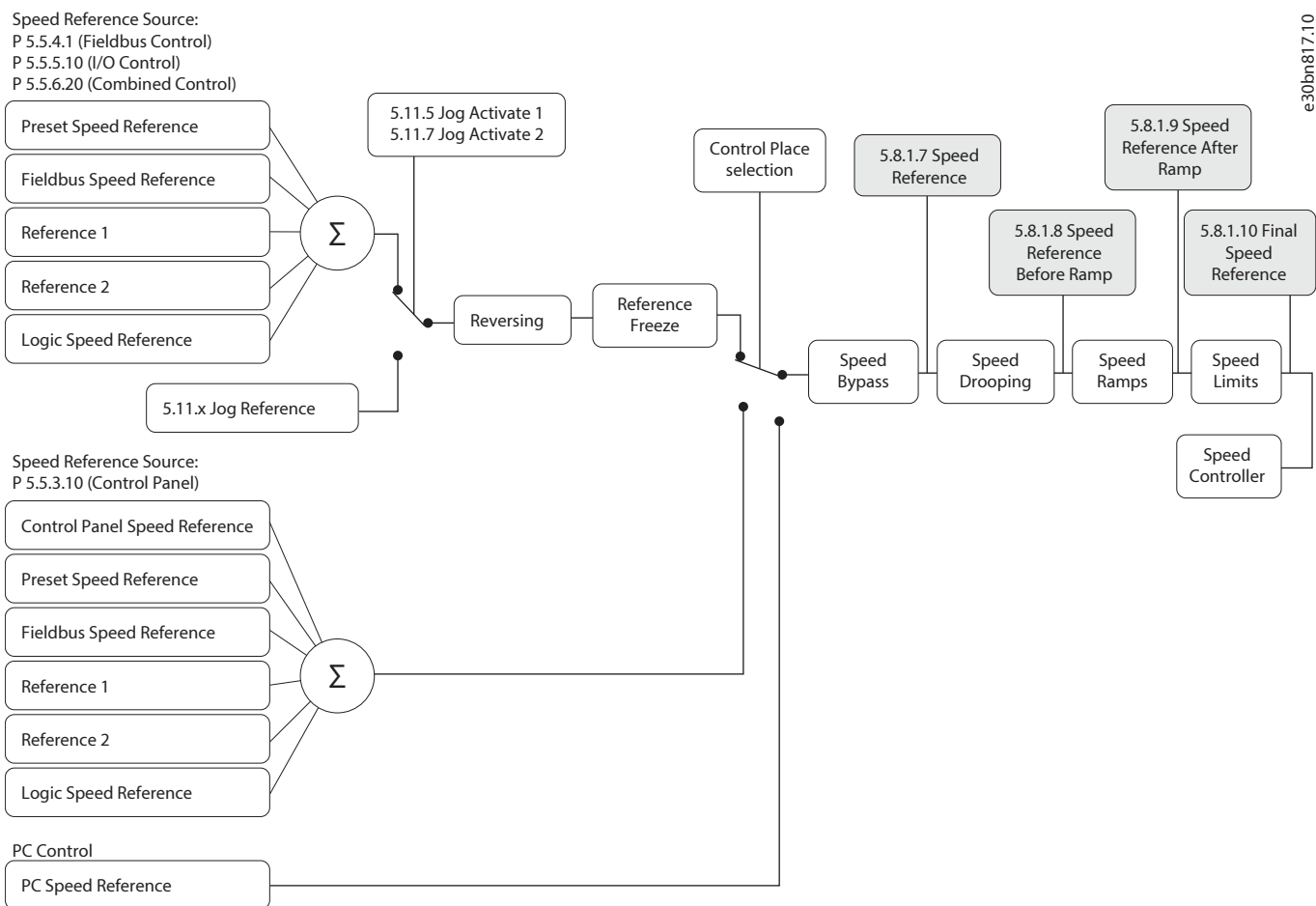


Figure 123: Reference Handling for Speed Control

8.7.9.2 Group 5.8.1 Speed Control Status

P 5.8.1.2 Motor Speed

Shows the actual motor speed.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	9011	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.8.1.3 Output Frequency

Shows the output frequency.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	9015	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.8.1.4 Feedback Speed

Shows the feedback speed.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-10000 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	9007	Unit:	rpm
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.8.1.5 Feedback Electrical Angle

Shows the feedback device angle in the electrical domain. Its value is needed for manually tuning the feedback angle offset.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 360)
Parameter Number:	9016	Unit:	°
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.8.1.6 Speed Error

Shows the difference between speed reference after ramp and motor speed.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	4023	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.8.1.7 Speed Reference

Shows the speed reference.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-2000 — 2000)
Parameter Number:	1718	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.1.8 Speed Reference Before Ramp

Shows the value of speed reference before the ramp generator.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-2000 — 2000)
Parameter Number:	6049	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.8.1.9 Speed Reference After Ramp

Shows the value of the speed reference after the ramp generator.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	6150	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.8.1.10 Final Speed Reference

Shows the value of the speed reference before feeding it to the speed controller.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	6151	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.8.1.11 Control Panel Speed Reference

Shows the value of the speed reference given from the control panel.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	6153	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.1.12 Absolute Output Frequency Output

Select an output terminal for the output frequency scaled between 0 Hz and positive speed limits in Hz.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2300	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write



NOTE: Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list.

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.8.1.13 Absolute Speed Reference Output

Select an output terminal for the absolute speed reference, scaled between 0 and positive speed limit.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2304	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write



NOTE: Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list.

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.8.1.14 Output Frequency Output

Select an output terminal for the output frequency scaled between minimum speed limit and positive speed limits in Hz.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2308	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write



NOTE: Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list.

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.8.1.16 Load Drooping Speed

Shows the load drooping speed.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 2000)
Parameter Number:	674	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.8.1.17 Logic Speed Reference

Shows Logic speed reference.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-1000 — 1000)
Parameter Number:	21110	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.7.9.3 Group 5.8.2 Speed Controller

8.7.9.3.1 Group 5.8.2.1 Basic Settings

P 5.8.2.1.1 Speed Controller Type

Select the speed controller type.

Default Value:	1 (PI-Controller)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	5005	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	P-Controller	Select P-controller (proportional control).
1	PI-Controller	Select PI-controller (proportional and integration control).

P 5.8.2.1.2 Speed Controller Kp FVC+

Set the proportional gain of the speed controller.

Default Value:	15	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 1000)
Parameter Number:	4020	Unit:	PercentPerHertz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.2.1.3 Speed Controller Ti FVC+

Set the integration time of the speed controller.

Default Value:	0.1	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 100)
Parameter Number:	4021	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.2.1.4 Acceleration Feedforward Gain

Set the acceleration feedforward gain. It bypasses the speed controller by adding torque reference based on requested acceleration and system inertia. Improves tracking of speed reference changes.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	4022	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.2.1.5 Acceleration Feedforward Filter Tc

Set the acceleration feedforward filter time constant.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0.00 — 1000000.00)
Parameter Number:	4039	Unit:	ms
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.2.1.7 Speed Controller Kp VVC+

Set the proportional gain of the speed controller.

Default Value:	0.015	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 1)
Parameter Number:	4080	Unit:	–
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.2.1.8 Speed Controller Ti VVC+

Set the integration time of the speed controller.

Default Value:	0.008	Parameter Type:	Range (0.001 — 20)
Parameter Number:	4081	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.7.9.3.2 Group 5.8.2.2 Advanced Settings

P 5.8.2.2.1 Virtual Friction Gain

Set the virtual friction gain, adding friction to the speed control loop to increase damping and stability. It is automatically adjusted when the system inertia is changed and parameter "5.8.11.1 Speed Controller Auto Tuning" is enabled.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	4549	Unit:	–
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.2.2.2 Low-speed Controller

Enables the low-speed controller. It should be enabled if fast torque reaction at low speed references is needed.

Default Value:	0 (Disabled)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	4070	Unit:	–
Data Type:	BOOL	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Disabled	Disables the function.
1	Enabled	Enables the function.

P 5.8.2.2.3 Low-speed Controller Gain

Set the proportional part of the low-speed controller. A higher value leads to higher dynamics.

Default Value:	50	Parameter Type:	Range (* — 1000)
Parameter Number:	4071	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.2.2.4 Kp Ratio at Low Speed

Set the gain ratio for the proportional part of the speed controller at frequencies below the value set in "5.8.2.2.5 Kp Adaptation Low Speed".

Default Value:	100	Parameter Type:	Range (1 — 1000)
Parameter Number:	4072	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.2.2.5 Kp Adaptation Low Speed

Set the speed below which the speed controller proportional gain is fully using the value set in "5.8.2.2.4 Kp Ratio at Low Speed".

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	4073	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.2.2.6 Kp Adaptation High Speed

Set the speed above which the speed controller proportional gain is fully using the value set in "5.8.2.1.2 Speed Controller Kp FVC+".

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	4074	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.2.2.7 Kp Ratio at Low Torque

Set the gain ratio for the proportional part of the speed controller at a torque level below the lower torque limit.

Default Value:	100	Parameter Type:	Range (1 — 1000)
Parameter Number:	4075	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.2.2.8 Kp Adaptation Low Torque

Set the torque level below which the speed controller proportional gain is fully using the value set in "5.8.2.2.7 Kp Ratio at Low Torque".

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 1000)
Parameter Number:	4077	Unit:	%

Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write
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P 5.8.2.2.9 Kp Adaptation High Torque

Set the torque level above which the speed controller proportional gain is fully using the value set in "5.8.2.1.2 Speed Controller Kp FVC +".

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 1000)
Parameter Number:	4078	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.2.2.10 Kp Adaptation Min at Low Flux

Set the gain ratio for the proportional part, if flux is reduced by field weakening or Automatic Energy Optimization (AEO).

Default Value:	40	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 100)
Parameter Number:	4079	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.2.2.11 Zero-speed Damping Gain

Set the zero-speed damping gain. It dampens speed fluctuations when the speed reference is 0.

Default Value:	100	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 1000)
Parameter Number:	5434	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.2.2.12 Additional Torque Feedforward

Enables additional torque feedforward using the torque reference chain. An extra torque can be added to the speed controller output by using the normal torque reference.

Default Value:	False	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	5020	Unit:	–
Data Type:	BOOL	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Disabled	Disables the function.
1	Enabled	Enables the function.

8.7.9.4 Group 5.8.3 Speed Limits and Monitor

P 5.8.3.1 Positive Speed Limit

Set the speed limit for positive direction.

Default Value:	50	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — *)
Parameter Number:	1729	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.3.2 Negative Speed Limit

Set the speed limit for negative direction.

Default Value:	-50	Parameter Type:	Range (* — 0)
Parameter Number:	1728	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.3.3 Minimum Speed Limit

Set the minimum speed for positive and negative direction.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	1722	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.3.4 High Speed Warning

Set the speed value which activates the high speed warning. Activated after 1 s.

Default Value:	1100	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 1100)
Parameter Number:	1200	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.3.5 High Speed Fault

Set the speed value which activates the high speed fault after a delay.

Default Value:	1100	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 1100)
Parameter Number:	1201	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.3.6 High Speed Fault Delay

Set the delay time after which a fault is issued if the speed set for high speed fault is exceeded.

Default Value:	10	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 360)
Parameter Number:	1202	Unit:	s
Data Type:	UDINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.3.7 Start Speed Fault

Set the speed which must be reached within the delay time after start. Otherwise a fault is issued.

Default Value:	0	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 1100)
Parameter Number:	1203	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.3.8 Start Speed Fault Delay

Set the time after which a fault is the issued if start speed fault value is not reached.

Default Value:	20	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 360)
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Parameter Number:	1204	Unit:	s
Data Type:	UDINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.3.9 Low Speed Monitor Limit

Set the speed value which activates the low speed fault after a delay.

Default Value:	0	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 1100)
Parameter Number:	1205	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.3.10 Low Speed Fault Delay

Set the delay after which a fault is issued if speed drops below the level set for low speed monitor limit.

Default Value:	20	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 360)
Parameter Number:	1206	Unit:	s
Data Type:	UDINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.7.9.5 Group 5.8.4 Speed Reference

P 5.8.4.1 Speed Reference 1 Input

Select the input terminal or a predefined fixed value for the speed reference.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	501	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.8.4.2 Speed Reference 2 Input

Select the input terminal or a predefined fixed value for the speed reference.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	502	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.8.4.3 Speed Reference 1 Max.

Set the maximum value of the reference. It defines the upper point for the scaling of the reference input.

Default Value:	100	Parameter Type:	Range (-1000 — 1000)
Parameter Number:	1724	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.4.4 Speed Reference 1 Min.

Set the minimum value of the reference. It defines the lower point for the scaling of the reference input.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (-1000 — 1000)
Parameter Number:	1725	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.4.5 Speed Reference 2 Max.

Set the maximum value of the reference. It defines the upper point for the scaling of the reference input.

Default Value:	100	Parameter Type:	Range (-1000 — 1000)
Parameter Number:	1726	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.4.6 Speed Reference 2 Min.

Set the minimum value of the reference. It defines the lower point for the scaling of the reference input.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (-1000 — 1000)
Parameter Number:	1727	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.4.7 Preset Speed Reference Selector

Select the preset reference. The preset reference can be selected as a fixed value or by 3 digital inputs.

Default Value:	1 (Preset 1)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	702	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Bit Selection	Use digital inputs to select the preset reference number.
1	Preset 1	Use preset 1.
2	Preset 2	Use preset 2.
3	Preset 3	Use preset 3.
4	Preset 4	Use preset 4.
5	Preset 5	Use preset 5.
6	Preset 6	Use preset 6.
7	Preset 7	Use preset 7.
8	Preset 8	Use preset 8.

P 5.8.4.8 Preset Speed 1

Set the value of the preset reference.

Default Value:	0	Parameter Type:	Range (-1000 — 1000)
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Parameter Number:	703	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.4.9 Preset Speed 2

Set the value of the preset reference.

Default Value:	20	Parameter Type:	Range (-1000 — 1000)
Parameter Number:	704	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.4.10 Preset Speed 3

Set the value of the preset reference.

Default Value:	30	Parameter Type:	Range (-1000 — 1000)
Parameter Number:	705	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.4.11 Preset Speed 4

Set the value of the preset reference.

Default Value:	40	Parameter Type:	Range (-1000 — 1000)
Parameter Number:	706	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.4.12 Preset Speed 5

Set the value of the preset reference.

Default Value:	50	Parameter Type:	Range (-1000 — 1000)
Parameter Number:	707	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.4.13 Preset Speed 6

Set the value of the preset reference.

Default Value:	60	Parameter Type:	Range (-1000 — 1000)
Parameter Number:	708	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.4.14 Preset Speed 7

Set the value of the preset reference.

Default Value:	70	Parameter Type:	Range (-1000 — 1000)
Parameter Number:	709	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.4.15 Preset Speed 8

Set the value of the preset reference.

Default Value:	80	Parameter Type:	Range (-1000 — 1000)
Parameter Number:	710	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.4.16 Preset Speed Reference Bit 0 Input

Select the digital input used as bit 0 addressing the preset reference.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	711	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.8.4.17 Preset Speed Reference Bit 1 Input

Select the digital input used as bit 1 for addressing the preset reference.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	712	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.8.4.18 Preset Speed Reference Bit 2 Input

Select the digital input used as bit 2 for addressing the preset reference.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	713	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.8.4.19 Fieldbus Speed Reference Scale

Set the fieldbus reference scale equal to 100% reference.

Default Value:	50	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 1000)
Parameter Number:	1723	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.4.21 Speed Ref. Filter Tc

Set the time constant of the reference filter. Set to 0 disables the filter.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 1000)
Parameter Number:	1719	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.7.9.6 Group 5.8.5 Reference Freeze

This feature makes it possible to freeze the active reference by a digital input to the actual output speed and to increase/decrease the reference by using 2 other digital inputs. Additionally, independent ramp times, delays, and speed steps can be configured.

When enabling the freeze reference feature, the reference is frozen to the actual output. If this reference is out of the allowed speed range, the frozen reference is set to the closest speed limit. After starting up or after cycling the power of the drive, the reference for the freeze feature is set to either the last freeze reference or to the minimum speed of the drive. See parameter **5.8.5.7 Freeze Initialization**.

When reaching the upper speed limit or the lower speed limit of the drive, the freeze reference is not further increased or decreased in the limited direction. If the drive is configured for both rotation directions and a minimum speed has been defined, the reference bypasses the area between the positive and the negative minimum speed while Freeze Up or Freeze Down are used.

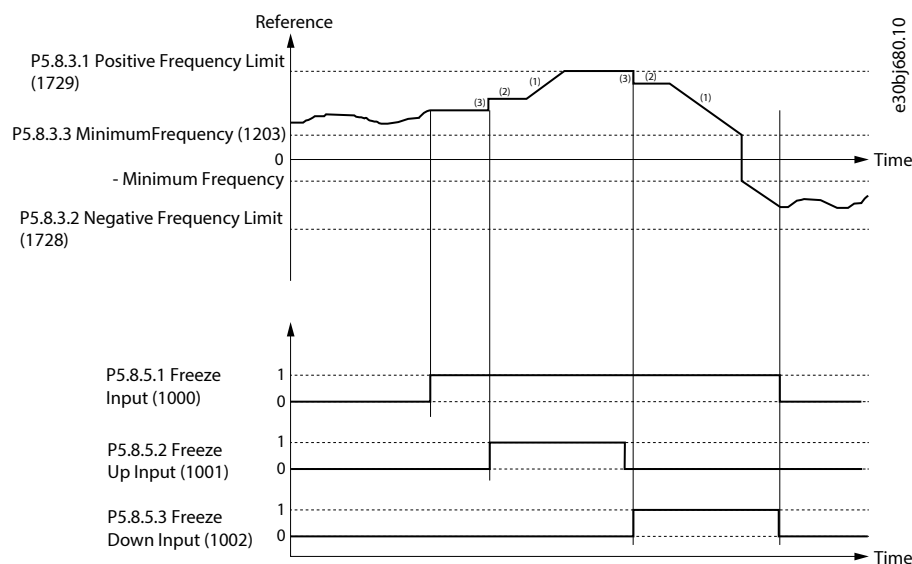


Figure 124: Reference Freeze Example

1	Freeze Up/Down Ramp Time	2	Freeze Up/Down Ramp Delay
3	Freeze Up/Down Step Delta		

P 5.8.5.1 Freeze Input

Select the digital input for freezing the reference. Freezing is used to control the speed reference with 2 digital inputs, 1 increasing the reference and the other decreasing the reference.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	1000	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.8.5.2 Freeze Up Input

Select the digital input for increasing the reference while reference freezing is activated.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	1001	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.8.5.3 Freeze Down Input

Select the digital input for decreasing the reference while reference freezing is activated.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	1002	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.8.5.4 Freeze Ramp Time

Set the ramp time for increasing/decreasing the reference while reference freeze is active.

Default Value:	10	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 1000)
Parameter Number:	1003	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.5.5 Freeze Ramp Delay

Set the delay before ramping the reference while reference freeze is active.

Default Value:	4	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 3600)
Parameter Number:	1004	Unit:	s
Data Type:	UDINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.5.6 Freeze Step Delta

Set the reference step for increasing/decreasing the reference while reference freeze is active.

Default Value:	1	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 1000)
Parameter Number:	1005	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.5.7 Freeze Initialization

Enable freeze initialization. If enabled, freeze reference is initialized to the minimum speed after start-up or a start signal is applied. If disabled, the latest value is used.

Default Value:	False	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	1006	Unit:	–

Data Type:	BOOL	Access Type:	Read/Write
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The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Disabled	Disables the function.
1	Enabled	Enables the function.

P 5.8.5.8 Freeze Ramp/Step Mode

Select how to increase or decrease the reference while reference freeze is active.

Default Value:	0 (Step and Ramp)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	1007	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Step and Ramp	Step increment and ramp thereafter.
1	Ramp	Ramp increment.
2	Step	Step increment.

8.7.9.7 Group 5.8.6 Speed Ramps

8.7.9.7.1 Speed Ramps Overview

Ramps are used for reaching the desired speed reference in a controlled manner. The parameters in the Speed Ramps parameter group is used to select the ramp type and to adjust their shapes.

Ramps 1–4 can be configured as linear or S-ramps. A linear ramp provides the motor a constant acceleration. The S-ramp allows the drive to compensate for jerk in the application and/or to reduce sway.

Anti-sway is a ramp type selection for cranes with a hanging load.

The following diagram illustrates how the ramp parameters are used for adjusting the ramp profiles.

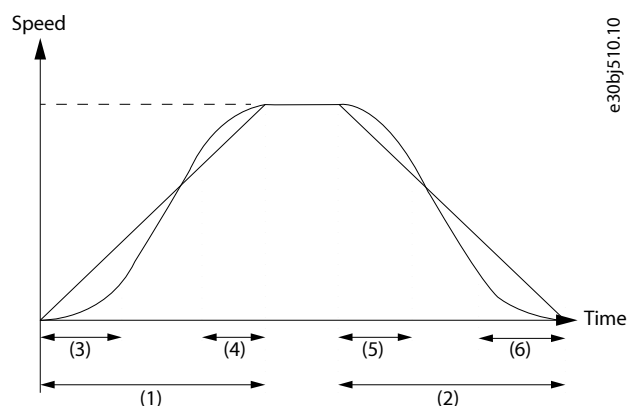


Figure 125: Speed Ramps

1	Ramp acceleration time	2	Ramp deceleration time
3	Ramp acceleration increase time for S-ramps	4	Ramp acceleration decrease time for S-ramps
5	Ramp deceleration increase time for S-ramps	6	Ramp deceleration decrease time for S-ramps

Furthermore, the drive supports a variable ramp profile, which allows the changing of the acceleration and deceleration time dynamically with analog inputs.

Anti-sway

The anti-sway ramp enables smooth starting and stopping without causing the load to swing excessively. Anti-sway is only meant to be used on the drive that moves the load horizontally.

Anti-sway can only be used with a linear ramp. If anti-sway is enabled when an S-ramp is selected, a linear ramp is applied instead of the S-ramp.

When anti-sway is enabled, the ramp time calculated in the anti-sway module is used during acceleration and deceleration from the actual speed to the set speed reference.

Anti-sway is enabled with parameter **5.8.6.1.7 Enable Anti-Sway**, and configured with the parameters in parameter group **5.8.6.8 Anti-Sway**.

8.7.9.7.2 Group 5.8.6.1 Speed Ramp Settings

P 5.8.6.1.1 Ramp Selector

Select the speed ramp.

Default Value:	0 (Ramp 1)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	1100	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
4	Bit Selection	Use digital inputs to select ramp.
0	Ramp 1	Use ramp 1.
1	Ramp 2	Use ramp 2.
2	Ramp 3	Use ramp 3.
3	Ramp 4	Use ramp 4.
5	Variable Ramp.	

P 5.8.6.1.2 Ramp Selection Bit 0 Input

Select the digital input used as bit 0 addressing the speed ramp.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	1130	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.8.6.1.3 Ramp Selection Bit 1 Input

Select the digital input used as bit 1 addressing the speed ramp.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	1131	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.8.6.1.7 Enable Anti-Sway

Enable the anti-sway functionality.

Default Value:	0 (Disabled)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	1144	Unit:	–
Data Type:	BOOL	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Disabled	Disables the function.
1	Enabled	Enables the function.

8.7.9.7.3 Group 5.8.6.2 Ramp 1

P 5.8.6.2.1 Ramp 1 Type

Select the ramp type.

Default Value:	0 (Linear Ramp)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	1125	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Linear Ramp	Use linear ramp.
1	S-Ramp	Use S-ramp ramp reducing torque changes.

P 5.8.6.2.2 Ramp 1 Accel. Time

Set the acceleration time from 0 to nominal motor speed.

Default Value:	5	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	1101	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.6.2.3 Ramp 1 Decel. Time

Set the deceleration time from nominal motor speed to 0.

Default Value:	5	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	1105	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.6.2.4 S-Ramp 1 Accel. Increase Time

Set the ramp acceleration increase time for S-ramp.

Default Value:	1	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	1109	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.6.2.5 S-Ramp 1 Accel. Decrease Time

Set the ramp acceleration decrease time for S-ramp.

Default Value:	1	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	1113	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.6.2.6 S-Ramp 1 Decel. Increase Time

Set the ramp deceleration increase time for S-ramp.

Default Value:	1	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	1117	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.6.2.7 S-Ramp 1 Decel. Decrease Time

Set the ramp deceleration decrease time for S-ramp.

Default Value:	1	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	1121	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.7.9.7.4 Group 5.8.6.3 Ramp 2

P 5.8.6.3.1 Ramp 2 Type

Select the ramp type.

Default Value:	0 (Linear Ramp)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	1126	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Linear Ramp	Use linear ramp.
1	S-Ramp	Use S-ramp ramp reducing torque changes.

P 5.8.6.3.2 Ramp 2 Accel. Time

Set the acceleration time from 0 to nominal motor speed.

Default Value:	5	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	1106	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.6.3.3 Ramp 2 Decel. Time

Set the deceleration time from nominal motor speed to 0.

Default Value:	5	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	1102	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.6.3.4 S-Ramp 2 Accel. Increase Time

Set the ramp acceleration increase time for S-ramp.

Default Value:	1	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	1110	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.6.3.5 S-Ramp 2 Accel. Decrease Time

Set the ramp acceleration decrease time for S-ramp.

Default Value:	1	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	1114	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.6.3.6 S-Ramp 2 Decel. Increase Time

Set the ramp deceleration increase time for S-ramp.

Default Value:	1	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	1118	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.6.3.7 S-Ramp 2 Decel. Decrease Time

Set the ramp deceleration decrease time for S-ramp.

Default Value:	1	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	1122	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.7.9.7.5 Group 5.8.6.4 Ramp 3

P 5.8.6.4.1 Ramp 3 Type

Select the ramp type.

Default Value:	0 (Linear Ramp)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	1127	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Linear Ramp	Use linear ramp.
1	S-Ramp	Use S-ramp ramp reducing torque changes.

P 5.8.6.4.2 Ramp 3 Accel. Time

Set the acceleration time from 0 to nominal motor speed.

Default Value:	5	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	1103	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.6.4.3 Ramp 3 Decel. Time

Set the deceleration time from nominal motor speed to 0.

Default Value:	5	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	1107	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.6.4.4 S-Ramp 3 Accel. Increase Time

Set the ramp acceleration increase time for S-ramp.

Default Value:	1	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	1111	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.6.4.5 S-Ramp 3 Accel. Decrease Time

Set the ramp acceleration decrease time for S-ramp.

Default Value:	1	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	1115	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.6.4.6 S-Ramp 3 Decel. Increase Time

Set the ramp deceleration increase time for S-ramp.

Default Value:	1	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	1119	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.6.4.7 S-Ramp 3 Decel. Decrease Time

Set the ramp deceleration decrease time for S-ramp.

Default Value:	1	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	1123	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.7.9.7.6 Group 5.8.6.5 Ramp 4

P 5.8.6.5.1 Ramp 4 Type

Select the ramp type.

Default Value:	0 (Linear Ramp)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	1128	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Linear Ramp	Use linear ramp.
1	S-Ramp	Use S-ramp ramp reducing torque changes.

P 5.8.6.5.2 Ramp 4 Accel. Time

Set the acceleration time from 0 to nominal motor speed.

Default Value:	5	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	1104	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.6.5.3 Ramp 4 Decel. Time

Set the deceleration time from nominal motor speed to 0.

Default Value:	5	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	1108	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.6.5.4 S-Ramp 4 Accel. Increase Time

Set the ramp acceleration increase time for S-ramp.

Default Value:	1	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	1112	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.6.5.5 S-Ramp 4 Accel. Decrease Time

Set the ramp acceleration decrease time for S-ramp.

Default Value:	1	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	1116	Unit:	s

Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write
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P 5.8.6.5.6 S-Ramp 4 Decel. Increase Time

Set the ramp deceleration increase time for S-ramp.

Default Value:	1	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	1120	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.6.5.7 S-Ramp 4 Decel. Decrease Time

Set the ramp deceleration decrease time for S-ramp.

Default Value:	1	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	1124	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.7.9.7.7 Group 5.8.6.6 Variable Ramp

P 5.8.6.6.1 Accel. Time Input

Select the input or a fixed value for adjusting the variable ramp acceleration time.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	1132	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.8.6.6.2 Accel. Time Maximum

Set the maximum of the acceleration time for the variable ramp.

Default Value:	120	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	1134	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.6.6.3 Accel. Time Minimum

Set the minimum of the acceleration time for the variable ramp.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	1135	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.6.6.4 Decel. Time Input

Select the input or a fixed value for adjusting the variable ramp deceleration time.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
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Parameter Number:	1133	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.8.6.6.5 Decel. Time Maximum

Set the maximum of the deceleration time for the variable ramp.

Default Value:	120	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	1136	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.6.6.6 Decel. Time Minimum

Set the minimum of the deceleration time for the variable ramp.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	1137	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.7.9.7.8 Group 5.8.6.8 Anti-sway

P 5.8.6.8.1 Rope Length

Length of the cable. Used in the calculation of ramps in the anti-sway functionality.

Default Value:	1.49	Parameter Type:	Range (0.50 — 24.91)
Parameter Number:	1140	Unit:	LengthInMeters
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.6.8.2 Swing Period

Swing period. Used in the calculation of ramps in the anti-sway functionality.

Default Value:	3	Parameter Type:	Range (1 — 50)
Parameter Number:	1141	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.6.8.3 Reference Change Limit

Limit of speed reference change for using the ramps calculated in the anti-sway functionality.

Default Value:	2	Parameter Type:	Range (1 — 50)
Parameter Number:	1142	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.6.8.4 Actual Ramp Time

Actual ramp time calculated in the anti-sway functionality.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	1143	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

8.7.9.8 Group 5.8.7 Speed Feedback

P 5.8.7.1 Speed Feedback Filter Tc

Set the speed feedback filter time constant (when the speed is controlled with speed sensor).

Default Value:	5.00	Parameter Type:	Range (0.00 — 1000.00)
Parameter Number:	4544	Unit:	ms
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.7.2 Estimated Speed Filter Tc

Set the filter time constant for the estimated speed (when the speed is controlled without speed sensor).

Default Value:	10.00	Parameter Type:	Range (5.00 — 100000.00)
Parameter Number:	4545	Unit:	ms
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.7.3 Feedback Angle Offset

Set the offset between permanent magnet (direct axis) angle and absolute feedback angle in the electrical domain. The offset value is summed with the feedback angle to attain the permanent magnet angle used in the control. Its correct setting is important when running FVC+ with synchronous motors in closed loop.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 360)
Parameter Number:	9017	Unit:	°
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

The feedback angle offset can be identified by running AMA. After it has been identified, it can be fine-tuned.

The offset cannot be identified when a sine-filter is connected. Identify the value before connecting the sine-wave filter.

8.7.9.9 Group 5.8.8 Speed Bypass

Some systems call for some output frequencies to be avoided due to, for example, mechanical resonance problems. With the parameters of this group, a definition of the bandwidth around each of these parameters can be provided.

These parameters allow the setting of up to 4 speed bands that are avoided.

P 5.8.8.1 Band 1, Low Limit

Set the bypass hysteresis speed band, low limit.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 100)
Parameter Number:	4520	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.8.2 Band 1, High Limit

Set the bypass hysteresis speed band, high limit.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 100)
Parameter Number:	4521	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.8.3 Band 2, Low Limit

Set the bypass hysteresis speed band, low limit.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 100)
Parameter Number:	4522	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.8.4 Band 2, High Limit

Set the bypass hysteresis speed band, high limit.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 100)
Parameter Number:	4523	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.8.5 Band 3, Low Limit

Set the bypass hysteresis speed band, low limit.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 100)
Parameter Number:	4524	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.8.6 Band 3, High Limit

Set the bypass hysteresis speed band, high limit.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 100)
Parameter Number:	4525	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.8.7 Band 4, Low Limit

Set the bypass hysteresis speed band, low limit.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 100)
Parameter Number:	4526	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.8.8 Band 4, High Limit

Set the bypass hysteresis speed band, high limit.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 100)
Parameter Number:	4527	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.7.9.10 Group 5.8.9 Load Drooping

P 5.8.9.1 Load Drooping Mode

Select the load drooping mode - Only available in FVC+ mode.

Default Value:	0 (Static)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	670	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Static	Simple and robust drooping, but will result in a speed error depending on load.
1	Dynamic	This will run at correct speed independent of load, but requires synchronised start stop to avoid torque deviation between drives.
2	Combined	This will run a mix of static and dynamic drooping at low speed, otherwise identical with dynamic.

P 5.8.9.2 Load Drooping %

Set the load drooping amount in % of nominal motor speed at nominal load conditions.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 1000)
Parameter Number:	671	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.9.3 Load Drooping LP Tc

Set the load drooping low pass filter time constant.

Default Value:	5.00	Parameter Type:	Range (0.00 — 1000.00)
Parameter Number:	672	Unit:	ms
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.9.4 Load Drooping HP Tc

Set the load drooping high pass filter time constant. Only active in dynamic drooping mode.

Default Value:	1000.00	Parameter Type:	Range (0.00 — 100000.00)
Parameter Number:	673	Unit:	ms
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.9.5 Drooping Removal Mode

Select the drooping removal mode.

Default Value:	0 (Constant droop)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	4581	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Constant droop	If Constant Droop is selected drooping removal functionality is disabled. Speed could be even reduced to opposite speed direction.
1	Below removal frequency	Drooping gain is reduced from removal frequency to zero. This mode protects from running opposite speed direction.
2	Linear below nom. speed	Drooping gain is reduced linear from nominal motor frequency to zero.

P 5.8.9.6 Drooping Removal Transition Speed

Set the drooping removal transition speed.

Default Value:	1	Parameter Type:	Range (0.001 — 1000)
Parameter Number:	4582	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.9.15 Enhanced Static Part

Set the % of static drooping at speeds lower than the value set in "5.8.9.16 Enhanced Lower Transition Speed". 0% means dynamic drooping only and 100% static drooping only.

Default Value:	1.5	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 100)
Parameter Number:	675	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.9.16 Enhanced Lower Transition Speed

Set the speed at which transition from combined static and dynamic drooping to dynamic drooping only starts.

Default Value:	589.999	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — *)
Parameter Number:	676	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.9.17 Enhanced Higher Transition Speed

Set the speed at which the transition from combined static and dynamic drooping to dynamic drooping only is complete.

Default Value:	590	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	677	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.7.9.11 Group 5.8.11 Auto Tuning

P 5.8.11.1 Speed Controller Auto Tuning

Enables the auto tuning of the speed controller. Auto tuning is started when the value of the parameter "5.3.2.4 System Inertia" is changed and unequal to "0".

Default Value:	False	Parameter Type:	Selection
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Parameter Number:	4546	Unit:	–
Data Type:	BOOL	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Disabled	Disables the function.
1	Enabled	Enables the function.

P 5.8.11.2 Auto Tuning Bandwidth

Set the auto tuning bandwidth. A higher value leads to a faster response to speed or reference changes.

Default Value:	100	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 1000)
Parameter Number:	4547	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.11.3 System Friction

Set the total system friction in % of the nominal motor torque at nominal motor speed.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 100)
Parameter Number:	4548	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.7.10 Group 5.9 Torque control

8.7.10.1 Torque Control Overview

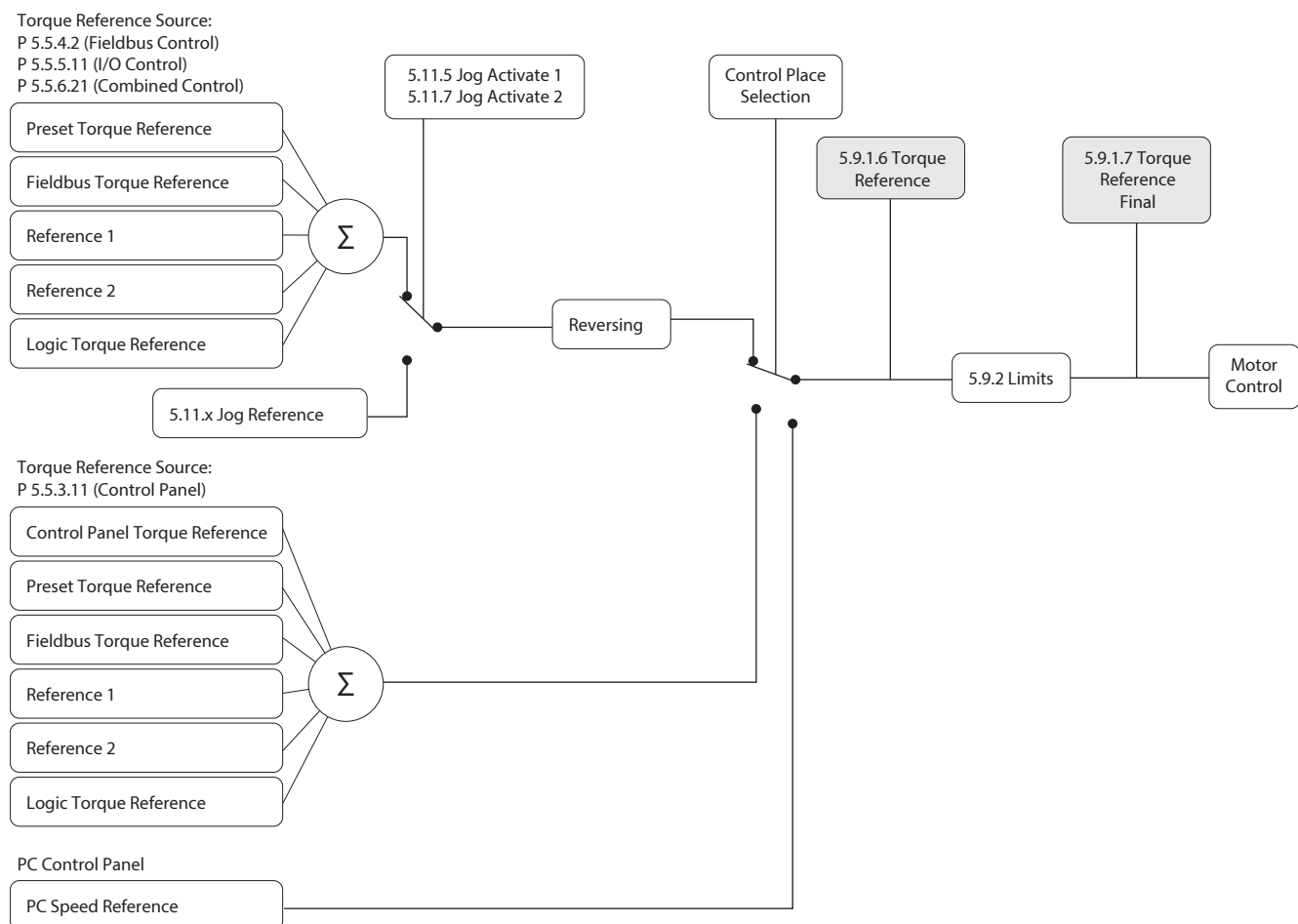


Figure 126: Reference Handling for Torque Control

The gray background of a parameter in the illustration denotes a read-only parameter.

While the drive is in torque control, motor speed is not controlled. Motor speed can reach speed limits, when the load application or upper system such as PLC system does not operate within the speed limits. If a speed limit is reached, the drive prevents itself from exceeding the limit depending on the selection in the parameter **Speed Limit Mode Torque Ctrl.** Detailed descriptions of the selections available in parameter **Speed Limit Mode Torque Ctrl.**

Pos./neg. frequency limit

By default, the selection for the parameter **Speed Limit Mode Torque Ctrl.** is **Pos./Neg. Frequency Limit.** While the drive is in torque control, the speed is not limited by the speed reference, only by the positive frequency limit and by the negative frequency limit.

e30bn818.10

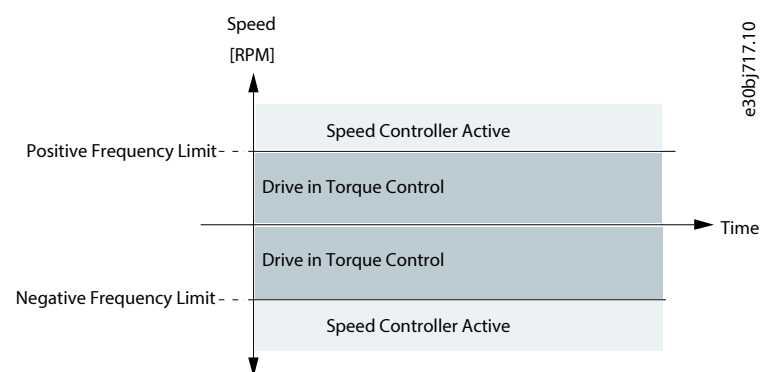


Figure 127: Pos./Neg. Frequency Limit

Limited by ramp

While the drive is in torque control, the speed is limited by the reference (after ramp). The speed increases with the set ramp time until the actual torque is equal to the torque reference. If the speed is below the reference when load is removed from the shaft, the speed increases without ramp.

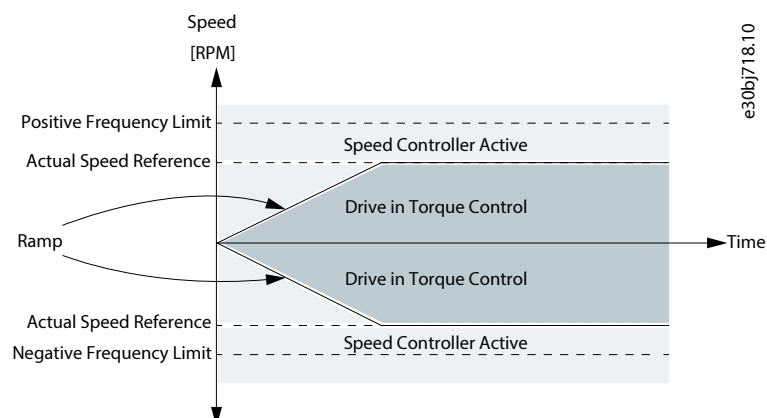


Figure 128: Limited by Ramp

Neg. limit to ramp

The torque controller operates in the range between the frequency limit for the negative direction and the speed limit given by the ramp.

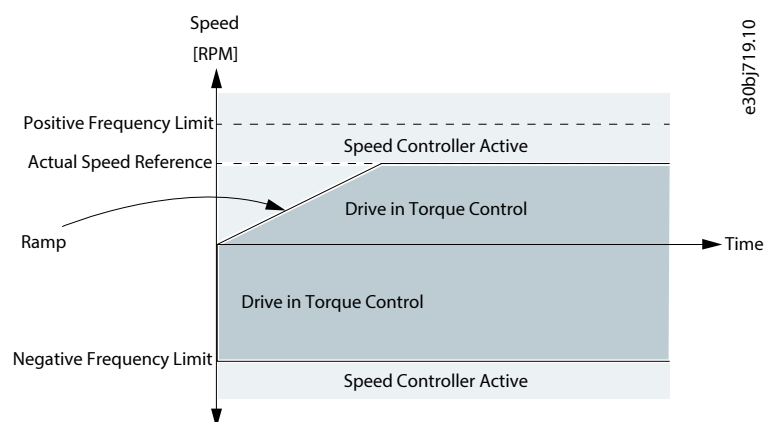


Figure 129: Neg. Limit to Ramp

Ramp to max. limit

The maximum of the speed controller output and the torque reference is selected as final torque reference. The torque controller operates in the range between the frequency limit for the positive direction and the speed limit given by the ramp.

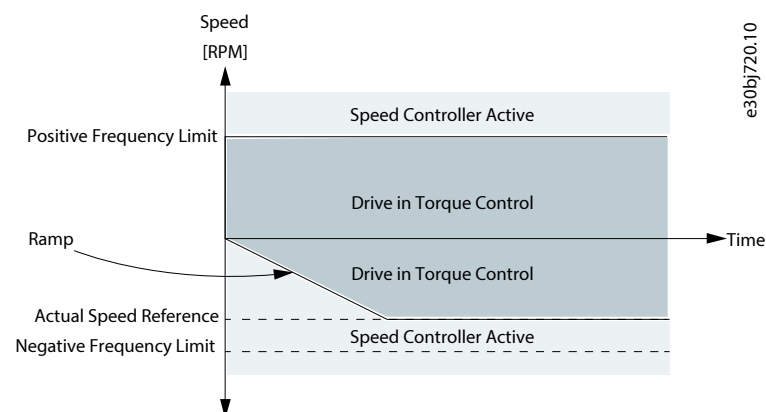


Figure 130: Ramp to Max. Limit

Window

Torque control is active within a speed window around the speed reference. Speed control activation limit is different from the speed limit. Therefore speed is required to reach first to upper or lower window limit before the speed controller activates.

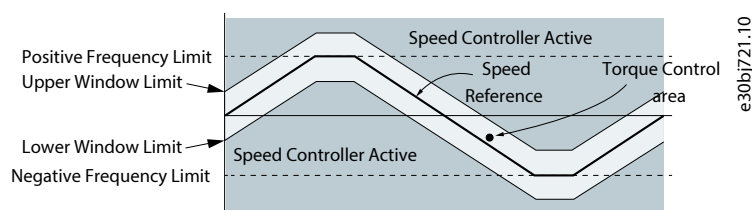


Figure 131: Window

8.7.10.2 Group 5.9.1 Torque Control Status

P 5.9.1.1 Motor Torque

Shows the actual motor torque.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-100000000 — 100000000)
Parameter Number:	9009	Unit:	Nm
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.9.1.2 Relative Motor Torque

Shows the motor torque in % of the nominal motor torque.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	1708	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.9.1.3 Torque Limit Motoring

Shows the torque limit in motoring mode in % of nominal motor torque.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 500)
Parameter Number:	1812	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.9.1.4 Torque Limit Regenerative

Shows the regenerative torque limit in % of nominal motor torque.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 500)
Parameter Number:	1813	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.9.1.5 Control Panel Torque Reference

Shows the local torque reference set in the control panel.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-300 — 300)
Parameter Number:	6155	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.9.1.6 Torque Reference

Shows the value of the current torque reference in the reference chain in % of nominal motor torque.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-300 — 300)
Parameter Number:	6152	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.9.1.7 Torque Reference Final

Shows the value of the final torque reference given to the motor controller in % of nominal motor torque.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-300 — 300)
Parameter Number:	6154	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.9.1.8 Logic Torque Reference

Shows Logic torque reference.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-300 — 300)
Parameter Number:	21111	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.7.10.3 Group 5.9.2 Limits

P 5.9.2.1 Maximum Torque Limit

Set the overall permissible torque for the motor in % of nominal motor torque (used in all 4 quadrants).

Default Value:	300	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 500)
Parameter Number:	1823	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.9.2.2 Positive Torque Limit

Set the positive torque limit (quadrants 1 and 2) in % of nominal motor torque.

Default Value:	300	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 500)
Parameter Number:	1810	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.9.2.3 Negative Torque Limit

Set the negative torque limit (quadrants 3 and 4) in % of nominal motor torque.

Default Value:	-300	Parameter Type:	Range (-500 — 0)
Parameter Number:	1811	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.9.2.4 Motoring Torque Limit

Set the torque limit in motoring mode (quadrants 1 and 3) in % of nominal motor torque.

Default Value:	300	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 500)
Parameter Number:	1321	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.9.2.5 Regenerative Torque Limit

Set the torque limit in regenerative mode (quadrants 2 and 4) in % of nominal motor torque.

Default Value:	300	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 500)
Parameter Number:	1323	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.9.2.6 Speed Limit Mode Torque Ctrl.

Select the speed limiting mode during torque control.

Default Value:	0 (Pos./Neg. Speed Limit)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2332	Unit:	—
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Pos./Neg. Speed Limit	Limit between positive and negative speed limit.
1	Speed Limit Setpoint	Limit between +/- speed limit setpoint.
2	Window around Speed Limit Setpoint	Limit window around torque mode speed limit.

P 5.9.2.7 Lower Window Limit

Set the window size towards the positive speed direction.

Default Value:	—	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 10)
Parameter Number:	2333	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.9.2.8 Upper Window Limit

Set the window size towards the negative speed direction.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 10)
Parameter Number:	2334	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.9.2.26 Speed Limit Setpoint

Set the variable speed limit setpoint in torque mode. This is used when fixed speed limits are not desired.

Default Value:	50	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 1000)
Parameter Number:	1336	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.9.2.27 Speed Limit Setpoint Ramp Time

Set the speed limit setpoint ramp time. When running in speed limit in torque mode, the drive will accelerate/decelerate towards the speed limit setpoint using this ramp time.

Default Value:	5	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	1337	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.9.2.28 Maximum Torque Limit Scale Input

Select the input for scaling the maximum torque limit between 0% and 100% of the value defined in maximum torque limit. Off equals 100%.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	1331	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.9.2.32 Speed Limit setpoint Scale Input

Select the input for scaling speed limit setpoint in torque mode between 0% and 100% of parameter value. Off equals 100%.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	1334	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.9.2.33 Motoring Torque Limit Response

Select the response for running in motoring torque limit after the time delay defined.

Default Value:	0 (No response)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2361	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	No response	The event is ignored.
1	Info	The event is logged in the event log.
10	Fault	The drive issues a fault and coasts the motor.

P 5.9.2.34 Motoring Torque Limit Delay

Set the delay the drive is allowed to be in motoring torque limit before a response is issued.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 65000)
Parameter Number:	2358	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.9.2.35 Regenerative Torque Limit Response

Select the response for running in regenerative torque limit after the time delay defined.

Default Value:	0 (No response)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2362	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	No response	The event is ignored.
1	Info	The event is logged in the event log.
10	Fault	The drive issues a fault and coasts the motor.

P 5.9.2.36 Regenerative Torque Limit Delay

Set the delay the drive is allowed to be in regenerative torque limit before a response is issued.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 65000)
Parameter Number:	2363	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.7.10.4 Group 5.9.3 Torque Reference

P 5.9.3.1 Torque Reference 1 Input

Select the input terminal or a predefined fixed value for the torque reference.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	4534	Unit:	–

Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write
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NOTE: Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list.

P 5.9.3.2 Torque Reference 2 Input

Select the input terminal or a predefined fixed value for the torque reference.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	4535	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write



NOTE: Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list.

P 5.9.3.3 Torque Reference 1 Max.

Set the maximum torque reference value in % of nominal motor torque.

Default Value:	100	Parameter Type:	Range (-300 — 300)
Parameter Number:	4530	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.9.3.4 Torque Reference 1 Min.

Set the minimum torque reference value in % of nominal motor torque.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (-300 — 300)
Parameter Number:	4531	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.9.3.5 Torque Reference 2 Max.

Set the maximum torque reference value in % of nominal motor torque.

Default Value:	100	Parameter Type:	Range (-300 — 300)
Parameter Number:	4532	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.9.3.6 Torque Reference 2 Min.

Set the torque minimum reference value in % of nominal motor torque.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (-300 — 300)
Parameter Number:	4533	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.9.3.7 Preset Torque Selector

Select the preset torque number.

Default Value:	1 (Preset 1)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	724	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Bit Selection	Use digital inputs to select the preset reference number.
1	Preset 1	Use preset 1.
2	Preset 2	Use preset 2.
3	Preset 3	Use preset 3.
4	Preset 4	Use preset 4.

P 5.9.3.8 Preset Torque 1

Set the torque preset value in % of the nominal motor torque.

Default Value:	0	Parameter Type:	Range (-300 — 300)
Parameter Number:	725	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.9.3.9 Preset Torque 2

Set the torque preset value in % of the nominal motor torque.

Default Value:	25	Parameter Type:	Range (-300 — 300)
Parameter Number:	726	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.9.3.10 Preset Torque 3

Set the torque preset value in % of the nominal motor torque.

Default Value:	50	Parameter Type:	Range (-300 — 300)
Parameter Number:	727	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.9.3.11 Preset Torque 4

Set the torque preset value in % of the nominal motor torque.

Default Value:	100	Parameter Type:	Range (-300 — 300)
Parameter Number:	728	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.9.3.12 Preset Torque Bit 0 Input

Select the digital input used as bit 0 addressing the preset reference.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	721	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write



NOTE: Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list.

P 5.9.3.13 Preset Torque Bit 1 Input

Select the digital input used as bit 1 addressing the preset reference.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	722	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write



NOTE: Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list.

P 5.9.3.14 Torque Reference Ramp Time

Set the ramping time from 0 to nominal motor torque.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	2330	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.9.3.15 Torque Ref. Lowpass Filter Tc

Set the time constant of the reference filter. Setting it to 0 disables the filter.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0.00 — 1000000.00)
Parameter Number:	2335	Unit:	ms
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.7.11 Group 5.11 Jog

P 5.11.3 Jog Ramp Time

Set the ramp time for jog.

Default Value:	10	Parameter Type:	Range (0.01 — 3600)
Parameter Number:	1083	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.11.4 Jog Reference 1

Set speed reference 1 for jog.

Default Value:	15	Parameter Type:	Range (-1000 — 1000)
-----------------------	----	------------------------	----------------------

Parameter Number:	1082	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.11.5 Jog Activate Input 1

Select the terminal for jog activation with reference 1.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	1084	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.11.6 Jog Reference 2

Set speed reference 2 for jog.

Default Value:	-15	Parameter Type:	Range (-1000 — 1000)
Parameter Number:	1085	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.11.7 Jog Activate Input 2

Select the terminal for jog activation with reference 2.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	1086	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.11.8 Jogging Active Output

Select the output terminal or status bit indicating that jogging is active.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	1087	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

8.7.12 Group 5.12 Mechanical Brake Control

8.7.12.1 Mechanical Brake Control Overview

The feature controls opening and closing of the mechanical brake and ensures the smooth transition of load between drive and mechanical brake. The mechanical brake holds the load when the drive is not running. The mechanical brake can be closed or released by controlling the torque, speed, and position. The feature supports the following load types:

- **Unidirectional load:** Typically used in scenarios when the load moves in the same direction such as in conveyors, winches, crane applications.
- **Bidirectional load:** Typically used in scenarios when the direction of the load is not known during startup, such as in elevator applications.

The mechanical brake control supports the following functions:

- 2 channels for mechanical braking feedback to offer further protection against unintended behavior resulting from broken cable.
- Monitoring of mechanical braking feedback throughout the complete cycle. Monitoring helps to protect the mechanical brake, especially if more drives are connected to the same shaft.
- No ramp-up until feedback confirms that mechanical brake is open.
- Improved load control at stop. If the value of the delay is too low, a warning is issued and the torque is not allowed to ramp down.
- The transition when motor takes over the load from the brake can be configured. Parameter **Release Bandwidth** can be increased to minimize the movement.

To achieve smooth transition, change the setting from speed control to position control during the changeover.

Starting with mechanical brake

- The motor must be primed by gradually applying a holding torque against the brake so that the torque step is minimized when the brake is released.
- When the configured torque is applied and priming time has passed, the brake is released. The torque and priming time is set via parameters **5.12.2.2 Brake Priming Torque** and **5.12.2.4 Brake Priming Time**. After priming, the brake is released.
- There is a physical delay between the electrical release of the brake and the physical release of the brake. This is referred to as brake release time and is set via the parameter **5.12.2.6 Brake Release Time**. When this happens, the load is shifted from the mechanical brake to the motor instantaneously.

Stopping with mechanical brake

- When stopping, the mechanical brake control monitors the motor speed and ramps down to 0 speed to close the brake.
- When closing speed is reached, the brake is activated, and the motor is held at 0 speed while the brake physically closes.
- When the brake is closed, torque is ramped down to 0, gradually shifting the load from motor to brake.

The following images represent the different functions of mechanical brake control.

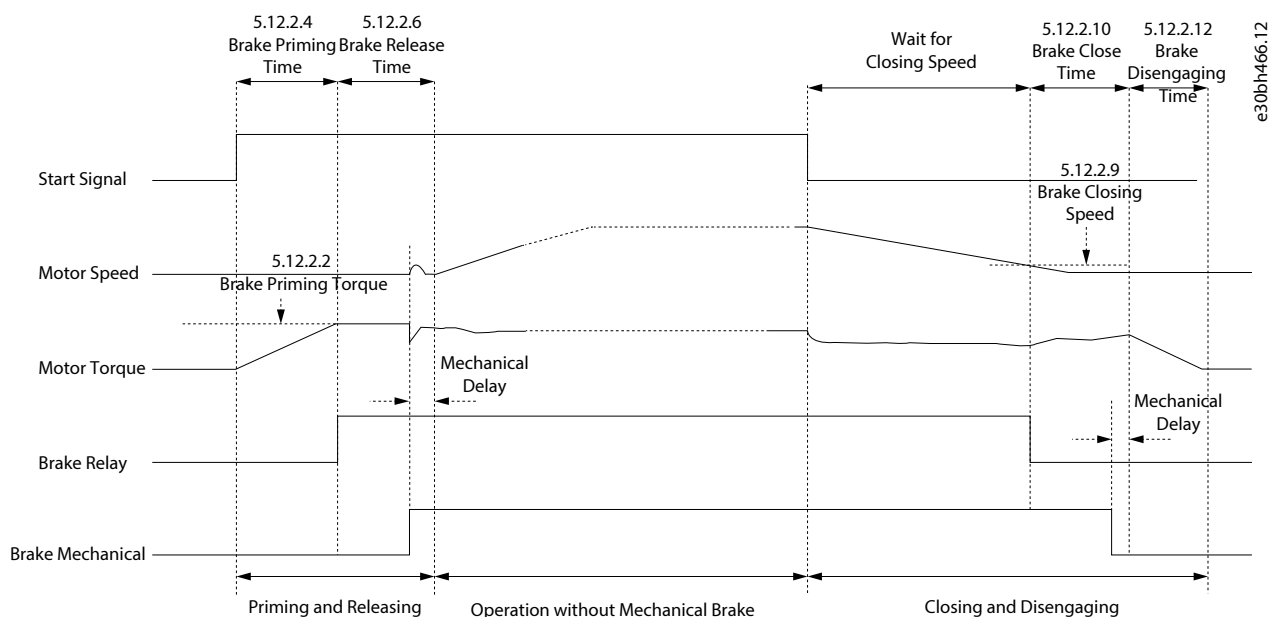


Figure 132: Mechanical Brake Control without Hovering

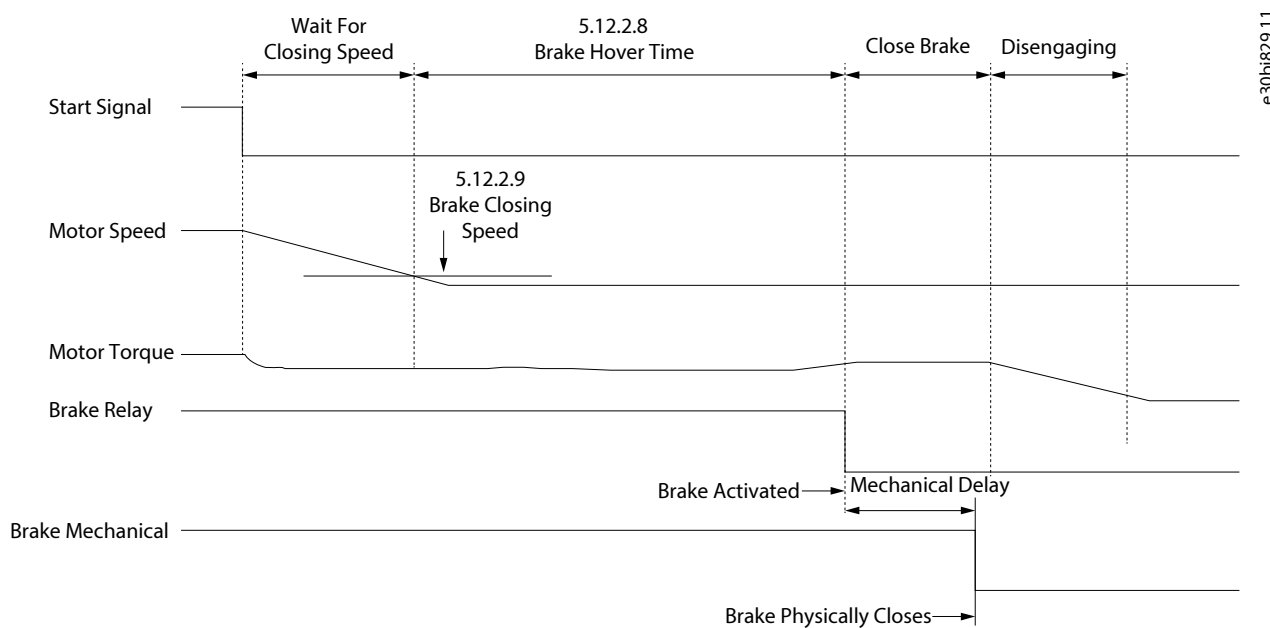


Figure 133: Mechanical Brake Control with Hovering

The following features are part of mechanical brake control:

- **Control:** Control brake via digital output and relay.
- **Optimization:** Automatically adapts to motor construction and control principle.
- **Feedback:** Supports digital brake feedback for open and closed loop, which provides faster control and monitoring.
- User configuration of mechanical brake control via parameters.
 - Digital inputs for brake feedback
 - Timeouts for release and close when using brake feedback
 - Digital output/relay for the mechanical brake
 - Timing and direction of applied torque for engaging or disengaging the mechanical brake
 - Mechanical brake release and close time

- Hover delay
- Brake close speed
- Priming timeout



NOTE: Mechanical brake control requires operation in FVC+.

8.7.12.2 Group 5.12.1 Mechanical Brake Control Status

P 5.12.1.1 Mechanical Brake Status Word

Shows the mechanical brake status word.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	3016	Unit:	–
Data Type:	WORD	Access Type:	Read Only

Table 98: Status Word Description

Bit Number	Bit Name	Description
0	Enabled	Mechanical brake is enabled by a parameter.
1	Start	A start signal is provided to mechanical brake control.
2	Brake open feedback signal	Brake feedback is enabled and brake open is active.
3	Brake close feedback	Brake feedback is enabled and brake closed is active.
4–8	N/A	
9	Brake slip error	A higher slip than the defined limit has been detected in the mechanical brake.
10	Brake feedback state error	Brake feedback is in the wrong state.
11	Priming	The required release torque could not be generated.
12	Brake release timeout	Feedback is enabled but brake open feedback was not provided during brake release time.
13	Brake close timeout	Feedback is enabled but brake close feedback was not provided during brake close time.
14	BrakeCtrl active	Brake control is either in progress of opening or closing brake.
15	Brake open	Brake control has activated digital output.

P 5.12.1.2 Mechanical Brake State

Shows the state of the mechanical brake controller.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 32767)
Parameter Number:	3017	Unit:	–
Data Type:	INT	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.12.1.3 Brake Release Time Detected

Shows the time from brake release until load change is detected, where motor takes over the load from mechanical brake.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	3041	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

8.7.12.3 Mechanical Brake Slip Control

Mechanical brake slip control detects if the motor shaft moves while the mechanical brake is applied and reacts with a configurable response. The feature is used, for example, for controlling brake slip in crane and hoist applications.

Mechanical brake slip control can only be used in a closed loop with the FVC+ control principle and encoder configuration.

Mechanical brake slip control is configured with the brake settings parameters [5.12.2.21 Brake Slip Detection Response](#) and [5.12.2.22 Brake Slip Limit](#).

8.7.12.4 Group 5.12.2 Brake Settings

P 5.12.2.1 Brake Output

Select the output terminal for controlling the mechanical brake.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	3007	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.12.2.1 Brake Output

0 Indicates that the mechanical brake is disabled. Use the value 10105 to set a digital output where 1 refers to the control board, 01 refers to the option, and 05 refers to the terminal number.

Additional selections appear based on the hardware of the options connected to the drive and the available fieldbuses.

P 5.12.2.2 Brake Priming Torque

Set the torque to be build up against the mechanical brake during priming before releasing the brake.

Default Value:	100	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 200)
Parameter Number:	3012	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.12.2.2 Brake Priming Torque

The value is set as percent of nominal torque. The value defines the torque applied against the closed mechanical brake before release. The torque/load on a crane is positive and is 10– 160%. To obtain the best starting point, set the parameter to approximately 70%. The torque/load on a lift can be both positive and negative and between -160% and +160%. To obtain the best starting point, set the parameter to 0%. The higher the torque error, the more movement during load takeover.

P 5.12.2.3 Brake Priming Direction

Select the direction of the applied torque during priming before releasing the brake.

Default Value:	0 (Clockwise)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	3001	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Clockwise	Holding torque is applied in clockwise direction prior to opening the brake.
1	Counter clockwise	Holding torque is applied in counter clockwise direction prior to opening the brake.
2	Reference Direction	Holding torque is applied in same direction as the reference prior to opening the brake.

P 5.12.2.4 Brake Priming Ramp

Set the priming torque ramp up time. The value refers to the time it takes to ramp up to 100% of torque against the mechanical brake.

Default Value:	0.2	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 5)
Parameter Number:	3000	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.12.2.4 Brake Priming Time

The value in the parameter defines the duration of the torque ramp up in clockwise direction.

P 5.12.2.5 Brake Priming Timeout

Set the time after which a warning is generated if priming cannot be finalized.

Default Value:	5	Parameter Type:	Range (2 — 10)
Parameter Number:	3006	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.12.2.6 Brake Release Time

Set the time it takes for the mechanical brake to open and to release the load.

Default Value:	0.5	Parameter Type:	Range (0.1 — 30)
Parameter Number:	3003	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.12.2.6 Brake Release Time

The value of the parameter defines the time taken for the mechanical brake to open. The configuration of the parameter acts as a timeout when brake feedback is activated.

P 5.12.2.7 Brake Open Input

Select the input terminal for an open indication signal from the mechanical brake.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	3010	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.12.2.8 Brake Hover Time

Set the hover time. Hover time is the duration where the drive holds the load before the mechanical brake closes to allow an instant restart.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 60)
Parameter Number:	3013	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.12.2.8 Brake Hover Time

Defines the time at 0 speed. The value of the parameter defines the time interval from the moment when the motor is stopped until the brake closes. To adjust the transition of the load to the mechanical brake, set both Brake Close Time and Hover Time parameters. This parameter is a part of the stop function.

P 5.12.2.9 Brake Closing Speed

Set the speed at which the brake gets active (control terminal goes low).

Default Value:	5	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 25)
Parameter Number:	3002	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.12.2.10 Brake Close Time

Set the time it takes for the mechanical brake to close and to hold the load.

Default Value:	0.5	Parameter Type:	Range (0.1 — 30)
Parameter Number:	3004	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.12.2.10 Brake Close Time

Defines the delay from the electrical closing of the brake to when the brake physically closes. When closing, the load is transferred from the motor to the mechanical brake during the disengaging process. Enter the brake close time of the coast after ramp-down time. The shaft is held at 0 speed with full holding torque. Ensure that the mechanical brake has locked the load before the motor enters coast mode. To adjust the transition of the load to the mechanical brake, set parameters **5.12.2.10 Brake Close Time** and **5.12.2.8 Brake Hover Time**. Setting the brake delay parameters does not affect the torque. The drive does not register that the mechanical brake is holding the load. After setting parameter **5.12.2.10 Brake Close Time**, the torque drops to 0 after a few minutes. The sudden torque change causes movement and noise.

P 5.12.2.11 Brake Closed Input

Select the input terminal for a closed signal from the mechanical brake.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	3011	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.12.2.12 Brake Disengaging Ramp

Set the ramp down time for the torque after the brake is closed. The value refers to the time it takes to ramp down from 100% of torque.

Default Value:	0.2	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 5)
Parameter Number:	3005	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.12.2.12 Brake Disengaging Time

The value of this parameter defines the torque ramp down time to gradually transition the load from the motor to the brake. After the mechanical brake is closed, the motor still provides a holding torque. During the disengage, the holding torque is ramped to zero, gradually transferring the load to the mechanical brake.

P 5.12.2.13 Brake Release Bandwidth

Set the release control bandwidth.

Default Value:	100	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	3015	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.12.2.15 Brake Close Immediately On Fault

Enables immediate brake closure in case of a fault. Some faults will ramp to zero - if not set brake will wait for speed to be low enough.

Default Value:	1 (Enabled)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	3040	Unit:	–
Data Type:	BOOL	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Disabled	Disables the function.
1	Enabled	Enables the function.

P 5.12.2.20 Brake Feedback Error Time

Set the monitoring time for the brake feedback error. The error is triggered if brake open or close feedback(s) differ from the command signal for the set time. The monitoring is started when the brake open or close command is sent or the feedback signal(s) change status.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 30)
Parameter Number:	3043	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.12.2.21 Brake Slip Detection Response

Select the response to a detected brake slip.

Default Value:	1 (Warning)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	3031	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Off	The feature is disabled.
1	Warning	The drive issues a warning.
2	Catch Mode	Catch Mode holds the load in place when a brake slip error is detected.

P 5.12.2.22 Brake Slip Limit

Set the angle for maximum allowed brake slip.

Default Value:	60	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 3600)
Parameter Number:	3030	Unit:	°
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.7.13 Group 5.13 Position Control

8.7.13.1 Group 5.13.1 Position Control Status

P 5.13.1.2 Actual Position

Shows the actual position in position units.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-2147483648 — 2147483647)
Parameter Number:	729	Unit:	CustomPositionUnit
Data Type:	DINT	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.13.1.3 Actual Position Output

Select an analog output to represent the actual position. The signal is scaled between Min. Position Limit and Max. Position Limit.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	735	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.13.1.4 Position Demanded

Shows the demanded position (output of the profile generator).

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-2147483648 — 2147483647)
Parameter Number:	741	Unit:	CustomPositionUnit
Data Type:	DINT	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.13.1.6 Actual Position Error

Shows the position error (difference between actual position and demanded position).

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-2147483648 — 2147483647)
Parameter Number:	737	Unit:	CustomPositionUnit
Data Type:	DINT	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.13.1.7 Actual Position Error Output

Select an analog output to represent the position error. The signal is scaled between Min. Position Limit and Max. Position Limit.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	738	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.13.1.8 Max. Position Error Exceeded Output

Select a digital output to signal that the maximum allowed position error is exceeded.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	739	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.13.1.10 Position Speed

Shows the set positioning speed reference in position units per second.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-16777216 — 16777216)
Parameter Number:	769	Unit:	–
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.13.1.11 Position Acceleration

Shows the set positioning acceleration in position units per second².

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 16777216)
Parameter Number:	761	Unit:	–
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.13.1.12 Position Deceleration

Shows the set positioning deceleration in position units per second².

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 16777216)
Parameter Number:	762	Unit:	–
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

8.7.13.2 Group 5.13.2 Position Feedback

P 5.13.2.1 Position Feedback Source

Select the source of the feedback signal for position control.

Default Value:	0 (Inherit from motor feedback mode)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	740	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Inherit from motor feedback mode	The selected motor feedback source is also used as position feedback.
1	Sensorless	Position feedback is based on rotor position estimated by the motor control.
2	Feedback Device 1	Source is device 1 of Encoder/Resolver Option OC7M0.
3	Feedback Device 2	Source is device 2 of Encoder/Resolver Option OC7M0.
4	Basic I/O Feedback	The source is basic I/O feedback.

8.7.13.3 Group 5.13.3 Position Controller

P 5.13.3.1 Proportional Gain Kp

Set the proportional gain of the position controller.

Default Value:	2	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 1000)
Parameter Number:	4030	Unit:	–
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.13.3.2 Integral Time Ti

Set the integral time of the position controller.

Default Value:	1000	Parameter Type:	Range (0.001 — 1000)
Parameter Number:	4032	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.13.3.3 Derivative Time Td

Set the derivative time of the position controller. 0 = off.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 1)
Parameter Number:	4031	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.13.3.4 Speed Feedforward Gain

Set the speed feedforward gain to improve ability to follow dynamic speed profiles.

Default Value:	100	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 200)
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Parameter Number:	4033	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.7.13.4 Group 5.13.4 Position Scaling

P 5.13.4.1 Axis Mode

Select Linear for linear axis without wraparound. Select Rotary for endless operation with wraparound at minimum and maximum position.

Default Value:	0 (Linear Axis)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	4029	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Linear Axis	Select for linear axis without wraparound.
1	Rotary Axis	Select for endless operation with wraparound at minimum and maximum position.

P 5.13.4.2 Position Recovery at Power-up

The actual position is stored at power down and used again when powered up.

Default Value:	False	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	7051	Unit:	–
Data Type:	BOOL	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Disabled	Disables the function.
1	Enabled	Enables the function.

P 5.13.4.4 Position Unit Numerator

Set the distance moved in the desired unit per number of motor rotations set as Position Unit Denominator.

Default Value:	360	Parameter Type:	Range (-2147483648 — 2147483647)
Parameter Number:	770	Unit:	–
Data Type:	DINT	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

P 5.13.4.5 Position Unit Denominator

Set the number of motor rotations for moving the distance set as Position Unit Numerator.

Default Value:	1	Parameter Type:	Range (-2147483648 — 2147483647)
Parameter Number:	771	Unit:	–

Data Type:	DINT	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write
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P 5.13.4.6 Position Unit

Unit of position references and feedbacks (no automatic conversion is done when the value of this parameter is changed).

Default Value:	0 (pu)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	7052	Unit:	–
Data Type:	USINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	pu	
1	m	
2	mm	Millimeter.
3	inc	Increments.
4	°	Degrees.
5	rad	Radian.
6	%	Percent.
7	qc	Quad count.

8.7.13.5 Group 5.13.5 Limit handling/Protection

P 5.13.5.1 Position Error Window

Set window for maximum tolerated position error (difference between demanded and actual position).

Default Value:	10	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 2147483647)
Parameter Number:	772	Unit:	CustomPositionUnit
Data Type:	DINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.13.5.2 Position Error Delay

Set the time where the actual position error must be outside the position error window before the position error response is activated.

Default Value:	100.00	Parameter Type:	Range (0.00 — 16777216000.00)
Parameter Number:	773	Unit:	ms
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.13.5.3 Position Error Response

Select the reaction of the drive when the actual position error is outside the position error window for the position error delay time.

Default Value:	0 (Ignore)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	774	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Ignore	
3	Warning	The drive issues a warning.
17	Fault, Ramp down to stop	

P 5.13.5.4 Min. Position Limit

Set the minimum position limit. Minimum position limit and maximum position limit define the allowed range of movement in linear-axis mode and the rotary range in rotary-axis mode.

Default Value:	-100000	Parameter Type:	Range (-2147483648 — *)
Parameter Number:	766	Unit:	CustomPositionUnit
Data Type:	DINT	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

P 5.13.5.5 Max. Position Limit

Set the maximum position limit. Minimum position limit and maximum position limit define the allowed range of movement in linear-axis mode and the rotary range in rotary-axis mode.

Default Value:	100000	Parameter Type:	Range (* — 2147483647)
Parameter Number:	767	Unit:	CustomPositionUnit
Data Type:	DINT	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

P 5.13.5.6 Position Limit Response

Select the reaction of the drive when exceeding the configured position limits. This reaction applies for linear-axis mode.

Default Value:	0 (Disabled)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	777	Unit:	—
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Disabled	
3	Warning	The drive issues a warning.
16	Fault	The drive issues a fault and coasts the motor.

P 5.13.5.7 Negative Limit Switch Inverted Input

Select a digital input for the inverted negative limit switch.

Default Value:	—	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	841	Unit:	—
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.13.5.8 Positive Limit Switch Inverted Input

Select a digital input for the inverted positive limit switch.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	842	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.13.5.9 Limit Switch Response

Select the reaction of the drive when a limit switch is activated.

Default Value:	7 (Fault)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	843	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Disabled	
1	Ramp down to stand still Warning	Ramp to stop with a warning (position control remains active with zero speed after ramp down).
2	Ramp Stop with Warning	Ramp to stop and coast with a warning (coast after ramp down).
3	Ramp stop with Fault	Ramp to stop with a fault (fault after ramp down).
4	Quick stop with Warning	Quick stop and coast with a warning (coast after quick stop).
5	Quick stop with Fault	Quick stop with a fault (fault after quick stop).
6	Coast with Warning	Drive coasts, shows a warning, no reset required.
7	Fault	The drive issues a fault and coasts the motor.

8.7.14 Group 5.14 Positioning Mode

8.7.14.1 Group 5.14.1 Positioning Mode Status

P 5.14.1.1 Positioning Status

Shows the status of positioning.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	730	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read Only

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Idle	
1	Active	

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
2	Done	FeatureStatusDoneText.
3	Error	FeatureStatusErrorText.
4	Aborted	FeatureStatusAbortedText.

P 5.14.1.2 Positioning Active Output

Select a digital output to signal that positioning is active.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	731	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.14.1.3 Positioning Target Reached Output

Select a digital output to signal that target is reached.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	732	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.14.1.4 Positioning Aborted Output

Select a digital output to signal that positioning was interrupted before the target was reached.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	733	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.14.1.5 Positioning Error Output

Select a digital output to signal that positioning was interrupted by an error before target was reached.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	734	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.14.1.6 Target Position

Shows the target position in position units.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-2147483648 — 2147483647)
Parameter Number:	742	Unit:	CustomPositionUnit
Data Type:	DINT	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.14.1.7 Reference Position

Shows the reference position in position units.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-2147483648 — 2147483647)
Parameter Number:	736	Unit:	CustomPositionUnit
Data Type:	DINT	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.14.1.8 Control Panel Position Reference

Shows the value of the position reference given from the control panel.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	759	Unit:	CustomPositionUnit
Data Type:	DINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.14.1.9 Logic Position Reference

Shows Logic position reference.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-2147483648 — 2147483647)
Parameter Number:	21113	Unit:	–
Data Type:	DINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.7.14.2 Group 5.14.2 Reference

P 5.14.2.1 Enable Reference Input

Select a digital input for the enable reference signal which activates the next position reference/target. The signal is level-triggered for absolute positioning and edge-triggered for relative positioning.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	780	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.14.2.2 Preset Position Selector

Select an external preset selector or a specific preset position reference/target.

Default Value:	1 (Preset 1)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	786	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Bit Selection	Use digital inputs to select the preset reference number.
1	Preset 1	Use preset 1.
2	Preset 2	Use preset 2.
3	Preset 3	Use preset 3.
4	Preset 4	Use preset 4.
5	Preset 5	Use preset 5.
6	Preset 6	Use preset 6.
7	Preset 7	Use preset 7.
8	Preset 8	Use preset 8.

P 5.14.2.3 Preset Position Ref. 1

Set the value for preset position reference/target 1.

Default Value:	0	Parameter Type:	Range (-2147483648 — 2147483647)
Parameter Number:	750	Unit:	CustomPositionUnit
Data Type:	DINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.14.2.4 Preset Position Ref. 2

Set the value for preset position reference/target 2.

Default Value:	2000	Parameter Type:	Range (-2147483648 — 2147483647)
Parameter Number:	751	Unit:	CustomPositionUnit
Data Type:	DINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.14.2.5 Preset Position Ref. 3

Set the value for preset position reference/target 3.

Default Value:	3000	Parameter Type:	Range (-2147483648 — 2147483647)
Parameter Number:	752	Unit:	CustomPositionUnit
Data Type:	DINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.14.2.6 Preset Position Ref. 4

Set the value for preset position reference/target 4.

Default Value:	4000	Parameter Type:	Range (-2147483648 — 2147483647)
Parameter Number:	753	Unit:	CustomPositionUnit
Data Type:	DINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.14.2.7 Preset Position Ref. 5

Set the value for preset position reference/target 5.

Default Value:	5000	Parameter Type:	Range (-2147483648 — 2147483647)
Parameter Number:	754	Unit:	CustomPositionUnit
Data Type:	DINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.14.2.8 Preset Position Ref. 6

Set the value for preset position reference/target 6.

Default Value:	6000	Parameter Type:	Range (-2147483648 — 2147483647)
Parameter Number:	755	Unit:	CustomPositionUnit
Data Type:	DINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.14.2.9 Preset Position Ref. 7

Set the value for preset position reference/target 7.

Default Value:	7000	Parameter Type:	Range (-2147483648 — 2147483647)
Parameter Number:	756	Unit:	CustomPositionUnit
Data Type:	DINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.14.2.10 Preset Position Ref. 8

Set the value for preset position reference/target 8.

Default Value:	8000	Parameter Type:	Range (-2147483648 — 2147483647)
Parameter Number:	757	Unit:	CustomPositionUnit
Data Type:	DINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.14.2.11 Preset Position Bit 0 Input

Select a digital input for bit 0 of the preset position selector.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	783	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.14.2.12 Preset Position Bit 1 Input

Select a digital input for bit 1 of the preset position selector.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	784	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.14.2.13 Preset Position Bit 2 Input

Select a digital input for bit 2 of the preset position selector.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	785	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.14.2.14 Relative Positioning Input

Select a digital input for selecting between absolute or relative positioning.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	776	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.14.2.15 Relative Positioning Mode

Select the reference/starting point for calculating the relative positioning target.

Default Value:	1 (Relative to Position Demanded)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	768	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Additive	The selected position reference is added to the current target even if the target has not been reached. The selected position reference is added at every triggering of Enable Reference.
1	Relative to Position Demanded	The selected position reference is added to the demanded position (reference for the position controller) when Enable Reference is activated.
2	Relative to Actual Position	The selected position reference is added to the actual position when Enable Reference is activated.
3	Relative to Touch Probe 1	The selected position reference is added to the position of the latest Touch Probe 1.
4	Relative to Touch Probe 2	The selected position reference is added to the position of the latest Touch Probe 2.

P 5.14.2.16 Touch Probe Positioning Enable Input

Select a digital input to enable touch probe positioning.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	789	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.14.2.17 Touch Probe Position Ref.

Set the relative distance to a detected touch probe event. Used for touch probe positioning.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-2147483648 — 2147483647)
Parameter Number:	758	Unit:	CustomPositionUnit
Data Type:	DINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.14.2.18 Absolute Positioning Direction

Select the direction of movement for absolute positioning in rotary mode.

Default Value:	0 (Disable Direction Selection)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	775	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Disable Direction Selection	Absolute positioning within the rotary range similar to linear axis, no crossing of minimum and maximum positions.
1	Positive Direction	Movement always in the positive direction, even if it means crossing the minimum or maximum position.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
2	Shortest Way	Always takes the shortest way, even if it means crossing the minimum or maximum position.
3	Negative Direction	Movement always in the negative direction, even if it means crossing the minimum or maximum position.

P 5.14.2.19 On-target Window

Set a position window for activating the on-target position signal. The on-target signal is set when the actual position has been within +/- the on-target window for the time set by on-target delay.

Default Value:	5	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 2147483647)
Parameter Number:	790	Unit:	CustomPositionUnit
Data Type:	DINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.14.2.20 On-target Delay

Set a delay for the on-target signal. Relates to the on-target window.

Default Value:	1.00	Parameter Type:	Range (0.00 — 16777216000.00)
Parameter Number:	791	Unit:	ms
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.14.2.21 Position Reference 1 Input

Select the input (terminal or as a percentage) for position reference 1.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	781	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.14.2.22 Position Reference 2 Input

Select the input (terminal or as a percentage) for position reference 2.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	782	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

8.7.15 Group 5.15 Synchronous Modes

8.7.15.1 Group 5.15.1 Synchronous Modes Status

P 5.15.1.1 Synchronizing Status

Shows the status of synchronizing.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	319	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read Only

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Idle	
1	Active	
3	Error	FeatureStatusErrorText.
4	Aborted	FeatureStatusAbortedText.
5	In Sync	FeatureStatusInSyncText.

P 5.15.1.2 Synchronizing Active Output

Select a digital output to signal that synchronizing is active.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	320	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.15.1.3 Synchronizing In Sync Output

Select a digital output to signal that the drive is in sync with the master. Tolerance for in sync is set by the synchronization window.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	321	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.15.1.4 Synchronizing Aborted Output

Select a digital output to signal that synchronizing has been aborted, for example, by a stop command.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	322	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.15.1.5 Synchronizing Error Output

Select a digital output to signal that synchronizing has been aborted or not started due to an error.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	323	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.15.1.6 Synchronizing Error

Shows the synchronizing error which is active when correcting a position deviation at start, during catch up of a running master, or when superimposed movement is active.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-2147483648 — 2147483647)
Parameter Number:	332	Unit:	CustomPositionUnit
Data Type:	DINT	Access Type:	Read Only

8.7.15.2 Group 5.15.2 Configuration

P 5.15.2.1 Start Synchronizing Input

Select a digital input for starting synchronization. Start behavior defines at which point the follower position is locked to the master position. The signal is level triggered.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	324	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.15.2.2 Synchronization Window

Set a synchronization window for activating the in-sync signal. The in sync is set when the difference between follower position and master position has been within +/- the synchronization window for the time set by synchronization window delay.

Default Value:	100	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 2147483647)
Parameter Number:	325	Unit:	CustomPositionUnit
Data Type:	DINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.15.2.3 Synchronization Window Delay

Set a delay for the in-sync signal. Relates to synchronization window.

Default Value:	50.00	Parameter Type:	Range (0.00 — 16777216000.00)
Parameter Number:	326	Unit:	ms
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.7.15.3 Group 5.15.3 Gear Mode Settings

P 5.15.3.1 Sync Mode & Start Behavior

Select synchronizing with or without marker correction and start behavior. This defines at which point the follower position is locked to the master position.

Default Value:	0 (Relative Sync At Start)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	327	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Relative Sync At Start	Follower position is locked to the master position when operation mode is gear control, the drive is enabled and started, and start synchronizing is true.
1	Relative Sync	Follower position is locked to the master position when start synchronizing is true, independent of the operation mode and drive status.
2	Absolute Sync	With Start AND Start Synchronizing signals set the follower position is locked to the same master position.
3	Marker Catch Up	Start Synchronizing signal locks the follower position to the master position, and marker alignment is done when the first valid pair of markers is found. The first marker alignment is done by the follower catching up.
4	Marker Sync	Start Synchronizing signal locks the follower position to the master position and marker alignment is done when the first valid pair of markers is found. The first marker alignment is done by catching up or slowing down, depending on the order of detected markers.
5	Marker Slow Down	Start Synchronizing signal locks the follower position to the master position and marker alignment is done when the first valid pair of markers is found. The first marker alignment is done by the follower slowing down.

P 5.15.3.2 Gear Ratio Numerator

Set the numerator for the gear ratio used in gear mode. Is used in combination with gear ratio denominator.

Default Value:	1	Parameter Type:	Range (-2147483648 — 2147483647)
Parameter Number:	328	Unit:	–
Data Type:	DINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.15.3.3 Gear Ratio Denominator

Set the denominator for the gear ratio used in gear mode. Is used in combination with gear ratio numerator.

Default Value:	1	Parameter Type:	Range (-2147483648 — 2147483647)
Parameter Number:	329	Unit:	–
Data Type:	DINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.15.3.4 Superimposed Speed Difference

Set the speed reference for the superimposed motion which is added to the actual speed of the underlying motion.

Default Value:	10	Parameter Type:	Range (0.000000001 — 16777216)
Parameter Number:	823	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.7.15.4 Group 5.15.4 Marker Correction Settings

P 5.15.4.1 Master Marker Selection

Select which signal is used as master marker sensor.

Default Value:	0 (Touch Probe 1)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	330	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Touch Probe 1	Use Touch Probe 1 as the source.
1	Touch Probe 2	Use Touch Probe 2 as the source.

P 5.15.4.2 Follower Marker Selection

Select which signal is used as the follower marker sensor.

Default Value:	1 (Touch Probe 2)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	331	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Touch Probe 1	Use Touch Probe 1 as the source.
1	Touch Probe 2	Use Touch Probe 2 as the source.

P 5.15.4.3 Marker Distance

Set the distance between two consecutive instances of master markers. 0 disables the functionality and accepts every marker.

Default Value:	0	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 2147483647)
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Parameter Number:	336	Unit:	CustomPositionUnit
Data Type:	DINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.15.4.4 Marker Window

Set the marker position tolerance window around the marker distance. Signals detected outside the window are ignored.

Default Value:	0	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 2147483647)
Parameter Number:	334	Unit:	CustomPositionUnit
Data Type:	DINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.7.16 Group 5.16 Master

8.7.16.1 Group 5.16.1 Master Status

P 5.16.1.1 Master Position

Shows the actual position of the master in position units.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-2147483648 — 2147483647)
Parameter Number:	350	Unit:	CustomPositionUnit
Data Type:	DINT	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.16.1.2 Master Speed

Shows the actual speed of the master after the gear box.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	352	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.16.1.3 Virtual Master Status

Shows the status of the Virtual Master profile.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	1175	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read Only

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Idle	
1	Active	
2	Done	FeatureStatusDoneText.
3	Error	FeatureStatusErrorText.
4	Aborted	FeatureStatusAbortedText.
6	At Reference	FeatureStatusAtReferenceText.

8.7.16.2 Group 5.16.2 Configuration

P 5.16.2.1 Master Source Selection

Select a source that provides the master signal.

Default Value:	0 (Disabled)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	351	Unit:	–
Data Type:	USINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Disabled	
2	Feedback Device 1	Source is device 1 of Encoder/Resolver Option OC7M0.
3	Feedback Device 2	Source is device 2 of Encoder/Resolver Option OC7M0.
4	Virtual Master	Source is the virtual master.
5	Basic I/O Feedback	The source is basic I/O feedback.

P 5.16.2.2 Master Home Input

Select a digital input for activating homing of the master. The actual master position is set to the value of the master home position.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	354	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.16.2.3 Master Home Position

Set the master home position.

Default Value:	0	Parameter Type:	Range (-2147483648 — 2147483647)
Parameter Number:	355	Unit:	CustomPositionUnit
Data Type:	DINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.16.2.4 Virtual Output Source Selection

Select the source for the virtual output of Encoder/Resolver Option OC7M0.

Default Value:	0 (Disabled)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	4109	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Disabled	Disables the function.
1	Actual Position	Uses the actual position as the source for the virtual output of Encoder/Resolver Option OC7M0.
2	Position Demanded	Uses the demanded position as source for the virtual output of Encoder/Resolver Option OC7M0.
3	Virtual Master	Uses the virtual master as the source for the virtual output of Encoder/Resolver Option OC7M0.

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.16.2.5 Virtual Master Start Input

Select a digital input for starting the configured virtual master.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	1172	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.16.2.6 Virtual Master Speed Reference Source

Select the speed reference source for the virtual master.

Default Value:	5 (Preset reference)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	1173	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
2	Fieldbus reference	Use reference from the fieldbus.
3	Reference 1 input	Use the reference from I/O reference 1.
4	Reference 2 input	Use the reference from I/O reference 2.
5	Preset reference	Use reference from the preset reference.

P 5.16.2.7 Virtual Master Ramp Selection

Select the set of ramp type and ramp times for the virtual master.

Default Value:	0 (Ramp 1)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	1174	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
4	Bit Selection	Use digital inputs to select ramp.
0	Ramp 1	Use ramp 1.
1	Ramp 2	Use ramp 2.
2	Ramp 3	Use ramp 3.
3	Ramp 4	Use ramp 4.
5	Variable Ramp.	

P 5.16.2.8 Virtual Master Ramp Reference

Set the ramp reference for the virtual master.

Default Value:	0.00	Parameter Type:	Range (0.00 — 0.00)
Parameter Number:	1176	Unit:	RpmWithoutPolePair
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.16.2.9 Virtual Master Reversing Input

Select an input for inverting the reference of the virtual master. The reverse command does not provide a start signal.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	1177	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

8.7.17 Group 5.17 Homing

8.7.17.1 Group 5.17.1 Homing Status

P 5.17.1.1 Home Status

Shows the status of homing.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	5103	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read Only

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Idle	
1	Active	
2	Done	FeatureStatusDoneText.
3	Error	FeatureStatusErrorText.
4	Aborted	FeatureStatusAbortedText.

P 5.17.1.2 Home Active Output

Select a digital output to signal that homing is active.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	5105	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.17.1.3 Home Done Output

Select a digital output to signal that homing is done.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	5106	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.17.1.4 Home Error Output

Select a digital output to signal that homing is incomplete due to an error.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	5107	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.17.1.5 Home Speed Scaled

Shows the set home search speed reference in position units per second.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 16777216)
Parameter Number:	861	Unit:	–
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.17.1.6 Home Acceleration

Shows the set homing acceleration in position units per second².

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 16777216)
Parameter Number:	862	Unit:	–
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.17.1.7 Home Deceleration

Shows the set homing deceleration in position units per second².

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 16777216)
Parameter Number:	863	Unit:	–
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.17.1.9 Home Aborted Output

Select a digital output to signal that homing was interrupted before the home position is reached.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	5108	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.17.1.10 Homing On The Fly Status

Shows the status of homing on the fly.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	5109	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read Only

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Idle	
1	Active	
2	Done	FeatureStatusDoneText.
3	Error	FeatureStatusErrorText.
4	Aborted	FeatureStatusAbortedText.

8.7.17.2 Group 5.17.2 Configuration

P 5.17.2.1 Home Enable Input

Select a digital input for activating the selected home function.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	850	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.17.2.2 Home Sensor Input

Select a digital input for connection of the home sensor.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
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Parameter Number:	840	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.17.2.3 Home Mode

Select a homing function.

Default Value:	4 (Home Direct)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	851	Unit:	–
Data Type:	USINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Home on Switch (Rising Edge)	Performs a search for the home sensor connected to the input selected with parameter "Home Sensor Input". Detection is done at the rising edge.
1	Home on Switch (Falling Edge)	Performs a search for the home sensor connected to the input selected with parameter "Home Sensor Input". Detection is done at the falling edge.
2	Home on Block	Homing without a sensor for machines that can run against an end, mechanically blocking the movement. Home is detected by reaching the torque set with parameter Home Torque Limit.
3	Home on Zero Pulse	Performs a search for the zero pulse from the encoder as home sensor.
4	Home Direct	Sets Actual Position and Demanded Position to the value of parameter "Home Position".

P 5.17.2.4 Home Search Direction

Select the direction in which the search for home event is started.

Default Value:	0 (Positive Direction)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	853	Unit:	–
Data Type:	USINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Positive Direction	Search for home event is started in the positive direction.
1	Negative Direction	Search for home event is started in the negative direction.

P 5.17.2.5 Home Position

Set the home position which is set as actual position at the found home position.

Default Value:	0	Parameter Type:	Range (-2147483648 — 2147483647)
Parameter Number:	855	Unit:	CustomPositionUnit
Data Type:	DINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.17.2.6 Home Speed

Set the speed reference for home search.

Default Value:	10	Parameter Type:	Range (0.000000001 — 16777216)
Parameter Number:	852	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.17.2.7 Home Speed Low

Set the low homing speed reference for accurate detection of the home position after the sensor is found. If set to 0, home speed is used.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 16777216)
Parameter Number:	866	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.17.2.8 Home Ramp Selection

Select the set of ramp type and ramp times for homing.

Default Value:	0 (Ramp 1)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	793	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
4	Bit Selection	Use digital inputs to select ramp.
0	Ramp 1	Use ramp 1.
1	Ramp 2	Use ramp 2.
2	Ramp 3	Use ramp 3.
3	Ramp 4	Use ramp 4.
5	Variable Ramp.	

P 5.17.2.9 Home Torque Limit

Torque limit in Homing mode in percent of motor nominal torque. Homing torque limit is only valid during the homing procedure "Homing on block".

Default Value:	80	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 500)
Parameter Number:	858	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.17.2.10 Home Time Limit

Set a timeout for finding the home position. A fault is raised if time runs out before home has been found. 0 disables time limit monitoring.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 16777216)
Parameter Number:	859	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.17.2.11 Home Distance Limit

Set a distance limit for finding the home position. A fault is raised if the home position is not found within the distance limit. 0 disables distance limit monitoring.

Default Value:	0	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 2147483647)
Parameter Number:	860	Unit:	CustomPositionUnit
Data Type:	DINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.17.2.12 Function After Home Found

Select the function that is executed after home position is found.

Default Value:	0 (Position Stop)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	5101	Unit:	–
Data Type:	USINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Position Stop	Positioning to the target of parameter "Home Offset", relative to the Home Position.
1	Speed Stop	Ramp down to zero speed. The stop position depends on speed reference and ramps.

P 5.17.2.13 Home Offset

Set the position offset relative to the home position which is used for position stop after home found. Stop position = Home position + Home offset.

Default Value:	0	Parameter Type:	Range (-16777216 — 16777216)
Parameter Number:	5102	Unit:	CustomPositionUnit
Data Type:	DINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.17.2.14 Reset of Home Done

Select when homing done is reset.

Default Value:	0 (Power Down)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	854	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Power Down	"Home done" is cleared at power down. The option is a typical selection when using incremental encoder and position tracking is lost at power down only.
1	Coast	"Home done" is cleared every time the motor coasts. The option is a typical selection for sensorless control, as position tracking is lost when the motor is coasted.
2	Coast Running	"Home done" is cleared when the motor coasts only while the motor is running. The option is a typical selection for sensorless control with a mechanical brake holding the position at standstill.
3	Homing Only	"Home done" is cleared at a new start of the homing procedure. The option is a typical selection for absolute encoders.
4	Coast Running or Homing	'Home Done' is cleared when motor coasts only while the motor is running or at the new start of the homing procedure. The option is a typical selection for sensorless control using a mechanical brake and position recovery.

P 5.17.2.15 Homing On The Fly

Activate the desired homing on the fly function.

Default Value:	0 (Disabled)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	856	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Disabled	
1	1st time after power up	Actual Position is set to Home Position at first passing of the home sensor after powering up. Can be used instead of executing a one-time homing function before starting.
2	1st time after power up (running in positive direction)	Actual Position is set to Home Position at first passing of the home sensor in positive direction after power up. Can be used instead of executing a one-time homing function before starting.
3	1st time after power up (running in negative direction)	Actual Position is set to Home Position at first passing of the home sensor in the negative direction after powering up. Can be used instead of executing a one-time homing function before starting.
4	1st time after start	Actual Position is set to Home Position at first passing of the home sensor after coasting. Can be used instead of executing a one-time homing function before starting.
5	1st time after start (running in positive direction)	Actual Position is set to Home Position at first passing of the home sensor in the positive direction after starting. Can be used instead of executing a one-time homing function before starting.
6	1st time after start (running in negative direction)	Actual Position is set to Home Position at first passing of the home sensor in the negative direction after start. Can be used instead of executing a one-time homing function before starting.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
7	1st time after coast	Actual Position is set to Home Position at first passing of the home sensor after coasting. Can be used instead of executing a one-time homing function before starting.
8	1st time after coast (running in positive direction)	Actual Position is set to Home Position at first passing of the home sensor in the positive direction after coasting. Can be used instead of executing a one-time homing function before starting.
9	1st time after coast (running in negative direction)	Actual Position is set to Home Position at first passing of the home sensor in the negative direction after coasting. Can be used instead of executing a one-time homing function before starting.
10	Every time	Actual Position is set to Home Position at every passing of the home sensor to avoid position drifting in sensorless mode.
11	Every time (running in positive direction)	Actual Position is set to Home Position at every passing of the home sensor in the positive direction to avoid position drifting in sensorless mode.
12	Every time (running in negative direction)	Actual Position is set to Home Position at every passing of the home sensor in the negative direction to avoid position drifting in sensorless mode.

8.7.18 Group 5.18 Touch Probe

8.7.18.1 Group 5.18.1 Touch Probe 1

8.7.18.1.1 Group 5.18.1.1 Touch Probe 1 Status

P 5.18.1.1.1 Touch Probe 1 Event Detected

Shows that an event is detected for touch probe 1.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	879	Unit:	–
Data Type:	BOOL	Access Type:	Read Only

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	False	Fixed value - False.
1	True	Fixed value - True.

P 5.18.1.1.2 Touch Probe 1 Event Detected Output

Select a digital output to signal that an event is detected for touch probe 1.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	800	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.18.1.1.3 Touch Probe 1 Active

Shows that monitoring of touch probe 1 is active.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	880	Unit:	–
Data Type:	BOOL	Access Type:	Read Only

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	False	Fixed value - False.
1	True	Fixed value - True.

P 5.18.1.1.4 Touch Probe 1 Active Output

Select a digital output to signal that monitoring of touch probe 1 is active.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	801	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.18.1.1.5 Touch Probe 1 Recorded Position

Shows the recorded actual position at the latest touch probe 1 event.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-16777216 — 16777216)
Parameter Number:	881	Unit:	–
Data Type:	DINT	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.18.1.1.6 Touch Probe 1 Recorded Position Output

Select an analog output to represent the recorded actual position of the latest touch probe 1 event. The signal is scaled between Min. Position Limit and Max. Position Limit.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	802	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.18.1.1.7 Touch Probe 1 Counter

Shows the number of detected touch probe 1 events since the counter was reset.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 65535)
Parameter Number:	882	Unit:	–

Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read Only
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P 5.18.1.1.8 Touch Probe 1 Counter Output

Select an analog output to represent the number of detected touch probe 1 events. The signal is scaled between 0 and 65535.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	803	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

8.7.18.1.2 Group 5.18.1.2 Configuration

P 5.18.1.2.1 Touch Probe 1 Input

Select a digital input for connection of the touch probe 1 sensor.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	870	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.18.1.2.2 Touch Probe 1 Enable Input

Select a digital input for activating touch probe 1 monitoring.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	871	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.18.1.2.3 Touch Probe 1 Edge

Select the signal edge to trigger touch probe 1.

Default Value:	0 (Rising)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	876	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Rising	Event is triggered at the rising edge of the signal.
1	Falling	Event is triggered at the falling edge of the signal.
2	Both	Event is triggered at the rising and falling edge of the signal.

P 5.18.1.2.4 Touch Probe 1 Reset Counter

Enable reset of touch probe 1 counter. Reset of the counter is also possible while the touch probe is active.

Default Value:	False	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	877	Unit:	–
Data Type:	BOOL	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Disabled	Disables the function.
1	Enabled	Enables the function.

P 5.18.1.2.5 Touch Probe 1 Mode

Select if touch probe 1 monitoring automatically ends after a single event was detected or if monitoring is continuous.

Default Value:	1 (Continuous)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	878	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Single Shot	After the touch probe is enabled, only the first event of the touch probe is captured.
1	Continuous	All events of the touch probe are captured while the touch probe is enabled.

P 5.18.1.2.6 Touch Probe 1 Enable Position Window

Enable a position window defined by touch probe 1 first and last position for acceptance of events.

Default Value:	False	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	872	Unit:	–
Data Type:	BOOL	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Disabled	Disables the function.
1	Enabled	Enables the function.

P 5.18.1.2.7 Touch Probe 1 First Position

Set the absolute start position of the window for touch probe 1 monitoring.

Default Value:	0	Parameter Type:	Range (-2147483648 — 2147483647)
Parameter Number:	873	Unit:	CustomPositionUnit
Data Type:	DINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.18.1.2.8 Touch Probe 1 Last Position

Set the absolute end position of the window for touch probe 1 monitoring.

Default Value:	0	Parameter Type:	Range (-2147483648 — 2147483647)
Parameter Number:	874	Unit:	CustomPositionUnit
Data Type:	DINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.18.1.2.9 Touch Probe 1 Time Limit

Set a timeout for detecting a touch probe 1 event. A fault is raised if time runs out before a touch probe 1 event is detected. 0 disables the time limit monitoring.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 16777216)
Parameter Number:	875	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.7.18.2 Group 5.18.2 Touch Probe 2

8.7.18.2.1 Group 5.18.2.1 Touch Probe 2 Status

P 5.18.2.1.1 Touch Probe 2 Event Detected

Shows that an event is detected for touch probe 2.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	892	Unit:	–
Data Type:	BOOL	Access Type:	Read Only

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	False	Fixed value - False.
1	True	Fixed value - True.

P 5.18.2.1.2 Touch Probe 2 Event Detected Output

Select a digital output to signal that an event is detected for touch probe 2.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	804	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.18.2.1.3 Touch Probe 2 Active

Shows that monitoring of touch probe 2 is active.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	893	Unit:	–
Data Type:	BOOL	Access Type:	Read Only

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	False	Fixed value - False.
1	True	Fixed value - True.

P 5.18.2.1.4 Touch Probe 2 Active Output

Select a digital output to signal that monitoring of touch probe 2 is active.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	805	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.18.2.1.5 Touch Probe 2 Recorded Position

Shows the recorded actual position at the latest touch probe 2 event.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-16777216 — 16777216)
Parameter Number:	894	Unit:	–
Data Type:	DINT	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.18.2.1.6 Touch Probe 2 Recorded Position Output

Select an analog output to represent the recorded actual position of the latest touch probe 2 event. The signal is scaled between Min. Position Limit and Max. Position Limit.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	806	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.18.2.1.7 Touch Probe 2 Counter

Shows the number of detected touch probe 2 events since the counter was reset.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 65535)
Parameter Number:	895	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.18.2.1.8 Touch Probe 2 Counter Output

Select an analog output to represent the number of detected touch probe 2 events. The signal is scaled between 0 and 65535.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	807	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

8.7.18.2.2 Group 5.18.2.2 Configuration

P 5.18.2.2.1 Touch Probe 2 Input

Select a digital input for connection of the touch probe 2 sensor.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	883	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.18.2.2.2 Touch Probe 2 Enable Input

Select a digital input for activating touch probe 2 monitoring.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	884	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.18.2.2.3 Touch Probe 2 Edge

Select the signal edge to trigger touch probe 2.

Default Value:	0 (Rising)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	889	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Rising	Event is triggered at the rising edge of the signal.
1	Falling	Event is triggered at the falling edge of the signal.
2	Both	Event is triggered at the rising and falling edge of the signal.

P 5.18.2.2.4 Touch Probe 2 Reset Counter

Enable reset of touch probe 2 counter. Reset of the counter is also possible while the touch probe is active.

Default Value:	False	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	890	Unit:	–
Data Type:	BOOL	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Disabled	Disables the function.
1	Enabled	Enables the function.

P 5.18.2.2.5 Touch Probe 2 Mode

Select if touch probe 2 monitoring automatically ends after a single event was detected or if monitoring is continuous.

Default Value:	1 (Continuous)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	891	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Single Shot	After the touch probe is enabled, only the first event of the touch probe is captured.
1	Continuous	All events of the touch probe are captured while the touch probe is enabled.

P 5.18.2.2.6 Touch Probe 2 Enable Position Window

Enable a position window defined by touch probe 2 first and last position for acceptance of events.

Default Value:	False	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	885	Unit:	–
Data Type:	BOOL	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Disabled	Disables the function.
1	Enabled	Enables the function.

P 5.18.2.2.7 Touch Probe 2 First Position

Set the absolute start position of the window for touch probe 2 monitoring.

Default Value:	0	Parameter Type:	Range (-2147483648 — 2147483647)
Parameter Number:	886	Unit:	CustomPositionUnit
Data Type:	DINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.18.2.2.8 Touch Probe 2 Last Position

Set the absolute end position of the window for touch probe 2 monitoring.

Default Value:	0	Parameter Type:	Range (-2147483648 — 2147483647)
Parameter Number:	887	Unit:	CustomPositionUnit
Data Type:	DINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.18.2.2.9 Touch Probe 2 Time Limit

Set a timeout for detecting a touch probe 2 event. A fault is raised if time runs out before a touch probe 2 event is detected. 0 disables the time limit monitoring.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 16777216)
Parameter Number:	888	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.7.18.3 Group 5.18.3 Distance Measurement

8.7.18.3.1 Group 5.18.3.1 Distance Measurement Status

P 5.18.3.1.1 Touch Probe Distance

Shows the distance between the events at source B and source A. The value is updated at the event of source B.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-2147483648 — 2147483647)
Parameter Number:	896	Unit:	CustomPositionUnit
Data Type:	DINT	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.18.3.1.2 Touch Probe Distance Output

Select an analog output to represent the distance between the events at source B and source A. The signal is scaled between Min. Position Limit and Max. Position Limit.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	808	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.18.3.1.3 Distance Measurement Counter

Shows a continuous counter which is incremented with each event of a distance calculation. The counter starts from 0 and wraps around when exceeding 65535. The counter is reset to 0 when a source selection is set to Disabled.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 65535)
Parameter Number:	897	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.18.3.1.4 Distance Measurement Counter Output

Select an analog output to represent the value of the result counter. The signal is scaled between 0 and 65535.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	809	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

8.7.18.3.2 Group 5.18.3.2 Configuration

P 5.18.3.2.1 Selection Source A

Select a digital input for source A for distance measurement.

Default Value:	0 (Off)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	898	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Off	The feature is disabled.
1	Touch Probe 1	Use Touch Probe 1 as the source.
2	Touch Probe 2	Use Touch Probe 2 as the source.

P 5.18.3.2.2 Selection Source B

Select a digital input for source B for distance measurement.

Default Value:	0 (Off)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	899	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Off	The feature is disabled.
1	Touch Probe 1	Use Touch Probe 1 as the source.
2	Touch Probe 2	Use Touch Probe 2 as the source.

8.7.19 Group 5.19 Superimposed

8.7.19.1 Group 5.19.1 Superimposed Status

P 5.19.1.1 Superimposed Status

Shows the status of the superimposed movements.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	833	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read Only

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Idle	
1	Active	
2	Done	FeatureStatusDoneText.
3	Error	FeatureStatusErrorText.
4	Aborted	FeatureStatusAbortedText.

P 5.19.1.2 Superimposed Active Output

Select a digital output to signal that a superimposed movement is on going.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	828	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.19.1.3 Superimposed Target Reached Output

Select a digital output to signal that the superimposed movement is completed.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	829	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.19.1.4 Superimposed Error Output

Select a digital output to signal that the superimposed movement is incomplete due to an error.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	830	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.19.1.5 Superimposed Aborted Output

Select a digital output to signal that the superimposed movement was aborted.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	831	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.19.1.6 Superimposed Actual Distance

Shows the actual covered distance of an active superimposed movement. The value is reset a every start of a superimposed movement.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-2147483648 — 2147483647)
Parameter Number:	9013	Unit:	CustomPositionUnit
Data Type:	DINT	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.19.1.7 Superimposed Actual Distance Output

Select an analog output to represent the actual covered distance of an active superimposed movement. The signal is scaled between Min. Position Limit and Max. Position Limit.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	9014	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.19.1.8 Superimposed Speed Difference Scaled

Shows the set speed reference for superimposed movement in position units per second.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 16777216)
Parameter Number:	832	Unit:	–
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.19.1.9 Superimposed Acceleration

Shows the set acceleration for superimposed movement in position units per second².

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 16777216)
Parameter Number:	820	Unit:	–
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.19.1.10 Superimposed Deceleration

Shows the set deceleration for superimposed movement in position units per second².

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 16777216)
Parameter Number:	821	Unit:	–
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.19.1.11 Superimposed Accumulated Distance

Shows the accumulated distance of the superimposed movement.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-2147483648 — 2147483647)
Parameter Number:	9019	Unit:	CustomPositionUnit
Data Type:	DINT	Access Type:	Read Only

8.7.19.2 Group 5.19.2 Configuration

P 5.19.2.1 Superimposed Start Input

Select a digital input for starting the configured superimposed movement.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	827	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.19.2.2 Superimposed Mode

Select the starting point for the superimposed distance.

Default Value:	1 (Additive to Covered Distance)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	825	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Additive to Previous Target	Distance is added to the previous superimposed target even if the target is not yet reached.
1	Additive to Covered Distance	Distance is added to the actual position, meaning that the target of an ongoing superimposed movement is replaced by the new target.
2	Absolute	Distance is used as the absolute target, relative to the starting point of the first superimposed movement since the underlying movement was started.

P 5.19.2.4 Superimposed Speed Difference

Set the speed reference for the superimposed motion which is added to the actual speed of the underlying motion.

Default Value:	10	Parameter Type:	Range (0.000000001 — 16777216)
Parameter Number:	823	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.19.2.5 Superimposed Distance

Set the distance for the superimposed movement in position units.

Default Value:	50	Parameter Type:	Range (-16777216 — 16777216)
Parameter Number:	824	Unit:	CustomPositionUnit
Data Type:	DINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.19.2.6 Superimposed Ramp Selection

Select the set of ramp type and ramp times for the superimposed movement.

Default Value:	0 (Ramp 1)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	796	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
4	Bit Selection	Use digital inputs to select ramp.
0	Ramp 1	Use ramp 1.
1	Ramp 2	Use ramp 2.
2	Ramp 3	Use ramp 3.
3	Ramp 4	Use ramp 4.
5	Variable Ramp.	

8.7.20 Group 5.26 Additional Status Outputs

8.7.20.1 Group 5.26.1 General Digital Outputs

P 5.26.1.1 Ready Output

Select an output to indicate that the unit is in ready mode.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	205	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.26.1.2 Run Output

Select an output to indicate that the unit is in run mode.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	206	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.26.1.3 On Reference Output

Select an output to indicate that the unit is on reference.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	207	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.26.1.4 Fault Event Output

Select an output to indicate that a fault has occurred.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	208	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.26.1.5 Warning Event Output

Select an output to indicate that a warning has occurred.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	209	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.26.1.26 Motor Disconnected Output

Select an output to indicate that the motor is disconnected. Motor check must be enabled in disconnected motor response.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	216	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

8.7.20.2 Group 5.26.5 Scalable Analog Output

8.7.20.2.1 Group 5.26.5.1 Scalable Analog Signal 1

P 5.26.5.1.1 Analog Signal 1 Signal Selection

Select a signal for the analog output with custom scaling.

Default Value:	0 (None)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2380	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	None	Nothing selected.
2950	Heat Sink Temperature	Shows the temperature of the power unit heat sink.
9044	DC-link Voltage	Shows the actual DC-link voltage.
9000	Motor Current	Shows the actual motor current.
9005	Motor Voltage	Shows the actual motor voltage.
9009	Motor Torque	Shows the actual motor torque.
9008	Motor Shaft Power	Shows the actual power at the motor shaft.
9011	Motor Speed	Shows the actual motor speed.
9015	Output Frequency	Shows the output frequency.
1718	Speed Reference	
729	Actual Position	Shows the actual position in position units.
737	Actual Position Error	Shows the position error (difference between actual position and demanded position).
881	Touch Probe 1 Recorded Position	Shows the recorded actual position at the latest touch probe 1 event.
882	Touch Probe 1 Counter	Shows the number of detected touch probe 1 events since the counter was reset.
894	Touch Probe 2 Recorded Position	Shows the recorded actual position at the latest touch probe 2 event.
895	Touch Probe 2 Counter	Shows the number of detected touch probe 2 events since the counter was reset.
896	Touch Probe Distance	Shows the distance between the events at source B and source A. The value is updated at the event of source B.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
897	Distance Measurement Counter	Shows a continuous counter which is incremented with each event of a distance calculation. The counter starts from 0 and wraps around when exceeding 65535. The counter is reset to 0 when a source selection is set to Disabled.
9013	Superimposed Actual Distance	Shows the actual covered distance of an active superimposed movement. The value is reset a every start of a superimposed movement.

P 5.26.5.1.2 Analog Signal 1 Terminal Output

Select an output for analog signal 1.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2381	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.26.5.1.3 Analog Signal 1 Scale Minimum

Set the minimum value used for the scaling of analog signal 1.

Default Value:	-1500	Parameter Type:	Range (-30000 — 30000)
Parameter Number:	2382	Unit:	–
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.26.5.1.4 Analog Signal 1 Scale Maximum

Set the maximum value used for the scaling of analog signal 1.

Default Value:	1500	Parameter Type:	Range (-30000 — 30000)
Parameter Number:	2383	Unit:	–
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.26.5.1.5 Analog Signal 1 Filter time

Set the filter time for the scaling of analog signal 1.

Default Value:	0.005	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 50)
Parameter Number:	2384	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.7.20.2.2 Group 5.26.5.2 Scalable Analog Signal 2

P 5.26.5.2.1 Analog Signal 2 Signal Selection

Select a signal for the analog output with custom scaling.

Default Value:	0 (None)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2385	Unit:	–

Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write
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The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	None	Nothing selected.
2950	Heat Sink Temperature	Shows the temperature of the power unit heat sink.
9044	DC-link Voltage	Shows the actual DC-link voltage.
9000	Motor Current	Shows the actual motor current.
9005	Motor Voltage	Shows the actual motor voltage.
9009	Motor Torque	Shows the actual motor torque.
9008	Motor Shaft Power	Shows the actual power at the motor shaft.
9011	Motor Speed	Shows the actual motor speed.
9015	Output Frequency	Shows the output frequency.
1718	Speed Reference	
729	Actual Position	Shows the actual position in position units.
737	Actual Position Error	Shows the position error (difference between actual position and demanded position).
881	Touch Probe 1 Recorded Position	Shows the recorded actual position at the latest touch probe 1 event.
882	Touch Probe 1 Counter	Shows the number of detected touch probe 1 events since the counter was reset.
894	Touch Probe 2 Recorded Position	Shows the recorded actual position at the latest touch probe 2 event.
895	Touch Probe 2 Counter	Shows the number of detected touch probe 2 events since the counter was reset.
896	Touch Probe Distance	Shows the distance between the events at source B and source A. The value is updated at the event of source B.
897	Distance Measurement Counter	Shows a continuous counter which is incremented with each event of a distance calculation. The counter starts from 0 and wraps around when exceeding 65535. The counter is reset to 0 when a source selection is set to Disabled.
9013	Superimposed Actual Distance	Shows the actual covered distance of an active superimposed movement. The value is reset a every start of a superimposed movement.

P 5.26.5.2.2 Analog Signal 2 Terminal Output

Select an output for analog signal 2.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2386	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.26.5.2.3 Analog Signal 2 Scale Minimum

Set the minimum value used for the scaling of analog signal 2.

Default Value:	-1500	Parameter Type:	Range (-30000 — 30000)
Parameter Number:	2387	Unit:	–
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.26.5.2.4 Analog Signal 2 Scale Maximum

Set the maximum value used for the scaling of analog signal 2.

Default Value:	1500	Parameter Type:	Range (-30000 — 30000)
Parameter Number:	2388	Unit:	–
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.26.5.2.5 Analog Signal 2 Filter time

Set the filter time for the scaling of analog signal 2.

Default Value:	0.005	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 50)
Parameter Number:	2389	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.7.20.2.3 Group 5.26.5.3 Scalable Analog Signal 3

P 5.26.5.3.1 Analog Signal 3 Signal Selection

Select a signal for the analog output with custom scaling.

Default Value:	0 (None)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2390	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	None	Nothing selected.
2950	Heat Sink Temperature	Shows the temperature of the power unit heat sink.
9044	DC-link Voltage	Shows the actual DC-link voltage.
9000	Motor Current	Shows the actual motor current.
9005	Motor Voltage	Shows the actual motor voltage.
9009	Motor Torque	Shows the actual motor torque.
9008	Motor Shaft Power	Shows the actual power at the motor shaft.
9011	Motor Speed	Shows the actual motor speed.
9015	Output Frequency	Shows the output frequency.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
1718	Speed Reference	
729	Actual Position	Shows the actual position in position units.
737	Actual Position Error	Shows the position error (difference between actual position and demanded position).
881	Touch Probe 1 Recorded Position	Shows the recorded actual position at the latest touch probe 1 event.
882	Touch Probe 1 Counter	Shows the number of detected touch probe 1 events since the counter was reset.
894	Touch Probe 2 Recorded Position	Shows the recorded actual position at the latest touch probe 2 event.
895	Touch Probe 2 Counter	Shows the number of detected touch probe 2 events since the counter was reset.
896	Touch Probe Distance	Shows the distance between the events at source B and source A. The value is updated at the event of source B.
897	Distance Measurement Counter	Shows a continuous counter which is incremented with each event of a distance calculation. The counter starts from 0 and wraps around when exceeding 65535. The counter is reset to 0 when a source selection is set to Disabled.
9013	Superimposed Actual Distance	Shows the actual covered distance of an active superimposed movement. The value is reset a every start of a superimposed movement.

P 5.26.5.3.2 Analog Signal 3 Terminal Output

Select an output for analog signal 3.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2391	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.26.5.3.3 Analog Signal 3 Scale Minimum

Set the minimum value used for the scaling of analog signal 3.

Default Value:	-1500	Parameter Type:	Range (-30000 — 30000)
Parameter Number:	2392	Unit:	–
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.26.5.3.4 Analog Signal 3 Scale Maximum

Set the maximum value used for the scaling of analog signal 3.

Default Value:	1500	Parameter Type:	Range (-30000 — 30000)
Parameter Number:	2393	Unit:	–

Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write
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P 5.26.5.3.5 Analog Signal 3 Filter time

Set the filter time for the scaling of analog signal 3.

Default Value:	0.005	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 50)
Parameter Number:	2394	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.7.20.2.4 Group 5.26.5.4 Scalable Analog Signal 4

P 5.26.5.4.1 Analog Signal 4 Signal Selection

Select a signal for the analog output with custom scaling.

Default Value:	0 (None)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2395	Unit:	—
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	None	Nothing selected.
2950	Heat Sink Temperature	Shows the temperature of the power unit heat sink.
9044	DC-link Voltage	Shows the actual DC-link voltage.
9000	Motor Current	Shows the actual motor current.
9005	Motor Voltage	Shows the actual motor voltage.
9009	Motor Torque	Shows the actual motor torque.
9008	Motor Shaft Power	Shows the actual power at the motor shaft.
9011	Motor Speed	Shows the actual motor speed.
9015	Output Frequency	Shows the output frequency.
1718	Speed Reference	
729	Actual Position	Shows the actual position in position units.
737	Actual Position Error	Shows the position error (difference between actual position and demanded position).
881	Touch Probe 1 Recorded Position	Shows the recorded actual position at the latest touch probe 1 event.
882	Touch Probe 1 Counter	Shows the number of detected touch probe 1 events since the counter was reset.
894	Touch Probe 2 Recorded Position	Shows the recorded actual position at the latest touch probe 2 event.
895	Touch Probe 2 Counter	Shows the number of detected touch probe 2 events since the counter was reset.
896	Touch Probe Distance	Shows the distance between the events at source B and source A. The value is updated at the event of source B.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
897	Distance Measurement Counter	Shows a continuous counter which is incremented with each event of a distance calculation. The counter starts from 0 and wraps around when exceeding 65535. The counter is reset to 0 when a source selection is set to Disabled.
9013	Superimposed Actual Distance	Shows the actual covered distance of an active superimposed movement. The value is reset a every start of a superimposed movement.

P 5.26.5.4.2 Analog Signal 4 Terminal Output

Select an output for analog signal 4.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2396	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.26.5.4.3 Analog Signal 4 Scale Minimum

Set the minimum value used for the scaling of analog signal 4.

Default Value:	-1500	Parameter Type:	Range (-30000 — 30000)
Parameter Number:	2397	Unit:	–
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.26.5.4.4 Analog Signal 4 Scale Maximum

Set the maximum value used for the scaling of analog signal 4.

Default Value:	1500	Parameter Type:	Range (-30000 — 30000)
Parameter Number:	2398	Unit:	–
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.26.5.4.5 Analog Signal 4 Filter time

Set the filter time for the scaling of analog signal 4.

Default Value:	0.005	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 50)
Parameter Number:	2399	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.7.21 Group 5.27 Fieldbus Process Data

8.7.21.1 Group 5.27.1 Fieldbus Process Data Status

P 5.27.1.42 Fieldbus Control Word

Shows the profile specific fieldbus control word.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	1335	Unit:	–
Data Type:	WORD	Access Type:	Read/Write

The fieldbus control word is either the PROFIdrive control word described in [10.1.2 Control Word](#) or the iC Speed control word described in [10.2.2 Control Word](#). The fieldbus profile is selected with parameter [10.3.1.2 Fieldbus Profile](#).

P 5.27.1.43 Fieldbus Speed Reference 1

Shows the fieldbus speed reference.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-32768 — 32767)
Parameter Number:	1339	Unit:	–
Data Type:	INT	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.27.1.44 Fieldbus Torque Reference

Shows the fieldbus torque reference.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-49152.00 — 49152.00)
Parameter Number:	1343	Unit:	N2MotorNomTorque
Data Type:	INT	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.27.1.45 Fieldbus Position Reference

Fieldbus Position Reference Process Data Value.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-2147483648 — 2147483647)
Parameter Number:	1352	Unit:	CustomPositionUnit
Data Type:	DINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.27.1.50 Fieldbus Status Word

Shows the profile specific fieldbus status word.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	1307	Unit:	–
Data Type:	WORD	Access Type:	Read Only

The fieldbus status word is either the PROFIdrive status word described in [10.1.3 Status Word](#) or the iC Speed status word described in [10.2.3 Status Word](#). The fieldbus profile is selected with parameter [10.3.1.2 Fieldbus Profile](#).

P 5.27.1.51 Actual Motor Speed

Shows the actual motor speed.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-32768 — 32767)
Parameter Number:	1308	Unit:	–
Data Type:	INT	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.27.1.54 Fieldbus Speed Reference

Shows the fieldbus speed reference.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-1000 — 1000)
Parameter Number:	1345	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.27.1.73 Fieldbus Torque Main Actual Value

Shows the torque applied by the motor.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-32768 — 32767)
Parameter Number:	1346	Unit:	–
Data Type:	INT	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.27.1.89 Fieldbus Control Word 2

Shows the fieldbus control word 2.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	1347	Unit:	–
Data Type:	WORD	Access Type:	Read/Write

The fieldbus control and status words are freely configurable, and specific features can be assigned to the bits.

P 5.27.1.90 Fieldbus Status Word 2

Shows the profile specific fieldbus status word 2.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	1344	Unit:	–
Data Type:	WORD	Access Type:	Read Only

The fieldbus control and status words are freely configurable, and specific features can be assigned to the bits.

8.7.22 Group 5.33 Auxiliary Device Control

P 5.33.1 Motor and Cabinet Heater Ctrl. Output

Select an output to control the motor and cabinet heaters.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	220	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.33.2 Motor Fan Ctrl. Output

Select an output to control the motor fan.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
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Parameter Number:	221	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.33.3 Cabinet Cooling Fan Ctrl. Output

Select an output to control the cabinet cooling fan.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	222	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

8.7.23 Group 5.40 Logic

8.7.23.1 Group 5.40.1 Logic Status

P 5.40.1.1 Logic Running Mode

Select the running mode for Logic.

Default Value:	2 (Disabled)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	21091	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Running	Logic is in execution mode.
1	Programming	Logic is in programming mode.
2	Disabled	Logic is disabled.

P 5.40.1.2 Logic State

Shows the current active state in Logic.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	21094	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	No State	No state active.
1	State 1	State 1 active.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
2	State 2	State 2 active.
3	State 3	State 3 active.
4	State 4	State 4 active.
5	State 5	State 5 active.

P 5.40.1.3 Logic Time In Current State

Shows the time that the current state in Logic has been active.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 36000000)
Parameter Number:	21095	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.40.1.10 Logic Speed Reference

Shows Logic speed reference.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-1000 — 1000)
Parameter Number:	21110	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.40.1.11 Logic Torque Reference

Shows Logic torque reference.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-300 — 300)
Parameter Number:	21111	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.40.1.13 Logic Position Reference

Shows Logic position reference.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-2147483648 — 2147483647)
Parameter Number:	21113	Unit:	—
Data Type:	DINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.7.23.2 Group 5.40.2 User Parameters

P 5.40.2.1 Logic User Parameter 1

User parameter providing user configurability for Logic. The value is retained across power cycles.

Default Value:	0	Parameter Type:	Range (-30000000 — 30000000)
Parameter Number:	380	Unit:	—
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.40.2.2 Logic User Parameter 2

User parameter providing user configurability for Logic. The value is retained across power cycles.

Default Value:	0	Parameter Type:	Range (-30000000 — 30000000)
Parameter Number:	381	Unit:	–
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.40.2.3 Logic User Parameter 3

User parameter providing user configurability for Logic. The value is retained across power cycles.

Default Value:	0	Parameter Type:	Range (-30000000 — 30000000)
Parameter Number:	382	Unit:	–
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.40.2.4 Logic User Parameter 4

User parameter providing user configurability for Logic. The value is retained across power cycles.

Default Value:	0	Parameter Type:	Range (-30000000 — 30000000)
Parameter Number:	383	Unit:	–
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.40.2.5 Logic User Parameter 5

User parameter providing user configurability for Logic. The value is retained across power cycles.

Default Value:	0	Parameter Type:	Range (-30000000 — 30000000)
Parameter Number:	384	Unit:	–
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.40.2.6 Logic User Parameter 6

User parameter providing user configurability for Logic. The value is retained across power cycles.

Default Value:	0	Parameter Type:	Range (-30000000 — 30000000)
Parameter Number:	385	Unit:	–
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.40.2.7 Logic User Parameter 7

User parameter providing user configurability for Logic. The value is retained across power cycles.

Default Value:	0	Parameter Type:	Range (-30000000 — 30000000)
Parameter Number:	386	Unit:	–
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.40.2.8 Logic User Parameter 8

User parameter providing user configurability for Logic. The value is retained across power cycles.

Default Value:	0	Parameter Type:	Range (-30000000 — 30000000)
Parameter Number:	387	Unit:	–

Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write
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P 5.40.2.10 Logic Process Input 1

User parameter providing input to Logic from Fieldbus. The value is not retained across power cycles.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-30000000 — 30000000)
Parameter Number:	360	Unit:	–
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.40.2.11 Logic Process Input 2

User parameter providing input to Logic from Fieldbus. The value is not retained across power cycles.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-30000000 — 30000000)
Parameter Number:	361	Unit:	–
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.40.2.12 Logic Process Input 3

User parameter providing input to Logic from Fieldbus. The value is not retained across power cycles.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-30000000 — 30000000)
Parameter Number:	362	Unit:	–
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.40.2.13 Logic Process Input 4

User parameter providing input to Logic from Fieldbus. The value is not retained across power cycles.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-30000000 — 30000000)
Parameter Number:	363	Unit:	–
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.40.2.20 Logic Process Output 1

User parameter providing output from Logic to Fieldbus. The value is not retained across power cycles.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-30000000 — 30000000)
Parameter Number:	370	Unit:	–
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.40.2.21 Logic Process Output 2

User parameter providing output from Logic to Fieldbus. The value is not retained across power cycles.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-30000000 — 30000000)
Parameter Number:	371	Unit:	–
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.40.2.22 Logic Process Output 3

User parameter providing output from Logic to Fieldbus. The value is not retained across power cycles.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-30000000 — 30000000)
Parameter Number:	372	Unit:	–
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.40.2.23 Logic Process Output 4

User parameter providing output from Logic to Fieldbus. The value is not retained across power cycles.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-30000000 — 30000000)
Parameter Number:	373	Unit:	–
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.8 Group 6 Maintenance & Service

8.8.1 Maintenance & Service Overview

This parameter group contains parameters exclusively related to status, events, and backup and restore.

8.8.2 Group 6.1 Status

8.8.2.1 Group 1.1 Grid Status

P 1.1.1 Grid Frequency

Shows the actual grid frequency.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	9041	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 1.1.2 Line-To-Line Voltage (RMS)

Shows the average line-to-line voltage (RMS).

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — *)
Parameter Number:	9040	Unit:	V
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 1.1.3 L1-L2 Line Voltage (RMS)

Shows the L1-L2 line voltage (RMS).

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — *)
Parameter Number:	9048	Unit:	V
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 1.1.4 L2-L3 Line Voltage (RMS)

Shows the L2-L3 line voltage (RMS).

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — *)
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Parameter Number:	9049	Unit:	V
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 1.1.5 L3-L1 Line Voltage (RMS)

Shows the L3-L1 line voltage (RMS).

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — *)
Parameter Number:	9050	Unit:	V
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 1.1.6 Grid Voltage Imbalance

Shows the grid voltage imbalance in %. A value greater than 3% may indicate grid problems.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 100)
Parameter Number:	9047	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 1.1.7 Total Harmonic Distortion Voltage (THDv)

Shows the total harmonic distortion of the grid voltage (THDv) in %.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 100)
Parameter Number:	9046	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 1.1.12 Grid Active Power

Shows the active power at the point of grid connection.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	9064	Unit:	kW
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

8.8.2.2 Group 2.1 Power Conversion & DC Link Status

P 2.1.1 Unit Nominal Voltage

Shows the nominal voltage setting as a result of the setting of parameter "2.2.1.1 Unit Voltage Class".

Default Value:	400	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — *)
Parameter Number:	2830	Unit:	V
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 2.1.2 Unit Nominal Current

Shows the nominal current of the unit.

Default Value:	23	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — *)
Parameter Number:	2831	Unit:	A
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 2.1.3 DC-link Voltage

Shows the actual DC-link voltage.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — *)
Parameter Number:	9044	Unit:	V
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 2.1.7 DC-link Power

Shows the actual DC-link power.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	5117	Unit:	kW
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 2.1.14 Actual Relative Output Current Limit

Shows the actual output current limit relative to the nominal motor current.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 300)
Parameter Number:	2700	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 2.1.15 Heat Sink Temperature

Shows the temperature of the power unit heat sink.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-50 — 200)
Parameter Number:	2950	Unit:	°C
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 2.1.16 Main Fan Speed

Shows the speed of the main cooling fan.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 32767)
Parameter Number:	2931	Unit:	rpm
Data Type:	INT	Access Type:	Read Only

P 2.1.17 Internal Fan Speed

Shows the speed of the internal cooling fan.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 32767)
Parameter Number:	2926	Unit:	rpm
Data Type:	INT	Access Type:	Read Only

P 2.1.18 Power Capacity

Shows the power capacity of the drive as a percentage. The value is derived from the number of active power units compared to the nominal power unit count of the drive.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 100)
Parameter Number:	2836	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 2.1.19 Heat Sink Temperature Output

Select the output indicating if the heat sink temperature is within the specified range.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2312	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 2.1.20 Drive DC-link Voltage Output

Select the output indicating if the DC-link voltage is within the specified range.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2311	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 2.1.21 Drive Thermal Load

Shows the estimated thermal load of the inverter.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 100)
Parameter Number:	6547	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

8.8.2.3 Group 3.1 Filters & Brake Chopper Status

P 3.1.1 Brake Power

Shows the power dissipated in the brake resistor.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0.00 — *)
Parameter Number:	2933	Unit:	kW
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 3.1.2 Average Brake Power

Shows the average power dissipated in the brake resistor, calculated over 120 s.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0.00 — *)
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Parameter Number:	2934	Unit:	kW
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 3.1.3 AHF Capacitor Connected

Shows if the advanced harmonic filter (AHF) capacitor is connected.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	5410	Unit:	–
Data Type:	BOOL	Access Type:	Read Only

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	False	Fixed value - False.
1	True	Fixed value - True.

8.8.2.4 Group 4.1 Motor Status

P 4.1.1 Motor Current

Shows the actual motor current.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — *)
Parameter Number:	9000	Unit:	A
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 4.1.2 Relative Motor Current

Shows the actual motor current in % of the nominal motor current.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 200)
Parameter Number:	9001	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 4.1.3 U-phase RMS Current

Shows the U-phase RMS current.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — *)
Parameter Number:	9020	Unit:	A
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 4.1.4 V-phase RMS Current

Shows the V-phase RMS current.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — *)
Parameter Number:	9021	Unit:	A
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 4.1.5 W-phase RMS Current

Shows the W-phase RMS current.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — *)
Parameter Number:	9022	Unit:	A
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 4.1.6 Motor Voltage

Shows the actual motor voltage.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — *)
Parameter Number:	9005	Unit:	V
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 4.1.7 Relative Motor Voltage

Shows the actual motor voltage in % of the nominal motor voltage.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 200)
Parameter Number:	9006	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 4.1.11 Motor Torque

Shows the actual motor torque.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-10000000 — 10000000)
Parameter Number:	9009	Unit:	Nm
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 4.1.12 Relative Motor Torque

Shows the motor torque in % of the nominal motor torque.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	1708	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 4.1.13 Motor Shaft Power

Shows the actual power at the motor shaft.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	9008	Unit:	kW
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 4.1.14 Relative Motor Shaft Power

Shows the actual motor shaft power in % of the nominal motor shaft power.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-300 — 300)
Parameter Number:	1707	Unit:	%

Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only
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P 4.1.15 Motor Electrical Power

Shows the actual motor power.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	9043	Unit:	kW
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 4.1.16 Motor Thermal Load (ETR)

Shows the estimated thermal load of the motor calculated by the ETR function.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 100)
Parameter Number:	2951	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 4.1.17 Motor Current Output

Select an output for the motor current signal. The scale of the signal is 0–100% of the nominal current.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2302	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 4.1.18 Motor Voltage Output

Select an output for the motor voltage signal. The scale of the signal is 0–100% of the nominal voltage.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2303	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 4.1.19 Absolute Motor Torque Output

Select an output for the motor torque signal. The scale of the signal is 0–100% of the absolute value of the nominal torque.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2306	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 4.1.20 Extended Motor Torque Output

Select an output for the motor torque signal. The scale of the signal is -200...200% of the nominal torque.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2310	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 4.1.21 Absolute Motor Speed Output

Select an output for the motor speed signal. The scale of the signal is 0–100% of the absolute value of the nominal speed.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2301	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 4.1.22 Extended Motor Speed Output

Select an output for the motor speed signal. The scale of the signal is -200...200% of the nominal speed.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2309	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 4.1.23 Motor Power Output

Select an output for the motor power signal. The scale of the signal is 0–100% of the nominal power.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2305	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 4.1.24 AMA Progress

Shows the progress of the Automatic Motor Adaptation (AMA).

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 100)
Parameter Number:	429	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 4.1.26 Motor Temperature

Shows the actual temperature of the motor.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-300 — 300)
Parameter Number:	1630	Unit:	°C
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 4.1.28 Rs Measured

When a Rs measurement is stored for use after drive power recycle, the value is shown here; otherwise it is zero.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 100000)
Parameter Number:	433	Unit:	Ω
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 4.1.29 Back EMF Measured Coast

Shows the measured back EMF constant of PM motors. The voltage is measured right after a coast signal has been applied. The value is given as line-line RMS at 1000 RPM. To make use of this measurement, the motor must run above 15 % of the motor nominal speed when the coast signal is applied. This measurement does not work for motors that cannot spin freely after coast.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 100000)
Parameter Number:	1631	Unit:	V
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

8.8.2.5 Group 5.1 Application Status

P 5.1.1 Motor Ctrl. Status Word

Shows the motor control status word.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	1714	Unit:	–
Data Type:	WORD	Access Type:	Read Only

Table 99: Motor Ctrl. Status Word bit descriptions

Bit	Description
0	Ready
1	Run
2	Reverse
3	Fault
4	Reserved
5	At reference
6	Zero speed
7	Protection mode active

P 5.1.2 Motor Ctrl. Ready Status Word

Shows the motor control ready status word. All status bits must be true before the drive is ready.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	1716	Unit:	–
Data Type:	WORD	Access Type:	Read Only

Table 100: Motor Ctrl. Ready Status Word bit descriptions

Bit	Description
0	Run Enable high.
1	No fault active.
2	DC-link pre-charging done.
3	DC Voltage within limits.
4	Power manager initialized.
5	Brake test not running.
6	System software is not blocking start.
7	Grid voltage within limits.
8	Temperature within limits.
9	Valid motor data.
10	Valid control configuration.

P 5.1.3 Motor Regulator Status Word

Shows the current state of the motor regulator status word. The status word indicates if a limit controller is active.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	1715	Unit:	–
Data Type:	WORD	Access Type:	Read Only

Table 101: Motor Regulator Status Word bit descriptions

Bit	Description
0	Current limit control active (motoring side).
1	Current limit control active (generator side).
2	Torque limit control active (motoring side).
3	Torque limit control active (generator side).
4	Overvoltage control active.
5	Undervoltage control active.
6	Power limit control active (motoring side).
7	Power limit control active (generator side).
8	Speed limit control active.
9	AC-brake control active.

P 5.1.5 Fault Status Word 1

Shows the fault status word 1.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	6203	Unit:	–
Data Type:	DWORD	Access Type:	–

Table 102: Fault Status Word 1 bit descriptions

Bit	Description	Event number
0	Overcurrent	4384, 4373, 5170, 4368, 4369, 4375, 4377, 4380, 4097
1	Overvoltage	4164, 4162, 4144 4145
2	Undervoltage	4165, 4146
3	Unit temperature high	4117, 4118, 4119
4	Unit temperature low	4116
5	Control board overtemperature	4121, 4122, 4123, 4120
6	Input phase	4160, 4163
7	Output phase	4175, 4176
8	Ground fault	4379, 4352, 4353, 4354, 4355
9	Fan failure	4128, 4129, 4133, 4130
10	Fieldbus communication	5162, 4256, 4257, 4258, 4260, 4261, 4263, 4265, 4266, 4267, 4268, 4269, 4280, 4281, 4270, 4271, 4272, 4273, 4282, 4274, 4275, 4276, 4277, 4283, 4278, 4279
11	HMI connection	5141, 5142
12	Feedback connection	4418
13	Thermistor input	5157
14	Auxiliary device (temperature)	4200, 4201, 4203, 4202
15	External temperature measurement	5132, 5133, 5134, 5135, 5136, 5137, 5158

P 5.1.8 Warning Status Word 1

Shows the warning status word 1.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	6205	Unit:	–
Data Type:	DWORD	Access Type:	–

Table 103: Warning Status Word 1 bit descriptions

Bit	Description	Event number
0	Overcurrent	4384, 4373, 5170, 4368, 4369, 4375, 4377, 4380, 4097
1	Overvoltage	4164, 4162, 4144 4145
2	Undervoltage	4165, 4146
3	Unit temperature high	4117, 4118, 4119
4	Unit temperature low	4116
5	Control board overtemperature	4121, 4122, 4123, 4120

Table 103: Warning Status Word 1 bit descriptions - (continued)

Bit	Description	Event number
6	Input phase	4160, 4163
7	Output phase	4175, 4176
8	Ground fault	4379, 4352, 4353, 4354, 4355
9	Fan failure	4128, 4129, 4133, 4130
10	Fieldbus communication	5162, 4256, 4257, 4258, 4260, 4261, 4263, 4265, 4266, 4267, 4268, 4269, 4280, 4281, 4270, 4271, 4272, 4273, 4282, 4274, 4275, 4276, 4277, 4283, 4278, 4279
11	HMI connection	5141, 5142
12	Feedback connection	4418
13	Thermistor input	5157
14	Auxiliary device (temperature)	4200, 4201, 4203, 4202
15	External temperature measurement	5132, 5133, 5134, 5135, 5136, 5137, 5158

P 5.1.13 Application Status Word

Shows the application-specific status word.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	1608	Unit:	–
Data Type:	WORD	Access Type:	Read Only

Table 104: Application Status Word bit descriptions

Bit	Bit = False	Bit = True
0	Local Control	Remote Control
1	Jogging not Active	Jogging Active
2	Reserved	Reserved
3	–	Start Interlock
4	STO Not Active	STO Active
5	No Warning	Warning Active
6	No Fault	Fault Active
7	No Homing Attained	Homing Attained
8	Not In Sync with Master	In Sync with Master
9	Position Error Present	No Position Error
10	No Target Reached for Position/Superimposed	Target Reached for Position/Superimposed
11	Reserved	Reserved
12	Reserved	Reserved
13	Normal Reference	Freeze Reference
14	Normal Reference	Reverse Reference
15	Speed Within Limits	Speed Limit Active

P 5.1.22 Motion Error Function Block Instance

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 4294967295)
Parameter Number:	1170	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UDINT	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.1.23 Motion Error Information

Shows the specific error information which was raised by a function block.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	1171	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read Only

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	No motion error	
1	No communication	
2	Fault active; Please reset	
3	Timeout Op mode change	
4	Internal error	
5	Command rejected	
6	Drive not started	
7	In stopping state	
8	In homing state	
9	Unknown drive state	
10	Executing non-abortable command	
11	Parameter out of range	
12	Local Control Active	
13	Invalid enumeration value	
14	Internal homing error	
15	Home mode not allowed in stopped	
16	Invalid Home Mode	
17	Homing error, ending in standstill	
18	Homing error, not in standstill	
19	Drive is not homed	
20	Executing continuous motion	
21	Executing discrete motion	
22	Executing synchronized motion	
23	Invalid Superimposed Mode	
24	Superimposed error	

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
25	Touchprobe timeout	
26	Not at zero speed	
256	Too many buffered commands	
512	Continuous update not applicable for buffered command	

P 5.1.34 Estimated Motor Temperature

Shows the calculated motor temperature based on the thermal model. This value is an estimate and depends on the correct configuration of the motor parameters.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-60 — 250)
Parameter Number:	1014	Unit:	°C
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

8.8.2.6 Group 5.2.3.1 Measured Temp. Protection Status

P 5.2.3.1.1 Protection 1 Temp.

Shows the temperature measured for the temperature protection.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-300 — 300)
Parameter Number:	5200	Unit:	°C
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.2.3.1.2 Protection 2 Temp.

Shows the temperature measured for the temperature protection.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-300 — 300)
Parameter Number:	5201	Unit:	°C
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.2.3.1.3 Protection 3 Temp.

Shows the temperature measured for the temperature protection.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-300 — 300)
Parameter Number:	5202	Unit:	°C
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.2.3.1.4 Protection 4 Temp.

Shows the temperature measured for the temperature protection.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-300 — 300)
Parameter Number:	5203	Unit:	°C
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.2.3.1.5 Protection 5 Temp.

Shows the temperature measured for the temperature protection.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-300 — 300)
Parameter Number:	5204	Unit:	°C
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.2.3.1.6 Protection 6 Temp.

Shows the temperature measured for the temperature protection.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-300 — 300)
Parameter Number:	5205	Unit:	°C
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

8.8.2.7 Group 5.3.1 Load Status

P 5.3.1.1 Inertia Estimation Status

Shows the status of the inertia estimation routine. 0 = Inactive, 1 = In progress, 2 = Completed successfully, 3 = Completed unsuccessfully.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	666	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read Only

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Inactive	
1	In progress	
2	Completed successfully	
3	Completed unsuccessfully	

8.8.2.8 Group 5.5.1 Control Places Status

P 5.5.1.1 Active Control Place

Shows the control place that is currently controlling the drive.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	113	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read Only

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	PC control	The drive is controlled by a software tool.
1	Local Control	The drive is controlled by a connected control panel.
2	Fieldbus control	The drive is controlled via a fieldbus.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
3	I/O control	The drive is controlled via I/O.
4	Combined control	The drive is controlled via a combination of I/O and fieldbus.

P 5.5.1.2 Control Panel Active Output

Select an output terminal for indicating that the drive is controlled by a connected control panel.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	5178	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.5.1.3 Fieldbus Control Active Output

Select an output terminal for indicating that the drive is in fieldbus control.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	5197	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.5.1.4 I/O Control Active Output

Select an output terminal for indicating that the drive is in I/O control.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	5177	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.5.1.5 Combined Control Active Output

Select an output terminal for indicating that the drive is in combined control.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	4727	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

8.8.2.9 Group 5.8.1 Speed Control Status

P 5.8.1.2 Motor Speed

Shows the actual motor speed.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	9011	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.8.1.3 Output Frequency

Shows the output frequency.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	9015	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.8.1.4 Feedback Speed

Shows the feedback speed.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-10000 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	9007	Unit:	rpm
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.8.1.5 Feedback Electrical Angle

Shows the feedback device angle in the electrical domain. Its value is needed for manually tuning the feedback angle offset.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 360)
Parameter Number:	9016	Unit:	°
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.8.1.6 Speed Error

Shows the difference between speed reference after ramp and motor speed.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	4023	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.8.1.7 Speed Reference

Shows the speed reference.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-2000 — 2000)
Parameter Number:	1718	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.1.8 Speed Reference Before Ramp

Shows the value of speed reference before the ramp generator.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-2000 — 2000)
Parameter Number:	6049	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.8.1.9 Speed Reference After Ramp

Shows the value of the speed reference after the ramp generator.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	6150	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.8.1.10 Final Speed Reference

Shows the value of the speed reference before feeding it to the speed controller.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	6151	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.8.1.11 Control Panel Speed Reference

Shows the value of the speed reference given from the control panel.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	6153	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.8.1.12 Absolute Output Frequency Output

Select an output terminal for the output frequency scaled between 0 Hz and positive speed limits in Hz.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2300	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write



NOTE: Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list.

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.8.1.13 Absolute Speed Reference Output

Select an output terminal for the absolute speed reference, scaled between 0 and positive speed limit.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
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Parameter Number:	2304	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write



NOTE: Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list.

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.8.1.14 Output Frequency Output

Select an output terminal for the output frequency scaled between minimum speed limit and positive speed limits in Hz.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2308	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write



NOTE: Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list.

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 5.8.1.16 Load Drooping Speed

Shows the load drooping speed.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 2000)
Parameter Number:	674	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.8.1.17 Logic Speed Reference

Shows Logic speed reference.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-1000 — 1000)
Parameter Number:	21110	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.8.2.10 Group 5.9.1 Torque Control Status

P 5.9.1.1 Motor Torque

Shows the actual motor torque.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-10000000 — 10000000)
Parameter Number:	9009	Unit:	Nm
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.9.1.2 Relative Motor Torque

Shows the motor torque in % of the nominal motor torque.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	1708	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.9.1.3 Torque Limit Motoring

Shows the torque limit in motoring mode in % of nominal motor torque.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 500)
Parameter Number:	1812	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.9.1.4 Torque Limit Regenerative

Shows the regenerative torque limit in % of nominal motor torque.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 500)
Parameter Number:	1813	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.9.1.5 Control Panel Torque Reference

Shows the local torque reference set in the control panel.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-300 — 300)
Parameter Number:	6155	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.9.1.6 Torque Reference

Shows the value of the current torque reference in the reference chain in % of nominal motor torque.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-300 — 300)
Parameter Number:	6152	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 5.9.1.7 Torque Reference Final

Shows the value of the final torque reference given to the motor controller in % of nominal motor torque.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-300 — 300)
Parameter Number:	6154	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.9.1.8 Logic Torque Reference

Shows Logic torque reference.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-300 — 300)
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Parameter Number:	21111	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.8.2.11 Group 5.12.1 Mechanical Brake Control Status

P 5.12.1.1 Mechanical Brake Status Word

Shows the mechanical brake status word.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	3016	Unit:	–
Data Type:	WORD	Access Type:	Read Only

Table 105: Status Word Description

Bit Number	Bit Name	Description
0	Enabled	Mechanical brake is enabled by a parameter.
1	Start	A start signal is provided to mechanical brake control.
2	Brake open feedback signal	Brake feedback is enabled and brake open is active.
3	Brake close feedback	Brake feedback is enabled and brake closed is active.
4–8	N/A	
9	Brake slip error	A higher slip than the defined limit has been detected in the mechanical brake.
10	Brake feedback state error	Brake feedback is in the wrong state.
11	Priming	The required release torque could not be generated.
12	Brake release timeout	Feedback is enabled but brake open feedback was not provided during brake release time.
13	Brake close timeout	Feedback is enabled but brake close feedback was not provided during brake close time.
14	BrakeCtrl active	Brake control is either in progress of opening or closing brake.
15	Brake open	Brake control has activated digital output.

P 5.12.1.2 Mechanical Brake State

Shows the state of the mechanical brake controller.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 32767)
Parameter Number:	3017	Unit:	–
Data Type:	INT	Access Type:	Read Only

P 5.12.1.3 Brake Release Time Detected

Shows the time from brake release until load change is detected, where motor takes over the load from mechanical brake.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	3041	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

8.8.2.12 Group 6.1.1 Maintenance & Service

P 6.1.1.1 Last Fault Number

Shows the number of the most recent active fault.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 65535)
Parameter Number:	1610	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read Only

P 6.1.1.2 Last Warning Number

Shows the number of the most recent active warning.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 65535)
Parameter Number:	1609	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read Only

P 6.1.1.3 Control Unit Temperature

Shows the temperature of the control unit.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-50 — 200)
Parameter Number:	2952	Unit:	°C
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

8.8.3 Group 6.2 Software Information

P 6.2.1 Application Version

Shows the version of the application software.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	151	Unit:	–
Data Type:	STRING	Access Type:	–

8.8.4 Events (Menu Index 6.4)

8.8.4.1 Group 6.4.3 Event Simulation

P 6.4.3.1 Simulate Event

Select a response to trigger a simulated event.

Default Value:	0 (No Action)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	1400	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	No Action	No event is triggered.
1	Response 1	Activate event response 1.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
2	Response 2	Activate event response 2.
3	Response 3	Activate event response 3.
4	Response 4	Activate event response 4.
5	Response 5	Activate event response 5.
6	Response 6	Activate event response 6.
7	Response 7	Activate event response 7.
8	Response 8	Activate event response 8.
9	Response 9	Activate event response 9.
10	Response 10	Activate event response 10.

P 6.4.3.2 Simulate Persisting Event

Select a response to trigger a persisting simulated event. Set back to 0 to allow a reset.

Default Value:	0 (No Action)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	1401	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	No Action	No event is triggered.
1	Response 1	Activate event response 1.
2	Response 2	Activate event response 2.
3	Response 3	Activate event response 3.
4	Response 4	Activate event response 4.
5	Response 5	Activate event response 5.
6	Response 6	Activate event response 6.
7	Response 7	Activate event response 7.
8	Response 8	Activate event response 8.
9	Response 9	Activate event response 9.
10	Response 10	Activate event response 10.

P 6.4.3.3 Simulate Event Number

Set the number of the event to be simulated.

Default Value:	5260	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 65535)
Parameter Number:	1402	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.8.4.2 Group 6.4.4 Auto Reset

The automatic reset function enables the resetting of events without the need for a manual reset operation. This function is enabled with parameter **6.4.4.1 Auto Reset**.

When the function is enabled, a timer starts when an event requiring a reset is first triggered. An automatic reset is attempted at the end of each time interval. If any event requiring a reset is still active, the automatic reset attempt does not succeed, and the timer continues running. Once the maximum number of automatic reset attempts is reached, the automatic reset function stops, and a manual reset is required to clear the events.

If all events are reset (through either an automatic or manual reset), the function resets the number of attempts and stops the timer. The next event to trigger will begin a new cycle.

NOTICE

Before activating any automatic fault reset functions or changing limit values, make sure that no dangerous situations can occur after restart. If the auto reset function is activated, the device connected to the drive output starts automatically after an automatic fault reset.

NOTICE

A small set of events cannot be reset by the auto reset functionality, either because of safety reasons or because the events are critical for the lifetime of the drive.

P 6.4.4.1 Auto Reset

Enable the automatic resetting of faults.

Default Value:	False	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	1405	Unit:	–
Data Type:	BOOL	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Disabled	Disables the function.
1	Enabled	Enables the function.

P 6.4.4.2 Auto Reset Max Attempts

Set the maximum number of automatic resets that is allowed before a manual reset is required. 0 means the drive will auto reset infinite times. Some events can not be auto reset due to hardware protection or for safety reasons.

Default Value:	3	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 20)
Parameter Number:	1406	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 6.4.4.3 Auto Reset Time Interval

Set the time interval from when an event happens to when it is automatically reset.

Default Value:	10	Parameter Type:	Range (1 — 600)
Parameter Number:	1407	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.8.5 Group 6.5 Operational Counters

P 6.5.1 Control Unit On Time

Shows the total operating time for the control unit.

Default Value:	0	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 4294967295)
Parameter Number:	2000	Unit:	h
Data Type:	UDINT	Access Type:	Read Only

P 6.5.2 Power Unit On Time

Shows the total operating time for the power unit. The counter only increments if the DC link is powered.

Default Value:	0	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 4294967295)
Parameter Number:	2001	Unit:	h
Data Type:	UDINT	Access Type:	Read Only

P 6.5.3 Energy Consumption

Shows the energy consumed.

Default Value:	0	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 4294967295)
Parameter Number:	2002	Unit:	kWh
Data Type:	UDINT	Access Type:	Read Only

P 6.5.4 Ground Faults

Shows the total number of ground faults.

Default Value:	0	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 50000)
Parameter Number:	2004	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read Only

P 6.5.5 Overvoltage Faults

Shows the total number of overvoltage faults.

Default Value:	0	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 50000)
Parameter Number:	2005	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read Only

P 6.5.6 Overcurrent Faults

Shows the total number of overcurrent faults.

Default Value:	0	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 50000)
Parameter Number:	2006	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read Only

P 6.5.7 Short Circuit Faults

Shows the total number of short-circuit faults.

Default Value:	0	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 50000)
Parameter Number:	2007	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read Only

P 6.5.8 Number Of Starts

Shows the number of starts of the motor.

Default Value:	0	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 4294967295)
Parameter Number:	2008	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UDINT	Access Type:	Read Only

P 6.5.9 Active Running Hours

Shows the total number of active running hours of the motor.

Default Value:	0	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 4294967295)
Parameter Number:	2009	Unit:	h
Data Type:	UDINT	Access Type:	Read Only

P 6.5.10 Motor Operation Below 10 Hz

Shows the number of hours of running below 10 Hz output frequency. Low speed operation with full load may decrease motor lifetime.

Default Value:	0	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 4294967295)
Parameter Number:	2010	Unit:	h
Data Type:	UDINT	Access Type:	Read Only

8.8.6 Group 6.7 Backup & Restore

S 6.7.1 Backup

Create a backup of parameters.

For instructions on how to create a backup using the control panel, see [5.2.14.1 Making a System Backup Using the Control Panel](#).

For instructions on how to create a backup using MyDrive® Insight, see [5.3.3.2 Backing up the Drive](#).

S 6.7.2 Restore

Restore parameters from a backup or to factory settings.

For instructions on how to restore the system configuration using the control panel, see [5.2.14.2 Restoring the System Configuration Using the Control Panel](#).

For instructions on how to restore the system configuration using MyDrive® Insight, see [5.3.3.3 Restoring the Backup to the Drive](#).

S 6.7.3 Existing Backups

Shows the existing backups of the parameters.

8.8.7 Group 6.8 Preventive Maintenance

8.8.7.1 Setting Up Preventive Maintenance

When setting up the parameters with the control panel or MyDrive Insight, the parameters are grouped in screens as shown in the following picture.

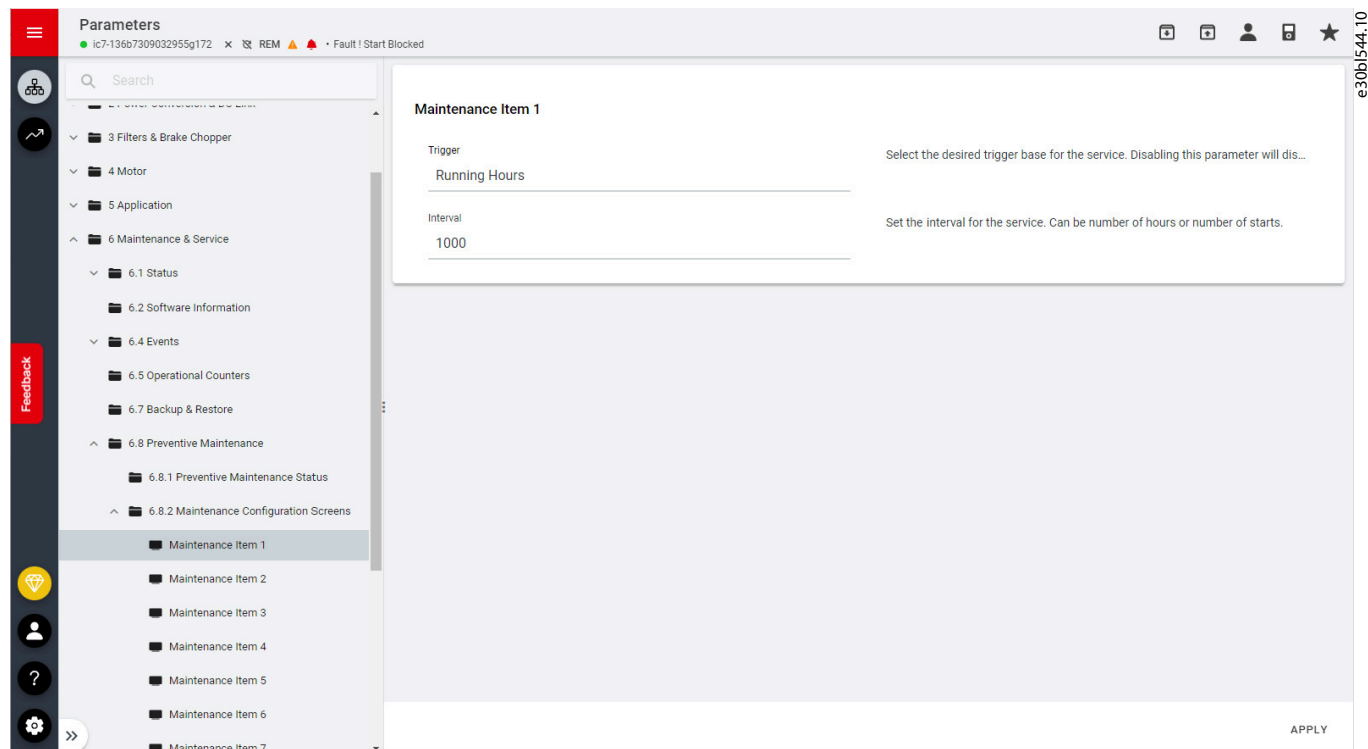


Figure 134: Preventive Maintenance Parameters in MyDrive Insight

1. Define the maintenance *Trigger Type*.

Select how the need for maintenance is determined. There are 4 trigger types:

- Disabled (default)
- Running Hours (the running hours of the motor)
- Operation Hours (the running hours of the drive)
- Number of Starts

2. Define the maintenance *Interval*. The interval is the number of hours or number of motor starts after which maintenance is called for.

3. Press *Apply* to finish setting the parameters.

When a need for maintenance is triggered, the drive issues a warning and shows the maintenance request in MyDrive Insight and on the control panel.

To remove the maintenance request, the notification must be acknowledged by clicking *OK* in MyDrive Insight or pressing the *[OK]* button on the control panel. Acknowledging removes the warning and schedules a new service trigger with the same values (for example, 1000 running hours).

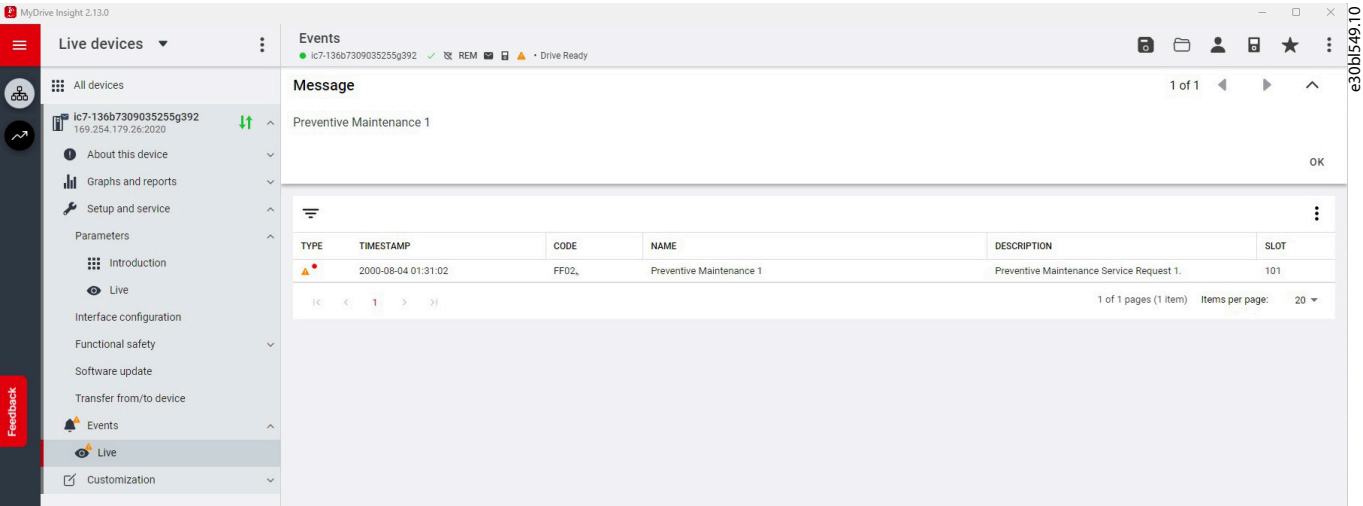


Figure 135: Maintenance Warning in MyDrive Insight

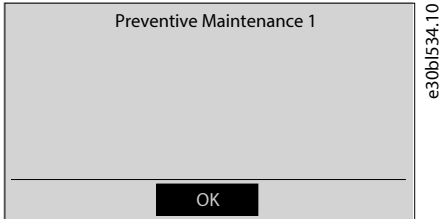


Figure 136: Maintenance Warning on the Control Panel

8.8.7.2 Group 6.8.1 Preventive Maintenance Status

P 6.8.1.1 Preventive Maintenance status word

Shows the current status of the preventive maintenance services. Bit 0 represents item 1, bit 1 represents item 2, and so on.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 65535)
Parameter Number:	7042	Unit:	—
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read Only

P 6.8.1.2 Preventive Maintenance acknowledge word

Acknowledge a preventive maintenance service request. To acknowledge request 1, set bit 0, for request 2, set bit 1, and so on. The bits are automatically reset.

Default Value:	0	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 65535)
Parameter Number:	7043	Unit:	—
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.8.7.3 Maintenance Request Notification and Acknowledging by Fieldbus

Preventive maintenance triggers and maintenance interval parameters can be set via the fieldbus with these parameters:

Table 106: Fieldbus Trigger Parameters

Parameter name	Parameter number
Preventive Maintenance Trigger 1	7002
Preventive Maintenance Trigger 2	7026

Table 106: Fieldbus Trigger Parameters - (continued)

Parameter name	Parameter number
Preventive Maintenance Trigger 3	7013
Preventive Maintenance Trigger 4	7014
Preventive Maintenance Trigger 5	7029
Preventive Maintenance Trigger 6	7031
Preventive Maintenance Trigger 7	7032
Preventive Maintenance Trigger 8	7033
Preventive Maintenance Trigger 9	7034
Preventive Maintenance Trigger 10	7035

Table 107: Fieldbus Maintenance Interval Parameters

Parameter name	Parameter number
Preventive Maintenance Interval 1	7003
Preventive Maintenance Interval 2	7025
Preventive Maintenance Interval 3	7017
Preventive Maintenance Interval 4	7018
Preventive Maintenance Interval 5	7019
Preventive Maintenance Interval 6	7037
Preventive Maintenance Interval 7	7038
Preventive Maintenance Interval 8	7039
Preventive Maintenance Interval 9	7040
Preventive Maintenance Interval 10	7041

The maintenance request can also be read via the fieldbus with the *Preventive Maintenance Status Word (No. 7042)* parameter. The bits of the word represent each of the 10 maintenance items.

Table 108: Preventive Maintenance Status Word Parameter

Bit	Description
0	Service request item 1
1	Service request item 2
2	Service request item 3
3	Service request item 4
4	Service request item 5
5	Service request item 6
6	Service request item 7
7	Service request item 8
8	Service request item 9
9	Service request item 10

The requests can be acknowledged via the fieldbus with the *Preventive Maintenance Acknowledge Word (No. 7043)* parameter. The bits of the word in the parameter represent each of the 10 maintenance items in the same way.

8.8.8 Group 6.10 Expert Tools

8.8.8.1 Group 6.10.2 Cyber Security

P 6.10.2.1 Max. Login Attempts

Set the maximum number of failed login attempts before logout.

Default Value:	10	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 255)
Parameter Number:	5900	Unit:	–
Data Type:	USINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 6.10.2.2 Login Cooldown Time

Set the time period during which all login attempts are blocked after an excessive number of failed attempts.

Default Value:	5	Parameter Type:	Range (1 — 1440)
Parameter Number:	5901	Unit:	min
Data Type:	UDINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 6.10.2.3 Security Event Log IP

Set the IP address of the server to which a security event is logged.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	5902	Unit:	–
Data Type:	STRING	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 6.10.2.4 Security Event Log Port

Set the server port used for security event log transmissions.

Default Value:	6514	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 65535)
Parameter Number:	5903	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 6.10.2.5 System Use Notification

Enter the system use notification message that is displayed on the login screen.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	5908	Unit:	–
Data Type:	STRING	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 6.10.2.6 HMI inactivity time

Set the HMI session inactivity timeout in minutes. If the logged-in HMI session is inactive longer than this value, the user is automatically logged out. 0 disables the timeout.

Default Value:	5	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 1440)
Parameter Number:	5909	Unit:	min

Data Type:	UDINT	Access Type:	Read/Write
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8.8.8.2 Group 6.10.3 Troubleshooting

P 6.10.3.2 Save Diagnostic Log

Select whether to save internal logs persistently for debugging. It is important to disable this parameter when troubleshooting is complete.

Default Value:	False	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	5905	Unit:	–
Data Type:	BOOL	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Disabled	Disables the function.
1	Enabled	Enables the function.

P 6.10.3.3 Service Access

Temporarily enable special debug or service interfaces for maintenance. Automatically disabled after power cycle. Use with care: May expose sensitive functions and information.

Default Value:	0 (Disabled)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	5906	Unit:	–
Data Type:	USINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Disabled	Disables the function.
1	Enabled	Enables the function.

8.9 Group 7 Functional Safety

8.9.1 Functional Safety Overview

NOTICE

Select and apply the components in the safety control system appropriately to achieve the required level of operational safety. Before integrating and using STO in an installation, carry out a thorough risk analysis on the installation to determine whether the STO functionality and safety levels are appropriate and sufficient.

This parameter group contains non-safety-related parameters. They are used to configure the behavior of the drive after a functional safety event (for example, STO). Refer to the *Functional Safety Operating Guide* for more information.

8.9.2 Group 7.1 Status

P 7.1.1 Functional Safety Status Word

Shows the functional safety status word.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	4024	Unit:	–
Data Type:	WORD	Access Type:	Read Only

8.9.3 Group 7.2 Basic Settings

P 7.2.1 Startup Acknowledge Input

Select the input for acknowledging a safe startup.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	9922	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 7.2.2 I/O Failure Acknowledge Input

Select the input for acknowledging a safe I/O failure.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	9921	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

8.9.4 Safe Torque Off (STO)

The Safe Torque Off (STO) function is a component in a safety control system. STO prevents the unit from generating the power required to rotate the motor. The iC7 drives are available with:

- Safe Torque Off (STO), as defined by EN IEC 61800-5-2.
- Stop category 0, as defined in EN 60204-1.

STO activation

The STO function is activated by removing the voltages at the STO inputs of the drive. By connecting the frequency converter to external safety devices providing a safe delay, an installation for a Safe Stop 1 can be obtained. External safety devices must fulfill the required Cat./PL or SIL when connected to STO inputs.

With default settings, the drive issues a fault, trips the unit, and coasts the motor to a stop when the STO function is activated. A manual restart is required to continue operation. Use the STO function to stop the drive when a safety function is required. In normal operating mode when STO is not required, use the standard stop function instead.

8.9.5 Group 7.3 STO

P 7.3.1 Safe Torque Off Response

Select the response and the restart behavior of the drive when safe torque off (STO) is activated. In all cases the motor is coasted and an unintended restart is prevented during the STO request.

Default Value:	14 (Fault)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	9910	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
15	Warning	The drive issues a warning.
14	Fault	The drive issues a fault and coasts the motor.

P 7.3.2 Safe Torque Off Output

Select an output for signaling the activation of Safe Torque Off.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	9911	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

P 7.3.3 Safe Torque Off Acknowledge Input

Select the input for acknowledging Safe Torque Off.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	9920	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

Selection lists with inputs and/or outputs consist of the name of the hardware option and the numbers of the terminals. For example, terminal number 13 of the Basic I/O is called Basic I/O T13 in the selection list. For more information on selecting inputs and outputs, see [8.2.5 I/O Addressing](#).

8.9.6 Terminating STO and Resuming Normal Operation

1. Reapply the 24 V DC supply to safe inputs.
2. Give a reset signal (via fieldbus, digital I/O, or the control panel).

Set the STO function to restart automatically by setting the value of parameter **7.3.1 Safe Torque Off Response** from the default value **Fault (Manual reset)** to the value **Warning (Automatic reset)**. Automatic reset means that STO is terminated and normal operation is resumed when the 24 V DC is applied to STO inputs. No reset signal is required.

8.9.7 Group 7.4 SS1

P 7.4.1 Safe Stop 1 Response

Select the response if there is a Safe Stop 1 event (Only available with safety module).

Default Value:	0 (No response)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	9901	Unit:	–

Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write
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The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	No response	The drive detects that Safe Stop is activated, but relies on external action to stop. If no action is taken, a fault is generated.
1	Stop with Safe Ramp	The drive detects that Safe Stop is activated and ramps down using the configured ramp. If unsuccessful, a fault is generated.

P 7.4.3 Safe Deceleration Ramp

Set Deceleration Ramp if there is a Safe Stop event (Only available with safety module).

Default Value:	0	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 10000)
Parameter Number:	9900	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.10 Group 8 Device Settings

8.10.1 Device Settings Overview

This parameter group contains parameters for customizing and adapting the behavior of the drive and user interface design.

8.10.2 Group 8.1 Status

P 8.1.1 Date & Time

Shows the current system time and date.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	2799	Unit:	–
Data Type:	DATE_AND_TIME	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 8.1.2 Active NTP Server

Shows the active network time protocol (NTP) server.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	6230	Unit:	–
Data Type:	STRING	Access Type:	Read Only

P 8.1.3 Last Time Received (NTP)

Shows the last time received from a network time protocol server.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	6235	Unit:	–
Data Type:	DATE_AND_TIME	Access Type:	Read Only

8.10.3 Group 8.2 Units

P 8.2.2 Unit Selection

Select the unit system used.

Default Value:	*	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2801	Unit:	–
Data Type:	USINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	SI (metric units)	International system of units.
1	USCS (United States customary units)	United States customary units.

P 8.2.3 Speed Unit

Select the speed unit.

Default Value:	1 (RPM)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2813	Unit:	–
Data Type:	USINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Hz	Use Hz as speed unit.
1	RPM	Use RPM as speed unit.

8.10.4 Group 8.3 Control Panel

S 8.3.1.1 Language

S 8.3.1.2 Brightness & Contrast

S 8.3.1.3 Time & Date Settings

General control panel date and time settings.

Set the system time zone, and select the date and time format to be shown on the control panel.

8.10.4.1 Group 8.3.2 Status Line

P 8.3.2.1 Status Line Left

Select the parameter for the left field in the status line.

Default Value:	65001 (Actual Output Value)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	4332	Unit:	–

Data Type:	UDINT	Access Type:	Read/Write
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The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	None	Nothing selected.
65001	Actual Output Value	Shows the actual output value depending on the operation mode.
65002	Actual Reference Value	Shows the actual setpoint value depending on the operation mode.
9011	Motor Speed	Shows the actual motor speed.
9000	Motor Current	Shows the actual motor current.
9010	Motor Shaft Speed	Shows the shaft speed in RPM.
9009	Motor Torque	Shows the actual motor torque.
1708	Relative Motor Torque	Shows the motor torque in % of the nominal motor torque.
9005	Motor Voltage	Shows the actual motor voltage.
9008	Motor Shaft Power	Shows the actual power at the motor shaft.
674	Load Drooping Speed	Shows the load drooping speed.
1718	Speed Reference	Shows the speed reference.
6151	Final Speed Reference	Shows the value of the speed reference before feeding it to the speed controller.
6153	Control Panel Speed Reference	Shows the value of the speed reference given from the control panel.
6155	Local Torque Reference	Shows the local torque reference set in the control panel.
9007	Feedback Speed	Shows the feedback speed.
9044	DC-link Voltage	Shows the actual DC-link voltage.
9041	Grid Frequency	Shows the actual grid frequency.
9040	Line-To-Line Voltage (RMS)	Shows the average line-to-line voltage (RMS).
9048	L1-L2 Line Voltage (RMS)	Shows the L1-L2 line voltage (RMS).
9049	L2-L3 Line Voltage (RMS)	Shows the L2-L3 line voltage (RMS).
9050	L3-L1 Line Voltage (RMS)	Shows the L3-L1 line voltage (RMS).
9047	Grid Voltage Imbalance	Shows the grid voltage imbalance in %. A value greater than 3% may indicate grid problems.
729	Actual Position	Shows the actual position in position units.
2950	Heat Sink Temperature	Shows the temperature of the power unit heat sink.
2952	Control Unit Temperature	Shows the temperature of the control unit.
737	Actual Position Error	Shows the position error (difference between actual position and demanded position).
741	Position Demanded	Shows the demanded position (output of the profile generator).
736	Target Position	Shows the target position in position units.
350	Master Position	Shows the actual position of the master in position units.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
881	Touch Probe 1 Recorded Position	Shows the recorded actual position at the latest touch probe 1 event.
882	Touch Probe 1 Counter	Shows the number of detected touch probe 1 events since the counter was reset.
894	Touch Probe 2 Recorded Position	Shows the recorded actual position at the latest touch probe 2 event.
895	Touch Probe 2 Counter	Shows the number of detected touch probe 2 events since the counter was reset.
896	Touch Probe Distance	Shows the distance between the events at source B and source A. The value is updated at the event of source B.
897	Distance Measurement Counter	Shows a continuous counter which is incremented with each event of a distance calculation. The counter starts from 0 and wraps around when exceeding 65535. The counter is reset to 0 when a source selection is set to Disabled.
9013	Superimposed Actual Distance	Shows the actual covered distance of an active superimposed movement. The value is reset a every start of a superimposed movement.
21091	Logic Running Mode	Select the running mode for Logic.
21094	Logic State	Shows the current active state in Logic.
21095	Logic Time In Current State	Shows the time that the current state in Logic has been active.
9015	Output Frequency	Shows the output frequency.
2009	Active Running Hours	Shows the total number of active running hours of the motor.
2002	Energy Consumption	Shows the energy consumed.

P 8.3.2.2 Status Line Right

Select the parameter for the right field in the status line.

Default Value:	65002 (Actual Reference Value)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	4331	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UDINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	None	Nothing selected.
65001	Actual Output Value	Shows the actual output value depending on the operation mode.
65002	Actual Reference Value	Shows the actual setpoint value depending on the operation mode.
9011	Motor Speed	Shows the actual motor speed.
9000	Motor Current	Shows the actual motor current.
9010	Motor Shaft Speed	Shows the shaft speed in RPM.
9009	Motor Torque	Shows the actual motor torque.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
1708	Relative Motor Torque	Shows the motor torque in % of the nominal motor torque.
9005	Motor Voltage	Shows the actual motor voltage.
9008	Motor Shaft Power	Shows the actual power at the motor shaft.
674	Load Drooping Speed	Shows the load drooping speed.
1718	Speed Reference	Shows the speed reference.
6151	Final Speed Reference	Shows the value of the speed reference before feeding it to the speed controller.
6153	Control Panel Speed Reference	Shows the value of the speed reference given from the control panel.
6155	Local Torque Reference	Shows the local torque reference set in the control panel.
9007	Feedback Speed	Shows the feedback speed.
9044	DC-link Voltage	Shows the actual DC-link voltage.
9041	Grid Frequency	Shows the actual grid frequency.
9040	Line-To-Line Voltage (RMS)	Shows the average line-to-line voltage (RMS).
9048	L1-L2 Line Voltage (RMS)	Shows the L1-L2 line voltage (RMS).
9049	L2-L3 Line Voltage (RMS)	Shows the L2-L3 line voltage (RMS).
9050	L3-L1 Line Voltage (RMS)	Shows the L3-L1 line voltage (RMS).
9047	Grid Voltage Imbalance	Shows the grid voltage imbalance in %. A value greater than 3% may indicate grid problems.
729	Actual Position	Shows the actual position in position units.
2950	Heat Sink Temperature	Shows the temperature of the power unit heat sink.
2952	Control Unit Temperature	Shows the temperature of the control unit.
737	Actual Position Error	Shows the position error (difference between actual position and demanded position).
741	Position Demanded	Shows the demanded position (output of the profile generator).
736	Target Position	Shows the target position in position units.
350	Master Position	Shows the actual position of the master in position units.
881	Touch Probe 1 Recorded Position	Shows the recorded actual position at the latest touch probe 1 event.
882	Touch Probe 1 Counter	Shows the number of detected touch probe 1 events since the counter was reset.
894	Touch Probe 2 Recorded Position	Shows the recorded actual position at the latest touch probe 2 event.
895	Touch Probe 2 Counter	Shows the number of detected touch probe 2 events since the counter was reset.
896	Touch Probe Distance	Shows the distance between the events at source B and source A. The value is updated at the event of source B.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
897	Distance Measurement Counter	Shows a continuous counter which is incremented with each event of a distance calculation. The counter starts from 0 and wraps around when exceeding 65535. The counter is reset to 0 when a source selection is set to Disabled.
9013	Superimposed Actual Distance	Shows the actual covered distance of an active superimposed movement. The value is reset a every start of a superimposed movement.
21091	Logic Running Mode	Select the running mode for Logic.
21094	Logic State	Shows the current active state in Logic.
21095	Logic Time In Current State	Shows the time that the current state in Logic has been active.
9015	Output Frequency	Shows the output frequency.
2009	Active Running Hours	Shows the total number of active running hours of the motor.
2002	Energy Consumption	Shows the energy consumed.

P 8.3.2.3 Status Line Center

Select the parameter for the center field in the status line.

Default Value:	9008 (Motor Shaft Power)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	4333	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UDINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	None	Nothing selected.
65001	Actual Output Value	Shows the actual output value depending on the operation mode.
65002	Actual Reference Value	Shows the actual setpoint value depending on the operation mode.
9011	Motor Speed	Shows the actual motor speed.
9000	Motor Current	Shows the actual motor current.
9010	Motor Shaft Speed	Shows the shaft speed in RPM.
9009	Motor Torque	Shows the actual motor torque.
1708	Relative Motor Torque	Shows the motor torque in % of the nominal motor torque.
9005	Motor Voltage	Shows the actual motor voltage.
9008	Motor Shaft Power	Shows the actual power at the motor shaft.
674	Load Drooping Speed	Shows the load drooping speed.
1718	Speed Reference	Shows the speed reference.
6151	Final Speed Reference	Shows the value of the speed reference before feeding it to the speed controller.
6153	Control Panel Speed Reference	Shows the value of the speed reference given from the control panel.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
6155	Local Torque Reference	Shows the local torque reference set in the control panel.
9007	Feedback Speed	Shows the feedback speed.
9044	DC-link Voltage	Shows the actual DC-link voltage.
9041	Grid Frequency	Shows the actual grid frequency.
9040	Line-To-Line Voltage (RMS)	Shows the average line-to-line voltage (RMS).
9048	L1-L2 Line Voltage (RMS)	Shows the L1-L2 line voltage (RMS).
9049	L2-L3 Line Voltage (RMS)	Shows the L2-L3 line voltage (RMS).
9050	L3-L1 Line Voltage (RMS)	Shows the L3-L1 line voltage (RMS).
9047	Grid Voltage Imbalance	Shows the grid voltage imbalance in %. A value greater than 3% may indicate grid problems.
729	Actual Position	Shows the actual position in position units.
2950	Heat Sink Temperature	Shows the temperature of the power unit heat sink.
2952	Control Unit Temperature	Shows the temperature of the control unit.
737	Actual Position Error	Shows the position error (difference between actual position and demanded position).
741	Position Demanded	Shows the demanded position (output of the profile generator).
736	Target Position	Shows the target position in position units.
350	Master Position	Shows the actual position of the master in position units.
881	Touch Probe 1 Recorded Position	Shows the recorded actual position at the latest touch probe 1 event.
882	Touch Probe 1 Counter	Shows the number of detected touch probe 1 events since the counter was reset.
894	Touch Probe 2 Recorded Position	Shows the recorded actual position at the latest touch probe 2 event.
895	Touch Probe 2 Counter	Shows the number of detected touch probe 2 events since the counter was reset.
896	Touch Probe Distance	Shows the distance between the events at source B and source A. The value is updated at the event of source B.
897	Distance Measurement Counter	Shows a continuous counter which is incremented with each event of a distance calculation. The counter starts from 0 and wraps around when exceeding 65535. The counter is reset to 0 when a source selection is set to Disabled.
9013	Superimposed Actual Distance	Shows the actual covered distance of an active superimposed movement. The value is reset a every start of a superimposed movement.
21091	Logic Running Mode	Select the running mode for Logic.
21094	Logic State	Shows the current active state in Logic.
21095	Logic Time In Current State	Shows the time that the current state in Logic has been active.
9015	Output Frequency	Shows the output frequency.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
2009	Active Running Hours	Shows the total number of active running hours of the motor.
2002	Energy Consumption	Shows the energy consumed.

8.10.4.2 Group 8.3.3 Status Screen 1

P 8.3.3.1 Status Value 1.1

Select the parameter for status value 1.1.

Default Value:	65001 (Actual Output Value)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	300	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UDINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	None	Nothing selected.
65001	Actual Output Value	Shows the actual output value depending on the operation mode.
65002	Actual Reference Value	Shows the actual setpoint value depending on the operation mode.
9011	Motor Speed	Shows the actual motor speed.
9000	Motor Current	Shows the actual motor current.
9010	Motor Shaft Speed	Shows the shaft speed in RPM.
9009	Motor Torque	Shows the actual motor torque.
1708	Relative Motor Torque	Shows the motor torque in % of the nominal motor torque.
9005	Motor Voltage	Shows the actual motor voltage.
9008	Motor Shaft Power	Shows the actual power at the motor shaft.
674	Load Drooping Speed	Shows the load drooping speed.
1718	Speed Reference	Shows the speed reference.
6151	Final Speed Reference	Shows the value of the speed reference before feeding it to the speed controller.
6153	Control Panel Speed Reference	Shows the value of the speed reference given from the control panel.
6155	Local Torque Reference	Shows the local torque reference set in the control panel.
9007	Feedback Speed	Shows the feedback speed.
9044	DC-link Voltage	Shows the actual DC-link voltage.
9041	Grid Frequency	Shows the actual grid frequency.
9040	Line-To-Line Voltage (RMS)	Shows the average line-to-line voltage (RMS).
9048	L1-L2 Line Voltage (RMS)	Shows the L1-L2 line voltage (RMS).
9049	L2-L3 Line Voltage (RMS)	Shows the L2-L3 line voltage (RMS).
9050	L3-L1 Line Voltage (RMS)	Shows the L3-L1 line voltage (RMS).

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
9047	Grid Voltage Imbalance	Shows the grid voltage imbalance in %. A value greater than 3% may indicate grid problems.
729	Actual Position	Shows the actual position in position units.
2950	Heat Sink Temperature	Shows the temperature of the power unit heat sink.
2952	Control Unit Temperature	Shows the temperature of the control unit.
737	Actual Position Error	Shows the position error (difference between actual position and demanded position).
741	Position Demanded	Shows the demanded position (output of the profile generator).
736	Target Position	Shows the target position in position units.
350	Master Position	Shows the actual position of the master in position units.
881	Touch Probe 1 Recorded Position	Shows the recorded actual position at the latest touch probe 1 event.
882	Touch Probe 1 Counter	Shows the number of detected touch probe 1 events since the counter was reset.
894	Touch Probe 2 Recorded Position	Shows the recorded actual position at the latest touch probe 2 event.
895	Touch Probe 2 Counter	Shows the number of detected touch probe 2 events since the counter was reset.
896	Touch Probe Distance	Shows the distance between the events at source B and source A. The value is updated at the event of source B.
897	Distance Measurement Counter	Shows a continuous counter which is incremented with each event of a distance calculation. The counter starts from 0 and wraps around when exceeding 65535. The counter is reset to 0 when a source selection is set to Disabled.
9013	Superimposed Actual Distance	Shows the actual covered distance of an active superimposed movement. The value is reset a every start of a superimposed movement.
21091	Logic Running Mode	Select the running mode for Logic.
21094	Logic State	Shows the current active state in Logic.
21095	Logic Time In Current State	Shows the time that the current state in Logic has been active.
9015	Output Frequency	Shows the output frequency.
2009	Active Running Hours	Shows the total number of active running hours of the motor.
2002	Energy Consumption	Shows the energy consumed.

P 8.3.3.2 Status Value 1.2

Select the parameter for status value 1.2.

Default Value:	0 (None)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	301	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UDINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	None	Nothing selected.
9011	Motor Speed	Shows the actual motor speed.
9000	Motor Current	Shows the actual motor current.
9010	Motor Shaft Speed	Shows the shaft speed in RPM.
9009	Motor Torque	Shows the actual motor torque.
1708	Relative Motor Torque	Shows the motor torque in % of the nominal motor torque.
9005	Motor Voltage	Shows the actual motor voltage.
9008	Motor Shaft Power	Shows the actual power at the motor shaft.
674	Load Drooping Speed	Shows the load drooping speed.
1718	Speed Reference	Shows the speed reference.
6151	Final Speed Reference	Shows the value of the speed reference before feeding it to the speed controller.
6153	Control Panel Speed Reference	Shows the value of the speed reference given from the control panel.
6155	Local Torque Reference	Shows the local torque reference set in the control panel.
9007	Feedback Speed	Shows the feedback speed.
9044	DC-link Voltage	Shows the actual DC-link voltage.
9041	Grid Frequency	Shows the actual grid frequency.
9040	Line-To-Line Voltage (RMS)	Shows the average line-to-line voltage (RMS).
9048	L1-L2 Line Voltage (RMS)	Shows the L1-L2 line voltage (RMS).
9049	L2-L3 Line Voltage (RMS)	Shows the L2-L3 line voltage (RMS).
9050	L3-L1 Line Voltage (RMS)	Shows the L3-L1 line voltage (RMS).
9047	Grid Voltage Imbalance	Shows the grid voltage imbalance in %. A value greater than 3% may indicate grid problems.
729	Actual Position	Shows the actual position in position units.
2950	Heat Sink Temperature	Shows the temperature of the power unit heat sink.
2952	Control Unit Temperature	Shows the temperature of the control unit.
737	Actual Position Error	Shows the position error (difference between actual position and demanded position).
741	Position Demanded	Shows the demanded position (output of the profile generator).
736	Target Position	Shows the target position in position units.
350	Master Position	Shows the actual position of the master in position units.
881	Touch Probe 1 Recorded Position	Shows the recorded actual position at the latest touch probe 1 event.
882	Touch Probe 1 Counter	Shows the number of detected touch probe 1 events since the counter was reset.
894	Touch Probe 2 Recorded Position	Shows the recorded actual position at the latest touch probe 2 event.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
895	Touch Probe 2 Counter	Shows the number of detected touch probe 2 events since the counter was reset.
896	Touch Probe Distance	Shows the distance between the events at source B and source A. The value is updated at the event of source B.
897	Distance Measurement Counter	Shows a continuous counter which is incremented with each event of a distance calculation. The counter starts from 0 and wraps around when exceeding 65535. The counter is reset to 0 when a source selection is set to Disabled.
9013	Superimposed Actual Distance	Shows the actual covered distance of an active superimposed movement. The value is reset a every start of a superimposed movement.
21091	Logic Running Mode	Select the running mode for Logic.
21094	Logic State	Shows the current active state in Logic.
21095	Logic Time In Current State	Shows the time that the current state in Logic has been active.
9015	Output Frequency	Shows the output frequency.
2009	Active Running Hours	Shows the total number of active running hours of the motor.
2002	Energy Consumption	Shows the energy consumed.

P 8.3.3.3 Status Value 1.3

Select the parameter for status value 1.3.

Default Value:	0 (None)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	302	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UDINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	None	Nothing selected.
9011	Motor Speed	Shows the actual motor speed.
9000	Motor Current	Shows the actual motor current.
9010	Motor Shaft Speed	Shows the shaft speed in RPM.
9009	Motor Torque	Shows the actual motor torque.
1708	Relative Motor Torque	Shows the motor torque in % of the nominal motor torque.
9005	Motor Voltage	Shows the actual motor voltage.
9008	Motor Shaft Power	Shows the actual power at the motor shaft.
674	Load Drooping Speed	Shows the load drooping speed.
1718	Speed Reference	Shows the speed reference.
6151	Final Speed Reference	Shows the value of the speed reference before feeding it to the speed controller.
6153	Control Panel Speed Reference	Shows the value of the speed reference given from the control panel.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
6155	Local Torque Reference	Shows the local torque reference set in the control panel.
9007	Feedback Speed	Shows the feedback speed.
9044	DC-link Voltage	Shows the actual DC-link voltage.
9041	Grid Frequency	Shows the actual grid frequency.
9040	Line-To-Line Voltage (RMS)	Shows the average line-to-line voltage (RMS).
9048	L1-L2 Line Voltage (RMS)	Shows the L1-L2 line voltage (RMS).
9049	L2-L3 Line Voltage (RMS)	Shows the L2-L3 line voltage (RMS).
9050	L3-L1 Line Voltage (RMS)	Shows the L3-L1 line voltage (RMS).
9047	Grid Voltage Imbalance	Shows the grid voltage imbalance in %. A value greater than 3% may indicate grid problems.
729	Actual Position	Shows the actual position in position units.
2950	Heat Sink Temperature	Shows the temperature of the power unit heat sink.
2952	Control Unit Temperature	Shows the temperature of the control unit.
737	Actual Position Error	Shows the position error (difference between actual position and demanded position).
741	Position Demanded	Shows the demanded position (output of the profile generator).
736	Target Position	Shows the target position in position units.
350	Master Position	Shows the actual position of the master in position units.
881	Touch Probe 1 Recorded Position	Shows the recorded actual position at the latest touch probe 1 event.
882	Touch Probe 1 Counter	Shows the number of detected touch probe 1 events since the counter was reset.
894	Touch Probe 2 Recorded Position	Shows the recorded actual position at the latest touch probe 2 event.
895	Touch Probe 2 Counter	Shows the number of detected touch probe 2 events since the counter was reset.
896	Touch Probe Distance	Shows the distance between the events at source B and source A. The value is updated at the event of source B.
897	Distance Measurement Counter	Shows a continuous counter which is incremented with each event of a distance calculation. The counter starts from 0 and wraps around when exceeding 65535. The counter is reset to 0 when a source selection is set to Disabled.
9013	Superimposed Actual Distance	Shows the actual covered distance of an active superimposed movement. The value is reset a every start of a superimposed movement.
21091	Logic Running Mode	Select the running mode for Logic.
21094	Logic State	Shows the current active state in Logic.
21095	Logic Time In Current State	Shows the time that the current state in Logic has been active.
9015	Output Frequency	Shows the output frequency.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
2009	Active Running Hours	Shows the total number of active running hours of the motor.
2002	Energy Consumption	Shows the energy consumed.

P 8.3.3.4 Status Value 1.4

Select the parameter for status value 1.4.

Default Value:	0 (None)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	303	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UDINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	None	Nothing selected.
9011	Motor Speed	Shows the actual motor speed.
9000	Motor Current	Shows the actual motor current.
9010	Motor Shaft Speed	Shows the shaft speed in RPM.
9009	Motor Torque	Shows the actual motor torque.
1708	Relative Motor Torque	Shows the motor torque in % of the nominal motor torque.
9005	Motor Voltage	Shows the actual motor voltage.
9008	Motor Shaft Power	Shows the actual power at the motor shaft.
674	Load Drooping Speed	Shows the load drooping speed.
1718	Speed Reference	Shows the speed reference.
6151	Final Speed Reference	Shows the value of the speed reference before feeding it to the speed controller.
6153	Control Panel Speed Reference	Shows the value of the speed reference given from the control panel.
6155	Local Torque Reference	Shows the local torque reference set in the control panel.
9007	Feedback Speed	Shows the feedback speed.
9044	DC-link Voltage	Shows the actual DC-link voltage.
9041	Grid Frequency	Shows the actual grid frequency.
9040	Line-To-Line Voltage (RMS)	Shows the average line-to-line voltage (RMS).
9048	L1-L2 Line Voltage (RMS)	Shows the L1-L2 line voltage (RMS).
9049	L2-L3 Line Voltage (RMS)	Shows the L2-L3 line voltage (RMS).
9050	L3-L1 Line Voltage (RMS)	Shows the L3-L1 line voltage (RMS).
9047	Grid Voltage Imbalance	Shows the grid voltage imbalance in %. A value greater than 3% may indicate grid problems.
729	Actual Position	Shows the actual position in position units.
2950	Heat Sink Temperature	Shows the temperature of the power unit heat sink.
2952	Control Unit Temperature	Shows the temperature of the control unit.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
737	Actual Position Error	Shows the position error (difference between actual position and demanded position).
741	Position Demanded	Shows the demanded position (output of the profile generator).
736	Target Position	Shows the target position in position units.
350	Master Position	Shows the actual position of the master in position units.
881	Touch Probe 1 Recorded Position	Shows the recorded actual position at the latest touch probe 1 event.
882	Touch Probe 1 Counter	Shows the number of detected touch probe 1 events since the counter was reset.
894	Touch Probe 2 Recorded Position	Shows the recorded actual position at the latest touch probe 2 event.
895	Touch Probe 2 Counter	Shows the number of detected touch probe 2 events since the counter was reset.
896	Touch Probe Distance	Shows the distance between the events at source B and source A. The value is updated at the event of source B.
897	Distance Measurement Counter	Shows a continuous counter which is incremented with each event of a distance calculation. The counter starts from 0 and wraps around when exceeding 65535. The counter is reset to 0 when a source selection is set to Disabled.
9013	Superimposed Actual Distance	Shows the actual covered distance of an active superimposed movement. The value is reset a every start of a superimposed movement.
21091	Logic Running Mode	Select the running mode for Logic.
21094	Logic State	Shows the current active state in Logic.
21095	Logic Time In Current State	Shows the time that the current state in Logic has been active.
9015	Output Frequency	Shows the output frequency.
2009	Active Running Hours	Shows the total number of active running hours of the motor.
2002	Energy Consumption	Shows the energy consumed.

P 8.3.3.5 Status Value 1.5

Select the parameter for status value 1.5.

Default Value:	0 (None)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	304	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UDINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	None	Nothing selected.
9011	Motor Speed	Shows the actual motor speed.
9000	Motor Current	Shows the actual motor current.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
9010	Motor Shaft Speed	Shows the shaft speed in RPM.
9009	Motor Torque	Shows the actual motor torque.
1708	Relative Motor Torque	Shows the motor torque in % of the nominal motor torque.
9005	Motor Voltage	Shows the actual motor voltage.
9008	Motor Shaft Power	Shows the actual power at the motor shaft.
674	Load Drooping Speed	Shows the load drooping speed.
1718	Speed Reference	Shows the speed reference.
6151	Final Speed Reference	Shows the value of the speed reference before feeding it to the speed controller.
6153	Control Panel Speed Reference	Shows the value of the speed reference given from the control panel.
6155	Local Torque Reference	Shows the local torque reference set in the control panel.
9007	Feedback Speed	Shows the feedback speed.
9044	DC-link Voltage	Shows the actual DC-link voltage.
9041	Grid Frequency	Shows the actual grid frequency.
9040	Line-To-Line Voltage (RMS)	Shows the average line-to-line voltage (RMS).
9048	L1-L2 Line Voltage (RMS)	Shows the L1-L2 line voltage (RMS).
9049	L2-L3 Line Voltage (RMS)	Shows the L2-L3 line voltage (RMS).
9050	L3-L1 Line Voltage (RMS)	Shows the L3-L1 line voltage (RMS).
9047	Grid Voltage Imbalance	Shows the grid voltage imbalance in %. A value greater than 3% may indicate grid problems.
729	Actual Position	Shows the actual position in position units.
2950	Heat Sink Temperature	Shows the temperature of the power unit heat sink.
2952	Control Unit Temperature	Shows the temperature of the control unit.
737	Actual Position Error	Shows the position error (difference between actual position and demanded position).
741	Position Demanded	Shows the demanded position (output of the profile generator).
736	Target Position	Shows the target position in position units.
350	Master Position	Shows the actual position of the master in position units.
881	Touch Probe 1 Recorded Position	Shows the recorded actual position at the latest touch probe 1 event.
882	Touch Probe 1 Counter	Shows the number of detected touch probe 1 events since the counter was reset.
894	Touch Probe 2 Recorded Position	Shows the recorded actual position at the latest touch probe 2 event.
895	Touch Probe 2 Counter	Shows the number of detected touch probe 2 events since the counter was reset.
896	Touch Probe Distance	Shows the distance between the events at source B and source A. The value is updated at the event of source B.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
897	Distance Measurement Counter	Shows a continuous counter which is incremented with each event of a distance calculation. The counter starts from 0 and wraps around when exceeding 65535. The counter is reset to 0 when a source selection is set to Disabled.
9013	Superimposed Actual Distance	Shows the actual covered distance of an active superimposed movement. The value is reset a every start of a superimposed movement.
21091	Logic Running Mode	Select the running mode for Logic.
21094	Logic State	Shows the current active state in Logic.
21095	Logic Time In Current State	Shows the time that the current state in Logic has been active.
9015	Output Frequency	Shows the output frequency.
2009	Active Running Hours	Shows the total number of active running hours of the motor.
2002	Energy Consumption	Shows the energy consumed.

8.10.4.3 Group 8.3.4 Status Screen 2

P 8.3.4.1 Status Value 2.1

Select the parameter for status value 2.1.

Default Value:	9010 (Motor Shaft Speed)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	310	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UDINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	None	Nothing selected.
9011	Motor Speed	Shows the actual motor speed.
9000	Motor Current	Shows the actual motor current.
9010	Motor Shaft Speed	Shows the shaft speed in RPM.
9009	Motor Torque	Shows the actual motor torque.
1708	Relative Motor Torque	Shows the motor torque in % of the nominal motor torque.
9005	Motor Voltage	Shows the actual motor voltage.
9008	Motor Shaft Power	Shows the actual power at the motor shaft.
674	Load Drooping Speed	Shows the load drooping speed.
1718	Speed Reference	Shows the speed reference.
6151	Final Speed Reference	Shows the value of the speed reference before feeding it to the speed controller.
6153	Control Panel Speed Reference	Shows the value of the speed reference given from the control panel.
6155	Local Torque Reference	Shows the local torque reference set in the control panel.
9007	Feedback Speed	Shows the feedback speed.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
9044	DC-link Voltage	Shows the actual DC-link voltage.
9041	Grid Frequency	Shows the actual grid frequency.
9040	Line-To-Line Voltage (RMS)	Shows the average line-to-line voltage (RMS).
9048	L1-L2 Line Voltage (RMS)	Shows the L1-L2 line voltage (RMS).
9049	L2-L3 Line Voltage (RMS)	Shows the L2-L3 line voltage (RMS).
9050	L3-L1 Line Voltage (RMS)	Shows the L3-L1 line voltage (RMS).
9047	Grid Voltage Imbalance	Shows the grid voltage imbalance in %. A value greater than 3% may indicate grid problems.
729	Actual Position	Shows the actual position in position units.
2950	Heat Sink Temperature	Shows the temperature of the power unit heat sink.
2952	Control Unit Temperature	Shows the temperature of the control unit.
737	Actual Position Error	Shows the position error (difference between actual position and demanded position).
741	Position Demanded	Shows the demanded position (output of the profile generator).
736	Target Position	Shows the target position in position units.
350	Master Position	Shows the actual position of the master in position units.
881	Touch Probe 1 Recorded Position	Shows the recorded actual position at the latest touch probe 1 event.
882	Touch Probe 1 Counter	Shows the number of detected touch probe 1 events since the counter was reset.
894	Touch Probe 2 Recorded Position	Shows the recorded actual position at the latest touch probe 2 event.
895	Touch Probe 2 Counter	Shows the number of detected touch probe 2 events since the counter was reset.
896	Touch Probe Distance	Shows the distance between the events at source B and source A. The value is updated at the event of source B.
897	Distance Measurement Counter	Shows a continuous counter which is incremented with each event of a distance calculation. The counter starts from 0 and wraps around when exceeding 65535. The counter is reset to 0 when a source selection is set to Disabled.
9013	Superimposed Actual Distance	Shows the actual covered distance of an active superimposed movement. The value is reset a every start of a superimposed movement.
21091	Logic Running Mode	Select the running mode for Logic.
21094	Logic State	Shows the current active state in Logic.
21095	Logic Time In Current State	Shows the time that the current state in Logic has been active.
9015	Output Frequency	Shows the output frequency.
2009	Active Running Hours	Shows the total number of active running hours of the motor.
2002	Energy Consumption	Shows the energy consumed.

P 8.3.4.2 Status Value 2.2

Select the parameter for status value 2.2.

Default Value:	9009 (Motor Torque)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	311	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UDINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	None	Nothing selected.
9011	Motor Speed	Shows the actual motor speed.
9000	Motor Current	Shows the actual motor current.
9010	Motor Shaft Speed	Shows the shaft speed in RPM.
9009	Motor Torque	Shows the actual motor torque.
1708	Relative Motor Torque	Shows the motor torque in % of the nominal motor torque.
9005	Motor Voltage	Shows the actual motor voltage.
9008	Motor Shaft Power	Shows the actual power at the motor shaft.
674	Load Drooping Speed	Shows the load drooping speed.
1718	Speed Reference	Shows the speed reference.
6151	Final Speed Reference	Shows the value of the speed reference before feeding it to the speed controller.
6153	Control Panel Speed Reference	Shows the value of the speed reference given from the control panel.
6155	Local Torque Reference	Shows the local torque reference set in the control panel.
9007	Feedback Speed	Shows the feedback speed.
9044	DC-link Voltage	Shows the actual DC-link voltage.
9041	Grid Frequency	Shows the actual grid frequency.
9040	Line-To-Line Voltage (RMS)	Shows the average line-to-line voltage (RMS).
9048	L1-L2 Line Voltage (RMS)	Shows the L1-L2 line voltage (RMS).
9049	L2-L3 Line Voltage (RMS)	Shows the L2-L3 line voltage (RMS).
9050	L3-L1 Line Voltage (RMS)	Shows the L3-L1 line voltage (RMS).
9047	Grid Voltage Imbalance	Shows the grid voltage imbalance in %. A value greater than 3% may indicate grid problems.
729	Actual Position	Shows the actual position in position units.
2950	Heat Sink Temperature	Shows the temperature of the power unit heat sink.
2952	Control Unit Temperature	Shows the temperature of the control unit.
737	Actual Position Error	Shows the position error (difference between actual position and demanded position).
741	Position Demanded	Shows the demanded position (output of the profile generator).
736	Target Position	Shows the target position in position units.
350	Master Position	Shows the actual position of the master in position units.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
881	Touch Probe 1 Recorded Position	Shows the recorded actual position at the latest touch probe 1 event.
882	Touch Probe 1 Counter	Shows the number of detected touch probe 1 events since the counter was reset.
894	Touch Probe 2 Recorded Position	Shows the recorded actual position at the latest touch probe 2 event.
895	Touch Probe 2 Counter	Shows the number of detected touch probe 2 events since the counter was reset.
896	Touch Probe Distance	Shows the distance between the events at source B and source A. The value is updated at the event of source B.
897	Distance Measurement Counter	Shows a continuous counter which is incremented with each event of a distance calculation. The counter starts from 0 and wraps around when exceeding 65535. The counter is reset to 0 when a source selection is set to Disabled.
9013	Superimposed Actual Distance	Shows the actual covered distance of an active superimposed movement. The value is reset a every start of a superimposed movement.
21091	Logic Running Mode	Select the running mode for Logic.
21094	Logic State	Shows the current active state in Logic.
21095	Logic Time In Current State	Shows the time that the current state in Logic has been active.
9015	Output Frequency	Shows the output frequency.
2009	Active Running Hours	Shows the total number of active running hours of the motor.
2002	Energy Consumption	Shows the energy consumed.

P 8.3.4.3 Status Value 2.3

Select the parameter for status value 2.3.

Default Value:	9008 (Motor Shaft Power)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	312	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UDINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	None	Nothing selected.
9011	Motor Speed	Shows the actual motor speed.
9000	Motor Current	Shows the actual motor current.
9010	Motor Shaft Speed	Shows the shaft speed in RPM.
9009	Motor Torque	Shows the actual motor torque.
1708	Relative Motor Torque	Shows the motor torque in % of the nominal motor torque.
9005	Motor Voltage	Shows the actual motor voltage.
9008	Motor Shaft Power	Shows the actual power at the motor shaft.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
674	Load Drooping Speed	Shows the load drooping speed.
1718	Speed Reference	Shows the speed reference.
6151	Final Speed Reference	Shows the value of the speed reference before feeding it to the speed controller.
6153	Control Panel Speed Reference	Shows the value of the speed reference given from the control panel.
6155	Local Torque Reference	Shows the local torque reference set in the control panel.
9007	Feedback Speed	Shows the feedback speed.
9044	DC-link Voltage	Shows the actual DC-link voltage.
9041	Grid Frequency	Shows the actual grid frequency.
9040	Line-To-Line Voltage (RMS)	Shows the average line-to-line voltage (RMS).
9048	L1-L2 Line Voltage (RMS)	Shows the L1-L2 line voltage (RMS).
9049	L2-L3 Line Voltage (RMS)	Shows the L2-L3 line voltage (RMS).
9050	L3-L1 Line Voltage (RMS)	Shows the L3-L1 line voltage (RMS).
9047	Grid Voltage Imbalance	Shows the grid voltage imbalance in %. A value greater than 3% may indicate grid problems.
729	Actual Position	Shows the actual position in position units.
2950	Heat Sink Temperature	Shows the temperature of the power unit heat sink.
2952	Control Unit Temperature	Shows the temperature of the control unit.
737	Actual Position Error	Shows the position error (difference between actual position and demanded position).
741	Position Demanded	Shows the demanded position (output of the profile generator).
736	Target Position	Shows the target position in position units.
350	Master Position	Shows the actual position of the master in position units.
881	Touch Probe 1 Recorded Position	Shows the recorded actual position at the latest touch probe 1 event.
882	Touch Probe 1 Counter	Shows the number of detected touch probe 1 events since the counter was reset.
894	Touch Probe 2 Recorded Position	Shows the recorded actual position at the latest touch probe 2 event.
895	Touch Probe 2 Counter	Shows the number of detected touch probe 2 events since the counter was reset.
896	Touch Probe Distance	Shows the distance between the events at source B and source A. The value is updated at the event of source B.
897	Distance Measurement Counter	Shows a continuous counter which is incremented with each event of a distance calculation. The counter starts from 0 and wraps around when exceeding 65535. The counter is reset to 0 when a source selection is set to Disabled.
9013	Superimposed Actual Distance	Shows the actual covered distance of an active superimposed movement. The value is reset a every start of a superimposed movement.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
21091	Logic Running Mode	Select the running mode for Logic.
21094	Logic State	Shows the current active state in Logic.
21095	Logic Time In Current State	Shows the time that the current state in Logic has been active.
9015	Output Frequency	Shows the output frequency.
2009	Active Running Hours	Shows the total number of active running hours of the motor.
2002	Energy Consumption	Shows the energy consumed.

P 8.3.4.4 Status Value 2.4

Select the parameter for status value 2.4.

Default Value:	0 (None)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	313	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UDINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	None	Nothing selected.
9011	Motor Speed	Shows the actual motor speed.
9000	Motor Current	Shows the actual motor current.
9010	Motor Shaft Speed	Shows the shaft speed in RPM.
9009	Motor Torque	Shows the actual motor torque.
1708	Relative Motor Torque	Shows the motor torque in % of the nominal motor torque.
9005	Motor Voltage	Shows the actual motor voltage.
9008	Motor Shaft Power	Shows the actual power at the motor shaft.
674	Load Drooping Speed	Shows the load drooping speed.
1718	Speed Reference	Shows the speed reference.
6151	Final Speed Reference	Shows the value of the speed reference before feeding it to the speed controller.
6153	Control Panel Speed Reference	Shows the value of the speed reference given from the control panel.
6155	Local Torque Reference	Shows the local torque reference set in the control panel.
9007	Feedback Speed	Shows the feedback speed.
9044	DC-link Voltage	Shows the actual DC-link voltage.
9041	Grid Frequency	Shows the actual grid frequency.
9040	Line-To-Line Voltage (RMS)	Shows the average line-to-line voltage (RMS).
9048	L1-L2 Line Voltage (RMS)	Shows the L1-L2 line voltage (RMS).
9049	L2-L3 Line Voltage (RMS)	Shows the L2-L3 line voltage (RMS).
9050	L3-L1 Line Voltage (RMS)	Shows the L3-L1 line voltage (RMS).

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
9047	Grid Voltage Imbalance	Shows the grid voltage imbalance in %. A value greater than 3% may indicate grid problems.
729	Actual Position	Shows the actual position in position units.
2950	Heat Sink Temperature	Shows the temperature of the power unit heat sink.
2952	Control Unit Temperature	Shows the temperature of the control unit.
737	Actual Position Error	Shows the position error (difference between actual position and demanded position).
741	Position Demanded	Shows the demanded position (output of the profile generator).
736	Target Position	Shows the target position in position units.
350	Master Position	Shows the actual position of the master in position units.
881	Touch Probe 1 Recorded Position	Shows the recorded actual position at the latest touch probe 1 event.
882	Touch Probe 1 Counter	Shows the number of detected touch probe 1 events since the counter was reset.
894	Touch Probe 2 Recorded Position	Shows the recorded actual position at the latest touch probe 2 event.
895	Touch Probe 2 Counter	Shows the number of detected touch probe 2 events since the counter was reset.
896	Touch Probe Distance	Shows the distance between the events at source B and source A. The value is updated at the event of source B.
897	Distance Measurement Counter	Shows a continuous counter which is incremented with each event of a distance calculation. The counter starts from 0 and wraps around when exceeding 65535. The counter is reset to 0 when a source selection is set to Disabled.
9013	Superimposed Actual Distance	Shows the actual covered distance of an active superimposed movement. The value is reset a every start of a superimposed movement.
21091	Logic Running Mode	Select the running mode for Logic.
21094	Logic State	Shows the current active state in Logic.
21095	Logic Time In Current State	Shows the time that the current state in Logic has been active.
9015	Output Frequency	Shows the output frequency.
2009	Active Running Hours	Shows the total number of active running hours of the motor.
2002	Energy Consumption	Shows the energy consumed.

P 8.3.4.5 Status Value 2.5

Select the parameter for status value 2.5.

Default Value:	0 (None)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	314	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UDINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	None	Nothing selected.
9011	Motor Speed	Shows the actual motor speed.
9000	Motor Current	Shows the actual motor current.
9010	Motor Shaft Speed	Shows the shaft speed in RPM.
9009	Motor Torque	Shows the actual motor torque.
1708	Relative Motor Torque	Shows the motor torque in % of the nominal motor torque.
9005	Motor Voltage	Shows the actual motor voltage.
9008	Motor Shaft Power	Shows the actual power at the motor shaft.
674	Load Drooping Speed	Shows the load drooping speed.
1718	Speed Reference	Shows the speed reference.
6151	Final Speed Reference	Shows the value of the speed reference before feeding it to the speed controller.
6153	Control Panel Speed Reference	Shows the value of the speed reference given from the control panel.
6155	Local Torque Reference	Shows the local torque reference set in the control panel.
9007	Feedback Speed	Shows the feedback speed.
9044	DC-link Voltage	Shows the actual DC-link voltage.
9041	Grid Frequency	Shows the actual grid frequency.
9040	Line-To-Line Voltage (RMS)	Shows the average line-to-line voltage (RMS).
9048	L1-L2 Line Voltage (RMS)	Shows the L1-L2 line voltage (RMS).
9049	L2-L3 Line Voltage (RMS)	Shows the L2-L3 line voltage (RMS).
9050	L3-L1 Line Voltage (RMS)	Shows the L3-L1 line voltage (RMS).
9047	Grid Voltage Imbalance	Shows the grid voltage imbalance in %. A value greater than 3% may indicate grid problems.
729	Actual Position	Shows the actual position in position units.
2950	Heat Sink Temperature	Shows the temperature of the power unit heat sink.
2952	Control Unit Temperature	Shows the temperature of the control unit.
737	Actual Position Error	Shows the position error (difference between actual position and demanded position).
741	Position Demanded	Shows the demanded position (output of the profile generator).
736	Target Position	Shows the target position in position units.
350	Master Position	Shows the actual position of the master in position units.
881	Touch Probe 1 Recorded Position	Shows the recorded actual position at the latest touch probe 1 event.
882	Touch Probe 1 Counter	Shows the number of detected touch probe 1 events since the counter was reset.
894	Touch Probe 2 Recorded Position	Shows the recorded actual position at the latest touch probe 2 event.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
895	Touch Probe 2 Counter	Shows the number of detected touch probe 2 events since the counter was reset.
896	Touch Probe Distance	Shows the distance between the events at source B and source A. The value is updated at the event of source B.
897	Distance Measurement Counter	Shows a continuous counter which is incremented with each event of a distance calculation. The counter starts from 0 and wraps around when exceeding 65535. The counter is reset to 0 when a source selection is set to Disabled.
9013	Superimposed Actual Distance	Shows the actual covered distance of an active superimposed movement. The value is reset a every start of a superimposed movement.
21091	Logic Running Mode	Select the running mode for Logic.
21094	Logic State	Shows the current active state in Logic.
21095	Logic Time In Current State	Shows the time that the current state in Logic has been active.
9015	Output Frequency	Shows the output frequency.
2009	Active Running Hours	Shows the total number of active running hours of the motor.
2002	Energy Consumption	Shows the energy consumed.

8.10.5 Group 8.4 Date & Time

P 8.4.1 Time Mode

Select the time mode. Auto enables NTP.

Default Value:	1 (Auto (NTP))	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	6232	Unit:	–
Data Type:	USINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Manual	Disables NTP.
1	Auto (NTP)	

P 8.4.2 Date and Time

Set the actual time and date. The format is YYYY-MM-DD and HH:MM:SS.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	2800	Unit:	–
Data Type:	DATE_AND_TIME	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 8.4.3 NTP Server 1

Set the IPv4 address of the requested NTP server 1.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
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Parameter Number:	6233	Unit:	–
Data Type:	STRING	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 8.4.4 NTP Server 2

Set the IPv4 address of the requested NTP server 2.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	6234	Unit:	–
Data Type:	STRING	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 8.4.5 RTC Battery Monitor

Disable the battery flat/low warning when the battery is not present. This monitor is automatically enabled when a battery is mounted. To apply the modified setting, power cycle the drive.

Default Value:	False	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2812	Unit:	–
Data Type:	BOOL	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Disabled	Disables the function.
1	Enabled	Enables the function.

8.10.6 Logic (Menu Index 8.5)

For more information on the MyDrive Insight Logic feature, see [MyDrive Insight Logic Feature Application Guide](#).

8.10.6.1 Status (Menu Index 8.5.1)

P 8.5.1.1 Logic Speed Reference

Shows Logic speed reference.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	21110	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 8.5.1.2 Logic Torque Reference

Shows Logic torque reference.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	21111	Unit:	%
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 8.5.1.4 Logic Position Reference

Shows Logic position reference.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-2147483648 — 2147483647)
Parameter Number:	21113	Unit:	–
Data Type:	DINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.10.7 Group 8.6 Preconfigured Parameter Sets

With the preconfigured parameter sets function, a whole set of parameters can be set at once. The function makes it possible, for example, to set all relevant parameters for a motor to the motor manufacturer's specification for best performance. The parameters are set automatically when the relevant selection is selected for the preconfiguration parameter, in parameter group **8.6 Preconfigured Parameter Sets**.

If the parameters were set unintentionally, or the settings must be reverted, they can be reset to the factory defaults.

P 8.6.1 OGD Selection

Selects a predefined parameter set for the different One Gear Drive motors. The drive is set up according to the specifications of the motor manufacturer to get the best performance.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	404	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Conditional Write

8.10.8 Group 8.7 Asset Management

P 8.7.1 Asset Name

Define a name for this specific asset. If this is empty, the application name is used.

Default Value:	*	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	5892	Unit:	–
Data Type:	STRING	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 8.7.2 Asset Location

Specify the location of the drive to help identify it.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	5889	Unit:	–
Data Type:	STRING	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 8.7.3 Asset ID

Assign a unique ID to the drive to help identify it in a larger network.

Default Value:	*	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	5891	Unit:	–
Data Type:	STRING	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 8.7.4 Contact

Specify the contacts for this asset. Can be a name together with information on how to contact this person.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	5890	Unit:	–
Data Type:	STRING	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.11 Group 9 I/O

8.11.1 I/O Overview

The *I/O* parameter group (**Menu Index 9**) contains the parameters for the hardware configuration of the I/Os, such as terminal modes, filtering of the electrical signals, and signal ranges.

This application guide contains only the parameter descriptions for the Basic I/O. The parameter information for option boards such as the Encoder/Resolver Option OC7M0 can be found in the *iC7 Functional Extensions Operating Guide*.

8.11.2 Basic I/O

8.11.2.1 Basic I/O Status (Menu Index 9.3)

P 9.3.1 Digital Input Status

Shows the digital input I/O word. Each bit represents the status of a digital input.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	1614	Unit:	–
Data Type:	WORD	Access Type:	Read Only

Table 109: I/O Digital Input Status Bits

Bit	Description
00	DigIn13
01	DigIn14
02	DigIn15
03	DigIn16
04	DigIn17
05	DigIn18
06–15	Not used

P 9.3.2 Digital Output Status

Shows the digital output I/O word. Each bit represents a requested value assigned to a digital output.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	1615	Unit:	–
Data Type:	WORD	Access Type:	Read Only

Table 110: I/O Digital Output Status Bits

Bit	Description
00–01	Not used
02	DigOut15

Table 110: I/O Digital Output Status Bits - (continued)

Bit	Description
03	DigOut16
04–11	Not used
12	Relay02
13	Relay05
14–15	Not used

P 9.3.3 T31 Analog Output Value

Shows the requested value assigned to the terminal.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 20)
Parameter Number:	1613	Unit:	–
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 9.3.4 T33 Analog Input Value

Shows the actual value of the terminal.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-20 — 20)
Parameter Number:	1611	Unit:	–
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 9.3.5 T34 Analog Input Value

Shows the actual value of the terminal.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-20 — 20)
Parameter Number:	1612	Unit:	–
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

P 9.3.6 T34 Temperature Value

Shows the measured temperature of the terminal.

Default Value:	NA	Parameter Type:	Range (-1000 — 1000)
Parameter Number:	1616	Unit:	°C
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read Only

8.11.2.2 Digital Inputs/Outputs (Menu Index 9.4)

8.11.2.2.1 Pulse Input

A digital input can be configured to be a pulse input with the corresponding mode parameter. The pulse input can be used as a speed reference, similarly to how an analog input signal works. The pulse input can come from a sensor, an HTL encoder, or other devices.

When pulse input is selected as the input type, the only active parameters for that input are the pulse minimum and maximum frequency parameters. The right filter is selected automatically for the incoming signal by the drive, so the parameters for the filters are not active when pulse input is selected.

The set pulse minimum and maximum frequencies correspond to the set minimum and maximum speed references defined in parameter group **5.8.4 Speed Reference**.

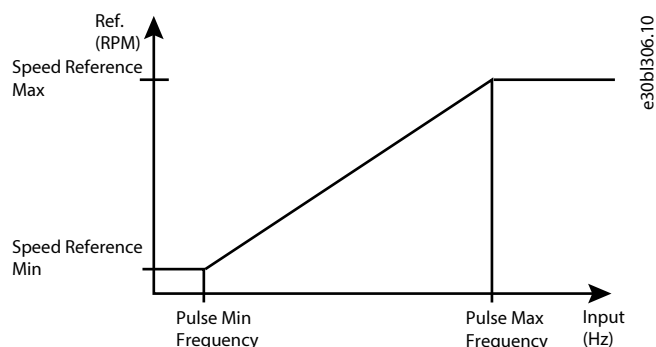


Figure 137: Pulse Input

8.11.2.2.2 General Settings (Menu Index 9.4.1)

P 9.4.1.1 Digital Input Logic

Set the operating logic for all digital inputs.

Default Value:	2 (PNP mode)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2261	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
1	NPN mode	Open collector sink (NPN).
2	PNP mode	Open collector source (PNP).

8.11.2.2.3 Input T13 (Menu Index 9.4.2)

P 9.4.2.1 T13 Terminal Mode

Select the mode for the terminal.

Default Value:	3 (Digital input)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2015	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Inactive	
3	Digital input	The terminal is configured as boolean input (true/false).
4	Pulse input	The terminal is configured as pulse input. The frequency represents an analog value.
8	Encoder A Input	The terminal is configured as an incremental encoder A track.
9	Encoder B Input	The terminal is configured as an incremental encoder B track.

P 9.4.2.2 T13 Signal Inversion

Select whether the signal of the terminal is inverted.

Default Value:	0 (Non-Inverted)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2291	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Non-Inverted	The signal is not inverted.
1	Inverted	The signal is logically inverted.

P 9.4.2.3 T13 Fast Debounce Filtering Time

Set the fast debounce filtering time for the terminal.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0.00 — 63.50)
Parameter Number:	2285	Unit:	μs
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 9.4.2.4 T13 Standard Debounce Filtering Time

Set the standard debounce filtering time for the terminal.

Default Value:	5.00	Parameter Type:	Range (0.00 — 127.00)
Parameter Number:	2024	Unit:	ms
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 9.4.2.5 T13 Reaction Time

Select the reaction time for the debounce filter.

Default Value:	0 (Standard reaction time (1ms tick))	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2025	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Standard reaction time (1ms tick)	Use the digital input in the same way as other inputs.
1	Fast reaction time (0.5μs tick)	Enables a fast reaction time for a certain event via digital input.

P 9.4.2.6 T13 Trigger Mode

Select the trigger mode for the digital input.

Default Value:	0 (None)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2026	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	None	No event trigger.
1	Rising Edge	Trigger an event at the rising edge.
2	Falling Edge	Trigger an event at the falling edge.
3	Both Edges	Trigger an event at both the rising and falling edges.

P 9.4.2.7 T13 Pulse Min. Frequency

Set the frequency representing 0% of the signal.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 110000)
Parameter Number:	2027	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 9.4.2.8 T13 Pulse Max. Frequency

Set the frequency representing 100% of the signal.

Default Value:	110000	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 110000)
Parameter Number:	2028	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.11.2.2.4 Input T14 (Menu Index 9.4.3)

P 9.4.3.1 T14 Terminal Mode

Select the mode for the terminal.

Default Value:	3 (Digital input)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2016	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Inactive	
3	Digital input	The terminal is configured as boolean input (true/false).
4	Pulse input	The terminal is configured as pulse input. The frequency represents an analog value.
8	Encoder A Input	The terminal is configured as an incremental encoder A track.
9	Encoder B Input	The terminal is configured as an incremental encoder B track.

P 9.4.3.2 T14 Signal Inversion

Select whether the signal of the terminal is inverted.

Default Value:	0 (Non-Inverted)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2292	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Non-Inverted	The signal is not inverted.
1	Inverted	The signal is logically inverted.

P 9.4.3.3 T14 Fast Debounce Filtering Time

Set the fast debounce filtering time for the terminal.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0.00 — 63.50)
Parameter Number:	2286	Unit:	µs
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 9.4.3.4 T14 Standard Debounce Filtering Time

Set the standard debounce filtering time for the terminal.

Default Value:	5.00	Parameter Type:	Range (0.00 — 127.00)
Parameter Number:	2029	Unit:	ms
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 9.4.3.5 T14 Reaction Time

Select the reaction time for the debounce filter.

Default Value:	0 (Standard reaction time (1 ms tick))	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2030	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Standard reaction time (1 ms tick)	Use the digital input in the same way as other inputs.
1	Fast reaction time (0.5µs tick)	Enables a fast reaction time for a certain event via digital input.

P 9.4.3.6 T14 Trigger Mode

Select the trigger mode for the digital input.

Default Value:	0 (None)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2031	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	None	No event trigger.
1	Rising Edge	Trigger an event at the rising edge.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
2	Falling Edge	Trigger an event at the falling edge.
3	Both Edges	Trigger an event at both the rising and falling edges.

P 9.4.3.7 T14 Pulse Min. Frequency

Set the frequency representing 0% of the signal.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 110000)
Parameter Number:	2032	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 9.4.3.8 T14 Pulse Max. Frequency

Set the frequency representing 100% of the signal.

Default Value:	110000	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 110000)
Parameter Number:	2033	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.11.2.2.5 Input/Output T15 (Menu Index 9.4.4)

P 9.4.4.1 T15 Terminal Mode

Select the mode for the terminal.

Default Value:	3 (Digital input)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2022	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Inactive	
1	Digital Output	Configures the terminal as boolean output true/false.
2	Pulse Output	Configures the terminal as analog output based on pulse frequency.
3	Digital input	The terminal is configured as boolean input (true/false).
4	Pulse input	The terminal is configured as pulse input. The frequency represents an analog value.
8	Encoder A Input	The terminal is configured as an incremental encoder A track.
9	Encoder B Input	The terminal is configured as an incremental encoder B track.

P 9.4.4.2 T15 Signal Inversion

Select whether the signal of the terminal is inverted.

Default Value:	0 (Non-Inverted)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2295	Unit:	–

Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write
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The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Non-Inverted	The signal is not inverted.
1	Inverted	The signal is logically inverted.

P 9.4.4.3 T15 Fast Debounce Filtering Time

Set the fast debounce filtering time for the terminal.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0.00 — 63.50)
Parameter Number:	2289	Unit:	µs
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 9.4.4.4 T15 Standard Debounce Filtering Time

Set the standard debounce filtering time for the terminal.

Default Value:	5.00	Parameter Type:	Range (0.00 — 127.00)
Parameter Number:	2297	Unit:	ms
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 9.4.4.5 T15 Reaction Time

Select the reaction time for the debounce filter.

Default Value:	0 (Standard reaction time (1 ms tick))	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2299	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Standard reaction time (1 ms tick)	Use the digital input in the same way as other inputs.
1	Fast reaction time (0.5µs tick)	Enables a fast reaction time for a certain event via digital input.

P 9.4.4.6 T15 Trigger Mode

Select the trigger mode for the digital input.

Default Value:	0 (None)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2044	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	None	No event trigger.
1	Rising Edge	Trigger an event at the rising edge.
2	Falling Edge	Trigger an event at the falling edge.
3	Both Edges	Trigger an event at both the rising and falling edges.

P 9.4.4.7 T15 Pulse Min. Frequency

Set the frequency representing 0% of the signal.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 110000)
Parameter Number:	2045	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 9.4.4.8 T15 Pulse Max. Frequency

Set the frequency representing 100% of the signal.

Default Value:	110000	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 110000)
Parameter Number:	2046	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 9.4.4.9 T15 Digital Output Logic

Select the operating logic for the digital output.

Default Value:	0 (Tri state)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2047	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Tri state	Disable output (high impedance).
1	Open collector sink (NPN)	Open collector sink (NPN).
2	Open collector source (PNP)	Open collector source (PNP).
3	Push pull	Terminal can both sink and source.

P 9.4.4.10 T15 Pulse Out Min. Frequency

Set the frequency representing 0% of the signal.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 100000)
Parameter Number:	2048	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 9.4.4.11 T15 Pulse Out Max. Frequency

Set the frequency representing 100% of the signal.

Default Value:	100000	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 100000)
Parameter Number:	2049	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.11.2.2.6 Input/Output T16 (Menu Index 9.4.5)

P 9.4.5.1 T16 Terminal Mode

Select the mode for the terminal.

Default Value:	3 (Digital input)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2298	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Inactive	
1	Digital Output	Configures the terminal as boolean output true/false.
2	Pulse Output	Configures the terminal as analog output based on pulse frequency.
3	Digital input	The terminal is configured as boolean input (true/false).
4	Pulse input	The terminal is configured as pulse input. The frequency represents an analog value.
8	Encoder A Input	The terminal is configured as an incremental encoder A track.
9	Encoder B Input	The terminal is configured as an incremental encoder B track.

P 9.4.5.2 T16 Signal Inversion

Select whether the signal of the terminal is inverted.

Default Value:	0 (Non-Inverted)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2296	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Non-Inverted	The signal is not inverted.
1	Inverted	The signal is logically inverted.

P 9.4.5.3 T16 Fast Debounce Filtering Time

Set the fast debounce filtering time for the terminal.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0.00 — 63.50)
Parameter Number:	2290	Unit:	µs
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 9.4.5.4 T16 Standard Debounce Filtering Time

Set the standard debounce filtering time for the terminal.

Default Value:	5.00	Parameter Type:	Range (0.00 — 127.00)
Parameter Number:	2260	Unit:	ms
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 9.4.5.5 T16 Reaction Time

Select the reaction time for the debounce filter.

Default Value:	0 (Standard reaction time (1ms tick))	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2052	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Standard reaction time (1ms tick)	Use the digital input in the same way as other inputs.
1	Fast reaction time (0.5μs tick)	Enables a fast reaction time for a certain event via digital input.

P 9.4.5.6 T16 Trigger Mode

Select the trigger mode for the digital input.

Default Value:	0 (None)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2053	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	None	No event trigger.
1	Rising Edge	Trigger an event at the rising edge.
2	Falling Edge	Trigger an event at the falling edge.
3	Both Edges	Trigger an event at both the rising and falling edges.

P 9.4.5.7 T16 Pulse Min. Frequency

Set the frequency representing 0% of the signal.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 110000)
Parameter Number:	2054	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 9.4.5.8 T16 Pulse Max. Frequency

Set the frequency representing 100% of the signal.

Default Value:	110000	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 110000)
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Parameter Number:	2055	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 9.4.5.9 T16 Digital Output Type

Select the operating logic for the digital output.

Default Value:	0 (Tri state)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2056	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Tri state	Disable output (high impedance).
1	Open collector sink (NPN)	Open collector sink (NPN).
2	Open collector source (PNP)	Open collector source (PNP).
3	Push pull	Terminal can both sink and source.

P 9.4.5.10 T16 Pulse Out Min. Frequency

Set the frequency representing 0% of the signal.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 100000)
Parameter Number:	2051	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 9.4.5.11 T16 Pulse Out Max. Frequency

Set the frequency representing 100% of the signal.

Default Value:	100000	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 100000)
Parameter Number:	2050	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.11.2.2.7 Input T17 (Menu Index 9.4.6)

P 9.4.6.1 T17 Terminal Mode

Select the mode for the terminal.

Default Value:	3 (Digital input)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2017	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Inactive	
3	Digital input	The terminal is configured as boolean input (true/false).

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
4	Pulse input	The terminal is configured as pulse input. The frequency represents an analog value.
8	Encoder A Input	The terminal is configured as an incremental encoder A track.
9	Encoder B Input	The terminal is configured as an incremental encoder B track.

P 9.4.6.2 T17 Signal Inversion

Select whether the signal of the terminal is inverted.

Default Value:	0 (Non-Inverted)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2293	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Non-Inverted	The signal is not inverted.
1	Inverted	The signal is logically inverted.

P 9.4.6.3 T17 Fast Debounce Filtering Time

Set the fast debounce filtering time for the terminal.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0.00 — 63.50)
Parameter Number:	2287	Unit:	µs
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 9.4.6.4 T17 Standard Debounce Filtering Time

Set the standard debounce filtering time for the terminal.

Default Value:	5.00	Parameter Type:	Range (0.00 — 127.00)
Parameter Number:	2034	Unit:	ms
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 9.4.6.5 T17 Reaction Time

Select the reaction time for the debounce filter.

Default Value:	0 (Standard reaction time (1 ms tick))	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2035	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Standard reaction time (1 ms tick)	Use the digital input in the same way as other inputs.
1	Fast reaction time (0.5µs tick)	Enables a fast reaction time for a certain event via digital input.

P 9.4.6.6 T17 Trigger Mode

Select the trigger mode for the digital input.

Default Value:	0 (None)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2036	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	None	No event trigger.
1	Rising Edge	Trigger an event at the rising edge.
2	Falling Edge	Trigger an event at the falling edge.
3	Both Edges	Trigger an event at both the rising and falling edges.

P 9.4.6.7 T17 Pulse Min. Frequency

Set the frequency representing 0% of the signal.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 110000)
Parameter Number:	2037	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 9.4.6.8 T17 Pulse Max. Frequency

Set the frequency representing 100% of the signal.

Default Value:	110000	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 110000)
Parameter Number:	2038	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.11.2.2.8 Input T18 (Menu Index 9.4.7)

P 9.4.7.1 T18 Terminal Mode

Select the mode for the terminal.

Default Value:	3 (Digital input)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2018	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Inactive	
3	Digital input	The terminal is configured as boolean input (true/false).
4	Pulse input	The terminal is configured as pulse input. The frequency represents an analog value.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
8	Encoder A Input	The terminal is configured as an incremental encoder A track.
9	Encoder B Input	The terminal is configured as an incremental encoder B track.

P 9.4.7.2 T18 Signal Inversion

Select whether the signal of the terminal is inverted.

Default Value:	0 (Non-Inverted)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2294	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Non-Inverted	The signal is not inverted.
1	Inverted	The signal is logically inverted.

P 9.4.7.3 T18 Fast Debounce Filtering Time

Set the fast debounce filtering time for the terminal.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0.00 — 63.50)
Parameter Number:	2288	Unit:	µs
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 9.4.7.4 T18 Standard Debounce Filtering Time

Set the standard debounce filtering time for the terminal.

Default Value:	5.00	Parameter Type:	Range (0.00 — 127.00)
Parameter Number:	2039	Unit:	ms
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 9.4.7.5 T18 Reaction Time

Select the reaction time for the debounce filter.

Default Value:	0 (Standard reaction time (1 ms tick))	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2040	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Standard reaction time (1 ms tick)	Use the digital input in the same way as other inputs.
1	Fast reaction time (0.5µs tick)	Enables a fast reaction time for a certain event via digital input.

P 9.4.7.6 T18 Trigger Mode

Select the trigger mode for the digital input.

Default Value:	0 (None)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2041	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	None	No event trigger.
1	Rising Edge	Trigger an event at the rising edge.
2	Falling Edge	Trigger an event at the falling edge.
3	Both Edges	Trigger an event at both the rising and falling edges.

P 9.4.7.7 T18 Pulse Min. Frequency

Set the frequency representing 0% of the signal.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 110000)
Parameter Number:	2042	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 9.4.7.8 T18 Pulse Max. Frequency

Set the frequency representing 100% of the signal.

Default Value:	110000	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 110000)
Parameter Number:	2043	Unit:	Hz
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.11.2.2.9 Encoder Configuration (Menu Index 9.4.8)

P 9.4.8.1 Encoder Resolution

Set encoder resolution in pulses per rotation.

Default Value:	1024	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 65535)
Parameter Number:	2262	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 9.4.8.2 Invert Encoder Direction

Encoder direction can be inverted to match the motor direction without modifying the encoder wiring.

Default Value:	False	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2269	Unit:	–
Data Type:	BOOL	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Disabled	Disables the function.
1	Enabled	Enables the function.

8.11.2.3 Analog Inputs/Outputs (Menu Index 9.5)

8.11.2.3.1 Output T31 (Menu Index 9.5.1)

P 9.5.1.1 T31 Terminal Mode

Select the mode for the terminal.

Default Value:	5 (Analog Output)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2019	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Inactive	
5	Analog Output	Configures the terminal as an analog output.

P 9.5.1.2 T31 Terminal Type

Select the type of the terminal. If voltage is selected, the unit is V. If current is selected, the unit is mA.

Default Value:	0 (Off)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2284	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Off	
1	Voltage	Terminal set to voltage mode.
2	Current	Terminal set to current mode.

P 9.5.1.3 T31 Minimum Value

Set the voltage or current representing 0% of the signal.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 20)
Parameter Number:	2283	Unit:	–
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 9.5.1.4 T31 Maximum Value

Set the voltage or current representing 100% of the signal.

Default Value:	10	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 20)
Parameter Number:	2282	Unit:	–

Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write
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8.11.2.3.2 Input T33 (Menu Index 9.5.2)

P 9.5.2.1 T33 Terminal Mode

Select the mode for the terminal.

Default Value:	6 (Analog Input)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2020	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Inactive	
6	Analog Input	Configures the terminal as analog input.

P 9.5.2.2 T33 Terminal Type

Select the type of the terminal. If voltage is selected, the unit is V. If current is selected, the unit is mA.

Default Value:	1 (Voltage)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2273	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
1	Voltage	Terminal set to voltage mode.
2	Current	Terminal set to current mode.

P 9.5.2.3 T33 Minimum Value

Set the voltage or current representing 0% of the signal.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (-20 — 20)
Parameter Number:	2272	Unit:	–
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 9.5.2.4 T33 Maximum Value

Set the voltage or current representing 100% of the signal.

Default Value:	10	Parameter Type:	Range (-20 — 20)
Parameter Number:	2271	Unit:	–
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 9.5.2.5 T33 Filter Time

Set the filter time for the terminal.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0.00 — 60000.00)
Parameter Number:	2270	Unit:	ms
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 9.5.2.6 T33 Live Zero Threshold Value

Set the live zero threshold value for the terminal. The response to a live zero event is defined with parameter Live Zero Response, number 4555.

Default Value:	-10	Parameter Type:	Range (-20 — 20)
Parameter Number:	2274	Unit:	–
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 9.5.2.7 T33 Live Zero Timeout Value

Set the live zero timeout value for the terminal. The response to a live zero event is defined with parameter Live Zero Response, number 4555.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 60)
Parameter Number:	2275	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.11.2.3.3 Input T34 (Menu Index 9.5.3)

P 9.5.3.1 T34 Terminal Mode

Select the mode for the terminal.

Default Value:	6 (Analog Input)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2021	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Inactive	
6	Analog Input	Configures the terminal as analog input.
7	Temperature input	Configures the terminal as temperature sensor input.

P 9.5.3.2 T34 Terminal Type

Select the type of the terminal. If voltage is selected, the unit is V. If current is selected, the unit is mA.

Default Value:	1 (Voltage)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	2279	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
1	Voltage	Terminal set to voltage mode.
2	Current	Terminal set to current mode.

P 9.5.3.3 T34 Minimum Value

Set the voltage or current representing 0% of the signal.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (-20 — 20)
Parameter Number:	2278	Unit:	–
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 9.5.3.4 T34 Maximum Value

Set the voltage or current representing 100% of the signal.

Default Value:	10	Parameter Type:	Range (-20 — 20)
Parameter Number:	2277	Unit:	–
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 9.5.3.5 T34 Filter Time

Set the filter time for the terminal.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0.00 — 60000.00)
Parameter Number:	2276	Unit:	ms
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 9.5.3.6 T34 Live Zero Threshold Value

Set the live zero threshold value for the terminal. The response to a live zero event is defined with parameter Live Zero Response, number 4555.

Default Value:	-10	Parameter Type:	Range (-20 — 20)
Parameter Number:	2280	Unit:	–
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 9.5.3.7 T34 Live Zero Timeout Value

Set the live zero timeout value for the terminal. The response to a live zero event is defined with parameter Live Zero Response, number 4555.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 60)
Parameter Number:	2281	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 9.5.3.8 T34 Temperature Sensor Type

Select which type of temperature sensor is connected to the terminal.

Default Value:	0 (No sensor)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	1617	Unit:	–

Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write
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The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	No sensor	No sensor selected.
4	Pt1000	Pt1000 temperature sensor (1k Ω at 0°C ambient).
5	Ni1000Tk5000	Ni1000Tk5000 TC5 standard temperature sensor (1k Ω at 0°C ambient).
6	Ni1000Tk6180	Ni1000Tk6180 DIN43760 standard temperature sensor (1k Ω at 0°C ambient).
7	KTY84-1x0	KTY84-1x0 temperature sensor (1k Ω at 100°C ambient).
8	KTY84-151	KTY84-151 temperature sensor (950-1000 Ω at 100°C ambient).
9	KTY84-152	KTY84-152 temperature sensor (1000-1050 Ω at 100°C ambient).
10	KTY81/82-1x0	KTY81/82-1x0 temperature sensor (1k Ω at 25°C ambient).
11	KTY81/82-121	KTY81/82-121 temperature sensor (980-1000 Ω at 25°C ambient).
12	KTY81/82-122	KTY81/82-122 temperature sensor (1000-1020 Ω at 25°C ambient).
13	KTY81/82-151	KTY81/82-151 temperature sensor (950-1000 Ω at 25°C ambient).
14	KTY81/82-152	KTY81/82-152 temperature sensor (1000-1050 Ω at 25°C ambient).
15	KTY81/82-2x0	KTY81/82-2x0 temperature sensor (2k Ω at 25°C ambient).
16	KTY81/82-221	KTY81/82-221 temperature sensor (1960-2000 Ω at 25°C ambient).
17	KTY81/82-222	KTY81/82-222 temperature sensor (2000-2040 Ω at 25°C ambient).
18	KTY81/82-251	KTY81/82-251 temperature sensor (1900-2000 Ω at 25°C ambient).
19	KTY81/82-252	KTY81/82-252 temperature sensor (2000-2100 Ω at 25°C ambient).

8.11.2.4 Group 9.6 Relay Delays

8.11.2.4.1 Group 9.6.1 Relay T2 Delays

P 9.6.1.1 Relay T2 Turn-on Delay

Set the turn-on delay for Relay T2. This parameter sets the time the relay takes to turn on after the turn-on signal is sent by switching the Ready Output.

Default Value:	0	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 3600)
Parameter Number:	1634	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 9.6.1.2 Relay T2 Turn-off Delay

Set the turn-off delay for Relay T2. This parameter sets the time the relay takes to turn off after the turn-off signal is sent by switching the Ready Output.

Default Value:	0	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 3600)
Parameter Number:	1635	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.11.2.4.2 Group 9.6.2 Relay T5 Delays

P 9.6.2.1 Relay T5 Turn-on Delay

Set the turn-on delay for Relay T5. This parameter sets the time the relay takes to turn on after the turn-on signal is sent by switching the Ready Output.

Default Value:	0	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 3600)
Parameter Number:	1636	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 9.6.2.2 Relay T5 Turn-off Delay

Set the turn-off delay for Relay T5. This parameter sets the time the relay takes to turn off after the turn-off signal is sent by switching the Ready Output.

Default Value:	0	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 3600)
Parameter Number:	1637	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.12 Group 10 Connectivity

8.12.1 Connectivity Overview

This section provides information about configuring and monitoring all types of communication interfaces as well as the communication and fieldbus protocols available. Following are the available interfaces:

- Communication interface X0
- Communication interface X1/X2

The following are the available network management protocol and fieldbus protocols:

- SNMP
- PROFINET
- MODBUS TCP
- EtherNet/IP
- EtherCAT
- OPC UA

For more information, refer to the related fieldbus guide.

8.12.2 Group 10.2 Communication interfaces

8.12.2.1 Group 10.2.1 Host Settings

P 10.2.1.1 Fully Qualified Domain Name

Fully Qualified Domain Name. Consists of a host name label and at least 1 higher-level domain separated by the symbol "." with up to 240 characters in total. Each label contains upto 63 characters and starts with a lowercase letter and ends with alphanumeric lowercase character and have as interior characters only alphanumeric lowercase characters and '-'.

Default Value:	*	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	7036	Unit:	–
Data Type:	STRING	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.12.2.2 Group 10.2.2 Ethernet Interface X0

S 10.2.2.1 IPv4 Settings

This menu enables IP configuration of the interface.

The Ethernet Interface X0 IPv4 settings view contains the following fields:

- Interface X0 MAC address
- IPv4 addressing method
- Requested IPv4 address
- Requested IPv4 SUBNET mask
- Requested IPv4 gateway address
- Enable ACD
- DNS server 1
- DNS server 2



IMPORTANT:

To ensure that outgoing IP packets are routed correctly, configure the IP address of the X1/X2 interfaces to a different subnet than the IP address of the X0 interface.

S 10.2.2.2 IPv4 Status

This menu contains information about the IP configuration of the interface.

The Ethernet Interface X0 IPv4 status view contains the following fields:

- Interface X0 MAC address
- IPv4 addressing method
- Actual IPv4 address
- Actual IPv4 SUBNET mask
- Actual IPv4 gateway address
- DHCP server
- Actual DNS server 1
- Actual DNS server 2
- ACD activity

8.12.2.3 Group 10.2.3 Ethernet Interface X1/X2 Settings

S 10.2.3.1 IPv4 Settings

This menu enables IP configuration of the interface.

The Ethernet Interface X0 IPv4 settings view contains the following fields:

- Interface X1/X2 MAC address
- IPv4 addressing method
- Requested IPv4 address
- Requested IPv4 SUBNET mask
- Requested IPv4 gateway address
- Enable ACD
- DNS server 1

- DNS server 2



IMPORTANT:

To ensure that outgoing IP packets are routed correctly, configure the IP address of the X1/X2 interfaces to a different subnet than the IP address of the X0 interface.

S 10.2.3.2 IPv4 Status

This menu contains information about the IP configuration of the interface.

The Ethernet Interface X0 IPv4 status view contains the following fields:

- Interface X1/X2 MAC address
- IPv4 addressing method
- Actual IPv4 address
- Actual IPv4 SUBNET mask
- Actual IPv4 gateway address
- DHCP server
- Actual DNS server 1
- Actual DNS server 2
- ACD activity

8.12.2.4 Group 10.2.4 Ethernet port X0

8.12.2.4.1 Group 10.2.4.2 X0 Settings

P 10.2.4.2.5 Link Configuration X0

Select the configuration of the Ethernet link parameters.

Default Value:	0 (Auto negotiation)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	7047	Unit:	–
Data Type:	USINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Auto negotiation	The drive handles the speed and duplex settings.
1	10 Mbps full duplex	10 Mbps with full duplex.
2	10 Mbps half duplex	10 Mbps with half duplex.
3	100 Mbps full duplex	100 Mbps with full duplex.
4	100 Mbps half duplex	100 Mbps with half duplex.

P 10.2.4.2.6 Enable Ethernet Port X0

Enable or disable Ethernet port X0. Disabling Ethernet ports in a product is a best practice for security, network stability, and resource management, particularly when the device is physically accessible to unauthorized individuals or located in a public/unsecured area.

Default Value:	1 (Enabled)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	7053	Unit:	–

Data Type:	DINT	Access Type:	Read/Write
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The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
1	Enabled	Enables the function.
2	Disabled	Disables the function.

8.12.2.5 Group 10.2.5 Ethernet port X1

8.12.2.5.1 Group 10.2.5.2 X1 Settings

P 10.2.5.2.5 Link Configuration X1

Select the configuration of the Ethernet link parameters.

Default Value:	0 (Auto negotiation)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	7048	Unit:	–
Data Type:	USINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Auto negotiation	The drive handles the speed and duplex settings.
1	10 Mbps full duplex	10 Mbps with full duplex.
2	10 Mbps half duplex	10 Mbps with half duplex.
3	100 Mbps full duplex	100 Mbps with full duplex.
4	100 Mbps half duplex	100 Mbps with half duplex.

P 10.2.5.2.6 Enable Ethernet Port X1

Enable or disable Ethernet port X1. Disabling Ethernet ports in a product is a best practice for security, network stability, and resource management, particularly when the device is physically accessible to unauthorized individuals or located in a public/unsecured area.

Default Value:	1 (Enabled)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	7054	Unit:	–
Data Type:	DINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
1	Enabled	Enables the function.
2	Disabled	Disables the function.

8.12.2.6 Group 10.2.6 Ethernet port X2

8.12.2.6.1 Group 10.2.6.2 X2 Settings

P 10.2.6.2.5 Link Configuration X2

Select the configuration of the Ethernet link parameters.

Default Value:	0 (Auto negotiation)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	7049	Unit:	–
Data Type:	USINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Auto negotiation	The drive handles the speed and duplex settings.
1	10 Mbps full duplex	10 Mbps with full duplex.
2	10 Mbps half duplex	10 Mbps with half duplex.
3	100 Mbps full duplex	100 Mbps with full duplex.
4	100 Mbps half duplex	100 Mbps with half duplex.

P 10.2.6.2.6 Enable Ethernet Port X2

Enable or disable Ethernet port X2. Disabling Ethernet ports in a product is a best practice for security, network stability, and resource management, particularly when the device is physically accessible to unauthorized individuals or located in a public/unsecured area.

Default Value:	1 (Enabled)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	7055	Unit:	–
Data Type:	DINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
1	Enabled	Enables the function.
2	Disabled	Disables the function.

8.12.2.7 Group 10.2.7 Port Mirroring

S 10.2.7 Port Mirroring

Enable/disable the port-mirroring function for network troubleshooting with a network analyzer tool.

Source Port

X1

Frames are mirrored from this port.

Destination Port

X2

Frames are mirrored to this port.

Block RX from Destination Port
☐

The drive does not receive any frames from Destination Port when enabled.

Enable Port Mirroring
☐

Enables the port mirroring feature.

e30bn821.10

Figure 138: Port Mirroring

8.12.3 Group 10.3 Protocols

8.12.3.1 Group 10.3.1 General Settings

P 10.3.1.2 Fieldbus Profile

Select the fieldbus profile. The selection affects the interpretation of the control word and status word.

Default Value:	101 (iC Speed Profile)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	1301	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
101	iC Speed Profile	The fieldbus control word and status word are interpreted according the iC Speed Profile definition.
102	iC Motion Profile	The fieldbus control word and status word are interpreted according the iC Motion Profile definition.
201	PROFIdrive Standard Telegram 1	The fieldbus control word and status word are interpreted according to the PROFIdrive Standard Telegram 1 standard.
302	CiA402 Velocity Mode	The fieldbus control word and status word are interpreted according to the CiA402 Velocity Mode standard.

P 10.3.1.3 Fieldbus Fault Response

Select the behavior when a fieldbus fault occurs.

Default Value:	1 (Info)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	1303	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
1	Info	The event is logged in the event log.
3	Warning	The drive issues a warning.
9	Fault, ramp to coast	Issues a fault, ramps down, and coast.
10	Fault	The drive issues a fault and coasts the motor.

P 10.3.1.4 No Fieldbus Connection Response

Select the response in case there is no fieldbus connection.

Default Value:	1 (Info)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	1327	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
1	Info	The event is logged in the event log.
3	Warning	The drive issues a warning.
9	Fault, ramp to coast	Issues a fault, ramps down, and coast.
10	Fault	The drive issues a fault and coasts the motor.

P 10.3.1.6 Process Data Timeout Time

Set the timeout time. If process data is not received within the time set, a process data timeout is triggered.

Default Value:	1	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 18000)
Parameter Number:	1340	Unit:	s
Data Type:	REAL	Access Type:	Read/Write

P 10.3.1.12 Process Data Timeout Response

Select the response to a process data timeout.

Default Value:	10 (Fault)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	1341	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
1	Info	The event is logged in the event log.
3	Warning	The drive issues a warning.
5	Warning - Change Control Place	The drive issues a warning, and the control place changes to the selected alternative while the timeout warning is active. The control place will change back to the original one when the fieldbus process data returns.
6	Warning - Change Control Place - Persistent	The drive issues a warning, and the control place changes to the selected alternative while the timeout warning is active. The control place requires a reset command to change back to the original one after the fieldbus process data returns.
9	Fault, ramp to coast	Issues a fault, ramps down, and coast.
10	Fault	The drive issues a fault and coasts the motor.

P 10.3.1.13 Process Data Timeout Control Place

Select the alternative control place to be used in case of a fieldbus timeout. This setting is only valid in case of timeout warning or info.

Default Value:	1 (Local Control)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	112	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
1	Local Control	The drive is controlled by a connected control panel.
2	Fieldbus control	The drive is controlled via a fieldbus.
3	I/O control	The drive is controlled via I/O.
4	Combined control	The drive is controlled via a combination of I/O and fieldbus.

P 10.3.1.14 SNMP Agent

Activate the local SNMP Agent.

Default Value:	1 (Enabled)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	5907	Unit:	–
Data Type:	BOOL	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Disabled	Disables the function.
1	Enabled	Enables the function.

8.12.3.2 Group 10.3.2 PROFINET

8.12.3.2.1 Group 10.3.2.1 Status

S 10.3.2.1.1 PROFINET Report

PROFINET Status

Name: ic7

IP: 192.168.3.2

Connections

AR	State	Type	Count	Controller	Controller IP
1	Connected	Single	8	pn-ic-simu-20	192.168.3.99
2	Not connected	-	0		0.0.0.0
3	Not connected	-	0		0.0.0.0
4	Not connected	-	0		0.0.0.0

Module Configuration

Slot	Module	Subslot	Submodule	IOPS	IOCS
1	Industry Application	1	Module Access Point	GOOD	GOOD
1	Industry Application	2	IC speed profile	GOOD	GOOD
2	Basic I/O	1	Module Access Point	GOOD	GOOD
2	Basic I/O	2	Basic I/O Relay Terminal 2	-	-
2	Basic I/O	3	Basic I/O Relay Terminal 5	-	-
2	Basic I/O	4	Basic I/O Digital Input Status Word	GOOD	GOOD
2	Basic I/O	11	Basic I/O Analog Input Terminal 33 Voltage	GOOD	GOOD
3	General Purpose I/O OC7C0	1	Module Access Point	GOOD	GOOD
3	General Purpose I/O OC7C0	5	General Purpose I/O Digital Output T7	GOOD	GOOD
3	General Purpose I/O OC7C0	6	General Purpose I/O Digital Output T8	GOOD	GOOD
4	Relay OC7R0	1	Module Access Point	GOOD	GOOD
4	Relay OC7R0	2	Relay Terminal 2	GOOD	GOOD
4	Relay OC7R0	3	Relay Terminal 5	GOOD	GOOD
4	Relay OC7R0	4	Relay Terminal 8	GOOD	GOOD
5	Temperature Measurement OC7T0	1	Module Access Point	-	-
5	Temperature Measurement OC7T0	2	Temperature Input T4	-	-
0	Device Access Point	1	Device Access Point	GOOD	GOOD
0	Device Access Point	32768	Interface X1/X2	GOOD	GOOD
0	Device Access Point	32769	Port X1	GOOD	GOOD
0	Device Access Point	32770	Port X2	GOOD	GOOD

AR 1

Industry Application/IC speed profile Outputs

Signal	Name	Unit	Value	Value as hex
1335	Fieldbus Control Word	-	0x047C	0x047C
1339	Fieldbus Speed Reference 1	-	8192	0x2000

Industry Application/IC speed profile Inputs

Signal	Name	Unit	Value	Value as hex
1307	Fieldbus Status Word	-	0x0E07	0x0E07
1308	Fieldbus Speed Main Actual Value	-	7826	0x1E92

Basic I/O/Basic I/O Digital Input Status Word Inputs

Signal	Name	Unit	Value	Value as hex
1614	Digital Input Status	-	0x0002	0x0002

Basic I/O/Basic I/O Analog Input Terminal 33 Voltage Inputs

Signal	Name	Unit	Value	Value as hex
16110	Basic I/O T33	-	0	0x0000

General Purpose I/O OC7C0/General Purpose I/O Digital Output T7 Outputs

Signal	Name	Unit	Value	Value as hex
16124	General Purpose I/O T7	-	false	0x00

General Purpose I/O OC7C0/General Purpose I/O Digital Output T8 Outputs

Signal	Name	Unit	Value	Value as hex
16125	General Purpose I/O T8	-	false	0x00

Relay OC7R0/Relay Terminal 2 Outputs

Signal	Name	Unit	Value	Value as hex
16100	Relay T2	-	false	0x00

Relay OC7R0/Relay Terminal 5 Outputs

Signal	Name	Unit	Value	Value as hex
16101	Relay T5	-	false	0x00

Relay OC7R0/Relay Terminal 8 Outputs

Signal	Name	Unit	Value	Value as hex
16102	Relay T8	-	false	0x00

Figure 139: Report

For more information, see [iC7-Automation PROFINET Operating Guide](#).

8.12.3.2.2 Group 10.3.2.2 Configuration

P 10.3.2.2.1 Name of Station

Set the name of station. The PROFINET device is identified by its name of station. Each name must be unique in the network.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	7080	Unit:	–
Data Type:	STRING	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.12.3.2.3 Group 10.3.2.3 Diagnosis

P 10.3.2.3.1 Diagnostic Fault

Enables diagnostic fault. When disabled the device will not send any PROFINET diagnosis message with severity "Fault" when a fault is present on device.

Default Value:	1 (Enabled)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	7081	Unit:	–
Data Type:	BOOL	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Disabled	Disables the function.
1	Enabled	Enables the function.

P 10.3.2.3.2 Diagnostic Warning

Enables diagnostic warning. When disabled the device will not send any PROFINET diagnosis message with severity "Maintenance required" when a warning is present on device.

Default Value:	1 (Enabled)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	7083	Unit:	–
Data Type:	BOOL	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Disabled	Disables the function.
1	Enabled	Enables the function.

8.12.3.3 Group 10.3.3 Modbus

8.12.3.3.1 Group 10.3.3.2 Configuration

P 10.3.3.2.1 Persistent Storage

Select if persistent storage is active for Modbus writes.

Default Value:	0 (Disabled)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	7061	Unit:	–
Data Type:	BOOL	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Disabled	Modbus writings are not written to persistent storage.
1	Enabled	Modbus writings are written to persistent storage.

P 10.3.3.2.3 Byte Order

Select the byte order.

Default Value:	0 (Big Endian)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	7062	Unit:	–
Data Type:	USINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Big Endian	Byte order is defined as big-endian - The most significant value to the left.
1	Little Endian	Byte order is defined as little-endian - The least significant value to the left.

P 10.3.3.2.4 Word Order

Select the word order.

Default Value:	1 (Little Endian)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	7063	Unit:	–
Data Type:	USINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	Big Endian	Byte order is defined as big-endian - The most significant value to the left.
1	Little Endian	Byte order is defined as little-endian - The least significant value to the left.

8.12.3.4 Group 10.3.4 EtherNet/IP

8.12.3.4.1 Group 10.3.4.1 Status

S 10.3.4.1.1 EtherNet/IP Report

EtherNet/IP Status			
Target IP: 192.168.6.120			
Connection #1			
Connection type	Exclusive Owner		
Connection ID	0x80E9		
Run/Idle Header	Run		
Scanner IP	192.168.6.130		
Producing RPI [ms]	20		
Consuming RPI [ms]	20		
Producing assembly	180		
Consuming assembly	130		
Assembly 180 T->O		Assembly 130 O->T	
Parameter	Value	Parameter	Value
Fieldbus Status Word	0x00000603	Fieldbus Control Word	0x00000470
Fieldbus Speed Main Actual Value	0x00000000	Fieldbus Speed Reference	0x00001000
Heat Sink Temperature	0x41F53C45	No mapped parameter	0x00000000
DC-link Voltage	0x43FE9814	No mapped parameter	0x00000000
No mapped parameter	0x00000000	No mapped parameter	0x00000000
No mapped parameter	0x00000000	No mapped parameter	0x00000000
No mapped parameter	0x00000000	No mapped parameter	0x00000000
No mapped parameter	0x00000000	No mapped parameter	0x00000000
No mapped parameter	0x00000000	No mapped parameter	0x00000000
No mapped parameter	0x00000000	No mapped parameter	0x00000000
No mapped parameter	0x00000000	No mapped parameter	0x00000000
No mapped parameter	0x00000000	No mapped parameter	0x00000000
No mapped parameter	0x00000000	No mapped parameter	0x00000000
No mapped parameter	0x00000000	No mapped parameter	0x00000000
No mapped parameter	0x00000000	No mapped parameter	0x00000000
No mapped parameter	0x00000000	No mapped parameter	0x00000000
No mapped parameter	0x00000000	No mapped parameter	0x00000000
No mapped parameter	0x00000000	No mapped parameter	0x00000000
No mapped parameter	0x00000000	No mapped parameter	0x00000000
No mapped parameter	0x00000000	No mapped parameter	0x00000000
No mapped parameter	0x00000000	No mapped parameter	0x00000000
No mapped parameter	0x00000000	No mapped parameter	0x00000000

Figure 140: Report

For further information, see [iC7-Automation EtherNet/IP Operating Guide](#).

8.12.3.5 Group 10.3.5 EtherCAT

8.12.3.5.1 Group 10.3.5.1 Status

S 10.3.5.1 EtherCAT Report

Figure 141: Report

For more information, see [iC7-Automation EtherCAT Operating Guide](#).

8.12.3.5.2 Group 10.3.5.2 Configuration

P 10.3.5.2.1 Device ID

The EtherCAT Explicit Device Identification is an optional feature for identifying an EtherCAT slave explicitly. If set, the value must be unique within a network configuration.

Default Value:	0	Parameter Type:	Range (0 — 65535)
Parameter Number:	7084	Unit:	–
Data Type:	UINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

8.12.3.6 Group 10.3.6 OPC UA

8.12.3.6.1 Group 10.3.6.1 Status

S 10.3.6.1.1 OPC UA Report

e30bn829.10

OPC UA Status		
Status	Stopped	
Interface	X0	
Networking	Listen on all network interfaces with TCP port 4840	
Sessions	Current	0
	Maximum	0
	Cumulated	0
Rejected	Security	0
	Sessions	0
Application	Uri	
	Product Uri Name	

For further information, see [iC7 Series OPC UA Operating Guide](#).

Figure 142: Report

8.12.3.6.2 Group 10.3.6.2 Configuration

P 10.3.6.2.1 Interface Selection

Select Interface for OPC UA.

Default Value:	1 (X0)	Parameter Type:	Selection
Parameter Number:	7086	Unit:	–
Data Type:	USINT	Access Type:	Read/Write

The following are the selections for the parameter.

Selection Number	Selection Name	Selection Description
0	None	No Interface for OPC UA.
1	X0	X0 Interface for OPC UA.
2	X1/X2	X1/X2 Interface for OPC UA.

P 10.3.6.2.2 Reverse Connect URL

Set OPC UA reverse connection URL. Clear to remove the reverse connection.

Default Value:	–	Parameter Type:	Range (* — *)
Parameter Number:	7085	Unit:	–
Data Type:	STRING	Access Type:	Read/Write

9 Events and Fault Handling

9.1 Introduction to Events and Fault Handling

During operation, the drive monitors operational conditions, communication, the changes in certain settings, and other conditions. If a change in settings or operational conditions occurs that requires information or other action from the operator, an event is issued. The event can be just a notification, or it can be a request to act. The event details contain information to help the operator to understand the condition, and if required, take relevant actions to analyze and solve the issue.

9.2 Event Categories

The events are categorized in 4 types, with increasing criticality.

Info

Info events are notifications of a specific situation, or they log an event in the history log. Info events are not highlighted by any indicator LEDs. An active info and related details can be viewed in the active events list and the same information is stored in the event history. An info event is automatically reset once the conditions triggering it are no longer active.

Warning

Warning events notify and make the operator aware of situations that can influence the operation of the drive. To avoid a more critical situation (fault), attention to the warning is usually required.

When a warning event occurs, status indicators turn yellow, and a triangular warning symbol appears in MyDrive® Insight. An active warning can be viewed in the active events list and the same information is stored in the event history. The drive remains operational while the warning is active. A warning event is reset automatically once the conditions triggering it are no longer active.

Fault

Fault events are critical to the continuing operation of the drive and require attention and action from the operator. Continuing operation is only possible if the issue causing the event is removed.

When a fault event occurs, status indicators turn red, and a red bell-shaped fault symbol appears in MyDrive® Insight. An active fault can be viewed in the active events list and the same information is stored in the event history. The drive stops operation when a fault occurs. To reset a fault event, the conditions triggering the fault must be removed and a reset command must be given.

Protected fault

A protected fault is comparable to the fault event, with the exception that it requires a power cycling of the drive to be reset. The event type is used for situations that are critical to continued operation and require extra attention before a reset.

Each event is described by a short descriptive heading and info about the event. If the event is a warning or fault, additional information on the possible cause and mitigation is provided as well.

Further details can be found in the following chapters about events and their causes.

9.3 Event Notifications in the Control Panel

Events are shown in the control panel in different ways.

1. Status indicators for warnings and faults

If a warning or fault becomes active, the status indicators (the Halo and the status LEDs above the Halo) light up.

- The status LED [WARN] and the Halo are yellow when a warning is active.
- The status LED [FAULT] and the Halo are red when a fault is active.

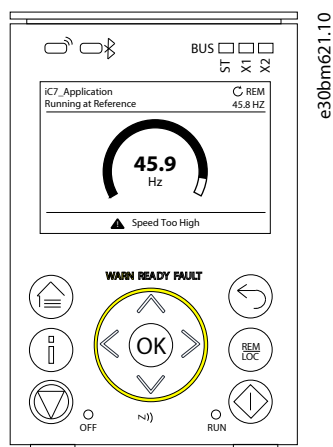


NOTE: See Chapter 3 for more information about the control panel elements.

2. Overlay for warnings and faults

a. Toasts for warnings

A toast notification is shown in the bottom of the status screens for as long as a warning condition is present.



b. Fault overlays

If a fault is triggered, a fault overlay is shown.

The content of the overlay depends on the fault level (fault or protected fault) and on whether automatic reset has been enabled with parameter group **6.4.4 Auto Reset**. If auto reset is enabled, the number of reset attempts and the time until the next attempt is shown. If resetting has not been successful, a failure notification is also shown.

Digital buttons are shown when applicable.

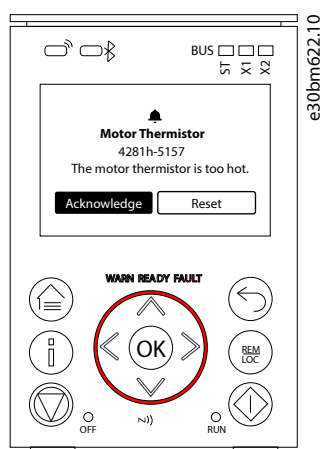


Figure 143: Fault (Auto Reset not Enabled)

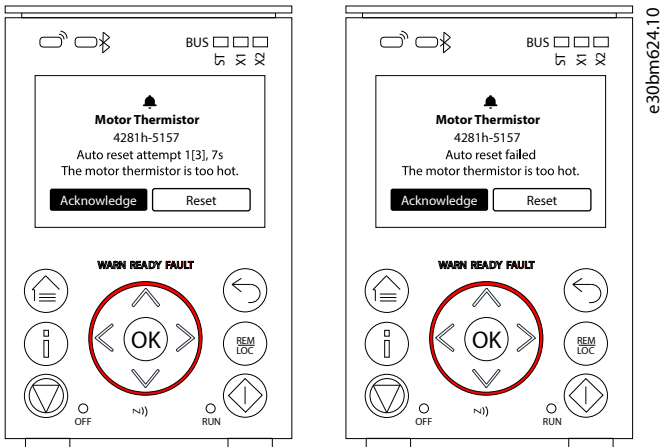


Figure 144: Fault (Auto Reset Enabled)

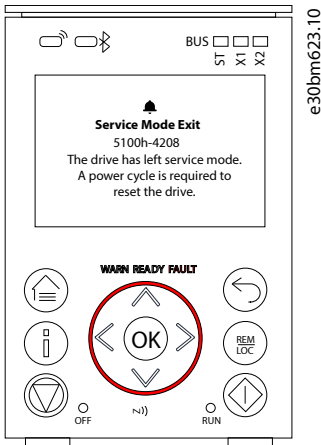


Figure 145: Protected Fault

9.4 Viewing Events

Events can be viewed from the main menu of the control panel.

1. Select *Events*.

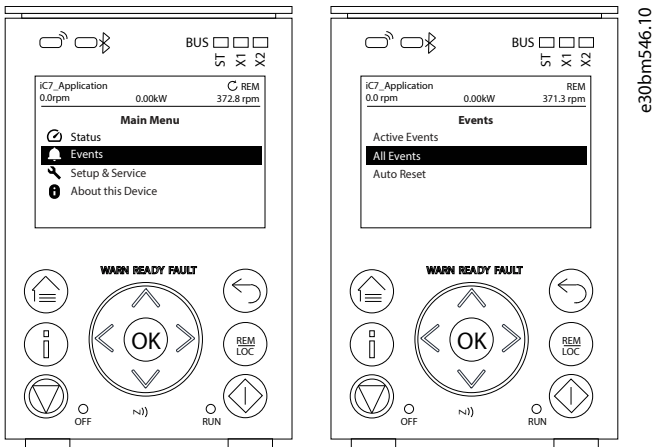


Figure 146: Navigating to Events in the Control Panel

2. Select either *Active Events* or *All Events*.

- Selecting *Active Events* shows the currently active events on the control panel screen.

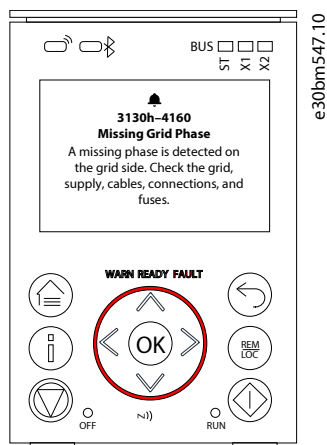


Figure 147: An Active Event

- Selecting *All Events* shows a list of present and past events, their statuses, and time stamps. A strike through the event symbol indicates that the event is no longer active.

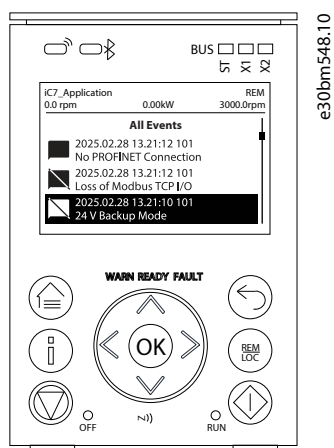


Figure 148: All Events List

Pressing the [Info] button shows the description of the selected event like in [Figure 147](#). Pressing the [OK] button shows additional details of the selected event.

The list of events is also available in MyDrive® Insight. It contains the same information as shown in the control panel. Select the specific drive and expand *Events* to show the active event list under *Live*.

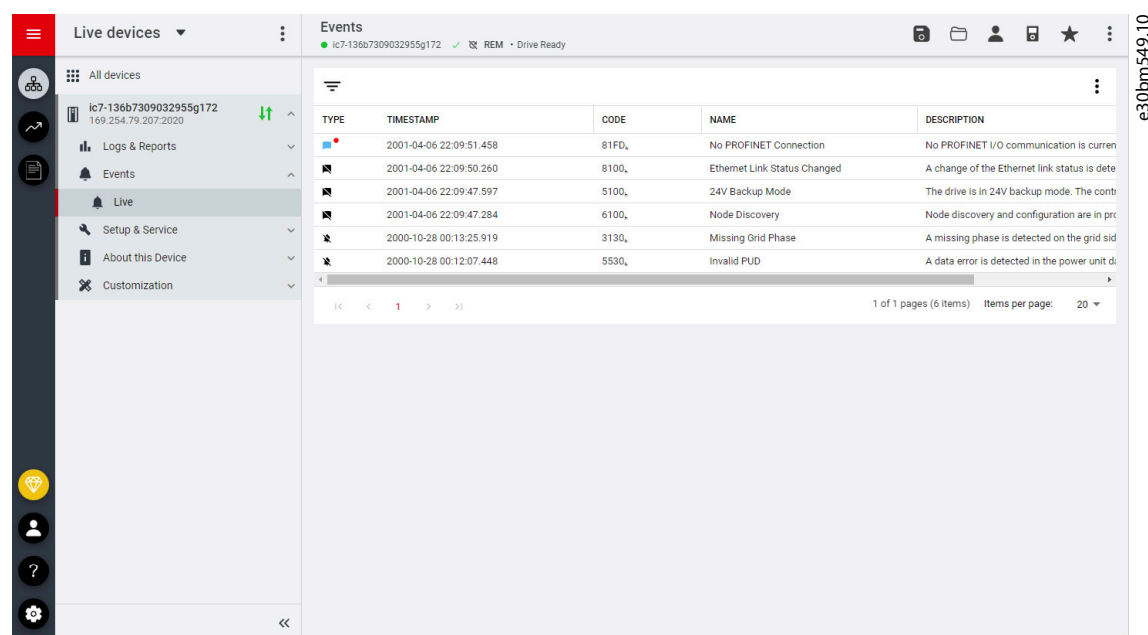


Figure 149: Events in MyDrive® Insight

9.5 Event Groups

The event group numbers are based on the standardized codes as stated in IEC 61800-7-201 with some additions. The groups cover the following categories:

Table 111: Event Groups

Group number	Category
20FFh	Short-term current injection
2110h	Short circuit/earth leakage
2212h	Short circuit
2221h, 2222h	Overcurrent (mains side)
2310h, 2311h	Overcurrent (motor side)
2330h	Earth leakage (motor side)
2340h	Short circuit (motor side)
23FEh	Current imbalance between units
23FFh	Motor disconnected
3110h	Mains undervoltage
3120h	Mains overvoltage
3130h	Mains phase missing
3140h	Mains frequency
3211h, 3212h	DC-link undervoltage
32FFh	DC-link imbalance
4110h	Temperature - Ambient high
4210h, 4220h	Temperature - Brake chopper
4280h, 4281h, 42FFh	Temperature - External component

Table 111: Event Groups - (continued)

Group number	Category
4310h	Temperature - Unit - High
4320h	Temperature - Unit - Low
4380h	Temperature - Cooling module
43FEh	Temperature - Control board
43FFh	Temperature - Imbalance
4480h	Temperature - External filter
5100h	External 24 V supply
5112h, 5114h, 5118h	Supply voltage - Low
51FEh, 51FFh	Gate driver fault
5210h	Measurement circuit
5400h	Power section
5480h	AFE fault
54FEh	STO activated or fault
54FFh	DC link fault
5530h	Hardware memory - EEPROM
6100h	Internal software
6180h	Event simulation
6181h	Unknown I/O selection
61F7h	Low storage space
61FBh	Internal communication error
61FCh	High-speed bus fault
61FFh	Functional safety fault
6320h	Parameter error
7012h	Motor feedback
7080h	Mechanical brake
70FFh	Fan fault
7110h	Brake chopper
7113h	Brake chopper - Protection
7120h	Motor
7122h	Motor - Fault
72FFh	Feedback option fault
7310h	Sensor - Speed
7500h	Communication
7580h	Lost connection
8100h	Fieldbus communication
81FDh	Missing fieldbus connection

Table 111: Event Groups - (continued)

Group number	Category
81FEh	Fieldbus connection lost
81FFh	Fieldbus process data timeout
8331h	Torque fault
8400h	Speed controller
8611h	Positioning controller - Following error
8612h	Positioning controller - Reference limit
9080h	Lost load
F004h	Inertia estimation
FF01h	External exception
FF02h	Preventive maintenance
FF06h	Logic

Multiple fault codes can be assigned in each group. The fault codes are identified with a unique number. More details on each event are found in the events summary table.

9.6 Event Details

Each event has a unique event number, a short descriptive name, and a more detailed description. The events are grouped according to error codes defined in IEC 61800-7-201.

Unlike the individual event number, the groups are not unique, since multiple errors can be related to each other. As an example, different motor side ground faults share the same group number 0x2330.

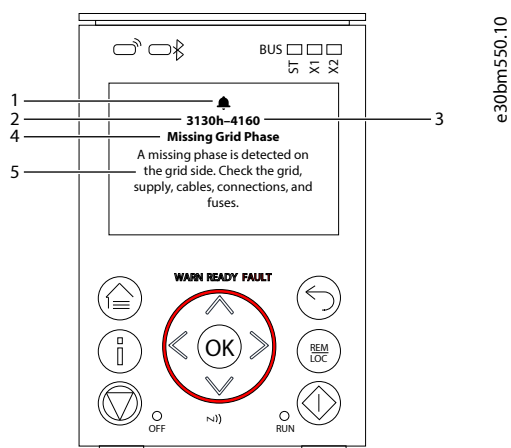


Figure 150: Parts of the Event Notification in the Control Panel

Number	Explanation
1	An icon indicating the event type.
2	An event group number (hexadecimal).
3	A unique event number.

Number	Explanation
4	A short descriptive headline.
5	A detailed description split in 1–3 elements: • A description of the event. • For warnings and faults: ◆ A description of the potential cause of the event. ◆ A short description of mitigating actions to avoid or clear the event.

In the example picture [Figure 150](#):

- The bell icon indicates that the event is a fault.
- The event group is 3130h, and the event number is 4160.
- The event headline is **Missing Grid Phase**.
- The detailed description indicates that the fault is due to a missing grid phase, and instructs to check the grid supply, cabling, and connections.

9.7 Events Summary for Motion Application Software

The following tables list the events that can occur in the Motion application software. The events specific to Basic I/O are listed in a separate table after the main table.

The tables are structured in the following columns:

- Group number (Column 1)
The event group number in hexadecimal format
- Event number (Column 2)
The unique event number
- Display name (Column 3)
The short descriptive name of the event
- Description (Column 4)
A detailed description of the event, and if applicable, potential causes and mitigating actions to eliminate the problem.
- Type of event (Columns 5-8)
The type of event: I - Info, W - Warning, F - Fault, PF - Protected Fault
- Inverter/brake chopper action (Columns 9-10)
The reaction of the inverter (drive output) and the brake chopper: C - Coasts the motor, RC - Ramps down and coasts the motor

Table 112: Summary Table

Group Number (Hex)	Number (Decimal)	Display Name	Description	Type of Event				Inverter and Brake Chopper Action	
				I	W	F	PF	Inverter	Brake
0x20FF	4372	Short term current injection	Short Term Current Injection has started. The Grid Converter might trip if the time limit is exceeded.		X	X		C	
0x2110	4379	CM Current High	An excessive common mode current is detected in the LCL-filter.		X	X		C	
0x2110	4701	Imax1IntAfe	Inverter input over-current (integrated AFE).		X	X		C	
0x2212	4374	DC-link Resonance	A resonance on the DC link with excessive RMS current values is detected.		X	X		C	
0x2221	4384	Thermal Overload Rectifier	The rectifier is thermally overloaded. Mission profile is too demanding.		X	X		C	
0x2222	4373	DC-link Overcurrent	An overcurrent on the main DC-link capacitors is detected.		X	X		C	
0x2310	5170	Current Limit Timeout	The drive has exceeded the allowed time in current limit.			X		C	
0x2311	4097	Inverter Overload	Thermal overload is detected in the inverter of the drive. Reduce the output load.		X	X		C	
0x2311	4367	Demagnetization Protection PM Motor	The motor current is higher than the set threshold for the demagnetization protection.		X	X		C	
0x2311	4368	Output Current High 0	The output current of the drive has exceeded its normal range at low speed. Shock load or too fast acceleration with high-inertia loads can cause this fault. Check that the motor size matches the drive and the motor data is correct. Check that the motor shaft can be turned.		X	X		C	
0x2311	4369	Output Current High 1	The output current of the drive has exceeded its normal range. Shock load or too fast acceleration with high-inertia loads can cause this fault. Check that the motor size matches the drive and the motor data is correct. Check that the motor shaft can be turned.		X	X		C	
0x2311	4375	Excessive Current Limiting	The output current of the drive has exceeded the current limit multiple times. Check that the motor size matches the drive and the motor data is correct. Check that the motor shaft can be turned.		X	X		C	

Table 112: Summary Table - (continued)

Group Number (Hex)	Number (Decimal)	Display Name	Description	Type of Event				Inverter and Brake Chopper Action	
				I	W	F	PF	Inverter	Brake
0x2311	4377	Smart Derating Fault	A Smart Derating fault is detected. The load is too demanding for the current derating level. Lower the switching frequency if possible.		X	X		C	
0x2311	4380	Current Limit Setting Fault	The actual current limit setting is too high relative to the selected constant control frequency level. Reduce the control frequency setting or reduce the current limit setting.			X		C	C
0x2330	4352	Ground Fault 0	A high-impedance ground fault is detected on the output. Check the insulation of motor cable and motor.		X	X		C	
0x2330	4353	Ground Fault 1	A high-impedance ground fault is detected on the output. Check the insulation of motor cable and motor.		X	X		C	
0x2330	4354	Ground Fault 2	A low-impedance ground fault is detected on the output. Check the insulation of motor cable and motor.		X		X	C	
0x2330	4355	Ground Fault 21	A high or low-impedance ground fault is detected on the output. Check the insulation of motor cable and motor.		X		X	C	
0x2330	4732	learth2Sd	Low-impedance earth fault.		X	X		C	C
0x2340	4356	Inverter Short Circuit	A short circuit at the inverter output is detected. Check the motor and motor cable.		X		X	C	
0x2340	4370	Output Current High 2	A critical output overcurrent is detected. Check for short circuits on the output.		X		X	C	
0x2340	4649	Desat Gate Driver	The gate driver has detected a desaturation condition.				X	C	C
0x2340	4731	Imax2GateDriver	Inverter output fast overcurrent.			X		C	C
0x23FE	4371	Current Imbalance	A current imbalance between paralleled power units is detected.		X				
0x23FF	4175	Motor Disconnected	The motor is disconnected.		X	X		C	
0x23FF	4176	Missing Motor Phase	A missing motor phase is detected. Check motor, motor cables, and connections.		X	X		C	
0x3110	4162	Grid Voltage Spikes	Excessive spikes on the grid voltage have been detected.		X	X		C	
0x3110	4164	Grid Voltage High	Grid voltage exceeded the high voltage limit. The limit depends on the voltage class configured in parameter "2.2.1.1 Unit Voltage Class".		X	X		C	C

Table 112: Summary Table - (continued)

Group Number (Hex)	Number (Decimal)	Display Name	Description	Type of Event				Inverter and Brake Chopper Action	
				I	W	F	PF	Inverter	Brake
0x3120	4165	Grid Voltage Low	Grid voltage dropped below the low voltage limit. The limit depends on the voltage class configured in parameter "2.2.1.1 Unit Voltage Class".		X	X		C	
0x3120	4714	LineRmsUnderVoltageIntAfe	Grid voltage (RMS) below normal operating range (integrated AFE).		X	X		C	
0x3130	4160	Missing Grid Phase	A missing phase is detected on the grid side. Check the grid supply, cables, connections, and fuses.		X	X		C	
0x3130	4163	Grid Imbalance	A large imbalance of the grid voltages is detected. Check for uneven loads on the grid.		X	X		C	
0x3140	4161	Grid Frequency Out of Range	Grid frequency is outside of the operating range.		X	X		C	
0x3140	4166	Grid Synchronization Error	The converter is unable to maintain the synchronization to the grid voltage. This error is only applicable if the converter is in one of the grid following modes.		X	X		C	
0x3140	4716	LinePllLockIntAfe	Unable to maintain PLL lock on grid frequency (integrated AFE).		X	X		C	
0x3211	4144	DC-link Voltage High 2	The voltage of the DC link is above the normal operating range and has reached a critical level. Can be caused by too fast motor braking or grid transients. Increase deceleration time, enable the overvoltage controller, use AC brake, or use a brake resistor while braking.		X	X		C	C
0x3211	4710	UdcOverVoltIntAfe	DC-link voltage above normal operating range. Detected by high-speed spike protection method (integrated AFE).		X	X		C	C
0x3211	4726	GridDisturbanceDetected	Excessive DC-link voltage at coast. Force integrated front end to run to reduce DC-link voltage.		X				
0x3212	4145	DC-link Voltage High 1	The voltage of the DC link is above the normal operating range. Can be caused by too fast motor braking or grid transients. Increase deceleration time, enable the overvoltage controller, use AC brake, or use a brake resistor while braking.		X	X		C	

Table 112: Summary Table - (continued)

Group Number (Hex)	Number (Decimal)	Display Name	Description	Type of Event				Inverter and Brake Chopper Action	
				I	W	F	PF	Inverter	Brake
0x3221	4146	DC-link Voltage Low	The DC-link voltage is below the normal operating range. Try to enable undervoltage protection to keep the drive running as long as possible.		X	X		C	C
0x32FF	4147	DC-link Voltage Ripple	Excessive voltage ripple is detected on the main DC-link capacitors. This can be caused by an imbalance of the grid. Reduce the output power.		X	X		C	
0x32FF	4148	DC-link Imbalance	An imbalance across the DC-link capacitors is detected. The imbalance can be caused by a component fault of the DC link. If the fault remains after resetting the drive, service is required.		X	X		C	
0x4110	4099	Ambient Temp. High	The ambient temperature is too high. Check the temperature and cooling conditions. Lower the temperature or improve the cooling conditions.		X				
0x4210	4107	Brake Chopper Temp. Limit	The temperature of the brake chopper heat sink is at the upper limit of the normal temperature range. Check cooling and heat sink conditions. Reduce the generated regenerative power.		X				
0x4210	4108	Brake Chopper Temp. High 1	The temperature of the brake chopper heat sink has exceeded the normal temperature range. Check cooling and heat sink conditions. Reduce the generated regenerative power.		X	X		C	C
0x4210	4109	Brake Chopper Temp. High 2	The temperature of the brake chopper heat sink has reached a critical level. Check cooling and heat sink conditions. Reduce the generated regenerative power.		X	X		C	C
0x4220	4106	Brake Chopper Temp. Low	The temperature of the brake chopper heat sink is too low. Check the ambient temperature. Increase the ambient temperature or consider an external heater to increase the temperature around the drive.		X	X		C	C
0x4280	5132	Temp. Protection 1	Temperature protection 1 is triggered. The temperature has exceeded the configured value.		X	X		RC	

Table 112: Summary Table - (continued)

Group Number (Hex)	Number (Decimal)	Display Name	Description	Type of Event				Inverter and Brake Chopper Action	
				I	W	F	PF	Inverter	Brake
0x4280	5133	Temp. Protection 2	Temperature protection 2 is triggered. The temperature has exceeded the configured value.		X	X		RC	
0x4280	5134	Temp. Protection 3	Temperature protection 3 is triggered. The temperature has exceeded the configured value.		X	X		RC	
0x4280	5135	Temp. Protection 4	Temperature protection 4 is triggered. The temperature has exceeded the configured value.		X	X		RC	
0x4280	5136	Temp. Protection 5	Temperature protection 5 is triggered. The temperature has exceeded the configured value.		X	X		RC	
0x4280	5137	Temp. Protection 6	Temperature protection 6 is triggered. The temperature has exceeded the configured value.		X	X		RC	
0x4280	5158	Motor Temperature	The analog temperature sensor has exceeded the configured value.		X	X		RC	C
0x4281	5157	Motor Thermistor	The motor thermistor is too hot.			X		C	
0x42FE	4136	High LCL Temperature	LCL temperature is above the normal operating range.		X	X		RC	
0x42FF	4200	Power Option Temp. High 1	The temperature of a power option has exceeded the normal temperature range. Check the cooling conditions. Reduce the load or the ambient temperature.		X	X		RC	C
0x42FF	4201	Power Option Temp. High 2	The temperature of a power option has reached a critical level. Check the cooling conditions. Reduce the load or the ambient temperature.		X	X		RC	C
0x42FF	4202	Power Option Temp. Low	The temperature of a power option component is too low. Check the ambient temperature. Increase the ambient temperature or consider an external heater to increase the temperature around the power option.		X	X		RC	C
0x42FF	4203	Power Option Temp. Limit	The temperature of a power option component is at the upper limit of the normal temperature. Check the cooling conditions. Reduce the load or the ambient temperature.		X				
0x42FF	4204	Power Option Temp. Imbal. 1	The thermal imbalance between the power option components exceeds the normal operating range.		X	X		RC	C

Table 112: Summary Table - (continued)

Group Number (Hex)	Number (Decimal)	Display Name	Description	Type of Event				Inverter and Brake Chopper Action	
				I	W	F	PF	Inverter	Brake
0x42FF	4205	Power Option Temp. Imbal. 2	An excessive thermal imbalance between power option components is detected.		X	X		RC	C
0x42FF	4206	Power Option Temp. Imbal. Limit	The thermal imbalance between the power option components is at the upper limit of the normal operating range.		X				
0x4310	4103	Inverter Temp. Limit	The temperature of the inverter heat sink is at the upper limit of the normal temperature range. Check cooling and heat sink conditions. Reduce the output current or ambient temperature. The drive may derate if the temperature is not lowered.		X				
0x4310	4104	Inverter Temp. High 1	The temperature of the inverter heat sink has exceeded the normal temperature level. Check cooling and heat sink conditions. Reduce the output current or ambient temperature.		X	X		C	C
0x4310	4105	Inverter Temp. High 2	The temperature of the inverter heat sink has reached a critical level. Check cooling and heat sink conditions. Reduce the output current to avoid a protected fault.		X	X		C	C
0x4310	4110	IGBT Temp. High	An inverter IGBT overtemperature is detected. Reduce the ambient temperature, the output current and/or the switching frequency. Check the cooling and the condition of the heat sink.			X		C	C
0x4310	4113	Rectifier Temp. Limit	The temperature of the rectifier heat sink is at the upper limit of the normal temperature range. Check cooling and heat sink conditions. Reduce the output power (torque, speed) or the ambient temperature.		X				
0x4310	4114	Rectifier Temp. High 1	The temperature of the rectifier heat sink has exceeded the normal temperature range. Check cooling and heat sink conditions. Reduce the output power (torque, speed) or the ambient temperature.		X	X		C	C
0x4310	4115	Rectifier Temp. High 2	The temperature of the rectifier heat sink has reached a critical level. Check cooling and heat sink conditions. Reduce the output power (torque, speed) or the ambient temperature.		X	X		C	C

Table 112: Summary Table - (continued)

Group Number (Hex)	Number (Decimal)	Display Name	Description	Type of Event				Inverter and Brake Chopper Action	
				I	W	F	PF	Inverter	Brake
0x4310	4117	Power Unit Temp. Limit	The internal air temperature of the drive is at the upper limit of the normal temperature range. Check cooling and heat sink conditions. Reduce the output power (torque, speed) or the ambient temperature.		X				
0x4310	4118	Power Unit Temp. High 1	The internal air temperature of the drive has exceeded its normal temperature range. Check cooling and heat sink conditions. Reduce the output power (torque, speed) or the ambient temperature.		X	X		C	C
0x4310	4119	Power Unit Temp. High 2	The internal air temperature of the drive has reached a critical value. Check cooling and heat sink conditions. Reduce the output power (torque, speed) or the ambient temperature.		X	X		C	C
0x4310	4125	IGBT Temp. High	An inverter IGBT temperature has reached a critical value. Reduce the output current of the drive if possible to avoid a protected fault.			X		C	C
0x4320	4102	Heat Sink Temperature Low	Heat sink temperature is below normal operating range. Check the ambient temperature. Increase the ambient temperature or consider an external heater to increase the temperature around the product.		X	X		C	C
0x4320	4112	Rectifier Temp. Low	The temperature of the rectifier heat sink is too low. Check the ambient temperature. Increase the ambient temperature or consider an external heater to increase the temperature around the drive.		X	X		C	C
0x4320	4116	Power Unit Temp. Low	The internal air temperature of the drive is below the normal operating range. The drive is operated at a too low ambient temperature. Consider an external heater to avoid this warning or fault.		X	X		C	C
0x4380	5240	Cooling Monitor	The cooling signal is missing.		X	X		C	C

Table 112: Summary Table - (continued)

Group Number (Hex)	Number (Decimal)	Display Name	Description	Type of Event				Inverter and Brake Chopper Action	
				I	W	F	PF	Inverter	Brake
0x43FE	4120	Control Board Temp. Low	The temperature of the control board is below the normal temperature range. The drive is operated at a too low ambient temperature. Check the ambient temperature. Increase the ambient temperature or consider an external heater to increase the temperature at the drive.		X	X		C	C
0x43FE	4121	Control Board Temp. Limit	The temperature of the control board is at the upper limit of the normal temperature range. Check cooling conditions and load of the control board. Reduce the load on the control board or the ambient temperature.		X				
0x43FE	4122	Control Board Temp. High 1	The temperature of the control board has exceeded its normal temperature range. Check cooling conditions and load of the control board. Reduce the load on the control board or the ambient temperature.		X	X		C	C
0x43FE	4123	Control Board Temp. High 2	The temperature of the control board has reached a critical level. Check cooling conditions and load of the control board. Reduce the load on the control board or the ambient temperature.		X	X		C	C
0x43FF	4124	Brake Chopper Temperature Imbalance	There is a temperature imbalance between 1 or more brake chopper IGBTs.		X				
0x43FF	4126	IGBT Temperature Imbalance	There is a temperature imbalance between 1 or more IGBTs.		X				
0x43FF	4127	IGBT Temperature Imbalance	An excessive thermal imbalance between the IGBT modules is detected. Check the condition of IGBT modules their connections the cooling and the driver boards.		X				
0x43FF	4131	Temperature Imbalance Brake IGBT	There is a temperature imbalance between 1 or more brake chopper IGBTs.		X	X		C	C
0x43FF	4132	IGBT temperature delta	There is a temperature imbalance between 1 or more IGBTs.		X	X		C	C
0x43FF	4840	Rectifier Temp. Maximum Imbalance	There is an imbalance between one or more of the rectifier power module temperatures.		X	X		C	C
0x43FF	4841	Rectifier Temp. Imbalance	There is an imbalance between one or more of the rectifier power module temperatures.		X				

Table 112: Summary Table - (continued)

Group Number (Hex)	Number (Decimal)	Display Name	Description	Type of Event				Inverter and Brake Chopper Action	
				I	W	F	PF	Inverter	Brake
0x4480	5400	AHF High Temp. Derate	A too high temperature is detected in the connected AHF (Advanced Harmonic Filter). Output is derated to 50%.			X			
0x4480	5401	AHF High Temp. Stop	A too high temperature is detected in the connected AHF (Advanced Harmonic Filter). Operation of the drive is stopped.			X		RC	
0x5100	4208	Service Mode Exit	The drive has left service mode. A power cycle is required to reset the drive.				X	C	C
0x5100	4641	24V Backup Mode	The drive is in 24V backup mode. The control section (including parameter configurations) and installed options are kept operational.	X					
0x5100	4803	Service Mode Active	Drive is in service mode.		X				
0x5112	4640	24V Supply Fault	The 24V supply is outside its normal operating range.				X	C	C
0x5114	4642	3.3V Supply Low	The voltage of the internal 3.3V supply is below its normal operating range.			X		C	C
0x5118	4643	28V Supply Low	The voltage of the internal 28V supply is below its normal operating range.			X		C	C
0x51FE	4644	Gate Driver Voltage Fault	The gate driver supply voltage is outside its normal operating range.				X	C	C
0x51FE	4653	Gate Driver Fault	A gate driver fault is detected or a link to the gate driver is broken.			X		C	C
0x51FF	4645	Power Board Supply Fault	A power supply fault on the power board is detected.				X	C	C
0x51FF	4646	Power Supply Voltage	A power supply voltage is outside its normal operating range.				X	C	C
0x5210	4378	Current Sensor Fault	A defective current sensor or an error in the calibration of the current sensors is detected.			X		C	C
0x5400	5173	Power Limit Timeout Regenerative	The drive has exceeded the allowed time in power limit.			X		C	
0x5400	5174	Power Limit Timeout Motoring	The drive has exceeded the allowed time in power limit.			X		C	
0x5480	4152	Shoot Through Fault In Afe	Converter shoot through detected.			X		C	
0x54FD	4647	Function Disabled	The protection logic keeps the trip active until the configuration of the power unit protection levels is ready.			X		C	C

Table 112: Summary Table - (continued)

Group Number (Hex)	Number (Decimal)	Display Name	Description	Type of Event				Inverter and Brake Chopper Action	
				I	W	F	PF	Inverter	Brake
0x54FE	4628	STO Activated	The Safe Torque-Off (STO) is activated and an unintended restart is prevented until the STO-request is reset.		X			C	
0x54FE	4629	STO Fault Ch. A	The Safe Torque-Off (STO) is activated due to a discrepancy fault: Channel A is not activated, while channel B is activated.			X		C	C
0x54FE	4630	STO Fault Ch. B	The Safe Torque-Off (STO) is activated due to a discrepancy fault: Channel B is not activated, while channel A is activated.			X		C	C
0x54FF	4149	DC-link Short Circuit	An internal short circuit is detected in the DC link. Service is required.				X	C	C
0x54FF	4150	DC Capacitor Short Circuit	A short circuit in a DC-link capacitor is detected. Service is required.			X		C	C
0x54FF	4151	DC-link Short Circuit 2	A short circuit in the DC-link capacitor is detected. Service is required.	X			X	C	
0x5530	4790	Control Data Error	A data error is detected in the control data database EEPROM.	X					
0x5530	4791	Invalid PUD	A data error is detected in the power unit database EEPROM.			X		C	
0x6100	4134	System Time Adjust	System time is adjusted.	X					
0x6100	4135	Real Time Clock Hardware Error	A hardware error is detected in the real time clock.		X				
0x6100	4304	License Missing	A required license is missing.		X				
0x6100	4349	Authenticity Error	Files authenticity verification error occurred.			X		RC	C
0x6100	4351	System Fault	A system fault is detected. See additional information for details.			X		C	C
0x6100	4357	Firmware Crash	A firmware crash occurred and detailed information is provided.			X		C	C
0x6100	4567	Restore Status	Provides information about the restore operation of a setting.	X					
0x6100	4568	Automatic Reset	All event conditions have cleared, and the triggered events are automatically reset.	X					
0x6100	4816	PLC Task Overrun	The high CPU load is inhibiting normal operation of the application (PLC task overrun).		X				
0x6100	4817	PLC Runtime Error	The PLC runtime has stopped responding. The application is halted.			X		C	C
0x6100	4832	NodeDiscovery	Node discovery and configuration in progress. Modulation is inhibited.	X				RC	C

Table 112: Summary Table - (continued)

Group Number (Hex)	Number (Decimal)	Display Name	Description	Type of Event				Inverter and Brake Chopper Action	
				I	W	F	PF	Inverter	Brake
0x6100	4833	Node Commissioning	Nodes are being commissioned.		X			C	C
0x6100	4834	Node Missing	A previously commissioned node is no longer available. The drive is waiting for the node to be available. If the node has been removed, recommission the drive.	X					
0x6100	4851	Restart Required	A configuration change requires a soft-cycle or power-cycle to take effect. Modulation is inhibited.		X			C	C
0x6100	4853	StartupOccurrence	This occurrence masks over various occurrences that might be active during startup, that we dont want to show the end user	X					
0x6100	4854	ResetByDemand	Drive reset is requested by user, and will be performed shortly	X				C	
0x6100	4855	Internal Fault	An internal fault is detected. Cycle power, check the wiring if applicable, contact the service provider if the fault persists. Note the event number for further troubleshooting directions.			X		RC	C
0x6100	4856	Internal Fault	An internal fault is detected (connection from controller). Cycle power, check the internal wiring, contact the service provider if the fault persists. Note the event number for further troubleshooting directions.			X		C	C
0x6100	4857	Software Update	The drive is currently performing an update of the software.	X					
0x6100	6000	Motion Internal Fb Error	Motion command is not executed due to Internal Error.			X		C	C
0x6100	6001	Drive Disabled Error	Motion command is rejected when drive is disabled. Please Start the Drive.		X				
0x6100	6007	Motion License Missing	Motion License for the feature is not present.				X	C	C
0x6180	5260	Event Simulation	The event with the number 5260 is simulated.		X	X		C	C
0x6180	5264	Event Simulation SS2 Inst 1	Event simulation SS2 Instance 1.		X			C	C
0x6180	5265	Event Simulation SS2 Inst 2	Event simulation SS2 Instance 2.		X			C	C
0x6181	4980	Invalid Digital Input selection	The selected slot and/or terminal is not valid.		X				

Table 112: Summary Table - (continued)

Group Number (Hex)	Number (Decimal)	Display Name	Description	Type of Event				Inverter and Brake Chopper Action	
				I	W	F	PF	Inverter	Brake
0x6181	4981	Invalid Digital Output selection	The selected slot and/or terminal is not valid.		X				
0x6181	4982	Invalid Analog Input selection	The selected slot and/or terminal is not valid.		X				
0x6181	4983	Invalid Analog Output selection	The selected slot and/or terminal is not valid.		X				
0x6181	4984	Digital Output occupied	A digital output is in use by an other function or fieldbus. If a fieldbus has taken control of a terminal, it has priority over parameter selection.		X				
0x6181	4985	Analog Output occupied	An analog output is in use by another function or fieldbus. If a fieldbus has taken control of a terminal, it has priority over parameter selection.		X				
0x6181	4986	Digital Input missing	The slot and terminal selected by the input are valid, but the value for the terminal is not yet available.		X				
0x6181	4987	Digital Output missing	The slot and terminal selected by the input are valid, but the terminal is not yet being controlled.		X				
0x6181	4988	Analog Input missing	The slot and terminal selected by the input are valid, but the value for the terminal is not yet available.		X				
0x6181	4989	Analog Output missing	The slot and terminal selected by the input are valid, but the terminal is not yet being controlled.		X				
0x6181	4990	Digital Input stopped	The slot and terminal selected by the input are valid and the value for the terminal has previously been received, but the terminal value is no longer being reported. The value is frozen at the last known measurement.		X				
0x6181	4991	Digital Output stopped	The slot and terminal selected by the output are valid, and the terminal was previously functioning, but control has been lost.		X				
0x6181	4992	Analog Input stopped	The slot and terminal selected by the input are valid and the value for the terminal has previously been received, but the terminal value is no longer being reported. The value is frozen at the last known measurement.		X				

Table 112: Summary Table - (continued)

Group Number (Hex)	Number (Decimal)	Display Name	Description	Type of Event				Inverter and Brake Chopper Action	
				I	W	F	PF	Inverter	Brake
0x6181	4993	Analog Output stopped	The slot and terminal selected by the output are valid, and the terminal was previously functioning, but control has been lost.		X				
0x6181	4994	Invalid Temperature Input selection	The selected slot and/or terminal is not valid.		X				
0x6181	4995	Temperature Input missing	The slot and terminal selected by the input are valid, but the value for the terminal is not yet available.		X				
0x6181	4996	Temperature Input stopped	The slot and terminal selected by the input are valid and the value for the terminal has previously been received, but the terminal value is no longer being reported. The value is frozen at the last known measurement.		X				
0x61F7	4800	Low Storage Space	The available storage space for the file system is low.	X					
0x61F7	4801	Data Logger Storage	Volume restriction limits are preventing additional data logger capture files from being stored.		X				
0x61F7	4802	Event Logger Storage	Volume restriction limits are preventing additional event log capture files from being stored.		X				
0x61FB	4600	Option Communication Fault	A fault in the communication with an option is detected. Cycle power, check that the option is properly installed, contact the Danfoss supplier or the service department if the fault persists. Note the event number for further troubleshooting directions.			X		RC	C
0x61FB	4601	Internal Communication Fault	An internal communication fault is detected. Cycle power, check the wiring if applicable, contact the service provider if the fault persists. Note the event number for further troubleshooting directions.			X		RC	C
0x61FB	4602	Option Communication Fault	A fault in the communication with an option is detected. Cycle power, check that the option is properly installed, contact the Danfoss supplier or the service department if the fault persists. Note the event number for further troubleshooting directions.			X		C	C

Table 112: Summary Table - (continued)

Group Number (Hex)	Number (Decimal)	Display Name	Description	Type of Event				Inverter and Brake Chopper Action	
				I	W	F	PF	Inverter	Brake
0x61FB	4607	Internal Communication Fault	An internal communication fault is detected. Cycle power, check the wiring if applicable, contact the Danfoss supplier or the service department if the fault persists. Note the event number for further troubleshooting directions.			X		C	C
0x61FB	4631	Internal Communication Fault	An internal communication fault is detected. Cycle power, check the wiring if applicable, contact the Danfoss supplier or the service department if the fault persists. Note the event number for further troubleshooting directions.			X		RC	C
0x61FB	4632	Internal Communication Fault	An internal communication fault is detected. Cycle power, check the wiring if applicable, contact the service provider if the fault persists. Note the event number for further troubleshooting directions.		X				
0x61FB	4654	Control Node Disconnected	Internal communication route to one or more control nodes is disconnected.		X				
0x61FC	4605	Internal Communication Fault	An internal communication fault is detected. Cycle power, check the wiring if applicable, contact the service provider if the fault persists. Note the event number for further troubleshooting directions.			X		C	C
0x61FC	4606	Internal Communication Fault	An internal communication fault is detected. Cycle power, check the wiring if applicable, contact the Danfoss supplier or the service department if the fault persists. Note the event number for further troubleshooting directions.			X		C	C
0x61FC	4639	High Speed Bus Sync Error	Internal error detected with high-speed bus connection to parallel control unit.			X		C	C
0x61FC	4648	High Speed Bus Error	Internal error detected with high-speed bus connection to parallel control unit.			X		C	C
0x61FC	4858	Internal Fault	An internal fault is detected. The power system has not received the required reference for modulation. Cycle power, check the wiring if applicable, contact the Danfoss supplier or the service department if the fault persists. Note the event number for further troubleshooting directions.		X	X		C	

Table 112: Summary Table - (continued)

Group Number (Hex)	Number (Decimal)	Display Name	Description	Type of Event				Inverter and Brake Chopper Action	
				I	W	F	PF	Inverter	Brake
0x61FC	4859	Internal Fault	An internal fault (connection from power system) is detected. Cycle power, check the internal wiring, contact the service provider if the fault persists. Note the event number for further troubleshooting directions.		X	X		C	
0x61FC	4860	Unexpected Time Adjust	An internal fault (unexpected time adjustment) is detected. Cycle power, check the internal wiring, contact the service provider if the fault persists. Note the event number for further troubleshooting directions.			X		C	C
0x61FC	4861	Synchronization Fault	An internal fault (time synchronization error between controller and power system) is detected. Cycle power, check the internal wiring, contact the service provider if the fault persists. Note the event number for further troubleshooting directions.			X		C	C
0x61FC	4862	PDS	An internal communication fault is detected. Cycle power, check the wiring if applicable, and contact the Danfoss supplier or the service department if the fault persists. Note the event number for further troubleshooting directions.			X		C	C
0x61FC	4863	Internal Fault	An internal fault (connection with power system) is detected. Cycle power, check the internal wiring, contact the service provider if the fault persists. Note the event number for further troubleshooting directions.			X		C	C
0x61FF	4608	Internal Failure detected	An Internal Failure was detected.			X			
0x61FF	4609	IO Failure detected	An IO Failure was detected.			X			
0x6320	4350	Configuration Error	An invalid system configuration is detected.		X	X		C	C
0x6320	5301	Invalid Control Config.	An invalid control configuration is preventing operation.		X	X		C	
0x6320	5302	Start Blocked	Start of the motor is blocked. Check the Motor Ctrl. Ready Status Word for the cause.		X	X		C	
0x6320	6002	Invalid State Error	Motion command cannot be started due to current state.		X				
0x6320	6003	Invalid Input Error	Motion command cannot be executed because at least 1 of the parameter is out of range.		X				

Table 112: Summary Table - (continued)

Group Number (Hex)	Number (Decimal)	Display Name	Description	Type of Event				Inverter and Brake Chopper Action	
				I	W	F	PF	Inverter	Brake
0x7012	5604	Motor Feedback Inversed	The feedback signal was running in the negative direction whereas the motor was running in the positive direction.			X		C	C
0x7012	5605	No Motor Feedback	Feedback signal is 0 or very low.			X		C	C
0x7080	5220	Brake Feedback Wrong State	Mechanical brake feedback is in a wrong state. Feedback state should reflect state of brake, except during opening or closing phases.		X				
0x7080	5221	Brake Priming Timeout	Brake priming has timed out. The drive could not produce the configured priming torque to open the brake safely.		X				
0x7080	5222	Brake Feedback Timeout	Brake feedback has timed out. The feedback signal is indicating that the mechanical brake has not opened or closed within the configured time.		X				
0x7080	5225	Brake Slip Error	A higher slip than the defined limit is detected in the mechanical brake. Check the condition of the mechanical brake.		X				
0x70FF	4128	Control Fan Failure	The control board cooling fan is not running at the commanded speed.		X				
0x70FF	4129	Main Fan Failure	The main cooling fan is not following its reference speed. Check the wiring of the fan and whether its blocked or polluted. Replace the fan if necessary.		X				
0x70FF	4130	Internal Fan Failure	The internal fan is running below its reference speed. Check the wiring of the fan and whether its blocked or polluted. Replace the fan if necessary.		X				
0x70FF	4133	LCL Fan Speed Fault	LCL cooling fan not tracking commanded output.			X		C	C
0x7110	5204	Brake Resistor Test Active	The Brake Resistor Test is active. Normal run of the drive is not possible.		X				
0x7110	5205	Brake Resistor Test Failed	The Brake Resistor Test was unsuccessful. Check the brake resistor and its connections.			X		C	C
0x7110	5206	Brake Resistor Test Successful	The test of the brake resistor is performed successfully.	X					
0x7111	4403	Brake Ch. Switch Shorted	A short circuit of the brake chopper switch is detected, which can be dangerous. Disconnect power. Service is required.		X	X		C	

Table 112: Summary Table - (continued)

Group Number (Hex)	Number (Decimal)	Display Name	Description	Type of Event				Inverter and Brake Chopper Action	
				I	W	F	PF	Inverter	Brake
0x7113	4400	Brake Chopper Overload	A brake chopper overcurrent is detected. Reduce the brake voltage level and check the rating of the brake resistor.		X		X	C	C
0x7113	4401	Brake Resistor Temp. High	The brake resistor temperature is too high. Check the rating of the brake resistor and cooling conditions. Reduce the generated regenerative power.		X	X		C	C
0x7113	4402	Brake Resistor Missing	The brake resistor or its connection is missing.		X	X		C	
0x7113	4404	Brake Failure	A brake failure is detected, further testing will clarify the failure source. Coast first to run the test.		X			C	
0x7120	4177	Motor Thermal Overload	A thermal overload of the motor is detected. Check if the shaft torque is too high.		X	X		C	
0x7120	4178	Motor Speed High	The motor speed is above the normal operating range.		X	X		C	
0x7120	4179	AMA Current Low	The nominal current of the motor is too low for accurate results of automatic motor adaptation (AMA).		X				
0x7120	4180	Rotor Angle Detection Error	Rotor angle detection has failed. This might be as the motor is not suited to the drive or the motor is missing.		X	X		C	
0x7120	4181	Low Motor Saliency For High Frequency Injection Mode	Motor saliency is too low for HF injection mode.		X	X		C	
0x7120	4184	Estimated Motor Temperature	The estimated motor temperature has exceeded the limit for the selected insulation class.		X	X		C	
0x7120	4382	Blocked Rotor	The rotor is blocked.		X	X		C	
0x7120	5200	AMA Active	The AMA (Automatic Motor Adaptation) is active. Normal run of the motor is not possible. Apply a start signal to run the AMA.		X				
0x7120	5201	AMA Motor Data	The motor data measurement of the AMA (Automatic Motor Adaptation) was unsuccessful.			X		C	C
0x7120	5202	AMA Motor Type	The motor type detection of the AMA (Automatic Motor Adaptation) was unsuccessful.			X		C	C
0x7120	5203	AMA Successful	The AMA (Automatic Motor Adaptation) was performed successfully.	X					

Table 112: Summary Table - (continued)

Group Number (Hex)	Number (Decimal)	Display Name	Description	Type of Event				Inverter and Brake Chopper Action	
				I	W	F	PF	Inverter	Brake
0x7120	5300	Invalid Motor Data	Invalid motor data is preventing operation. Check the motor data settings.		X	X		C	
0x7120	5600	Feedback Test Active	Normal running is suppressed for a motor feedback test run.		X				
0x7120	5601	Feedback Test Successful	The motor feedback test was able to verify the motor feedback signal.	X					
0x7120	5602	Feedback Resolution/ Poles High	Feedback signal was slower than expected.			X		C	C
0x7120	5603	Feedback Resolution/ Poles Low	Feedback signal was faster than expected.			X		C	C
0x7120	5606	Feedback Unstable	Feedback signal was inconsistent.			X		C	C
0x7122	4182	Motor Sync Loss	Select the drive response if the synchronization between motor and drive is lost. This is only relevant when using a permanent magnet or synchronous reluctance motor.		X	X		C	
0x72FF	4417	Feedback Option Fault	The Feedback Option is indicating a fault condition.			X		C	C
0x7300	4207	Sensor Configuration	A sensor configuration error is detected. A sensor is either missing, not expected, or incorrectly connected.			X		RC	
0x7310	4418	Bad Speed Feedback	Speed Feedback value is not reliable.			X		C	
0x7380	5500	Touch Probe not configured	Touch Probe Positioning ist not started due to missing configuration.		X				
0x7380	5501	Touch Probe invalid mode	Operation mode is not valid to start Touch Probe Positioning.		X				
0x7380	6006	Touch Probe Timeout Error	No touch probe event is detected during the set time limit.			X		C	C
0x7500	4638	Drive to Drive Connection Lost	Drive to drive connection is lost.		X	X		C	C
0x7580	5141	Control Panel Connection Lost	The connection to the control panel is lost. Control via control panel is released.						
0x7580	5142	PC Connection Lost	The connection to the PC tool is lost. PC control is released.						
0x8100	4256	Address Conflict	The fieldbus has identified an Address Conflict on the network which made the device back off.		X				

Table 112: Summary Table - (continued)

Group Number (Hex)	Number (Decimal)	Display Name	Description	Type of Event				Inverter and Brake Chopper Action	
				I	W	F	PF	Inverter	Brake
0x8100	4257	Ethernet Cable Fault	When no link is present, a measurement is done to measure the distance to the far end of the cable. This warning occurs at measured distances > 4 m. This can occur when the device at the far end is turned off, disconnected, or the cable is broken. Check the cable at the distance provided in the detailed info.		X				
0x8100	4258	Invalid Fieldbus Configuration	An issue due to an invalid configuration of the fieldbus connection is detected. Features not supported by the device, mismatch between configured and actually available features or modules not available in the device. See additional detail info.	X	X				
0x8100	4260	Redundant Controller Missing	One or more of the expected fieldbus controllers are missing.		X				
0x8100	4261	Fieldbus Topology Mismatch	The current fieldbus topology does not match the topology provided at commissioning time.		X				
0x8100	4263	Ethernet Link Status Changed	A change of the Ethernet link status is detected. Additional info has details about which port and state.	X					
0x8100	4265	Ethernet Redundancy Error	Primary or backup physical path is missing.		X				
0x8100	4266	X1 Cable Redundancy	Indicates that physical path from X1 interface to the controller is missing or wrongly configured.		X				
0x8100	4267	X2 Cable Redundancy	Indicates that physical path from X2 interface to the controller is missing or wrongly configured.		X				
0x8100	4268	FieldbusStartUp	Internal occurrence to mask away TopologyMismatch occurrence during startup	X					
0x8100	4269	Network Time Protocol	Information of Network Time Protocol server. See detailed info.	X					
0x8100	4280	Controller Not in Run	Controller not in RUN state.		X				
0x8100	4281	Interface Configuration Change	Interface configuration for an ethernet port has changed. See detailed info.	X					
0x8100	5162	Alternative Control Place due to Fieldbus Timeout	Fieldbus process data timeout caused a change to the alternative control place.		X				

Table 112: Summary Table - (continued)

Group Number (Hex)	Number (Decimal)	Display Name	Description	Type of Event				Inverter and Brake Chopper Action	
				I	W	F	PF	Inverter	Brake
0x81FD	4270	No Modbus TCP Connection	No Modbus TCP communication is currently established. This happens before the first connection is established, or if all connections have stopped (gracefully or disruptively).	X					
0x81FD	4271	No PROFINET Connection	No PROFINET I/O communication is currently established. This happens before the first connection is established, or if all connections have stopped (gracefully or disruptively).	X					
0x81FD	4272	No EtherNet/IP Connection	No EtherNet/IP communication is currently established. This happens before the first connection is established, or if all connections have stopped (gracefully or disruptively).	X					
0x81FD	4273	No EtherCAT Connection	No EtherCAT communication is currently established. This happens during start-up before the first connection is established, or if all connections has stopped (gracefully or disruptively).	X					
0x81FD	4282	No Modbus RTU Connection	No Modbus RTU communication is currently established. This event occurs during start-up until the first connection is established, or if all connections have stopped (gracefully or disruptively).	X					
0x81FD	4284	NoBacnetMstpConnection	No BACnet MS/TP communication is currently established. Will happen during startup until first connection is established. Or if all connections has stopped.	X					
0x81FE	4274	Loss of Modbus TCP I/O	One or more of the Fieldbus I/O connections has failed. This can happen when an established Fieldbus I/O Connection is disrupted by for example a cable break, or a power cut of the PLC or other infrastructure components.		X				
0x81FE	4275	Loss of PROFINET I/O	One or more of the Fieldbus I/O connections have failed. This can happen when an established Fieldbus I/O connection is disrupted by for example a cable break, or a power cut of the PLC or other infrastructure components.		X				

Table 112: Summary Table - (continued)

Group Number (Hex)	Number (Decimal)	Display Name	Description	Type of Event				Inverter and Brake Chopper Action	
				I	W	F	PF	Inverter	Brake
0x81FE	4276	Loss of EtherNet/IP I/O	One or more of the Fieldbus I/O connections have failed. This can happen when an established Fieldbus I/O Connection is disrupted by for example a cable break, or a power cut of the PLC or other infrastructure components.		X				
0x81FE	4277	Loss of EtherCAT Connection	One or more of the fieldbus I/O connections has failed. This can happen when an established fieldbus I/O connection is disrupted by for example a cable break, or a power cut of the PLC or other infrastructure components.		X				
0x81FE	4283	Loss of Modbus RTU Connection	One or more of the fieldbus I/O connections has failed. This can happen when an established fieldbus I/O connection is disrupted by for example a cable break or a power cut of the PLC or other infrastructure components.		X				
0x81FE	4285	BacnetConnectionTimeout	Drive is not receiving any read/write request from the client within BacnetConnTimeout-Value	X					
0x81FF	4278	Primary Process Data Timeout	The fieldbus I/O data has not been updating any of the process data monitored by the primary process data monitor (Watchdog1). This can happen when the fieldbus has lost control or the current transferred I/O data is not valid.			X		C	C
0x81FF	4279	Secondary Process Data Timeout	The fieldbus I/O Data has not been updating any of the process data monitored by the secondary process data monitor (Watchdog2). This can happen when the fieldbus has lost control or the current transferred I/O data is not valid.			X		C	C
0x8331	5171	Torque Limit Timeout Motoring	The drive exceeded the allowed time in torque limit.			X		C	
0x8331	5172	Torque Limit Timeout Regenerative	The drive exceeded the allowed time in torque limit.			X		C	
0x8400	5210	Below Min. Speed	The Speed Monitor has detected that the speed is below the configured minimum speed.			X		C	C
0x8400	5211	Below Min. Speed	The Speed Monitor has detected that the speed is below the configured minimum speed.		X				

Table 112: Summary Table - (continued)

Group Number (Hex)	Number (Decimal)	Display Name	Description	Type of Event				Inverter and Brake Chopper Action	
				I	W	F	PF	Inverter	Brake
0x8400	5290	Speed Too High	The speed monitor has detected that the speed is above the configured maximum.			X		C	C
0x8400	5291	Speed Too High	The speed monitor has detected that the speed is above the configured maximum.		X				
0x8400	5292	Start Below Min. Speed	The start took too long. The speed has not reached the minimum speed within the time frame configured.			X		C	C
0x8611	4192	Position Following Error	The actual position is outside the allowed range of the position error window around a position demand value for longer than the position error delay.		X				
0x8612	4193	Positive Position Limit	Motor position is outside the allowed positive range (PositionMax).		X	X		C	C
0x8612	4194	Position Command Rejected	Position command was rejected because of position software end limit.		X				
0x8612	4195	Positive Hardware End Limit	The positioning controller detected that the drive is exceeding the positive hardware end limits.		X	X		C	C
0x8612	4196	Negative Position Limit	Motor position is outside the allowed negative range (PositionMin).		X	X		C	C
0x8612	4197	Negative Hardware End Limit	The positioning controller detected that the drive is exceeding the negative hardware end Limits.		X	X		C	C
0x8612	4198	ZeroPulseError	Homing on the zero pulse is not possible with the selected feedback type.			X		C	C
0x8613	6004	Homing Error	Homing could not be completed due to an error during the execution of the homing procedure.			X		C	C
0x8615	4385	AuditLogStopped	This shows that drive is not able to send the Audit logs		X				
0x8700	6005	Superimposed Error	Drive signaled a superimposed error during the run.			X		C	C
0x9080	5230	Lost Load Detected	Drive is not detecting any load on the motor shaft.						
0xF004	5270	Inertia Estimation Active	The drive is ready for performing the Inertia Estimation. A start command is required.		X				
0xF004	5271	Inertia Estimation Failed	The Inertia Estimation failed.			X		C	C

Table 112: Summary Table - (continued)

Group Number (Hex)	Number (Decimal)	Display Name	Description	Type of Event				Inverter and Brake Chopper Action	
				I	W	F	PF	Inverter	Brake
0xF004	5272	Inertia Estimation Successful	Inertia Estimation was performed successfully.	X					
0xFF01	5123	External Exception 1	External Exception 1.			X		C	
0xFF01	5124	External Exception 2	External Exception 2.			X		C	
0xFF02	5701	Preventive Maintenance 1	Preventive Maintenance Service Request 1.		X				
0xFF02	5702	Preventive Maintenance 2	Preventive Maintenance Service Request 2.		X				
0xFF02	5703	Preventive Maintenance 3	Preventive Maintenance Service Request 3.		X				
0xFF02	5704	Preventive Maintenance 4	Preventive Maintenance Service Request 4.		X				
0xFF02	5705	Preventive Maintenance 5	Preventive Maintenance Service Request 5.		X				
0xFF02	5706	Preventive Maintenance 6	Preventive Maintenance Service Request 6.		X				
0xFF02	5707	Preventive Maintenance 7	Preventive Maintenance Service Request 7.		X				
0xFF02	5708	Preventive Maintenance 8	Preventive Maintenance Service Request 8.		X				
0xFF02	5709	Preventive Maintenance 9	Preventive Maintenance Service Request 9.		X				
0xFF02	5710	Preventive Maintenance 10	Preventive Maintenance Service Request 10.		X				
0xFF06	5901	Logic Input Error	Configured input function reports an error.		X				
0xFF06	5902	Logic Output Error	Configured output function reports an error.		X				
0xFF06	5903	Logic Block Configuration Error	Logic block configuration is incorrect.		X				
0xFF06	5904	Logic State Error	Logic state handling reports an error.		X				

* indicates that the event's response can be configured using a parameter.

10 Appendix

10.1 PROFIdrive - Standard Telegram 1

10.1.1 Overview

Standard telegram 1 is implemented according to PROFIdrive Application Class 1 profile as defined in the PROFIdrive standard and state machine diagram. It can be used with iC7 series motor applications.

10.1.2 Control Word

Table 113: Control Word Bits in PROFIdrive Standard Telegram 1

Bit number	Name	Description
0	On-Off	0: Off. 1: On.
1	Coast stop	0: Coast stop. 1: No coast stop.
2	Quick stop	0: Quick stop. 1: No quick stop.
3	Operation	0: Disable operation. 1: Enable operation.
4	Ramp generator	0: Reset ramp generator. The output of the RFG is set to 0. The drive decelerates along the current limit or along the voltage limit of the DC link. 1: Enable ramp generator (RFG).
5	Freeze	0: Freeze ramp generator. Freezes the present output frequency (in Hz). 1: Unfreeze ramp generator.
6	Enable setpoint	0: Disable setpoint. 1: Enable setpoint.
7	Fault acknowledge	0: No function. 0 ⇒ 1: Acknowledge faults. ⁽¹⁾
8	Jog 1	0: Jog 1 off. 1: Jog 1 on. Operation is enabled, drive is at standstill, and STW1 bit 4, 5, 6: 0. The drive runs up along the ramp to jogging setpoint 1.
9	Jog 2	0: Jog 2 off. 1: Jog 2 on. Operation is enabled, drive is at standstill, and STW1 bit 4, 5, 6: 0. The drive runs up along the ramp to jogging setpoint 2.
10	Control by PLC	0: Ignores the current process data. This is linked to a submodule where the CTW is present. If signals are to be covered, the CTW/STW profile (for example, the iC Speed Profile) must be part of the signals list. 1: Uses process data (controlled by PLC).
11	–	Reserved

Table 113: Control Word Bits in PROFIdrive Standard Telegram 1 - (continued)

Bit number	Name	Description
12	User-defined	These bits are reserved for application-specific advanced control. For more information, refer to the <i>Parameter Descriptions</i> chapter in the application guide.
13	User-defined	
14	User-defined	
15	User-defined	

1) Acknowledging is edge-triggered, when changing from logic 0 to logic 1.

10.1.3 Status Word

Table 114: Status Word Bits in PROFIdrive Standard Telegram 1

Bit number	Name	Description
0	Ready to switch on	0 = Not ready to switch on. 1 = Ready to switch on.
1	Ready to operate	0 = Not ready to operate. 1 = Ready to operate.
2	Operation enabled	0 = Operation disabled. 1 = Operation enabled.
3	Operation fault	0 = No fault. 1 = Fault present.
4	Coast stop	0 = Coast stop activated (OFF2). 1 = Coast stop not activated (No OFF2).
5	Quick stop	0 = Quick stop activated (OFF3). 1 = Quick stop not activated (No OFF3).
6	Switching on inhibited	0 = Switching on not inhibited. 1 = Switching on inhibited.
7	Warning	0 = There are no warnings. 1 = A warning has occurred.
8	Speed=reference/Speed<>reference	0 = The motor runs, but the current speed is different from the current speed reference. This can happen, for example, when the speed ramps up or down during start or stop. 1 = The current motor speed matches the current speed reference within a given tolerance. The tolerance is product specific.
9	Bus control/Local operation	0 = The device does not react on commands from fieldbus, because of one of the following reasons: • CTW bit 10 = 0. • HMI is in local mode. • MyDrive® Insight has taken control. • Control places do not include fieldbus. 1 = The device is controlled and reacting to I/O and process data.

Table 114: Status Word Bits in PROFIdrive Standard Telegram 1 - (continued)

Bit number	Name	Description
10	Frequency limit ok/Out of frequency limit	0 = The output frequency has exceeded the defined motor limits given by parameters. 1 = The output frequency is within the defined motor limits. The speed limits are set with the parameters in parameter group 5.8.3 Speed Limits and Monitors .
11	User-defined	These bits enable the mapping of application functionality of the drive to the status word. Mapping is done through parameters. For more information, refer to the <i>Parameter Descriptions</i> chapter in the application guide.
12	User-defined	
13	User-defined	
14	User-defined	
15	User-defined	

10.1.4 PROFIdrive State Machine

In the PROFIdrive control profile, the control bits perform different functions:

- 0–3 perform the basic startup and power-down functions.
- 4–10 perform application-oriented control.
- 12–15 can be configured for different purposes.

See [Figure 151](#) for the basic state transition diagram, where control bits 0–3 control the transitions and the corresponding status bit indicates the actual state. The black dots indicate the priority of the control signals. Fewer dots indicate lower priority, and more dots indicate higher priority.

The general state diagram is defined in the PROFIdrive standard.

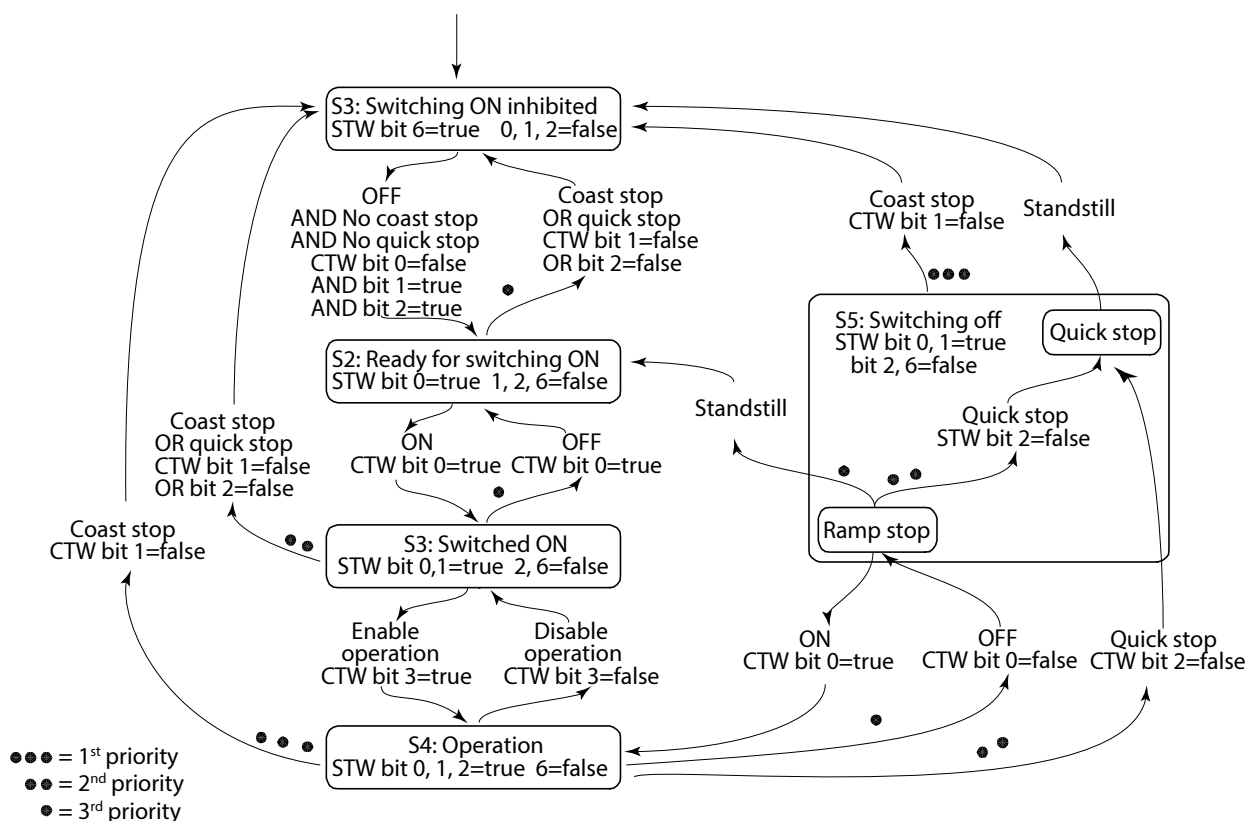


Figure 151: General State Diagram

10.2 iC Speed Profile

10.2.1 Overview

The iC Speed profile is used with the iC7 series motor applications. The iC Speed profile differs from the PROFIdrive profile, because it does not have a state machine. It is only controlled by the actual state 1/0 of the control bits, not the sequence in which they are manipulated.

10.2.2 Control Word

Table 115: iC Speed Profile Control Word Bits

Bit number	Name	Description
0+1	Preset reference selector	00: Preset reference 1 01: Preset reference 2 10: Preset reference 3 11: Preset reference 4
2	Reserved	Reserved for future use. Any control words sent to the device should keep this bit at 0 to ensure compatibility with future extensions of the control word.
3	No coast/Coast	0: Causes the drive to immediately coast the motor. 1: No function.
4	No quick stop/Quick stop	0: Quick stops the drive and ramps down the motor speed to stop as defined with the quick stop ramp parameter. 1: No function.
5	No hold/Hold output frequency	0: Hold the present output frequency (in Hz). 1: No function.
6	Start/No start	0: Stops the drive and ramps down the motor speed as defined with the ramp-down parameter. 1: If the other starting conditions are fulfilled, this selection allows the drive to start the motor.
7	Reset	0: No function. 0 ⇒ 1: Reset faults. ⁽¹⁾
8	Jog/No jog	0: No function. 1: Sets the output frequency to the jog speed defined with the jog speed parameter.
9	Ramp select	0: Ramp 1 is active. 1: Ramp 2 is active.
10	Data valid	0: Ignore the current process data. This is linked to the submodule where the CTW is present. If signals are to be covered, the CTW/STW profile (for example, the iC Speed profile) must be part of the signals list. 1: Use process data (controlled by PLC). Use the previously processed data when the data valid bit was true (no control by PLC).
11	Reserved	Reserved for future use.

Table 115: iC Speed Profile Control Word Bits - (continued)

Bit number	Name	Description
12	User-defined	These bits are reserved for application-specific advanced control. Select the value CTW bit x for any input parameter to use this signal for the activation of a selected function. For more information, refer to the <i>Parameter Descriptions</i> chapter.
13	User-defined	
14	User-defined	
15	User-defined	

1) Edge-triggered from 0 to 1 to reset the fault.

10.2.3 Status Word

Table 116: iC Speed Profile Status Word Bits

Bit number	Name	Description
0	Control ready	0 = The device controls are not ready and do not react to process data. 1 = The device controls are ready and react to process data.
1	Frequency converter ready	0 = The frequency converter is not ready for operation. This status does not involve faults and warnings as they are indicated in their respective bits elsewhere. 1 = The frequency converter is ready for operation.
2	Coast	0 = The frequency converter has an active coast signal and has released the motor. 1 = There are no active coast signals, and the motor can start when a start signal is given.
3	Fault	0 = There are no faults. 1 = A fault has occurred, and an acknowledge signal is required to re-establish operation.
4	Reserved	Reserved.
5	Reserved	Reserved.
6	Reserved	Reserved.
7	Warning	0 = There are no warnings. 1 = A warning is active.
8	Speed=reference	0 = The motor runs, but the current speed is different from the current speed reference, for example, while the speed ramps up or down during start or stop. 1 = The current motor speed matches the current speed reference within a given tolerance. The tolerance is product-specific.
9	Bus control/Local operation	0 = The device does not react on commands from the fieldbus, for 1 of the following reasons: - CTW bit 10 = 0. - HMI is in local mode. - MyDrive® Insight has taken control. - Control places do not include fieldbus. 1 = The device is controlled and reacting to I/O and process data.

Table 116: iC Speed Profile Status Word Bits - (continued)

Bit number	Name	Description
10	Frequency limit	0 = The output frequency has exceeded the defined motor limits. 1 = The output frequency is within the defined motor limits. The speed limits are set with the parameters in parameter group 5.8.3 Speed Limits and Monitors .
11	Operation	0 = There are no active start requests, and the process does not run. The motor is coasted and is not started. 1 = The process is running, and the motor can be running or start at any time.
12	Reserved	Reserved.
13	Reserved	Reserved.
14	User-defined	These bits are reserved for application-specific advanced control. For more information, refer to the <i>Parameter Descriptions</i> chapter.
15	User-defined	

10.3 iC Motion Profile

10.3.1 Overview

The iC Motion profile is used with the motion features of iC7-Automation and consists of:

- Motion-specific control word, speed reference, and position reference for controlling the drive.
- Motion-specific status word, actual speed, and actual position as status.

Table 117: Telegram Layout

	Word 1	Word 2	Word 3 and 4
Input to drive	Control word	Speed reference	Position reference
Output from drive	Status word	Actual speed	Actual position

Fieldbus reference is the default selection as the source for speed and position reference in the **5.5 Control Places** parameters but the references can be ignored if the **Control Places** settings are modified.

10.3.2 iC Motion Profile Control and Status Words

The iC Motion profile control and status words are based on the iC speed profile, with the addition of the most used signals for positioning and synchronizing. The Motion-specific signals require the selection of the appropriate operating mode, see parameter **5.4.2.16 Operation Mode**.

Table 118: Control Word

Bit	Name	Description
0	Preset position reference Bit 0	000 = Preset Position Ref. 1 001 = Preset Position Ref. 2 010 = Preset Position Ref. 3 011 = Preset Position Ref. 4 100 = Preset Position Ref. 5 101 = Preset Position Ref. 6 110 = Preset Position Ref. 7 111 = Preset Position Ref. 8
1	Preset position reference Bit 1	
2	Preset position reference Bit 2	

Table 118: Control Word - (continued)

Bit	Name	Description
3	No Coast	0: Causes the drive to immediately coast the motor. 1: No function.
4	Start Synchronizing	0 = Ramp down to standstill. 1 = Follower locked to synchronizing master.
5	Enable Reference	0 = No Function. 1 = New position reference enabled.
6	Start	0 = Stop the frequency converter and ramp down the motor speed as defined with the ramp down parameter. 1 = If the other starting conditions are fulfilled, this selection allows the frequency converter to start the motor.
7	Reset	0: No function. 0 ⇒ 1: Acknowledge faults. ⁽¹⁾
8	Enable Superimposed	0 = No function. 1 = Execute superimposed movement.
9	Relative Positioning	0 = Absolute positioning. 1 = Relative positioning.
10	Data Valid	0 = Ignore the current process data. This is linked to the submodule where the CTW is present. If signals are to be covered, the CTW/STW profile (the iC Speed Profile for example) must be part of the signals list. 1 = Use process data (control by PLC). Use the previously processed data when the data valid bit was true (no control by PLC).
11	Enable Home	0 = Abort homing function. 1 = Execute homing function.
12	User-defined	These bits are reserved for application-specific advanced control. For more information, refer to the <i>Parameter Descriptions</i> chapter in the application guide.
13	User-defined	
14	User-defined	
15	User-defined	

1) Acknowledge is edge-triggered, when the logic is changed from 0 to 1. Faults can only be acknowledged if the triggering condition has been removed and any required acknowledgment has been done.

The basic commands such as **Start** and **Coast** are configured via **5.5 Control Places**. By default, the commands are mapped to the corresponding control word bits, but that can change if the **Control Places** settings are modified. The Motion-specific commands are not available for configuration in **Control Places**, but the logic when mapping these signals to digital inputs is "OR".

Table 119: Status Word

Bit	Name	Description
0	Control Ready	0 = The device controls are not ready and do not react to process data. 1 = The device controls are ready and react to process data.
1	Drive Ready	0 = The device is not ready for operation. This status does not involve faults and warnings as they are indicated in their respective bits elsewhere. 1 = The device is ready for operation.

Table 119: Status Word - (continued)

Bit	Name	Description
2	No coast (Enabled)	0 = The frequency converter has an active coast signal and has released the motor. 1 = There are no active coast signals, and the motor can start when a start signal is given.
3	Fault	0 = There are no faults. 1 = A fault has occurred, and an acknowledge signal is required to re-establish operation.
4	Home Done	0 = Homing is not completed. 1 = Homing is completed.
5	In Sync	0 = Follower is not in sync with master. 1 = Follower is in sync with master within the tolerance specified by parameter 5.15.2.2 Synchronization Window .
6	Reserved	Reserved.
7	Warning	0 = There are no warnings. 1 = A warning is active.
8	Position error within tolerance	0 = Position error is greater than the tolerance specified by parameter 5.13.5.1 Position Error Window . 1 = Position error is within the tolerance specified by parameter 5.13.5.1 Position Error Window .
9	Bus control	0 = The device does not react on commands from the fieldbus, for 1 of the following reasons: • CTW bit 10 = 0. • HMI is in local mode. • MyDrive® Insight has taken control. • Control places do not include fieldbus. 1 = The device is controlled and reacting to I/O and process data.
10	Frequency limit OK	0 = The output frequency has exceeded the defined motor limits. 1 = The output frequency is within the defined motor limits. The speed limits are set with the parameters: • 5.8.3.1 Positive Speed Limit • 5.8.3.2 Negative Speed Limit • 5.8.3.3 Minimum Speed Limit
11	In operation	0 = There are no active start requests, and the process does not run. The motor is coasted and is not started. 1 = The process is running, and the motor can be running or start at any time.
12	Target position reached	0 = Target position is not reached. 1 = Target position is reached within the window defined by parameter 5.14.2.18 On-target Window around the position reference.
13	Superimposed target reached	0 = Superimposed movement is not completed. 1 = Superimposed movement is completed.

Table 119: Status Word - (continued)

Bit	Name	Description
14	User-defined	These bits are reserved for application-specific advanced control. For more information, refer to the <i>Parameter Descriptions</i> chapter in the application guide.
15	User-defined	

10.3.3 Speed Reference and Actual Speed

The speed values are represented by the N2 format, a 16-bit normalized value defined in the PROFIdrive profile. They are represented in percent of nominal motor speed.

PROFIdrive profile definition of N2

N2 is a linear normalized value. 0% corresponds to 0 (0x0), 100% corresponds to 2^{14} (0x4000).

Table 120: Range of N2 values

Coding	Data type	Range of values	Resolution	Length
113	N2	$-200\% \leq I \leq (200 - 2^{-14})\%$	$2^{-14} = 0.0061\%$	2 Octet

Coding:

- Representation in twos complement, the most significant bit (MSB) is the bit after the sign bit (SN) of the 1st octet.
- SN = 0: positive numbers including 0.
- SN = 1: negative numbers.

10.3.4 Position Reference and Actual Position

Position values are expressed in 32-bit signed position units. The units are scaled by parameters **5.13.4.4 Position Unit Numerator** and **5.13.4.5 Position Unit Denominator**.



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